A1 VALUE.
$2300—Pressed brick residence, close to corner Yonge and Bloor; slate roof, stone foundation, 9 rooms, every up-to-date improvement. H. H. WILLIAMS, 12 Victoria-street.

The Toronto World.

STOCK SUBSCRIPTION BOOK
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DONALD BAIN & CO.
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TWENTIETH YEAR — TEN PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING DECEMBER 5 1899—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

BATTLE OF MODDER RIVER WAS WATERLOO OF THE CAMPAIGN

Senate Rdg Room
Jan00
SENATE FO

All Day the British Did Not See the Enemy and the Infantry Did Not Advance Two Paces, But Their Artillery Won.

Boers Thought Their Position Impregnable, Still They Were Driven Out—Enemy Now in Strong Position at Colenso—Difficult for a Front Attack—One of the Canadian Contingent Dead.

Details of the battle at Modder River, which have just reached London, show that it was a fearful engagement, which lasted for nearly fourteen hours. The British troops had no cover whatever, and they were simply mowed down by Boer bullets. The general opinion of the staff after the battle was that there never had been such a sustained fire in the annals of the British army and which the British troops had to face at Modder River. The British infantry fell in dozens in the attempt to rush the bridge. It was only darkness which put an end to the bloodshed, when the Boers retreated, taking their guns with them, and the British afterwards occupied the enemy's position. The enemy's loss was tremendous.

Julian Ralph, correspondent of The London Daily Mail, wires that the British at Modder River never once saw the enemy, yet they were not able to raise hand or foot without being riddled. The day belonged to the artillery. The infantry never advanced two paces during "the day of hell." The shells of the 20 British guns were accurately planted in the enemy's trenches, and broke the heart of the Boers, for after dark they all retreated.

The Associated Press correspondent with Lord Methuen's column at the battle of Modder River says the Waterloo of the campaign has been fought. There was no flincning on either sue and not a moment's pause. The 22 British guns were each fired on an average of 200 rounds. The enemy's guns were served by French and German artillerists. The Boers had been in their position for seven weeks, and, after their fortification, had thought their position impregnable. Owing to the terrific fire nobody on the plain was out of danger. There was no quarter on either sue, and the enemy used dum-dum bullets to shoot the ambulance horses. Cronje, the Boer commander, retreated before the fight was over. Next morning a British patrol crossed the river and found the enemy's camp deserted. Dead Boers and many who were dying were to be seen everywhere in the entrenchments, and there were numerous new graves.

The correspondent of The London Daily News with Gen. Methuen, telegraphing from Modder River the day after the battle, says: "I hear the Boers are in full retreat to Bloemfontein."

Gen. Joubert personally commands the Boer forces at Colenso, where a terrible battle may be looked for at any hour. It is now believed that Gen. Clery is performing some celerity flanking observations, and that when the news of Gen. Hildyard's advance comes it will be found that the retreat of the Boers will have been cut off. The Boers around Ladysmith and south of it, to prevent the British advance, are estimated to be from 10,000 to 15,000 in number. The Times says the Boer camp is visible, and it is a strong position and difficult for a direct front attack.

The Household Cavalry, known as the emergency corps, have left for the scene of action. It consists of a special regiment of picked men from the First and Second Life Guards, and numbers 700 strong, under Col. Neeld. If officers of this regiment are picked off by the Boer sharpshooters half of the noble families of England will be in mourning.

News has reached Canada of the death of Pte. Deslauriers of Ottawa, a member of the Canadian contingent. Pte Deslauriers died when the Sardinian was three days out from Quebec of heart failure, and he was buried at sea. The dead volunteer, "Teddy" Deslauriers, as he was known, was a general favorite at the Capital.

The London Evening News says it learns that a cable despatch was received yesterday from an officer of the Guards, saying simply "In Kimberley," which may mean that Gen. Methuen's van guard has entered Kimberley.

London, Dec. 5.—(4.50 a.m.)—There is little further news from the seat of war. Even the latest accounts of the battle at Modder River fail to give an intelligent idea of what happened. There is a feeling of disappointment, and a continuing anxiety respecting General Lord Methuen.

The Times says, editorially: "The battle affords splendid proof of the unsurpassed qualities of the British soldier; but, while victories won solely by the exercise of those qualities are indeed magnificent, they are not war. They fill us with pride, but with pride not unmingled with regret at the persistent perversity of circumstances which, apparently, prevents us obtaining equal or greater results by processes savoring a little of that military science of which we hear so much."

Mafeking Safe.

Mafeking is safe, or was so on Nov. 24. The British had captured 25 burghers of Commandant Rutoit's force.

Boers Full of Confidence.

An Associated Press despatch from Durban says that persons arriving there from Pretoria assert that the Boers are full of confidence and are well prepared for a six months' siege of Pretoria.

A Yankee Fake.

Patriotic demonstrations in the theatres and music halls of London continue unabated. There was a remarkable scene at the Empire last evening, when Mrs. Brown Potter recited a poem called "Ordered to the Front," with soldiers and sailors grouped around her on the stage. On each side of Mrs. Potter stood a sailor, one carrying the British and the other the American flags. When the curtain fell and rose again to an encore, she tied the two flags together, amid loud cheering, the entire audience rising and singing "God Save the Queen." Lord Rothschild and a number of other prominent men were in the house.

IT WAS ANOTHER WATERLOO.

Boers Had Been at Modder River Seven Weeks—Thought They Were Impregnable.

London, Dec. 5.—The correspondent of the Associated Press with Gen. Lord Methuen's column, telegraphing from Modder River last Thursday, says: "The Waterloo of the campaign has been fought and won. The battle was conducted with unprecedented stubbornness on both sides. There was one continuous roar like the explosion of countless fire crackers. There was no flinching on either side, and not a moment's pause.

4400 Rounds Fired by British Guns.

"For five hours the British batteries poured tons of shrapnel, grape and shells into the Boer positions. Gen. Lord Methuen had 22 guns, and each fired an average of 200 rounds. The Boers had an almost equal number of guns, which, it is reported, were mostly served by French and German artillerists.

Boers in Position Seven Weeks.

"It is believed that the Boers had occupied the position seven weeks before, and had spent the interval in fortifying and rendering it, as they considered, impregnable. They did not seem to fear to expend their ammunition, and their guns were well and smartly handled.

Much Cross-Firing.

"Owing to the bend in the river on the right, the Boers had an opportunity of cross-firing on the British attack. A Boer Hotchkiss was directed with marvellous accuracy against a British maxim, killing the sergeant in charge, wounding an officer and disabling the gun. This occurred quite at the beginning of the engagement. Whenever the Boer fire was silenced in one direction, it was immediately reopened in another.

All British in Danger.

"Owing to the terrific fire, nobody on the plain was out of danger. Stretcher-bearers found it impossible to go forward in the few cases they were called upon to attend, and the wounded were compelled, if possible, to crawl out of the lines.

No Quarter on Either Side.

"No quarter seems to have been given on either side. The British assert that amid the bullets the ambulance wagons displayed their flags prominently to no advantage. These were repeatedly driven back and compelled to take refuge out of sight.

Boers Used Dum Dums.

"It is alleged that the Boers used dum dum bullets, and made special targets of the horses on the plain in the hope of hitting the riders.

Good!

"While the Argyll Highlanders were pushing up the river they were fired upon from a house and several fell. Thereupon the Highlanders stormed the house, although the Boers hoisted a white flag, no attention was paid to it, and all Boers were shot.

Cronje Retreated.

"It is reported that Gen. Cronje with his contingent retreated toward Landberg at 4 o'clock in the afternoon. Others followed in the direction of Jacobsdale, and the main body of the Boers retired with the guns about 8 o'clock in the evening.

British Crossed the River.

"On the following morning, at daybreak, the British fired a few shells into the village. Getting no response, a patrol of cavalry crossed the river and found the enemy's camp deserted. Dead Boers and many who were dying were to be seen everywhere in the entrenchments, as well as numerous new graves. Several buildings were in smoking ruins.

Boers Whipped Into Line.

"Some of the Boer prisoners say that Gen. Cronje was in supreme command. He had to whip his men to prevent them from deserting, and, despite this, many threw down their rifles and fled."

IT WAS A DAY OF HELL.

Julian Ralph Says the Infantry Did Not Advance Two Paces All Day.

London, Dec. 5.—Mr. Julian Ralph, describing in The Daily Mail this morning the battle of Modder River, says: "I can testify that the British never once saw the enemy; yet they were not able to raise hand or foot without being riddled.

"Despite all this, however, the day belonged to the artillery. The infantry never advanced two paces during the day of hell. The shells of our 20 guns were accurately planted in the enemy's trenches, and broke the hearts of the Boers, for, after dark, they all retreated."

ONE OF THE BOYS DEAD.

Pte. Deslauriers of Ottawa Dies on the Way to Cape Town With the Contingent.

Ottawa, Dec. 4.—The following cable was received to-day from Col. Otter:

Cape Town, Dec. 4.—Chief Staff Officer, Ottawa, Canada: Just landing here. Excellent health and spirits. Deslauriers of Ottawa died third day out of heart failure.

His Good-Bye at Ottawa.

Ottawa, Dec. 4.—A notable incident occurred at the Central Station here on Oct. 26, when thousands thronged the platform to see the Ottawa contingent off. The men broke ranks for a minute before being entrained, and "Teddy" Deslauriers, a well-known militia man, ex-Rough Rider of the Princess Louise Dragoon Guards, and a great practical joker, rushed up to a party of perhaps a dozen young women and announced with much earnestness that he had been ordered by Major Rogers to kiss them all good-bye. The fair maidens put no obstacle in the way of Deslauriers' carrying out his orders, and in a moment the resourceful young man was Hobsonized a dozen times, amidst the uproarious laughter of all who witnessed the scene.

BULLER KEEPS HIS PROMISE.

Said He Would Put the Colonial Boys Right in Front, and He Has Done So.

London, Dec. 4.—At the War Office conference, which practically decided the arrangements for the colonial contingents, Sir Redvers Buller insisted strongly that not more Canadians and Australians should be accepted than could be put to really effective use.

"I mean," said he, "to put those colonial boys right in front. We will then see who will win."

To-day's news shows that General Buller is fulfilling his promise. The Canadians, with the Australians, have been sent north in company with several Imperial detachments from Cape Town, to watch the De Aar and Belmont Railway line in rear of Lord Methuen's column.

Military experts say that this force will be ample to remove all danger from the Boers now retiring from their invasion of Cape Colony.

The colonials may, perhaps, be able to harass the Boer retreat, when the Boers are falling back before General Gatacre.

As yet Queensland holds colonial honors. One of their officers, accompanied by a dozen Guardsmen, swam nearly across the Modder River, in face of a terrible fire, but, being forced to retire, joined hands and swam back.

Belated cablegrams received this afternoon say that the Canadians were enthusiastically received on landing on Thursday, the cheering being continuous as they marched through the gaily decorated streets.

GEN. JOUBERT AT COLENSO.

London Despatch Tells of a Dynamite Conspiracy in Ireland—Mr. Hay's Appointment.

London, Dec. 4.—A local farmer arrested by the Boers and released Nov. 29 has arrived at Estcourt. He says General Joubert personally commands the Colenso force.

A letter from an officer at Ladysmith reveals a novel feature of a modern battle.

Lady Cyclists on Deck.

The writer says that at the battle of Reitfontein "several ladies arrived on bicycles. Of course, they kept at a distance, but a shell pitched close to them and caused them to pedal off to a safer position."

Irish Talk of Dynamite.

A Dublin correspondent declares that, "owing to startling information as to the existence of a dynamite conspiracy, in order to quicken the flow of Boer subscriptions, the authorities have decided to double the guards at all the military barracks in the districts."

Mr. Hay's Appointment Popular.

The afternoon newspapers welcome the appointment of Mr. Wilbert S. Hay as United States Consul at Pretoria. The St. James Gazette says: "The appointment of Mr. Hay is one of those small but significantly important signs by which the impartial observer tests the sincerely good feeling between ourselves and the United States."

SETTLEMENT AFTER THE WAR.

The Cape Cabinet Will Send a Minister to See the Imperial Authorities.

London, Dec. 5.—The Cape Town correspondent of The Standard says: "The Cape Government intends at an early date to send one of the Ministers to England to urge upon the imperial authorities the acceptance of the Cape Cabinet's view regarding the final settlement after the war."

BOER CAMP AT COLENSO

Is Now Visible From a Point Near Chieveley—In a Strong Position.

London, Dec. 5.—The Times has the following from Frere camp, dated Wednesday, Nov. 29: "The Boer camp at Colenso is visible from a point near Chieveley. It is a strong position and difficult for a direct front attack."

BOERS IN FULL RETREAT.

Daily News Correspondent Says They Are En Route to Bloemfontein.

London, Dec. 5.—The special correspondent of The Daily News, with Gen. Methuen, telegraphing from Modder River on the day after the battle, says: "I hear that the Boers are in full retreat to Bloemfontein."

ARRIVALS AT CAPE TOWN.

The Transport Canning Reaches South Africa With the First Battery of Howitzers.

Cape Town, Dec. 4.—The British transport Hurona, from New Orleans, Nov. 3, has arrived here.

The transport Canning from London, Nov. 12, has also arrived here with the first battery of howitzers.

330 HORSES WERE LOST.

The Ismore Breaks Up—Her Bow is Gone—Only 20 Horses Were Saved.

London, Dec. 4.—Later an official despatch from Cape Town announced that the Ismore broke up yesterday evening. Her stern is out of the water, but her bow is gone. The 11 hands and 20 horses out of 350 were saved.

The loss of the Ismore's horses is quite serious at the present moment, when they were particularly needed. They consisted of selected trained chargers and gun teams. It is not yet clear whether the six field guns on board the transport were saved. In any case, much war material and hospital equipment were lost.

Quebeckers All Well.

Quebec, Dec. 4.—Hon. Mr. Parent received to-day the first official news from Cape Town regarding the Quebec contingent, who are now in South Africa, when the following cablegram was handed him:

Cape Town.—Quebeckers arrived. All well. (Signed), Pelletier.

This cablegram is evidently coming from Lieut.-Col. Oscar Pelletier.

This information was received with great delight, particularly by the relatives of the brave soldiers who are now at the seat of war, as it completely refutes the report that sickness was among them.

Mafeking Siege Raised.

Cape Town, Thursday, Nov. 30.—The Cape Times has the following despatch from Mafeking: "General Cronje, with 100 wagons and a large body of Boers, has left his laager, practically raising the siege, although desultory firing can be heard."

Cook's Turkish Baths—204 King W.

Herberte Simpson's cheapest photos are better than other photographers' best; try them; and his best is equal to, if not better than, anything in America. Studio 143 College-street.

A GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY LOST.

OOM PAUL: By shim, why didn't I grant dose Uitlanders der franchise for der sake oph peace, und den get me a "threshing machine outfit" like dose Ontario Government fellers—und den steal all der votes out oph der box again.

MANITOBA CONSERVATIVES ARE SURE OF WINNING.

Roman Catholic Organ Sizes Up the Situation That Way in an Editorial—Liberals Shout "Machine."

Hon. J. D. Cameron Warning His Followers, Shows That He Has a Good Knowledge of How the Machine is Worked—Conservatives Confident.

Winnipeg, Dec. 4.—(Special.)—The Northwest Review, the organ of the Roman Catholic Church in Manitoba, says editorially that the three Winnipegs each will probably go to the Opposition, and it continues, with regard to the country constituencies: The reports are somewhat conflicting. Every candidate seems to feel certain of election, and it is generally conceded that the vote in many constituencies will be a close one. Having visited many sections of the province, and talked to a number of farmers and merchants from different districts, we think that the chances are that the Opposition will sweep the country. At the last election hundreds of Conservatives voted for the Greenway Government on the school question. They will this time, it is said, vote to a man for Hugh John Macdonald. In 1896, it is claimed, hundreds of Conservatives were disfranchised as a result of the peculiar work of registration of clerks and revising barristers. This time there are pretty fair lists, and the Conservative vote will be largely increased on this account. When Mr. Greenway last appealed to the country the Opposition were practically demoralized. This year they have excellent organization and popular leadership. The Government had then a popular cry; now the popular cry is against them.

No Acclamations This Time.

Whereas nine seats went to the Government by acclamation at last election, every constituency has now its Opposition candidate in the field. These are a few of the multitude of reasons which are given us why it is reasonably certain there will be a change, and from what we can gather, looking at the matter from a perfectly disinterested standpoint, we have no doubt in our minds that Mr. Greenway has made his last appearance in the House as Premier of the country. It is said by some that the Government has money to burn, but we do not believe the electors of Manitoba can be bought for cash, and we think it may be taken for granted that anyone who might feel disposed to attempt corruption will realize the dangerous nature of the operation, inasmuch as anyone caught in the act will certainly spend a season in the penitentiary. These are the facts in the matter, as they present themselves to us. If our views are borne out by the result, it will be a great change for Manitoba. Whether or not it will be a change for the better we do not pretend to say. We, of course, have our opinions on this, but they are not for publication.

The Machine is on Hand.

The following peculiar document was given to the press this evening by Hon. J. D. Cameron, Attorney-General. It has been sent out to all returning officers:

Winnipeg, Dec. 4, 1899.—I am instructed to write you that information has been communicated to this Department which points to wide-spread attempts to tamper with the ballots of the electors at the forthcoming election. It is alleged on authority which cannot be disregarded that duplicate ballots, similar in paper, words and type to those issued in the various constituencies, are being printed; that a feasible scheme has been worked out for forgery of the initials of the deputy-returning officers, which cannot be explained; in brief, that such false ballots are to be distributed, and will be given to personators and voters intended to be bought; that the false ballots are to be handed to the deputy-returning officers, to be by them deposited in the box, and that the original and genuine ballots are then to be returned and shown as evidence on the part of the voter that he has delivered the vote that he has been paid for. Not only this but it is also alleged that some of these false ballots, and some of the ballots for which they have been substituted, are to be left in the pockets and on the persons of deputy-returning officers, scrutineers and agents. The object of this scheme is to attempt to fix the conspiracy upon the other side. You will at once proceed to guard against this nefarious project. Notify your deputy returning officers verbally or in writing at once. Instruct them to watch the ballot closely, identifying the initials with the utmost care, and to arrest any person guilty of the offence. The sections of the Election Act bearing upon this subject are numbers 238 and 241.

I have the honor to be, sir, your obedient servant,
(Signed) George Patterson, Chief Clerk.

Queer Work Contemplated.

Conservatives say the above would go to show that some queer work is in contemplation by the Liberals. Stewart Tupper said to-day that the only thing the Conservatives had to fear was "The Machine." Hon. Hugh John Macdonald was subjected to disagreeable references from one of the late Louis Riel's lieutenants at a meeting in Western Manitoba Saturday night.

George Sandfield Macdonald of Glengary is billed to speak in Southern Manitoba for Mr. Percival, the Independent candidate running against Greenway.

Liberals' Closing Meeting.

The Liberals held their closing meeting of the campaign to-night. It was comfortably filled at the start, but at the close of Mr. Cameron's speech about 150 remained in the hall. It was a hard meeting to gauge, as, for instance, near the close, when not more than 200 were present, Hon. J. D. Cameron read Hugh John Macdonald's platform, that only men who would fight for their country should be allowed to vote, the statement was received with applause, which resulted in J. D. scratching his head and wondering if he was not barking up the wrong tree.

Provincial Treasurer McMillan, amid applause, said he was confident the Government would be returned, though with a reduced majority.

This is apparently the first acknowledgment of a Minister of a change of sentiment in the country.

A Conservatives' mass meeting will be held to-morrow night. The time for speaking, judging by the Liberal meeting to-night, seems to be over. P. C. McIntyre, owing to hoarseness, did not speak.

A Thousand Excursionists.

Upwards of one thousand excursionists arrived in the city from the Portage and Northwestern extension of the N.P.R. at 1.30 o'clock. Superintendent Vanderslice, General Agent Swinford and Simpson and Smeet of the N.P.R. went out to meet the excursionists and to arrange for their proper accommodation. These officials accompanied the free excursion into the city. Most of the farmers who express themselves are greatly disgusted with the Greenway Government for its attitude of hostility to the N.P.R.

A single drop of Valley Violet excels a bunch of violets.

To-Day's Program.

Bye-election nominations.
Harbord-street Old Boys' dinner, 8 p.m.
Distribution of "Mum" Show prizes, 8 p.m.
"The Purple Lady" at the Grand, 8 p.m.
"The White Heather" at the Toronto, 2 and 8 p.m.
"Forgiven" at the Princess, 2 and 8 p.m.
Shea's Theatre, 2 and 8 p.m.
The Bijou, 2 and 8 p.m.

Carry a vial of Gibbons' Toothache Gum with you Price 10c. 246

INSULTS TO THE QUEEN.

Ribald Song Seized in Paris Because of the Reflections Made on Her Majesty.

Paris, Dec. 4.—The police, in addition to another seizure of copies of La Caricature, containing matter and illustrations grossly insulting to Queen Victoria, to-night seized copies of a ribald song, entitled, "The Disembarkation of the English," containing a drawing ridiculing Her Majesty. The song had been exposed in many shops and kiosks.

MILLER CAUGHT IN MONTREAL.

Detective Agency in Chicago Claim That Their Agents Have Captured the Alleged Swindler.

Chicago, Dec. 4.—In a telegram received here to-night at the local offices of the Mooney & Boland Detective Agency, the capture of William F. Miller, accused of having been connected with the Franklin Syndicate swindle in New York, was announced as having been effected at Montreal by the agency's operatives, who have been in pursuit of the fugitive since his disappearance ten days ago.

FIFTY-SIXTH CONGRESS.

The United States Congress opened in its 56th session yesterday at Washington. The principal feature of interest was the refusal to administer the oath to Brigham H. Roberts, the Mormon representative from Utah. A committee of nine members was appointed to look into his case. A petition embracing 7,000,000 names was presented against him. The President's message will be read to-day.

Roses fragrant and lasting, Taylor's Wild Rose.

Toronto Quick Lunch, 81½ Yonge-St. next to World Office. Open day and night. Salads. Ceylon Tea. Five cents. Boston Beans 5 cents, Tenderloin Steak 20 cents, Oyster Stew 10 cents. 2

Briar Pipes at Wholesale Prices.

For this month all our immense stock from the leading factories in England and France will be sold at wholesale prices. We have pipes in every conceivable shape, including many novelties suitable for presentation, at A. Clubb & Sons, 49 and 97 King-street west.

Cook's Turkish and Russian Baths. Bath and bed $1.00. 202 and 204 King W

Taylor's White Heather reminds one of all that is Scotch.

Pember's Turkish Baths. Excellent sleeping accommodation. 129 Yonge.

The Emerald arrived yesterday from Charlotte with 606 tons of coal for the Toronto Electric Light Company.

BIRTHS.

BOOTH—On Sunday, Dec. 3, 1899, at Rosedale Court, Detroit, Mich., the wife of Walter E. Booth of a daughter.

EVANS—At 122 St. George-street, Toronto, on Dec. 3, the wife of George Edward Evans of a son.

MARRIAGES.

MACFARLANE—WALTON—At the residence of the bride's uncle, Major H. M. Pellatt, of Sherbourne-street, on Dec. 4, by the Rev. E. J. Wood of St. Simon's Church, Dr. Murray Macfarlane of Toronto to Frederica P. Walton, daughter of R. F. Walton, Esq., Toronto.

DEATHS.

CRAWFORD—At 22 Cottingham-street, on Dec. 4, Mary McLachlan, wife of Alex. H. Crawford, in her 54th year.
Funeral Tuesday, 3 p.m.

NICOL—At her late residence, O'Sullivan's Corners, York Township, on Dec. 3, Gertrude Risebrough, wife of John Nicol, in the 32nd year of her age.
Funeral on Tuesday, Dec. 5, at 2 o'clock, to Knox Church, Scarboro'.

WHELAN—On Monday, Dec. 4, James Whelan, at his residence, York Mills.
Funeral Wednesday, Dec. 6, at 9 a.m., to St. Basil's Church. Interment at St. Michael's Cemetery. Please do not send flowers. Friends and acquaintances please accept this intimation.

MR. TARTE IS AGAIN AFTER GEN. HUTTON.

Commandant of the Forces is Scored Because of His Imperialistic Sentiment.

THE "INTEMPERATE ZEAL"

Of Gen. Hutton is Quite Objectionable to the Minister, Who is a Frenchman First.

WHO DOES MR. TARTE SPEAK FOR?

It is Insinuated That if Gen. Hutton Does Not Put a Brake on He May Lose His Job.

Montreal, Dec. 4.—(Special.)—Once more Hon. Mr. Tarte is after General Hutton with a long stick. La Patrie to-day says that Major-General Hutton, formerly a colonel in the British army, is acting in such a manner that if he does not soon put a brake on his intemperate zeal the Canadian people will absolutely object to have our volunteers commonded by an officer coming from the other side of the Atlantic. We pay with our own money the commander of the Canadian militia, and the one who pays generally likes to have control. When the Canadian contingent left for the Transvaal Major-General Hutton said at Quebec that Canada would be disposed to contribute 50,000 or 100,000 men if England desired them. We may say that such language from the mouth of a subaltern officer, paid, we repeat, by the ratepayers of this country, is inexcusable; but General Hutton seems to believe what he says, as he appears to be undertakng exercises in Toronto just as if he were on the eve of participating in a great war. We are quite certain that the Major-General is very much deceived as to the character of the Canadian people, if he thinks they want to return to the old days of military regime."

Those $40 Fur Jackets at Dineens'.

Those $40 Electric Sealskin Jackets for young ladies at Dineens' look as rich and fine as a $200 Alaska Seal garment. The fur in these $40 jackets is long, soft, dense and lustrous—the style and workmanship is faultless, and, with proper care, the garment will retain its beauty until the wearer has outgrown the size. They are made 24 inches long, with box fronts, broad-faced electric seal fur collar and revers, and in the newest form of sleeves. And only 25 remain at Dineens', at Dineens' special price of $40. They cannot be duplicated in quality and finish anywhere at less than $50.

Send card and will take spot out of carpet on floor free, "H and H", 34 Yonge St., then you can do your blouse or skirt yourself.

A Wonderful Musical Production.

The acme of music box perfection. Well worth seeing by all music lovers and those interested in a skilful piece of mechanism. The Regina Corona is a $300 musical box that contains twelve large discs. By touching a lever at the side any of the twelve pieces you choose will be played, with the other eleven following after, unless you wish to alter the arrangement. At any time a movement of the lever will set in motion the automatic mechanism, so that any desired selection will be given. These twelve discs may of course be replaced by others as often as fancy dictates. But at any time a simple touch of the lever will produce any of the twelve you prefer. We cordially welcome visitors who care to hear this splendid box or any of our lower-priced ones, and most people enjoy the visit. Gourlay, Winter & Leeming, 188 Yonge-street.

Try Glencairn cigars—5c. straight.

For This Particularly.

"Who can make the most folks happy?" That is the main accomplishment at the happy Christmas time. Christmas joy—it includes a multitude of hopes and recollections. G. W. Muller says he has imported more cigars this season than he ever did before—and that he has thousands of rare Havanas in boxes of 25, 50 and 100—for gift-giving particularly.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., Patent Solicitors and experts, Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

Cold Weather.

Meteorological Office, Toronto, Dec. 4.—(8 p.m.)—The depression which was over the Middle Atlantic States yesterday is moving quickly northeastward, and is now centred over New Brunswick, causing high winds throughout the Maritime Provinces. The Northwest high area has moved quickly southward, and is being succeeded over the Northwest by lower pressure and rising temperature.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Victoria, 36—48; Kamloops, 24—38; Calgary, 12—40; Prince Albert, 12 below—26; Qu'Appelle, 12 below—26; Winnipeg, 10 below—14; Port Arthur, 4 below—8; Parry Sound, 18—20; Toronto, 23—32; Ottawa, 24—38; Montreal, 28—38; Quebec, 26—28; Halifax, 34—50.

Probabilities.

Lower Lakes and Georgian Bay—Fair; cold weather, with west to south winds.

Ottawa Valley, Upper and Lower St. Lawrence—West to north winds; fair and cold.

Gulf—Clearing, with strong winds or gales from north to west; colder weather.

Maritime—Strong westerly winds, decreasing by night; fair and considerably colder.

Lake Superior—Fresh to strong south to west winds; fair; higher temperature.

Manitoba—Fresh to strong south to west winds; fair and milder.

Put the test of wear to any Oak Hall garments. If they don't stand the test, tell us. Our guarantee is redeemable any business day at 115 King-street east, or 116 Yonge-street, Toronto.

Smoke Manhattan cigar. 10c. Try it

White Heather Perfume, sure to please.

STEAMSHIP MOVEMENTS.

Dec. 4.	At.	From.
Horda	Aberdeen	Montreal
Ottoman	Liverpool	Montreal
Lake Ontario	Liverpool	Montreal
Rydal Holme	Barcelona	Montreal
Marquette	New York	London
Friesland	New York	Antwerp
Oldenburg	Bremen	New York
Werra	Gibraltar	New York
Kaiser Wil. der Grosse	Southampton	New York

Sailed.	From.	For.
Concordia	Glasgow	St. John, N.B.
St. John City	London	St. John, N.B.
Alaska	Tilt Cove	Swansea