

III. CASES IN WHICH PERMITS ARE NOT REQUIRED, OR IN WHICH THEY MAY BE ISSUED WITHOUT INTERDEPARTMENTAL CONSULTATION

(a) Permits are not required by the Regulations for shipments of military equipment of Canadian origin to the United States; any re-export from the United States is subject to the export control procedures of the United States. (The United States does not require export permits for similar shipments to Canada, and it is in our interest to safeguard our access to United States sources of supply through this special reciprocal arrangement).

(b) Permits for the export of military equipment may be issued by the Minister of Trade and Commerce without consulting the Secretary of State for External Affairs (although he may consult on any particular case where he considers it necessary) in those cases where certification is automatic as under paragraph 9(b)(i) above; i.e., in the case of NATO countries and NATO commands, and in the case of Canadian forces outside Canada.

IV. SENSITIVE AREAS WITHIN THE COMMONWEALTH

(a) On the recommendation of the Secretary of State for External Affairs, with the advice of the Minister of National Defence, the initial list of sensitive countries within the Commonwealth shall consist of the following:

Africa	Ghana Union of South Africa
Asia	Ceylon India Pakistan Malaya

(b) Applications for the export of military equipment received direct from colonies, protectorates and territories for whose external relations and defence the United Kingdom or any other independent Commonwealth country remains responsible shall not be considered. However, it would be expected that as they become independent the following countries will be added to this list:

Africa	Nigeria (and other African countries which become independent and remain in the Commonwealth)
Caribbean Area	Federation of the West Indies
Europe	Cyprus (provided it becomes a member of the Commonwealth)

V. CONSULTATION WITH OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The Secretary of State for External Affairs may decide to consult with other Governments concerning proposed exports in cases where that appears desirable. Such consultations may be undertaken for various reasons, such as consideration of the responsibilities of other governments in particular areas.

VI. PERIOD OF VALIDITY OF EXPORT PERMITS FOR MILITARY EQUIPMENT

(a) Export permits for the shipment of military equipment shall be valid only for an appropriate period and to a specified date, normally from six months to one year from the date of issue. The Secretary of State for External Affairs may recommend an appropriate period to the Minister of Trade and Commerce and may, if he deems it desirable, recommend at any time that a permit already issued be suspended or cancelled. He will also, at his request, be provided with current reports by the Department of Trade and Commerce on the clearance through Customs or through Canadian ports of shipments under particular export permits.

(b) Applications for renewals of existing permits beyond the termination date recommended by the Secretary of State for External Affairs, or beyond one year where no lesser period was