POOR DOCUMENT

THE ALBERT STAR.

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J. A. BEATTY, MANAGER.

Terms One Dollar a Year in Advance.

WEDNESDAY, NOV. 21.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

The state of affairs in this colony have, during the past year, attracted more than ordinary attention, for the reason that the events, during that time, have been of an extraordinary character. A year since, the general election took place for the election of representatives to the legislative assembly, composed of thirty-six members. What the particular issues involved in the contest were, are uninteresting to the outside world. The government, of which Sir William Whiteway was premier, was sustained, twenty-three government and thirteen opposition. The opposition then protested seventeen of the government seats, on the ground of bribery and corruption, and asked that each be disqualified, alleging that public money had been spent, before and during the elections, in the repair of roads throughout the colony, and that each expenditure influenced the results. Sir William Whiteway advised the dissolution of the House, which the governor Sir Terence O'Brien, acting as it is said under the advice of the British government, refused. Sir Willian then resigned, and although the opposition only numbered thirteen, the leader of the opposition, Mr. Goodridge, was called upon to form a government and did so. The election protests were then proceeded with before the courts, and resulted in the unseating and personal disqualification of sixteen of those protested against, the remaining case being still before the courts. When a sufficient number of the Whiteweyites were disqualified, to give the government a majority in the house, the house was called together. Prior to this, the revenue bills which empowers the collection of the revenue which have to be passed annually had expired, and the revenue had to be collected without any authority of law. When the house met the revenue bills were passed, and past collections legalized. The government then brought on the elections to fill the seats, made vacant by the election court, and one where office had been taken in the new government. The Whitewayites labored under the disadvantage of having the government patronage in the hands of their opponents, and also in having to put new and inexperienced men in the field as candidates; all the members of the old government and the principal supporters being disqualified. The result of the elections is that the new government have been badly defeated, the opposition having now twenty-one members to the government fourteen, and one seat yet vacant. The above is a brief summary of the events as they have occurred in this memorable conflict.

The grounds upon which the members were unseated and disqualified will strike us Canadians as being rather remarkable, none can deny that it is of the utmost importance that the voice of the people should be given without influence of any kind; else pupular government, of which we boast, becomes little better than a mockery and a sham, and in time will end in revolution. Again, the carrying on of a government for such a length of time, in a country possessing responsible government, would seem a strange anamoly. But yet how were the ends of justice to be accomplished without doing so? Sir William had resigned, and to have dissolved the house would have ended the protest, and those members charged with wrong doing would have escaped being tried. That would seem a sufficient justification of what would otherwise be considered as an exercise of despotic power. But now that the people have had an opportunity of speaking, and have so unmistakably declared against the government and in favor of Sir William Whiteway, the government should not continue to administer the affairs of the colony longer. There has been much excitement, strong language, and threats, during the conflict, but no evidence of any consequence has resulted.

Should the government bow to the decision of the people, and retire with a good grace, they can well claim that their actions were in the best interest of the country, if not they will earn the name of a band of despotic adventurers, and sink into the ignomy such a course would deserve. Should they still attempt to cling to office, violence and bloodshed might and will in all probability result.

Massacred The Whites.

The Herald's Vancouver, B. C., special says: According to latest advices from Australia, by the steamer Miowars, word has been received at Sydney from the Bismark Archipelago, that a native uprising has taken place on all the islands near New Guinea, and that the European settlers have all been murdered by the Kanakas. The steamer Three Cheers, of Sydney reports calling at Admirality Island and New Ireland with supplies and finding the trading posts there in ashes and white men nowhere to be found, while the traiding schooner was also burned to the water's edge. On the approach of the vessel to Admiralty Island the natives fled to the hills until not a soul remained in the villages. They feared that the white men had come for vengeance. On landing the worst fears of the captain and crew were realized. Traces of a cannibal feast of recent date were found. Without doubt, all the inhabitants of the trading post had met with the most horrible of deaths, being tortured and afterwards devoured by the cannibals. Carlson and Millar, two of the victims, were prominent citizens of Sydney, and in that city a movement is on foot to ask the Government, to allow a company of volunteers to visit Admiralty Island avenge the death of their fellow citizens.

At New Ireland the Australian trading post was burned to the ground. A prominent white trader, named Rodgohn, was missing, while it is feared the entire white population have all met with a horrible death at the hands of the man-eating savages. Massacres are also reported on other islands. It is thought the natives stole liquor at the trading posts and that the effect on their semi-civilized natures was to convert them again into the wild native state from which they had so recently emerged.

Sworn by the Emperor.

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—In the Luetgarten at noon to day the Emperor administered the oath of allegiance to the new recruits added to the Berlin, Spandau and Charlottenburg garrisons. The ceremony took place in front of the castle, where an altar had been erected, similar to that used on the recent occasion of the consecration of the colors of the new battalions. The recruits were sworn in by the Kaiser himself. After short sermons by both Protestant and Catholic clergymen, the Emperor addressed the recruits, saying: "After you have sworn allegiance to me, I greet you as my soldiers. I hope you are good christians; for, if you are to be good soldiers, you must be good christians. You will have to guard and fight for the welfare of the Fatherland. You, soldiers, are to be my guards and will enjoy the advantage of serving under my own eyes. You will wear a handsome coat, and the moment you are dressed in this coat you will become something noble. Always remember that the colors before you must never be insulted. Obey the oath you have taken, and be courageous, despising death. Not only must you defend the honor of the Fatherland abroad and keep order at home, but you must defend our holy religion, if necessary, with your lives."

Shanghai the Treaty Port.

Shanghai, which the British are apparently on the point of occupying, is the most important seaport in Central China. It consists of two parts—first the Chinese city, crowded, filthy and surrounded by a wall, and then, to the north of this, the foreign settlement, with broad, clean streets and important public buildings. The foreign concessions belong to England, France and the United States and the foreign colony is ruled by its own council and protected by its own police, without any reference to the native Chinese authorities. In theory the land belongs to the Emperor, but virtually it is the property of the foreigners, who pay a ground rent for it. This has been fixed by treaty at five gold dollars per acre a year.

The population of the foreign settlement is about 200,000. The foreigners themselves number 3,000, the balance consisting of natives; who prefer to live and do business under foreign protection. There is an enormous trade in tea, silks, cotton, woolens, opium and metals, far exceeding the trade of any of the remaining twenty-two treaty ports. The great bulk of this commerce is in the hands of the British.

Has Forgotten How To Read.

PORTLAND, Me., Nov. 15.—There is a case here that is puzzling the doctors. James Marsh of Dixfield, 70 years old, recently felt a strange pain about one eye. It increased, and at last he found that while he had been for years a great reader, he had suddenly lost the power to read. He could only distinguish the letter O, all other having dropped out of his recollection. He retained his mental powers unimpaired except this one point, and local physicans gave the case up and advised him to come here for treatment, but Portland physicans are as much at sea as were those at Dixfield.

Dress Goods.

Our trade in this line is growing fast. We are getting many of the best cash customers in the city. We are gaining the trade of those most competent to judge of the real values. We have received some of our Fall Stock and find them great value. We have a line of Blacks and Plain Colors in All Wool Foules, double, for 25c a yard, the like of which has never been shown and are not to be seen elsewhere. They sell on sight every time.

J. FLANAGAN,
Central Dry Goods, opposite Market.

A FATAL PUNCH

Fitzsimmons's Sparing Partner Knocked Out.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 17.—Con. Riordan, sparring partner of Bob Fitzsimmons, died at 3.30 this morning from the effects of the injuries received last night while sparring with Fitzsimmons.

Riordan had been drinking heavily. He gave evidence of his condition as he walked on the stage of Japode's opera house, but despite this he was allowed to enter into the bouts. There were a few exchanges and then Fitzsimmons with a quick pass landed on Riordan's jaw with his right. There were differences of opinion as to the force of the blow, but it was sufficient. Riordan reeled and fell to his knees. Then he lopped over like a dead man. The audience was worked up to a fury of excitement. Boys and men stood up in their seats and shouted. Back in the wings the unconscious man lay in his ring costume with two physicians vainly endeavoring to revive him. After 3 o'clock the injured man began to sink rapidly, respiration growing fainter with every minute, until finally with a few spasmodic contortions he died. The physicians, a few members of the company and Mrs. Fitzsimmons were present till the last.

About 2.15 o'clock Captain Quigley placed Fitzsimmons under arrest and took him to police headquarters. The middleweight champion seemed to expect what was to come and did not even change color. "Yank" Sullivan was with him and offered to go his bail, which the police would not accept until Riordan's condition was more certain.

The Armenian Massacre.

The Standard's correspondent in Vienna describes the recent massacre of Armenian Christians as of equal importance with the Bulgarian butcheries which led to the Russo-Turkish war. He says: "The trouble began with the refusal of the Armenians to pay taxes, on the ground that Kurdish raids so impoverished them as to render it impossible. Troops sent to enforce payment were beaten off. The governor of Bitlis arrived with an imposing force. The people, seeing that a struggle was hopeless, yielded, but the governor resolved to make an example of them. He ordered the troops to fire on the defenceless populace and they obeyed with alacrity. They only ceased when the residents of twenty-five villages, numbering some thousands, were killed. Some reports say six thousand were slain. The British ambassador in Constantinople, upon receiving the report, communicated it to the Porte. The Sultan was horrified and he ordered the local military commander, Zeki Pacha, to make a report on the matter at once. Zeki's report confirmed Mr. Halward's, whereupon the governor of Bitlis formulated a charge that the latter was inciting the Armenians to revolt, thus causing the whole original disturbance. This was submitted to Sir Philip Currie, who has sent out British officials to make enquiries."

Fight With a Burglar.

BROOKLYN, November 14.—The Rev. Frederick C. Seckerson, the assistant pastor of the clinton Avenue Congregational Church at Clinton and Lafayette avenue, had an encounter with a burglar yesterday morning, and narrowly escaped from it with his life. Mr. Seckerson went to bed on Monday night soon after eleven o'clock, and about one o'clock yesterday morning was awakened by the sound of some ono moving about the room. By the faint light he was able to see the form of a man moving slowly. The clergyman reached for his revolver and sprang to the floor. The burglar, seeing that his opponent was armed, drew a bowie knife with a long blade, with which he made a lunge at the clergyman, the blade penetrated the fleshy part of the left fore arm, inflicting a severe wound, from which the blood flowed freely. Both men then grappled, and a hand-to-hand struggle for life ensued. Mr. Seckerson managed to fire a shot at the man, which evidently took effect as he at once released his grasp, and staggered towards the open window, through which he made his escape.

Saghalien's Prison Pens.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 14.—Captain Johnson, of the sailing schooner Emma, of Juneau, Alaska, and P. Riley, a hunter, arrived from the Orient on the steamer Peru, yesterday. They tell a story of suffering and maltreatment in a Russian prison and will ask the United States to compel the Russian Government to pay them a heavy indemnity. According to the captain's story, his vessel encountered heavy weather and was blown into the Okotsch Sea. A Russian cruiser overhauled her. The Emma, at the time, was sailing with a jury rudder and injured spars.

No explanation of being in Russian waters was accepted and the ship was taken to Saghalien, Siberia, and put in a 12 by 16 prison with forty others. The vessel was broken up. Robert Ohman went crazy and committed suicide. The rest of the crew were sentenced at Vladivostok to six months imprisonment. This term served, charitable people helped them to Japan, where the rest of the crew still remain.

Reggio and the province of Calabria, Italy, were violently shaken by an earthquake Saturday. Much damage was done and many people were killed. Procopie, a village of 1,200 inhabitants, was obliterated. In one church forty-seven persons were buried alive under the falling walls. In another village eight persons were killed outright by falling buildings. The damage to property is enormous.

A Golden Coffin Inclosed the Czar's Remains.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 14.—The Czar's funeral procession Tuesday divided into thirteen sections, each headed by a master of ceremonies wearing a black and white scarf. The sections represented various degrees of mourning. On each side of the hearse were thirty pages with lighted torches. Immediately after the hearse came Czar Nicholas II. wearing a general's uniform, the Prince of Wales, the King of Greece, Russian Grand Dukes and their aides, the Czarina, Princess Alix, Duchesses Xenia and Olga and a large number of equerries, companies and regiments. The weather was dull and damp and the streets were muddy. The funeral train arrived at Nicholas station at 9.55. The station was crowded with representatives of the nobility of Russia and every other European country and the long platform was covered with black cloth. The hearse, with silver and gold body, a golden canopy surmounted by a crown, and topped and edged with groups of three white feathers, stood ready to receive the remains of the dead Emperor. Amid the solemn music of the band and the chanting of priests and singers, the funeral train rolled into the depot and the body of Alexander III. was removed to the hearse with imposing ceremonies. The coffin was golden. The procession moved at 10,30 o'clock. It was conducted upon same plan as that in Moscow, only more elaborately. The procession arrived at the cathedral at 1,30 p. m., and the coffin was placed on a catafalque in the centre of the cathedral. A requiem service followed, lasting one hour. The body was then exposed to public view. Immediately long lines of people began passing through the cathedral. The lying in state will continue until the day of the funeral. Constant masses will be celebrated. The American colony sent seventy wreaths to be placed on the Czar's coffin.

Two Brothers are Burglars.

BANGOR, Me., Nov. 15.—Numerous burglaries have taken place in this section, of the state recently, and the officers have been led a merry chase in attempting to secure the offenders. One gang has been broken, however, by the capture of two of the men.

Deputy Sheriff Stevens of Lincoln arrived here tonight with Josiah B. Russell of Linneus who was arrested on a charge of having broken into the store of E. A. Weatherbee, in Lincoln, Oct. 6, Russell was bound over for trial and committed to jail here.

Russell's brother Fred is also implicated. He is serving a term in Houlton jail, and will be arrested when he is released next April.

A wagon load of stolen property was recovered at a log hut in Linneus, where Russell was captured.

The place is the headquarters of a tough gang, and many of the numerous burglaries which have taken place in that section are ascribed to the members.

The officers are on the track of the other offenders.

JAPAN'S TERMS OF PEACE.

Demands the Surrender of the Chinese Fleet.

SHANGHAI, Nov. 18.—It is rumored the Japanese minimum demands are the surrender of the Chinese fleet and the payment of an indemnity of $125,000,000. Japan is to hold Port Arthur, Wei Hai Wei and the Formosan ports until the indemnity is paid. There is no prospect of China assenting to such terms,

LONDON, Nov. 18.—The Central News correspondent in Tien Tsin says: The Chinese fleet is at Wei Hai Wei. It includes five ironclads which are preparing for battle. Col. Von Hannekan, commander in chief of the Chinese army, is organizing in Manchoria where several forces of Chinese guerillas who have already begun to harass the Japanese and threaten their line of communication. If the Chinese defenee at Port Arthur is successful the entire Japanese army may winter on the Yalu.

Funeral Ceremony in Berlin.

BERLIN, Nov. 19.—An imposing funeral in honor of the late Czar Alexander III, took place today in the embassy. Traffic about the neighborhood of that building was suspended during the service and there was a large guard of honor outside the church.

Emperor William in Russian uniform accompanied by the Empress, drove to the church in an open carriage and was present through the ceremonies. All the diplomatic corps including the United States ambassador, Hon. Theodore Runican and many other notables, were present.

NOTICE.

All persons having lawful claims or demands against the estate of the late John C. Lauder, will present them duly attested to the undersigned within three months from date, and all persons indebted to said estate will make immediate payment.

MARTHA LAUDER,
Administratrix.

Hillsborough, Nov. 20th 1894.

Do You Need a Watch?

If so, and you feel inclined to do a little work by introducing an article to your friends you may earn one in a few days.

It is an open face, stem-winding, Swiss watch that will last for years. A good time keeper. Should it require repairs within a year it will be done free.

Write for particulars, giving references, before someone else in your place does.

F. S. THOMPSON,
P. O. Box 378, St. John, N. B

Executor's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have hereby proved the last will and testament of Richard T. Gross, late of the Parish of Hillsborough, in the County of Albert, recently deceased. All persons indebted to said deceased are hereby required to make immediate payment to Maggie Gross, his widow, at his late place of business, Surrey, Albert County who is authorized to receive the same, and all persons having any legal claims against deceased are requested to hand them in duly attested to said Maggie Gross, within three months from the date thereof.

HENRY B. STEEVES,
WM. H. GROSS, Executors.
Dated the 8th day of November, A. D. 1894.

Public Notice.

Tenders will be received by the President of the Harvey Branch Railway Company until Friday, the Ninth day of November instant, at 2 p. m., for the construction of the Railway Bridge across the Shepody River, and also for the construction of the said Bridge and the Approaches thereto.

Plans and Specifications can be seen on application to the President.

The Company do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender.

Dated the 1st Day of November, A. D., 1894.

W. H. A. CASEY,
President

Removal Notice.

Dr. Murray, Dentist,

Removed to the offices recently occupied by the late Dr. Church (the Dr. Baxter property) corner of Main and Alma Street, Moncton, N. B.

LOST.

Between Moncton and Hillsborough, a Rigby Overcoat.

The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at the STAR Printing Office.

NOTICE.

A Meeting of the directors and stockholders of the Harvey Branch railway, will be held at the office of W. A. Trueman, Albert, on Thursday, Nov. 1st next, on the arrival of the Salisbury & Harvey train.

By order,
W. H. A. CASEY, Pres.

Harvey, N. B., Oct. 23rd, 1894.

FOR SALE.

The thoroughbred Ayrshire Bull "Wilford," 3 years old, No. 847, New Brunswick Herd Book, got by Clifford, dam May Bloom.

Also two thoroughbred Ayrshire heifers, one and two years old.

MARINER T. STEEVES,
Shenstone, Albert Co.

Wanted.

An experienced miller, who thoroughly understands dressing stone and grinding wants to rent, or work on shares, a grist mill. For further particulars apply to

R. E. STEEVES, Postmaster, or
CHARLES LAWRENCE, Hillsboro'.

Marble and Granite

Monuments and Grave-Stones.

T. F. Sherard & Son,
MONCTON, N. B.
Work Delivered Free.

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Blacksmith,
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GIRLS' OWN ANNUAL,
SUNDAY AT HOME,
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BAPTIST,
METHODIST,
PRESBYTERIAN,
and CHURCH OF ENGLAND,
in various Bindings.

Cloth Bound Books.

A nice assortment

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TELEPHONE, 49; P. O. Box, 57.
Moncton, N. B.

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Without saying. When said they go faster. Our experience, our resources, our capacity for being efficient and getting our customers both the best and most for his money all enable us to give our patrons the most valuable service possible. No firm equals us in the clothing trade. If these facts go faster for the saying, your glance at this column may save you many dollars.

Don't forget the Address

I SHOP THE TAILOR,
171 Main Street,
MONCTON, N. B.

Will make monthly trips to A. Co.

Auction Sale.

There will be sold by Public Auction on the premises of the late George Calhoun, Hopewell Cape, on Friday, November 9th, at one o'clock, the following goods and chattels, viz.:

Piano, bedstead and bedroom suites of ten pieces each, feather beds, extension dining table, tables of various sizes, carpets, stoves, dishes, lamps, curtains, chairs; covered carriage, sleigh, harness, wheel barrow, grindstone, ladders, potatoes, turnips, apples, hay, wood, etc.

TERMS—Under $5.00 cash; $5.00 or over, 6 months credit with approved joint notes.

SAMUEL STEWART,
Auctioneer.

Photographs.

The undersigned will return to Hillsboro, on or about Nov. 1st, and will be prepared to do Photograph work in all its branches. As I have adopted new methods, of a superior class, I can assure the public of first-class work, only at a much less cost than formerly. Cabinets, best finish, $3.00 doz.; Cards, $1.50 doz.; Sunbeams, 75 cts.; and all other work at corresponding low prices. Tintypes as usual.

Christmas will soon be here and a photo of yourself makes an excellent present for friends, and also very cheap.

Thanking the public for past favors, I would solicit a continuation of the same.

FRED O. FRB,
Photographer.

I am now prepared to build to order,

Sleighs and Pungs,

of very latest design and finish as good as can be built in the best city shops, an at low prices.

P. W. F. BREWSTER,
ALBERT, N. B.

ON TIME

To do business properly everyman should carry a reliable timepiece, and when you can purchase a good watch as cheaply as you can today there is no reason why you should not have one.

K. BEZANSON,
MONCTON,
carries a complete stock of
Waltham, Elgin, Hampden and Illinois
WATCHES.
in all styles of
Gold, Gold Filled, Silver and Nickel Cases,

which he will sell on the INSTALMENT PLAN, and if those desirous of purchasing a good reliable watch will write him, he call on them personally on through his representative.

Satisfaction Guaranteed,
Quality as Represented.

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Jewelry and Music Store
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J. C. STEWART & CO.,

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Corner Main and Academy street.
Received per A. J. and by Rail,

Cider Vinegar,
White Wine Vinegar
Mixed Pickles,
Canned Corn "Delhi,"
Canned Peas "Delhi,"
Canned Salmon,
Granulated Sugar,
Extra Yellow C. Sugar,
Pulverized Sugar,
Val Layer Raisins,
Soda Biscuit,
Brooms, Pails,
Colman's Starch,
Grey Cottons,
White Cotton,
Print Cotton,
Summer Suiting,
Flannellette,
Ladies' Blk. Hose,
Ladies' Blk. Mitts,
Clark's 300 yd Cotton,

Paris Green, Gem Preserve Bottles.

N ew Brunswick, County of Albert, ss.

To the Sheriff of the County of Albert or any Constable within the said County. Greeting—

(L. S.) (Copy) Whereas Martin Carty, of the Parish of Elgin, in the County of Albert Farmer, one of heirs and next of kin of Patrick Carty senior, late of the said Parish and County, Farmer, deceased, hath by his petition set forth among other things that the said Patrick Carty senior, departed this life on or about the 4th day of March, A. D. 1894, having first made his last Will and Testament, thereby appointing David A. Moore and Patrick Carty Junior, the executors thereof, that said David A. Moore had duly revocated the executorship thereof, that the said Patrick Carty junior, had left the Province without either revocating his executorship or proving the said Will and praying that letters of administration thereof cum testamento annexo may be granted to him in due form of law.

You are therefore required to cite the said Martin Carty and the said Patrick Carty Junior, the heirs and next of kin of the said deceased and all others interested in his estate and they are hereby cited to appear before me at a Court of Probate to be held at my office at Albert, in the Parish of Hopewell in the County of Albert, on Thursday, twenty-fifth day of October, next, at two o'clock in the afternoon, to show cause if any they have or know why the said Petitioner should not be admitted to prove said Will and letters of administration thereof as praying for granted to him in due form of the law.

Given under my hand and the seal of the said Court at the Parish of Hopewell, in the said County, this twenty-fourth day of September, A. D. 1894.

(Signed) W. ALDER TRUEMAN,
Judge of Probate,
County of Albert.

(Signed) JOS. H DICKSON,
Registrar of Probate,
County of Albert

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Ladies' German Made Jackets and Ulsters, New and Fashionable Dress Goods and Trimmings in Ladies' Costume, Oheck Costume, Homespuns, Knicker, Costume, York Serge, Covert Suiting, Vigoureaux Coating, Cheviot Serge, Satin Amazon, and a full line small wares and Trimmings.

10 Cases Canadian Staples.

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They are also used and highly recommended by Toronto Conservatory of Music and other Upper Province Musical Institutions.

Now is the time to get a good Piano—Will take your Old Piano or Organ in exchange.

We are SOLE AGENTS for Karn Pianos and Karn Organs for the Maritime Provinces. Also have other grades of cheaper American and Canadian Pianos.

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Are unexcelled in their elegance of style, comfort of fit, superiority of material and workmanship.

THEY ARE MADE IN THE FOLLOWING SIZES AND STYLES:

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They are furnished with adjustable shoulder straps, stitched-edge button-holes, tape-fastened buttons, and can thus be laundried when necessary without injury to the garment.

These waists are equally a Boon to the Invalid as well as the most robust; no unhealthy compression of the vital parts existing to restrict the utmost freedom of action or fullness of respiration. To school children, misses, and young ladies who practice calisthenics, and thus acquire that elasticity of step, erectness of figure and gracefulness of deportment which are so much and justly admired, they are absolutely indispensable. For therapeutic qualities alone they have no equal, and are thus highly endorsed by the best medical authorities throughout the Dominion.

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Parties in need of anything in the

Harness and Collar Line

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Will attend to their wants. Call and examine? Robes, Wraps, Blankets, etc., at lowest prices