INTRODUCTORY LATIN BOOK.

1. LATIN GRAMMAR treats of the principles of the Latin language.

PART FIRST.

ORTHOGRAPHY.1

ALPHABET.

- 2. The Latin alphabet is the same as the English, with the omission of w.
- 3. Classes of Letters.—Letters are divided into two classes:

 - 4. Combinations of Letters. We notice here,
- 1. Diphthongs,—combinations of two vowels in one syllable. The most common are ae, oe, au.
 - 2. Double Consonants, -x = cs or gs; z = ds or ts.
- 3. Ch, ph, th, are best treated, not as combinations of letters, but only as aspirated forms of c, p, and t, as h is only a breathing.

¹ Orthography treats of the letters and sounds of the language.