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KING EDWARD SPEAKS HIS THANKS TO CANADA.

Telegram Sent By Monarch to Lord Strathcona. Lord Minto Also Receives a Cable. Replies to Messages Sent on Behalf of Our People.

THE KING'S REPLY TO CANADIAN SUBJECTS.

Ottawa, Jan. 24—(Special)—On the death of the Queen the high commissioner for Canada, telegraphed as follows: "As representative of the Dominion of Canada in England, it is my mournful duty to give expression to the overwhelming grief of all Canadians on the death of their beloved Queen, and to convey their heartfelt sympathy with your Royal Highness and the members of the Royal family in Canada as throughout the Empire. There will be universal sorrow and mourning for the loss of a sovereign revered and held in affectionate regard by her people. May I be permitted to add my own deepest sympathy."

London, Jan. 24—An extraordinary Gazette publishes an order in council: "That it is expected that all persons upon the present occasion, the death of her late majesty of blessed and glorious memory, will put themselves into mourning."

immense assemblage attended the proclamation. The colonial office announces that an immense number of telegrams of condolence have been received from colonial governors and public bodies in the colonies. There is a continual stream of condolence messages from other quarters. Cardinal Vaughan sends word that he will bring from Rome a special message from the pope to the new King.

FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS. February 2 is the date—There will be an imposing military pageant. London, Jan. 25—It is understood that the body of Queen Victoria will arrive in London on the morning of February 2, and be taken across the metropolis to Paddington.

OFFICIALLY PROCLAIMED AT HALIFAX.

Thursday All Rejoiced in Acknowledging Our New King --Twenty-one Guns Fired in Honor of the Accession-- Mourning Resumed.

Halifax, Jan. 24—(Special)—Yesterday afternoon 82 minute guns were fired from the citadel, one for every year of her majesty's age. At noon today the standard of the citadel was hoisted to the top of the mast, and a royal salute of 21 guns fired in honor of the accession of the King. Tomorrow morning the standard will go to half mast again and will so remain until the funeral of her late majesty.

QUANT CEREMONY PROCLAIMING EDWARD KING.

London, Jan. 24—Edward VII was proclaimed King of Great Britain and Ireland and Emperor of India at St. James' Palace at 9 o'clock this morning. The proclamation was read by William Henry Weldon, King-at-Arms since 1894, and formerly Windsor Herald, and was greeted by a fanfare of trumpets, cheers and cries of "God Save the King."

Friary Court. It consisted of the headquarters staff, headed by the commander-in-chief of the forces, Field Marshal Earl Roberts, in full uniform and carrying a marshal's baton, and General Sir Evelyn Wood, the adjutant general of the forces. At 9 o'clock the court dignitaries, headed by the Duke of Norfolk, the earl-marshal, appeared on the balcony.

call to His merry old late Sovereign Lady, Queen Victoria, of blessed and glorious memory, by whose decree the imperial crown of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland is solely and rightfully come to the high and mighty Prince Albert Edward, we, therefore, the lords spiritual and temporal of this realm, being assisted with those of her late majesty's privy council, with numbers of other principal gentlemen of quality, with the lord mayor, the aldermen and the citizens of London, do now hereby with our voice, consent of tongue and heart, publish and proclaim that the high and mighty Prince Albert Edward, by the death of our late sovereign, of happy memory, become our only lawful and rightful heir, King of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, Protector of India, to whom we do acknowledge all faith and constant allegiance with all hearty and humble affection, beseeching God, by whom all kings and queens do reign, to bless Royal Prince Edward "with long and happy years to reign over us."

Arms in full and solemn array. A bare of trumpets announced the progress of the cavalcade through Trafalgar Square and the Strand. At Temple Bar. The chief interest of the morning centered in the entrance of the Herald's procession into the city at Temple Bar. At 9.15 o'clock out of the gray mist within the city boundary appeared a procession of carriages, forming the lord mayor's entourage. It was there that the two processions were to merge in kaleidoscopic grandeur. The lord mayor, the sheriff, the aldermen and the mayor, in scarlet, fur-trimmed robes, cocked hats, ruffled shirts, silk knee breeches and low buckled shoes, peered out from ornate, like coaches that would have been the envy of Alice in Wonderland.

those of his colleagues, appeared at the Mansion House. The royal standard heralded above the exchange and over the surrounding business buildings flew the Union Jack. Back almost without exception was worn by the people. Hardly one bright bonnet or gown relieved the sameness of the crowd. Solid Line of Soldiers and Police. Soldiers and policemen formed an almost solid line down Chesapeake, where the pageant was to pass. The people behind slowly crowding for a sight over their shoulders, were of all classes, from prosperous brokers to East End costers. The mass was subdued and remarkably orderly. The roofs of the exchange, the bank and the Mansion House and all the windows and the balconies overlooking the scene were filled with people. Big policemen kept a clear space in front of the exchange. At the Exchange. At about 10 o'clock the procession, which although gorgeous was disappointingly short, swept down from Temple Bar at a rapid pace and was received silently. The officials entered the exchange by the main entrance, the lord mayor, the lord mayor, with the sword bare leading, and the sheriffs, the aldermen, the recorder and the city marshal following. A flourish of trumpets impressed silence upon the crowds and the lord mayor, uncovering, stepped forward. All hats came off and in the misty rain the men remained bareheaded throughout the ceremony of nearly half an hour. The lord mayor's voice was strong and his oratorical words were distinguishable a block away as he read the warrant of the privy council to the herald.

Thereupon the spectacularly attired herald, bareheaded, for the third time delivered the proclamation. Probably no one 50 feet distant heard his words until at the end he raised his voice and shouted, "God Save the King," putting particular stress on the words. When the lord mayor had finished reading the warrant with the words, "His Majesty King Edward VII," the crowd cheered faintly and without unison, seeming to feel that too great a display of enthusiasm for the King might appear to partake of disloyalty to the memory of the departed Queen. It was only when the herald shouted "God Save the King" that the populace responded heartily with cheers, many people echoing the shout of "God Save the King."

A Mighty Roar, "God Save the King." The lord mayor, in the meantime, proceeding to the Mansion House, stepped out on the upper balcony and said, in ringing tones: "Join in singing from the bottom of your hearts, 'God Save the King.'" The response was undertaken for the people present, joined to undertake the unfamiliar words, until the common sergeant, the legal adviser of the corporation, led off, whereupon hundreds joined in. This was the first time since each time hundreds more taking up the singing until it became a mighty roar. Then came more cheers for the King and for the queen consort, hearty, although with its undertone of mourning. Drink the King's Health. As the Life Guards and officials from the West End moved away the sword broke up. The officers then gathered before a table in the Mansion House and, with their glasses and drank the health of King Edward the Seventh, proclaimed King according to ancient ritual.

NEW BRUNSWICK AND OTHER PROVINCES.

THE PROVINCIAL GOVERNORS SEND CONDOLENCES.

Ottawa, Jan. 24—(Special)—The following have been received from the lieutenant governors of the provinces: From the lieutenant governor of Quebec: "It is with the deepest sorrow that the people of the province of Quebec, and especially the French-Canadians, have heard of the death of Queen Victoria, whose beneficent reign has made them the most devoted and loyal of her subjects. They will never forget that it is since her accession to the throne of England that they have enjoyed that amount of civil, religious and political liberty of which they are now so justly proud. (Signed) "L. A. JETTE."

The Expression of the People's Minds.

Sympathy in the Death of the Queen.

Loyalty and Allegiance to the New Sovereign.

Ottawa, Jan. 24—(Special)—Another large batch of telegrams was received today at the governor general's office from all over Canada, containing expressions of sympathy to be forwarded to his majesty, the King, and the members of the royal family. Mayor Hayward, of Victoria, British Columbia, on behalf of the citizens of Victoria, sends sympathy and condolence and expressions of loyalty and devotion to the new sovereign. Several city and county councils all send sympathy.

VICTORIA'S WONDERFUL CONSTITUTION.

Authorized Account of Her Last Illness Shows Her Marvellous Powers.

London, Jan. 24—The British Medical Journal publishes an authoritative account of the last illness of Queen Victoria. It says the Queen's health for a year had been failing, with symptoms mainly of a dyspeptic kind, accompanied by impaired nutrition and periods of inanition. Later, there were slight transitory attacks of apoplexy. In the general arterial system there were remarkably few signs of age, but in the symptoms of somnolence increasing cerebral exhaustion which her majesty's strong will enabled her to hide from momentary visitors, the disease was in its last stages. Beyond a slight facial fluttering there never was any motor paralysis.

Howland and the city council had been invited to attend the Anglican memorial service in St. James' Cathedral and intended to accept the invitation, but for other acts against what they regarded as special favor to one denomination.

Ontario Declares Its Allegiance.

Toronto, Jan. 24—At the Government House this morning the chief officers of Ontario took the oath of allegiance to King Edward. Chief Justice Armour administered the oath to Sir Oliver Mowat, who then swore in Premier Ross and members of the cabinet. The judges at Osgoode Hall were also sworn in this morning.

A Discardant Note.

Rome, Jan. 24—The premier, Signor Saverio, resigned Queen Victoria in the Chamber of Deputies today and moved an adjournment. A Socialist, Signor Morgani, broke the respected silence with a cry of "long live the Queen." No note, however, was taken of the incident and the house adjourned. King Victor Emanuel has ordered that the court go into mourning for a fortnight.

Belgian Court.

Brussels, Jan. 24—The Belgian court will go into mourning for eight weeks.

In France's Parliament.

Paris, Jan. 24—It was intended to move an adjournment of the French parliament today, but finding that the Reichstag did not adjourn yesterday, the idea was abandoned. M. Delcasse, minister of foreign affairs, referred to the death of Queen Victoria in the senate today. He said the Queen had acquired singular authority outside of her own empire and universal respect.

The Denominational Clash.

Toronto, Jan. 24—(Special)—A special meeting of the civic board of control this evening decided to issue a proclamation asking all religious denominations to hold memorial services the day of the Queen's funeral in their respective churches. Mayor

ALLEGIANCE WILL BE SWORN.

Interesting Ceremonial Will Take Place at Fredericton When Lieut. Governor McClellan Will Take the Oath.

Fredericton, Jan. 24—(Special)—The legislative chamber will be the scene of an interesting ceremony tomorrow morning, when His Honor Lieut. Governor McClellan will formally take the oath of allegiance to His Majesty King Edward VII. The ceremony will commence with the reading of correspondence between the governor general of Canada and the lieutenant governor, followed by two highly eloquent addresses from Judge Hanington and the lieutenant governor, Governor McClellan, who will then read his proclamation continuing in office all officers of the crown under the provincial government and will afterwards administer the oath of allegiance to the members of his government. At 12 o'clock, flags on the parliament buildings will be raised to the mast head in honor of the King, and a detachment from the C. R. I. will fire a salute. The legislative assembly is now being draped for the occasion and the public will be able to witness the ceremony. According to instructions from Ottawa, the presiding officer at the ceremony must be either the chief justice of the province or the senior member of the bench. The chief justice, on account of a sprained ankle, will be unable to attend and it remains for Judge Hanington to officiate. It was the intention of his honor the lieutenant governor and members of the executive to take the oath of allegiance this morning at 11 o'clock, but owing to an accident to Chief Justice Tuck, and Justice Hanington not being able to get here until this evening, it was postponed until tomorrow morning.