DR. J. E. GRIFFITH, DENTIST,

Office 61 Union St., NEAR GERMAIN, (Formerly occupied by Dr. Pidler,

SAINT JOHN, N. B.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH INSERTED IN THE BEST MANNER.

SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO FILLING AND PRESERVING THE NATURAL TEETH. dec 19—1y

MISPECK MILLS, - - St. John, N. B.

SUPERIOR LIGHT HOMESPUNS,

And UNION GREY FLANNELS

Suitable for Summer use, and VERY CHEAP.

IN STOCK:

All Wool Twilled Flannels and Tweeds

ALSO:

FIRST CLASS COTTON WARPS.

The above named Seasonable Goods are all of SUPERIOR QUALITY, manufactured from the very best materials, and warranted to give satisfaction.

☞ ORDERS FROM THE TRADE RESPECFULLY SOLICITED.

☞ Warehouse—Reed's Building, Water Street.

mar 20—1yd&w J. L. WOODWORTH, Agent.

Grand Gift Concerts!

IN AID OF THE

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,

SAINT JOHN, NEW BRUNSWICK.

THE PRESIDENT AND DIRECTORS of the above named institution, in order to liquidate the liabilities of said building, and to render it worthy of the purposes for which it was intended, as a TEMPLE OF ART AND RECREATION, beg leave to announce to the public that they have arranged with a Committee of Management and Business Managers to give on

MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY,

MAY 5th, 6th, 7th and 8th, 1873,

4 GRAND GIFT CONCERTS, 4

AT WHICH WILL BE GIVEN AWAY

$30,000 IN CASH

IN THE FOLLOWING DISTRIBUTION:

1 GRAND CASH GIFT OF			$10,000	1 Grand Cash Gift of			$ 250
1	"	"	" 2,000	10	"	" " $100 ea.	1,000
1	"	"	" 1,000	20	"	" " 50 "	1,000
1	"	"	" 1,000	50	"	" " 20 "	1,000
1	"	"	" 500	500	"	" " 10 "	5,000
1	"	"	" 500	1300	"	" " 5 "	6,000
1	"	"	" 250	1700 Cash Gifts amounting to			$30,000
1	"	"	" 250	or about One Chance in Nine.			
1	"	"	" 250				

☞ To render the Concerts superior to any yet given in St. John, the BEST TALENT on the Continent will be procured if possible, thus rendering them a worthy attraction to visitors from a distance.

16,000 Tickets only will be issued at $5 each.

All Tickets will be numbered and registered in the Managers' Books, and NO TICKET GENUINE UNLESS PAID FOR.

All receipts from the sale of tickets will be deposited forthwith in the BANK OF NEW BRUNSWICK to the credit of a Special Fund subject only to the Joint Cheque of the Inspectors representing the Company and the public and one or other of the Managers.

Should the enterprise not succeed, the BUSINESS MANAGERS BIND THEMSELVES to return all monies received from ticket-holders.

The distribution of Cash Gifts will be solely under the control of a Committee to be selected by the audience from among themselves, assisted by leading citizens, and to take place during the period of the Concerts.

GEO. A. S. KEATOR, M. D., President.

DIRECTORS:

JOHN GUTHRIE, T. B. BUXTON,
A. MORING, M. D., J. T. STEEVES, M. D,
J. R. ARMSTRONG, Secretary.

Committee of Management on behalf of the Company:

J. T. STEEVES, M.D. M. W. MAHER, M. P. P. R. P. McGIVERN.

Committee of Reference:—SIMEON JONES, Esq., of S. Jones & Co., Bankers; R. P. BUTLER, Esq., of Everitt & Butler, Merchants; G. J. CHUBB, Esq., of H. Chubb & Co., Printers and Publishers; W. H. THORNE, Esq., Merchant; G. FRED RING, Esq., Merchant; JOHN MELICK, Esq., (Melick & Jordan, Ship Brokers.)

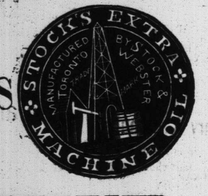
Inspectors:—WM. BREEZE, Esq., C. E. L. JARVIS, Esq.

☞ Tickets for sale at the Bookstores of H. Chubb & Co, and T. H. Hall, and the Music Store of R. Peter & Bro., and at the General Agency Office, 51 Prince Wm. St.; R. N. Knight, Carleton, and of Agents throughout the Province.

All Registered Letters, Post Office Orders and Communications must be addressed to

WM. H. OLIVE, WM. NANNERY, Business Managers,
P. O. Box 485, St. John, N. B.

N. B.—RESPONSIBLE AGENTS WANTED. ap 7

Stock's  Extra

MACHINE OIL!

For the use of SAWS and GRIST MILLS, FACTORIES, LOCOMOTIVES, and all kinds of MACHINERY.

The Subscriber has been appointed Agent for the sale of the above SUPERIOR OIL in this Province, and will always have a

STOCK ON HAND

To supply those parties requiring it.

It is now being used in the large Mills and Factories in Ontario, and is giving general satisfaction, as it is free from odor, and will neither chill nor gum in the coldest weather. The following are a few of the many testimonials received:—

I will run Stock's Oil against any other oil in the Dominion, and will prefer it to either Sperm or Olive, or to any other used for machinow. A. HENDERSON,
Foreman Joseph Hall Works, Oshawa.

I am using Stojck's Oil in the Orono Mills, and find to be the best oil I have ever used, either in the Old Country or in Canada, and I have used all other kinds of oil, but none suits me as well as Stock's.

Orono, May 18, 1871. THOS. HOOPER.

I would rather have Stock's Oil than any I have used in twenty years' experience.
GEO. BLAKE,
Brown & Patterson's, Whitby.

I use Stock's Oil on my machinery, which revolves about 4,000 times per minute, and find it the only oil that gives satisfaction,
J. CHURCHILL, Bangor, Ont.

TORONTO, March 16, 1872. From Messrs. Hunter, Rose & Co. We are highly pleased with the Oil supplied by Messrs. Stock & Webster. We have never used better oil for lubricating purposes. H. R. & CO.

J. MOORE, Foreman Press Room,

JOSEPH HALL WORKS, OSHAWA.—OSHHWA, Ont., Feb. 7, 1872.—I can safely say that I consider Mr. Stock's oil cheaper, at $1 per gallon, than olive oil at 50 cents.
F. W. GLEN, President.

W. H. OLIVE, Agent,
101 Prince William Street.
ap 10 St. John, N. B.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

Per the "Polynesian," at Portland.

NOW OPENING:

THREE CASES MILLINERY.

Ladies' New Straw Hats,
New Feathers,
New Flowers,
New Jet Ornaments,
White and Black Blond Laces.

Daily expected per "Austrian, at Halifax:

8 Packages Hosiery, Millinery, Woollens,

NEW DRESS GOODS, &c.

EVERITT & BUTLER,

mar 18

MOORE'S

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ESTABLISHMENT,

47 Germain Street,

dec 5

BARNES & CO.,

Printers, Booksellers, Stationers,

AND

BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS.

☞ We have added new machinery to our Bindery, and are enabled to execute BINDING in the best style. *Call and see Specimens.*

nov 21 1y BARNES & CO.,
53 Prince Wm. street.

The Daily Tribune.

J. L. STEWART,..... EDITOR.

TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 15, 1873

The Riot in the Legislature.

A graphic account of the disgraceful scenes with which the session of the Legislature closed may be found among our special telegrams. They are simply scandalous, and bring our law-making body into deserved contempt. The chairs, desks and windows that were smashed will have to be repaired at the public expense, and a close examination of the account of the Board of Works will show that the expense is by no means trifling. Members carefully leave their good hats at home, so as to save themselves any personal loss, but they do not have the furniture removed from the House of Assembly before beginning their school-boy rioting. The furniture is public property and may be destroyed at will by the people's representatives. A spree of this kind in a hotel or saloon would be followed by a bill of expenses, and the public buildings are therefore selected by the riotous gentlemen.

Mr. Speaker Vail, however, has the honor of prostituting his authority over the House by converting his official room into a drinking saloon. Instead of inviting the members into a neighboring bar-room or hotel dining room he has wine and all the requisites carted to the House of Assembly and there entertains the members. Why was a room in the public buildings selected for this entertainment? Simply because there was no charge for its use and nothing to pay for the broken furniture. Economy, and nothing else, could have suggested the prostitution of the Speaker's room to such a purpose. We are not told whether the wine and the glasses were charged for in the contingent account or not, as having been furnished for the use of the House, and will give the Speaker credit for having paid for them himself. The whole affair was a most disagraceful one, and should be condemned by every lover of public and private decency.

A Match for Blake.

The Toronto *Leader*, the third paper in influence and position in Ontario, edited by Mr. Beatty, M. P., has a leading article on the leading men of the present Parliament, in which Mr. Blake and his tactics are fully discussed. After dwelling on the way in which the great chancery lawyer used to ride roughshod over John Sandfield Macdonald and other opponents, the *Leader* says:

We are pleased to find that Mr. Palmer, a young member,—young in the Parliament of Canada we mean—from St. John, New Brunswick, has been returned to the House of Commons of Canada, who, if not more than a match, is fully the equal of Mr. Blake, either as a lawyer or a debater. Of commanding appearance, good address and an orator, who is choice in his language, he transcends Mr. Blake, and commands more attention than that gentleman. Already these gentlemen have had a tilt with each other, and the issue shows the late President of the Council of Ontario in rather a lowering light. Indeed, Mr. Blake cannot hide nor cover up his mortification, even with the celebrated big hat, and restless and forlorn looking, it is plainly evident that the inordinate vanity of the Ontario hero, has received a reproof which it is hardly possible for him to survive.

This estimate of Mr. Palmer's abilities and position agrees with the opinion of Hon. Mr. White, editor of the Montreal *Gazette*, and is certainly more just to him and honorable to the constituency that elected him, than the carpings of a jealous member on the other side of the House or the Bohemian scribblings sought out and republished by a defeated candidate.

The Erie Frauds.

Mr. Jay Gould is not a parrot that talks, but he has a fashion of speaking frankly at times. A committee of the New York Legislature has been trying to find out from him what legislators were bribed with Erie railroad funds. Mr. Gould confesses to placing large sums in the hands of trusted agents whose duty it was to see that no bills unfriendly to the road should pass, but swears positively that he has no knowledge of the parties to whom it was paid. "I trusted my agent fully," says Mr. Gould, "and took it for granted that his requests for money were right and proper. I never allowed myself to become a man of detail." And that was all that could be learned on that matter. With regard to the charge of influencing the elections Mr. Gould was frank and outspoken. He said:

I guess I contributed in pretty nearly all the elections on the line of the road; it is a custom to apply in this manner for aid—at least it was done so often that it appeared a custom; I generally found it cost me more than originally expected; in four States—New York, Pennsylvania, Ohio and New Jersey—I have helped men get elected: in all these our road has had very delicate questions to settle. It was a custom for men when nominated to apply to me for help; I thought that money thus invested made a very paying investment; in a republican district I was a strong republican; in democrat districts I was a strong democrat; in doubtful districts I was doubtful; I got so mixed up in these matters that I really don't know whether I am a democrat or a republican; I was an Erie railroad man every time; I don't want to state names of men I have helped, because I don't think it is safe—gratitude has such contrary effects.

Mr. Gould was shown his own endorsement of orders for the payment of many thousand dollars to William M. Tweed, while Tweed was "Boss" of the State Senate, but persistently declared that he had forgotten what the money was paid for, unless, perhaps, for legal services.

JUST RECEIVED AT NOTMAN'S—a large assortment of best quality English Photograph Albums. Inspection invited.

PROVINCIAL LEGISLATURE

Special Telegram to the Tribune.

The Closing Scenes of the Session!

Wanton Destruction of Public Property.

BEDLAMITES AT PLAY.

THE GOVERNOR'S SPEECH.

THE SPEAKER'S ENTERTAINMENT IN THE HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

FREDERICTON, April 14.

The Lunatics Loose.

Yesterday afternoon, at half-past two, several of the more jocular members put in an appearance. Plug hats had been left at home, and all sorts of old ones covered those mighty intellectual foreheads. The members began by filling each other's desks with coal and heaping chairs, coal scuttles, tongs and stools upon the desks, and turning some of them upside down. The room being thus placed in order the expensive fun commenced. One or two unfortunate Government members, to show their superiority, had on their beavers, and oh, how they were punished! The fur was ruffled, the sides and crowns stove in, and the whole structures became completely dilapidated.

The Flight of Projectiles.

As the members had been practising in throwing paper for the last week, every shot now told and did execution. Weapons of all kinds and descriptions, including fire screens, chairs, cushions, pails, books and hats were used in offence and defence. Huge paper balls, well saturated with water, were favorite missiles, and caused a doleful countenance on the unfortunate recipient. Finding there was neither security nor peace on the floors of the House many betook themselves to the galleries. Even there they were gone for promiscuously.

Damage to Men and Things.

The old clock received a very severe blow on the face which completely defaced it. One member left a life like and true impression of his facial angles on a huge moistened paper ball which will be preserved as a curiosity. Another received a wound on the cranium and betook himself out of the way, determined not to waste his beauty on such a desert place. One old gentleman had the advantage of all others. His cap could not be removed, even by force, as nature had taken due precautions and placed a protuberance on the cranium as a support for such a cap. Clerks, outsiders, members, all rushed together furiously into the affray, and were getting somewhat exhausted when the bell rang.

Order Restored.

Being called to order, the Usher of the Black Rod, having gone through his genuflexions, informed the House that they were commanded by His Excellency to go up stairs, and they accordingly all went up.

Ninety-six bills having been assented to, His Honor then read the following speech in his impressive manner:

The Speech from the Throne.

Mr. President and Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly:

It affords me great pleasure to be able to congratulate you upon the termination of your labors, and to thank you for the unremitting diligence with which you have applied yourselves during the session.

The act relating to Common Law proceedings will no doubt prove highly beneficial, as it must tend to simplify and expedite the trial of causes, and thereby promote the speedy administration of justice, a result most devoutly wished for by the Judiciary of the province, as well as by suitors themselves.

I heartily approve of your liberal action in reference to Immigration. With a prudent and judicious expenditure of a similar appropriation from year to year, the result cannot fail to justify your liberality in the rapid conversion of our present unproductive wilderness into fertile farms and thriving homesteads. I sincerely hope that the encouragement you have offered to the young men of the Province to settle upon the ungranted lands will induce a large number of them at an early date to avail themselves of your liberality.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly;

I thank you for the liberal appropriations placed at my disposal for the public service, and I trust that their prudent expenditure will hereafter receive your entire approval.

I cannot forbear expressing my belief that the justice and fair dealing of the Dominion Government in reference to our financial claims will enable you hereafter to greatly extend your liberality in opening up the resources of the Province.

Mr. President and Honorable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council:

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen of the House of Assembly;

The exclusive powers assigned to you by the British North America Act are of such magnitude and importance as to require legislative skill and experience of a high order, and it has been most gratifying to me to observe the care and thoroughness with which you have conducted the legislation of the session.

It must be gratifying to us all to observe the rapid progress of our new Dominion in every department of productive industry, and its consequent financial stability at the present time. Let us hope that as we advance in material greatness we may also in usefulness, which cannot fail to satisfy the loftiest aspirations of the Christian and the patriot.

The Spectators.

His Honor then declared the Legislature prorogued till the third Tuesday in May.

As the day was disagreeable only a few ladies and gentlemen put in an appearance to witness the ceremony. The Private Secretary and Aide-de-Camp were the only persons in attendance on His Honor.

The Riot Renewed.

The members having returned to the Lower House, Mr. Gough asked if an amendment could be moved to the Speech. An answer being given by the Speaker in the negative, and the members being dismissed by the Speaker, the cushions began to fly again, and confusion reigned supreme.

"Oil" on the Troubled Waters.

The Speaker offered to treat if the boys would be good, and called the turbulent members and your reporter into his private room and opened up the champagne. The corks popped, the Speaker was cheered, everybody was cheered, frightfully stale jokes created shouts of laughter, and the House was declared to have been prorogued in accordance with the time honored customs.

How the Building Suffered.

The windows of the Assembly chamber are very much defaced, several panes of glass having been shattered, and the furniture is considerably injured.

MEN AND THINGS AT OTTAWA.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

OTTAWA, April 10.

HOW THE GOVERNMENT DEFENDS ITS HONOR.

On Tuesday afternoon Sir John A. McDonald brought in his motion for the appointment of a Committee of five to enquire into all matters contained in the charges of Mr. Huntington against the Government in connection with the Canada Pacific Railway. He said:

"I do not consider it necessary to supplement this motion with many remarks. When the hon. member from Shefford (Huntington) made his motion, it was considered by the Government, and evidently by the House, as a want-of-confidence motion, and met as such. The Government having shown that they had the confidence of the House, desire, in justice to themselves, their supporters, and the country, to afford the fullest opportunity for a thorough investigation of the charges made against them. (Cheers.) The Government will carefully consider the proper method of giving to the committee authority to sit during recess and examine witnesses under oath."

Mackenzie said Huntington's motion, as finally made, was not a want-of-confidence one, but simply a motion for a committee of enquiry. (Laughter.) He was glad that public sentiment had compelled the Government to adopt the course they voted against a few days before, and thus voting want-of-confidence in themselves. He hoped there would be no failure in giving the committee power to examine witnesses under oath.

Sir John said he would guarantee that some constitutional method would be adopted, by which the Committee would be given the necessary power.

A rambling discussion followed, opposition leaders suggesting difficulties in the way of constructing and empowering the committee. Holton would not have it a customary Parliamentary Committee, for that could not examine witnesses under oath; and he would not have a Royal Commission issued, for that might place the committee too much in the hands of the Government.

After awhile Sir John grew indignant. Said he "I have consented to everything that honorable gentleman opposite have asked for in this matter. I have assented to more than they had a right to expect under ordinary and Parliamentary rules. I have done all that is necessary to vindicate the conduct of the Government, and defend my own honor as its leader; but gentlemen opposite won't be satisfied with anything, and I tell them plainly that I will go no further, and if they are not content with what I propose, I will withdraw part of it, and simply move for an ordinary Parliamentary Committee." [Loud cheers.]

This firm stand closed the discussion at once, and the House proceeded to elect the committee, which is done in this way:

All the members are called in, the roll called, and as each man's name is called he has to name the member whom he wishes to sit on the committee. The Opposition had decided upon Blake and Dorion, while the Government side chose Hon. James McDonald of Pictou, John Hillyard Cameron, and Mr. Blanchet. Each of the five gentlemen received about the same number of votes, the total Opposition votes being 70 and the Government 104, showing a majority of Government supporters present of 34. The committee is certainly the best that could be chosen in the House of Commons, in point of experience, ability and personal integrity; and the grave duties now devolving upon them will no doubt be faithfully discharged.

During the proceedings the galleries were crowded and the greatest interest manifested.

A STAMPEDE.

Five minutes after the committee was elected, the crowd had dispersed; and if you wanted to find two-thirds of the House, it would be a useless task to look for them in their accustomed seats. Excitement is the mental stimulant of the hour, and the thirsty multitude, after slaking their thirst, retire to rest till something new or startling is again announced in the Political Bill of Fare.

For the remainder of the session, however, matters are likely to proceed more quietly than heretofore. The strength of the Government is so clearly established that very little in the way of test questions is likely to come up. Other questions, such as the New Brunswick School Law, may awaken great interest; but they are of too serious and complicated a nature to be dealt with in the noisy arena of party strife. H.

A letter from Newfoundland, dated April 1st, says the House of Assembly has agreed by an overwhelming majority to accept the provisions of the Treaty of Washington which have reference to Newfoundland. Only four out of a house of thirty members voted against the ratification of the treaty, and they did so on technical grounds, arguing that the question should have been first submitted to the constituencies.

Breach of promise cases in which old and wealthy deceivers are brought before juries of their countrymen to account for trifling with the affections of youthful and impecunious women are very common just now on both sides of the Atlantic. It is a striking though perhaps not altogether unaccountable fact that we never hear of young men suing old ladies for such damages. Possibly old ladies are more upright and conscientious in these matters than old gentlemen. Miss Diantha Leavitt, a milliner in Waukesha, Wis., has just recovered $4000 from Morris Cutler, a wealthy widower who had won her heart and then basely deserted her, after promising marriage. Cutler is 63; Diantha is 34. She claimed $50,000 damages, but the jury put her off with less than one-tenth of that sum, notwithstanding that in one of her letters to the defendant, produced during the trial, she declared that he had caused her to shed enough tears to run a small sized grist mill.

NOTES AND NEWS.

NOVA SCOTIA.

The investigation into the cause of the Atlantic disaster closed yesterday at Halifax with a supplementary statement by Captain Williams, and the court adjourned for deliberation until Friday.

UNITED STATES.

It does not cost much to do a good deal of good. From January 4 to March 29 the police stations of Boston distributed 22,174 gallons of soup, furnishing 17,387 families with 88,541 meals, and the whole thing cost only $4,711.

Massachusetts papers are telling stories about a Lowell girl who went to Kansas two years ago with $500 in her pocket and now owns a farm and other property which she could sell for $60,000, but they say nothing about the rich farmer whom she must have married and been the death of in the meantime.

Apropos of the ease with which a convicted murderer might "his quietus make," if he really had the courage and resolution, a story is told of a man at San Diego, Cal., who received letters from his friends saturated with morphine. By chewing the missives he poisoned himself, and died by one of the most comfortable methods in the world.

The Pacific slope has yet a hero unsung of Bret Harte or Mark Twain. He resides on the Humboldt river in Nevada, and his name is Poker Brown. It is the peculiarity of this individual that he is marvellously successful in every conceivable branch of industry except that to which his name associates him, and in that he is as strangely and consistently unfortunate. At mining, farming, freighting, and stock raising he has made about a dozen large fortunes, which he has lost at draw poker in speedy consecution. Some time ago he was the possessor of a farm and 500 hogs, when a couple of professionals dropped in upon him. Straightway they had a little game, with a pig for a "blind" and a hog for a "straddle," and in a few hours "Poker" sallied forth, hogless and farmless, to make another fortune for the vampires who subsist upon him. Surely he deserves an idyl.

LOCALS.

For a list of Agents for the sale of the DAILY TRIBUNE see first page.

For advertisements of WANTED, LOST, FOUND, FOR SALE, REMOVED, or TO LET, see Auction column.

New Advertisements.

Advertisers must send in their favors before 12 o'clock, noon, in order to insure their appearance in this list.

Amusements—
Academy of Music Gift Concerts
do Harry Bloodgood's Minstrels
do Music Union Concerts
Shirt Department—
Likely, Cameron & Golding
Foundry Facings— T McAvity & Sons
Board Wanted—
Medical Notice— S Z Earle, M D
Turpentine and Oil— C G Berryman
Hanp, Pannel and Tennen Saws do
Special Notice— Olive & Nannery
Notice— T D Denham

AUCTIONS.

Dry Goods— Stewart & White
New Pianofortes— do
Land W D W Hubbard
Carriages, &c— Lockhart & Chipman
Horse by Auction do
Corporation Property— Hurd Peters
Leasehold Property— Stewart & White
Clothing, &c— E H Lester

Personal.

James Martin, of Lansdowne & Martin, D. G. McKenzie, E. D. Watts, and Mr. Fairall, of Fairall & Smith, arrived home this morning, from their trip to Europe, by the Western train.

Brevities.

The Father Mathew Association give a literary and musical entertainment in the Academy of Music this evening.

The St. Peter's Temperance Society played "Ten Nights in a Bar-room" last evening. The audience, notwithstanding the weather, was large, and the performance was very creditable.

Two men working in Long's Mills near the Falls had their hands injured with the saws yesterday. One had the ends of all his fingers cut off.

William R. Marks lost his second son this morning, a lad thirteen years of age, by spinal meningitis.

Moncton's concert last night in aid of the Episcopal Church Building fund was highly successful.

The meeting in aid of the Geddie Testimonial will be held in St. David's Church this evening. A number of talented gentlemen will deliver addresses.

Steamers.

The S. S. Lady Darling arrived at this port last evening at 11 o'clock, 18 days from London. Captain Clayton reports having experienced very heavy weather on the passage. She lays at the Pettingill wharf where she is discharging her cargo as rapidly as possible. As soon as the cargo is out she will take a return freight of deal for Liverpool. H. W. Wilson, agent, is the shipper. She will leave Liverpool again for this port direct on the 20th of May.

The S. S. Caledonia, of the Anchor Line, arrived at Halifax yesterday morning from Liverpool. She is expected to leave for this port to-morrow and will probably reach here by Thursday evening or Friday morning.

The splendid steamer Olympia, of the same line, is being rapidly discharged at Robertson's wharf, and will probably leave for New York to-morrow or Thursday.

The Castalia, of the same line, and one of the finest of the fleet, sails from Glasgow on Wednesday the 23d inst., for this port direct.

The steamer Thames sailed from London for Halifax and this port on the 6th inst. She takes the place of the Medway which was disabled. Wm. Thomson & Co. are the agents of this line.

The New York arrived at half past six o'clock last evening and left again at 2 this morning.

The New Brunswick left Portland this morning at 7 o'clock, and is expected to reach here to-morrow morning early.

The Scud leaves for Digby and Annapolis to-morrow morning at the usual hour.

Markets.

April 15th, 1873.

[Corrected weekly for THE TRIBUNE.]

Hay, per ton	$16.00 a	$18.00
Lambskins, each	1.20 a	1.80
Sheepskins "	1.20 a	1.75
Beans, per bushel	2.00 a	2.50
Buckwheat, Grey	2.50 a	2.75
" Yellow	1.80 a	2.00
Flour, Am. Extra State		
" Canada Superfine	7.00 a	7.25
" " Choice	7.25 a	7.50
" " Extra	7.50 a	8.00
Cornmeal	3.25 a	3.40
Oatmeal	6.25 a	6.50
Potatoes, Kidney per bush.	1.00 a	1.20
Potatoes, "	70 a	1.00
Parsnips, "	80 a	1.00
Butter, Rolls, per lb	26 a	28
Butter, packed "	20 a	25
Lard, "	12 a	14
Eggs, per dozen	18 a	20
Oats, (Prov.) per bush	50 a	52
Oats, (P.E.I.) "	55 a	58
Cheese, Diary, per lb	13 a	15
Beef, "	5 a	8
Mutton, "	5 a	6
Lamb, "	5 a	7
Pork, "	7 a	8
Chickens, per pair	50 a	80
Geese, each	50 a	75
Turkeys, per lb	18 a	22
Ducks, per pair	50 a	75
Peas, per bushel	80 a	90
Beets, "	60 a	70
Turnips, "	40 a	50
Carrots, "	40 a	50
Hams and Shoulders, green, per lb	8 a	9
Hams and Shoulders, smoked, per lb	10 a	12
Hides, per lb	6 a	7
Tallow, per lb, Rough	6	
" Cakes, per lb	9 a	10
Yarn, per lb	60 a	80
Socks per pair	25 a	30
WHOLESALE JOBBING PRICES.		
Pork, Am. Mess per bbl.	$18.50 a	$18.50
" Prime "	12.00 a	13.00
" P. E. I. Mess	00.00 a	16.00
" " Prime Mess	00.00 a	14.00
Beef, Mess	19.00 a	12.00
Beef, Extra	14.00 a	15.00
Codfish, per quintal	3.75 a	4.00
Pollock "	2.75	
Ling "	4.00	
Haddock "	2.25	
Herring, Bay, per bbl	3.00 a	3.25
" Quoddy "	3.25 a	3.50
" Shelburne "	3.75 a	4.25
" Split "	3.00 a	3.50
Shad No. 1 per hf-bbl	5.00 a	6.00
Oysters, P.E.I.	2.50 a	3.00
" Shediac		
Smoked Hearing, No. 1 Digby, per box	80	
" No. 2 "	45	
Grand Manan, Scaled, per box	18 a	20
Grand Manan, No. 1, per box	14 a	16
Cordwood, Maple, per cord		
Cordwood, Mixed, p. cord	7.50 a	8.00
" White Birch		
" Dry Spruce		
Kerosene, Can. per gal	38 a	40
" Am. "	45 a	48
Apples, Winter, per bbl	2.50 a	4.00
" Dried, per lb	8 a	10
Corn, per bushel	80 a	90
Molasses, Porto Rico, per gal	48 a	55
Molassses, Cienfuegos, per gal	36 a	39
Sugar, per lb	9 a	10
Teas "	25 a	50

Cargoes of Fish, Produce, &c., in Slip will average 8 to 10 per. cent. lower prices.

The Academy Concert.

The singing of the oratorio of "Daniel" by the Music Union last evening was, in every sense of the word, a success. The stage arrangements were perfect, the house well filled, and the sacred cantata was rendered much better than was deemed possible. The singers were not dressed in character, there was no attempt at acting, and the dramatic effect was, of course, slight, but the solos were good, some of the duets and trios charming, and the choruses powerful and harmonious. Mrs. Perley as the Queen sang brilliantly, and was recalled after singing

O how lovely is Zion.

Mrs. Crandall, with her delicate beauty, clear voice, and reverent air of absorption in her part, was much admired. The oratorio was listened to with great attention from beginning to end, and Mr. Hall must be congratulated for his complete triumph.

The next and last concert will be given on Thursday evening.

Mechanics' Institute.

The annual meeting of the Institute was held last evening, President Lawrence occupied the chair. The Directors presented their annual report as to the state of the different departments of the Institute, and of improvements made during the year. The committee to whom was referred the question of paying lecturers, reported that $1200 should be set aside for the purpose, and the report was sent to the new Directors for their action, Mr. J. McMillan gave notice that at the next meeting he should move the yearly subscription be $5 instead of $3 as at present. A special meeting was ordered for the first Monday in June.

The election of officers was then commenced, Silas Alward, Esq., was nominated for President by Mr. C. Murray, and Gilbert Murdoch, Esq., by Mr. R. T. Clinch. On the ballot being taken Mr. Murdoch was declared elected, having a majority of 7 votes over Mr. Alward.

W. P. Dole was re-elected corresponding Secretary, H. L. Sturdee Recording Secretary, and Thos. A. Rankine, Treasurer,

S. Alward and A. Rowan, Vice-Presidents.

Geo. H. Lawrence, E. J. Brass, C. Flood, H. D. Hunt, W. F. Smith, A. Rankine, G. W. Whitney, A. Gilmour, W. F. Butt, J. Milligan, G. Stewart, T. Cormick, Directors.

George Blatch, J. McMillan and T. Clark, Committee of Audit.

According to official documents published by the English colonial office, the value of the Cape diamonds which left the colony last year is estimated at not less than $10,000,000. The supply is very far from being exhausted, and for many years finer gems than any that have yet been discovered may be expected from that country. The mineral resources of the interior of South Africa seem well-nigh boundless. Several hundred diggers have already made their way to the newly-discovered gold fields of Marabastad, in the South African republic about 350 miles beyond Klipdrift, where the indications are said to be of a more promising character than at the remoter Tatin quartz reef on the Limpopo river.