

the account of the murder; and the tragic end of the murderer, I thought of the slender creature's blue eyes, and rosy mouth, with a strange pitying thrill at my heart.

### TELEGRAPHIC.

London, Sept. 5th.  
The weekly returns of the Bank of England show that the amount of bullion increased £50,000 since the last report.  
Consols 94½, 5-20's 73½, Liverpool breadstuffs market unchanged. Provisions irregular.

Dublin, Sept. 5.  
Criminal prosecutions have been commenced in the Courts against several persons, who are known to be better Orangemen, charged with participating in the recent disorderly procession of Orangemen, and with being parties to disturbances which occurred on these occasions.

COPENHAGEN, 5th.  
The report that the Government of Denmark has sold the Danish Islands in the West Indies to the United States is officially denied.

Madrid, Sept. 6.  
Strict orders have been issued to the proper authorities at all the ports in Spain requiring vessels hailing from the United States to be subjected to a rigid quarantine.

London, Sept. 6.  
Consols 94½, 5-20's 73½, Corn 30s 6d, Wheat 12s 3d, Oats 5s 6d.

Burlington, Vt., Sept. 6.  
At four o'clock this afternoon a frightful accident occurred during the races at Chittenden County fair grounds in this city. Seats which were arranged in the form of an amphitheatre, while densely crowded with spectators, fell to the ground with a fearful crash, bringing down with them upwards of 3000 people, over 50 of whom were injured, some it is supposed fatally.

London, 6.  
Recent despatches received from Alexandria seem to discredit the reports of the release of the English captives in Abyssinia. In the meantime preparation for the expedition to Abyssinia continues.

Gold 142½.  
London, Sept. 7th.  
The yacht John T. Ford from Baltimore for Paris, before reported capsized at the entrance of the English Channel, was found on the coast of Ireland, near Queenstown, with valuable papers and other articles on board.

Toronto, Sept. 6.  
A despatch from Montreal this evening says Carrier was elected for both Houses by a majority of 5504.

The majority for McGee, at the close of the polls, was 277.

After the announcement a mob of about 200 of DeWitt's party arrived opposite the Mechanics' Hall, and tore down the statement of the poll.

A riot then commenced, a shower of stones being directed at the Hall, the windows in front of which were broken. There was a fire of shot in the street. The mob was kept out of the Hall where McGee was by revolver shots from the inside. The Guards then charged on the rioters and dispersed them.

THE UNIVERSITY.—The University of New Brunswick throws open again its halls to the studious youth of the Province. To-morrow, Thursday, the 5th, will commence the Michaelmas term. We learn that a number of new students from all parts of the Province will begin their course of study.

No appointment has been made to the chair of Logic and Moral Philosophy. The Senate will meet about the middle of the month, when the matter will be settled. Numerous applications, we hear, have been sent in, both from this and the adjoining Provinces, and the President has corresponded on the subject with the view of informing himself, if necessary, a competent person to fill the Chair could be secured from Scotland. No doubt, if a gentleman of requisite talent and experience can be got in the Province, the Senate will not look beyond it.—[Herald Quarters.]

THE FOLLOWING PERSONS are losers by the Frederick Fire to some extent, some quite heavily. Messrs. Smith of the City Hotel, B. A. Hartman, Esq., Mrs. McCauland, A. McCausland, Miss Bennett, John Guion, Esq., Lagren & Son of the Colonial Farmer, McKeith, A. Laforest, C. Wood, Chas. D. Murphy, Rev. Jacob Gunter, C. W. Wetmore, Mrs. Logan, Rev. Wm. Downey, Geo. F. Atherton. The Messrs. Smith estimate their loss, exclusive of that covered by insurance, at not less than \$24,000. Rev. Mr. Gunter loses to the extent of \$1,200, and Rev. William Downey is a loser to the amount of at least \$600.—[Herald Quarters.]

MASONIC.—The annual meeting of the District Grand Lodge of New Brunswick (E. R.) was held at the Masonic Hall last evening. There was not a large attendance. In the absence of the District Grand Master, the duties of the Chair devolved upon the Deputy Grand Master, B. Lester, Esq., Esq. The Finance Committee submitted their report exhibiting the Funds in a healthy condition. W. H. A. Keane, Esq., was re-elected Grand Treasurer by acclamation, and was installed and proclaimed according to an ancient usage. Some other general business was transacted and the Grand Lodge closed.—[Globe.]

The Barbadoes "West Indian" of the 9th inst. furnishes the following account in point of the value of the telegraph. It says:—

"The bright Martha, owned by T. McCarty, Esq., St. John, cleared at that port on the 19th ult., for this Island. The master having inadvertently left his Register in the owner's office, the Comptroller of Customs, who transmitted the following telegram to New

York, and it was received here via St. Thomas by last mail: St. John, N. B., 19th July, 1867.—To R. D. Fraser, Esq., Comptroller of Customs, Barbadoes.—The bright Martha for Barbadoes left Register behind by mistake; please allow the Captain to enter and clear.—William Smith, Comptroller, &c., St. John. The Martha arrived in Carlisle Bay yesterday evening."

PROVINCIAL APPOINTMENT.—Robert Young, Esq., to be a Member of Legislative Council of this Province.

## The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, SEP. 11, 1867.

THE Writ.—In our columns this morning we publish the Sheriff's Proclamation for holding the Election for the Local Legislature, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Messrs Stevens and Chandler. Why the writ was delayed so long, we cannot say, but it is plain we are on the eve of a great change.

Nomination.—Saturday last being Nomination Day, a large and respectable assemblage of electors from various parts of the County were present at the Court House. The Sheriff having been commissioned as Returning Officer for the Electoral District of Charlotte, appointed S. H. Whitlock his clerk, who read the Commission Writ and Election Law.

Dr. Thomson was then nominated by Wm. Whitlock and J. S. Magee, Esqs., seconded by Nehemiah Marks, Hubert McLaughlin, W. H. Stevens, and S. Getty, Esqs.

John Bolton, Esq., nominated by G. S. Grimmer, Esq., seconded by R. Stevenson, Jas. Marohie and C. M. Gove, Esqs.

Mr. Grimmer in nominating Mr. Bolton gave his reasons for doing so, in a lucid and classical speech of some length, which we cannot even give an epitome. He felt the importance of the sacred trust about to be reposed in the person who would be elected—that the legislature would be new, and that the people of this County needed a man of intellect and intelligence, one who could grapple with the momentous measures which would come before the Commons, who understood finance and who was acquainted with the varied interests of the Country. He would not institute any comparison between the Candidates. He had known Mr. Bolton from a boy, that he had not the advantages of position or prestige of family, but possessed the privilege of a good education, that he had risen from rags to first rank as a merchant and man of general business intelligence by force of energy and intellect. He gave as a political reason for nominating him that he had supported Confederation from the first, and that it was right and proper to sustain the men who had aided Confederation. That the electors should be actuated by high national considerations in their selection of men to fill such important trusts, and hoped the best of all parties might be elected. During the speech Mr. Grimmer was frequently applauded.

Dr. Thomson on rising was greeted with cheers. He thanked the Electors for the hearty reception, and said that he came before them for election to the Commons but not for the purpose of exalting himself; he had returned five times to the Local Legislature, and if they approved of his conduct then, he trusted they would manifest it now by electing him.

He enclosed every sentence uttered by His Honor Judge Allen in his charge to the Grand Jury at the Circuit Court—which was previously referred to by Mr. Grimmer. He had been opposed to Confederation, but as it was now the law of the land, he would if elected assist to work it out; that it was a problem, and he came forward to aid in perfecting it. He came to this country when but 16 years of age and was now in his 61st year, and had some knowledge of legislation from experience and study. That it would require much care to arrange the fiscal affairs of the Dominion. He had been stigmatised as a non-progressive and tory, and explained that there was no tories but conservatives, and they had progressive ideas but not for creating fat offices.

Railroads were a means of developing the resources of a Country, and he believed that if the Railroad now in operation between St. Andrews and Woodstock was extended to River du Loup, it would answer every purpose for the Intercolonial, and might be built within a year. He was in favor of the frontier route for the Intercolonial. Agriculture should have his best support as would also the fisheries, lumbering and other interests.

That our country was the finest upon the earth, the poorest man's child might rise to be a Peer. As we had Confederation, he came forward as a Confederate, and would give it a fair, just, and manly trial. He thanked those gentlemen who had nominated and seconded him, and if elected would endeavor to perform his duty.—[Cheers.]

Mr. BOLTON was received enthusiastically, he stated that it was not a voluntary act of his to offer. He had no political record—no political sins or omissions to atone for. For 21 years he had been engaged in commercial pursuits—prior to that in Agriculture. He offered as a Candidate for the whole County and not a particular section of it.

He then combated a report which had been circulated that St. Stephen desired to control the County, and asked: Did St. Stephen ever show a disposition to exclude any portion of the County from having a local representative. Had not the people of that Parish assisted St. George, and always desired St. Andrews to nominate its representative and they would support the Nomination? St. Stephen had never held any of the Government Offices, until the appointment of the hon. Mr. McAdam. Mr. Gilmore went to St. Stephen to consult with reference to his accepting office and was supported.

With reference to the number of Candidates at St. Stephen, he knew nothing but he did know that Mr. Stevenson is looked to as the nominee of St. Andrews.

The political issues were narrowed down to a small point. The first Cabinet is composed of the leading men from each Province.

In speaking of the Intercolonial Railway route, he did not enter into arguments of the shortest and best route but was in favor of the Frontier line. He alluded in complimentary terms to the exertions of W. M. Buck, Esq., C. E., who had taken so much pains to collect information, and had written several excellent and reliable articles on the subject which had been published in the newspapers; he had shown by his able Review that the Frontier was the shortest, cheapest and best route, and he hoped that Mr. Buck's services would be appreciated and amply recompensed by the County for whose benefit he is now working. When all the arguments were laid before intelligent men, he believed that they would decide upon the Frontier route for the Intercolonial Railway. The question of Defence had been a bugbear to prevent the Frontier line being adopted—but that idea was exploded, as high military authorities had stated that the Line wherever built was liable to attack. He believed that commerce was the life blood of a nation, and that our American neighbours knew and felt this, and it was unlikely they would attempt to injure their commerce by opposing the border to destroy the Line. Other important matters to come before the Parliament will be the Tariff and the Fisheries.

When at the Islands he learned from the intelligent men engaged in the Fisheries, that they had many grievances to be redressed. The benefits to be derived from Confederation were apparent in the question of the fisheries. A gentleman of energy and talent in New Brunswick had been appointed as Minister of the Fisheries, and he believed much good would result to that great source of our national wealth.

He (Mr. B.) would practice economy, but not such as would be penny wise and pound foolish. He believed in that kind of economy which would turn a bankrupt Nashua into a thriving village. He thought that those who were opposed to Confederation were mistaken, and that they would live to realize its benefits, as an illustration instance the prosperity of the United States since their being united. We commended our union under more auspicious circumstances. The Dominion of Canada is now the third maritime power of the world, and we would still be under the flag of that glorious old flag, which is the symbol of liberty, and equal justice to all. If elected he would exert his influence to promote the interest of the Province [Mr. B. was loudly cheered.]

Mr. Bolton's speech was well conceived, fluent, gave evidence of ability, and an intimate knowledge of the requirements of the country.

We have endeavored to give the leading points of the speeches, but have fallen far short of conveying an idea of their importance and ability. It rests with the voters of the County to say who will be the fortunate or unfortunate man before 4 o'clock, to-morrow, Thursday. The people in the free and unbiased exercise of their franchise will decide, and the minority we trust will submit with a good grace to the choice.

GRAND PIC NIE.—All who can, will no doubt attend the Grand Catholic Pic NIE to be held at Chaucook this day. The arrangements we learn are complete, and the great Boat Race between the St. Andrews and St. Stephen crews, is looked forward to with much interest.

ST. JOHN ELECTION.—The Hon. S. L. Tilley, for the City and Hon. John H. Grey, for the County, of St. John, were elected by acclamation on Monday last. St. John may well feel proud of her House of Commons members.

The Rifle Competition at Sussex was well attended, and we are pleased to notice, that Charlotte County Riflemen carried off no less than eleven Prizes, pretty good for the Frontier County. Chase of St. Andrews won 21 prize, 39 points—Double barrell gun and \$36; Bixby, St. Stephen, 23 points—Ladies Cup and \$40; Blackin, 27 points—Field Glass; Marks do 44 points—\$10; Major McAdam, 42 points—Officers Sash; Bixby 32 points—Plated Tea Set. Chase we learn, fired off and won the second prize.

E. R. Stevenson, Esq., it should be borne in mind, is a Candidate for the Local Legislature. He is the only person offering from St. Andrews, and we are pleased to learn that he will be supported. St. Andrews has always sent one member; the other Parishes have invariably supported the Shire town, and will do so again. Give Stevenson a vote, and we may add, he will make a good representative.

NEW CANDIDATE.—We are authorized to announce that Henry Frye, Esq., is a candidate for the Local Legislature.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—The letter of our esteemed friend "Unionist" was received, we regret to say, too late for insertion, and its publication in our next would be useless.

The Candidates in St. John are numerous enough of their relative merits we are unacquainted, but of the eight who have offered, only two can be elected, as there are but two vacant seats. It would be well if the electors think so, to have them declare their views as to the route of the Intercolonial Railway.—The Candidates in Charlotte both for the House of Commons, and local Legislature have done so.

We regret to hear of the death of John Emerson, Esq., of Little Falls, which occurred on the 3rd inst., after an illness of about ten days. Mr. Emerson was one of the most substantial residents on the river St. John, and was a man of great energy and determination of spirit. Very few persons probably ever visited Little Falls without experiencing some kindness at his hands. His remains were to be taken through to River du Loup, and probably to Quebec or Montreal, for interment.—[Globe.]

ITEMS.

—There is a stagnation in the Bangor lumber market as said to be the greatest since 1857.

—The United States Patent Office recently refused to grant a patent to a spiritist of New York, who applied for a patent for an "arrangement to make ghosts visible."

The Noble Gun without a doubt is thought by some the best thing out; Not so with others, they declare "That Grace's Salve will well compare With anything that yet was known By humble cottage or king on throne."

—The election in Restigouche resulted in the return of Mr. McMillan who polled 112 votes over Mr. Phillips.

Stephens, the Fenian is in Paris and is said to be in distressed circumstances. He is engaged in writing a vindication of himself from charges of subversion.

In the Queens Speech, made on proroguing Parliament, she act creating the Dominion of Canada the subject of a warm commendatory paragraph.

—The Grand Trunk Railway gives notice that it will apply, at the first session of the Parliament of the Dominion, for consolidation of its capital, for leave to raise money on bonds, and for the right to absorb two or three other lines with which it is closely connected.

ARRIVED.

At Lawrence, Mass., on the 3rd inst., by the Rev. D. C. Knowles, Mr. James H. Rowland, of Providence, R. I., to Miss Nancy S. second daughter of Mr. John Wende of this town.

DIED.

At Miscareen, on the 5th inst., Elizabeth, widow of the late Mr. Neil McVicar, aged 67 years.

In June last, at Victoria, Vancouver's Island, after eight or ten weeks of suffering, from wounds received by the hand of a robber, John A. Walton, fifth son of the late Joseph Walton, of this place.

SHIP NEWS.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Sep 4, Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, Flour J. R. Bradford and others.

7 Sarah, Stinson, St. John, Flour, C. M. Gove and others.

Galvin, Adams, Eastport ballast, C. F. Clinch.

Matilda, Stinson, St. Stephen, Flour & A. D. Stevenson and others.

9 Brig Emily Comer, Christie, Sydney, C. B., 339 tons, Coal, R. Robinson.

CLEARED.

Sep. 6 Schr. Diadem, Morrison, Eastport, Sleepers, R. Ross.

7 Harriet, Britt, Bangor, shingles, Stevens & Co.

Albert, Thomas, Boston, Boards, & scantling, C. F. Clinch.

## ELECTION.

Charlotte, to wit:

ALEXANDER T. PAUL, Esquire, High Sheriff of the County of Charlotte, having received Her Majesty's Writ for the Election of Two able and discreet persons to serve in the General Assembly of this Province, for the said County, in the room and stead of James T. Stevens and James W. Chandler, Esquires, who have resigned their seats, do, in obedience thereto, hereby Proclaim and give Public Notice, that a Court will be held by me at the County Court House, in the Town of Saint Andrews, on

Saturday, 5th October next, at 11 of the clock A. M., for the purpose of the said Election, of which all persons will take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

And in case a Poll shall be then and there demanded, I do hereby further proclaim and give Public Notice, that the Polling Booths will be opened on THURSDAY, the 10th day of October, at 8 of the clock A. M., and will continue open until 4 of the clock P. M., of the same day at the following places, to-wit:—

For the Parish of St. Andrews at the County Court House.

For the Parish of St. David, at the head of Oak Bay.

For the Parish of St. Stephen, at Salt Water near the head of Tide Waters.

For the Parish of St. James, at or near the Kirk on the Beach Ridge, and at or near the residence of John King in the Balfour Settlement.

For the Parish of St. Patrick, at Digdigwash Mills.

For the Parish of Dumbarton, at the Rolling Mill.

For the Parish of St. George, at the Lower Falls and at the Upper Mills.

For the Parish of Penfield, at the School House near the Episcopal Church.

For the Parish of Leppreux, at or near the Temperance Hall in the village of Leppreux in the said Parish.

For the Parish of West Isles, at or near the School House, in 4 bucolate Cove.

For the Parish of Campoo Bello, at or near the School House in Welch Pool.

For the Parish of Grand Manan, at Grand Harbour and at or near the residence of Lorenzo Drake, North Head,—for the purpose of taking the said Poll.

And I hereby further Proclaim and give Public Notice, that the said Election will be closed on MONDAY, the 14th day of October next, at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M., at the County Court House, and the persons chosen to serve in the General Assembly, will be then and there openly declared. Of which said Proclamations all persons will take due notice and govern themselves accordingly.

ALEX. T. PAUL, High Sheriff of Charlotte, Sheriff's Office, St. Andrews, Sep. 10, 1867.

The following extracts from the Election Law, are published for general information.

Sec. 23.—"The resident electors shall vote in the district in which they are registered, the non-residents at the Court House or building used therefor in the Shire Town, unless they have selected another polling district."

Sec. 40.—"Provisional Officers, Poll Clerks, Candidates and their agents, may poll their votes in the district where they are residing, though they do not reside there, if, on the day of nomination their names are certified and entered as qualified by the Sheriff on the book containing the check list, and the Sheriff shall strike such names out of the list of the district in which they are qualified to vote."

ALEX. T. PAUL, Sheriff, Sep. 10, 1867.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

GENTLEMEN.—I have been induced by many considerations, to present myself for election to the local Legislature, as one of the Representatives of this County.

I have resided for 25 years in the County, and am not unknown to you even in a public capacity, and I do not wish it to be understood that my recent connection with the St. Stephen Branch Railroad Company, (as Contractor) in any way identifies me with that section of the County in particular.

My political policy will be:— To maintain the Constitution under the Act of Union.

To use whatever influence the Local Legislature may possess in supporting the Intercolonial Railway by the FRONTIER ROUTE.

To advocate an improved system of Education, in accordance with the well understood wishes of a majority of the people.

As a FARMER, I will of course give my best attention to the advancement of the Agricultural interest.

The FISHERIES will also have my warmest support.

Commerce, Lumbering interests, and other Industrial pursuits, will find in me, a strenuous and unflinching advocate.

Should I have the honor to be elected, I will give myself.

Your faithful and humble servant, PATRIAN SMARK, September 2, 1867.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY CHARLOTTE. GENTLEMEN.—You will doubtless soon be called upon to exercise your prerogative in the selection of two persons to supply the vacancies in the representation of this County in the Local Legislature, occasioned by the elevation of Messrs. Stevens and Chandler to the bench.

## To the Electors of the County of Charlotte.

GENTLEMEN.—In accordance with the number of my friends and sections of the County, I have the honor to present myself as a Candidate for the representation of the County in the House of Commons.

Agriculture, the Fisheries, and other interests, will receive my warmest support, and I will give my best efforts to the advancement of the Intercolonial Railway, and the Passamaquoddy (seasons) by the St. Andrew's route.

Strong in the belief, I soon realize the benefits predicted, my best efforts elected, to aid in development of the Province, and industrial interests, and the settlement of our poor and prosperous population.

To the Government, I shall yield a candid and fair, or want of policy, I shall be my constant aim.

I am, Gentlemen, Yours most respectfully, St. George, N. B., Aug. 11, 1867.

## To the Electors of the County of Charlotte.

GENTLEMEN.—In compliance with the and personal solicited tendered me, I beg to offer for the representation of the House of Commons.

Strong in the belief, I soon realize the benefits predicted, my best efforts elected, to aid in development of the Province, and industrial interests, and the settlement of our poor and prosperous population.

To the Government, I shall yield a candid and fair, or want of policy, I shall be my constant aim.

I am, Gentlemen, Yours most respectfully, St. Stephen, Aug. 19, 1867.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

GENTLEMEN.—At a great many of the from every part of the induced to offer my services in the Local Legislature, I have the honor to present myself as a Candidate for the representation of the County in the House of Commons.

Now gentlemen, I wish that I am now, as I have date of the working men's equality. To fill the ranks of the political electors, I am not a man of party trammels, but I shall be my constant aim.

I am, Gentlemen, Yours most respectfully, St. Stephen, Aug. 19, 1867.

TO THE ELECTORS OF THE COUNTY OF CHARLOTTE.

GENTLEMEN.—I have been induced by many considerations, to present myself for election to the local Legislature, as one of the Representatives of this County.

I have resided for 25 years in the County, and am not unknown to you even in a public capacity, and I do not wish it to be understood that my recent connection with the St. Stephen Branch Railroad Company, (as Contractor) in any way identifies me with that section of the County in particular.

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Your faithful and humble servant, PATRIAN SMARK, September 2, 1867.

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GENTLEMEN.—You will doubtless soon be called upon to exercise your prerogative in the selection of two persons to supply the vacancies in the representation of this County in the Local Legislature, occasioned by the elevation of Messrs. Stevens and Chandler to the bench.

From the many solicitations and gratifying assurances of support received from all parts of the County, I am induced to place myself at your disposal.

The altered condition in the political relations of this Province under the act of Union, calls loudly for the strictest economy in the management of its fiscal affairs.

The resources of the Country left to our control, if properly directed and developed should add materially to our ability in granting encouragement to its industrial and commercial pursuits.

The importance of a thorough revision in the educational system of the Province, is generally acknowledged, and that a more enlarged, liberal, and progressive policy should be adopted.

Should I be honored by your choice, you may rely upon my unremitting exertions being faithfully directed toward the promotion of these objects and your interests generally.

I am, Gentlemen, Yours most obediently, WM. T. ROSE, St. Stephen, Sep. 3, 1867.

FARM

THE Subscriber of Farm on local Farm, containing 100 Barn thereon, having Passamaquoddy Bay. This does not require further title will be \$1000.—25 per cent in one and two years. If not sold before on that day by office.

Bocbec, Aug. 5.