

MEALS
INSIDE OF HOME
PSON'S IS BEST

BRANDY'S DINNER, 11.30 TO 12.30 P.M.
COLD.
Salad, Mayonnaise, or Lamb, mince sauce; Bread, Butter, Coconut Pie or Ice Cream, Tea or Coffee.

Wear

Blue with red stripes; Military collar, navy blue Regularly \$1.25. Monday...

Furniture

Quartered oak finish, color, has three deep drawers with brass handles, easy running castors, mirror. Regularly \$1.25. Monday...

4th Floor

Special Monday, 29. Monday, 16. Monday, 1.98. Monday, doz. 1.98.

Grocery

Per bar .5. Soap. Per .4. Soap. Per bar .10. Soap. Per bar .10. Soap. Per bar .10. Soap. Per bar .10.

Stores in the New Royal Bank Building
corner King and Yonge Streets, to rent.
TANNER & GATES
Realty Brokers, Tanner-Gates Building,
25-29 Adelaide St. W. M. 5893, ed.

The Toronto World

Clandid Offices to Rent
In our building, Well lighted, Good elevator and janitor service. Low rental.
TANNER & GATES,
Realty Brokers, Tanner-Gates Building,
25-29 Adelaide St. W. M. 5893, ed.

PROBS—Moderate southeasterly winds; 1. Jan 16-1522. SENATE P O

TWELVE PAGES—MONDAY MORNING OCTOBER 5 1914—TWELVE PAGES

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POINCARÉ GOES FROM CAPITAL TO FIRING LINE

French President is Accompanied by Premier and War Minister.
German Centre Has Been Weakened to Strengthen Right Wing.

Canadian Press Despatch.
BOULOGNE, Oct. 4, 11 p.m.—President Poincaré, accompanied by Premier Viviani and Minister of War Millerand, left at noon today for a visit to the battlefield. The party traveled in an automobile and will be absent from the temporary capital for three or four days.

The president goes to the battle line not to take part in the strategy as in the case of Emperor William and possibly Emperor Nicholas, but that he may personally congratulate the troops upon the bravery they have displayed in long and stubborn fighting.
M. Poincaré long ago determined upon this project, but until now has been prevented from executing it either by the necessity of presiding at the daily conferences of the cabinet or by the wish of the military authorities who deemed the moment unfavorable for the trip.

MUST DEVISE NEW WAY OUT OF DEADLOCK

Ald. Wickett Calls on Council to Work for Better Transport.
CO-OPERATE WITH T.S.R.
Private Company Under Broad Civic Control, is His Suggestion.

Alderman Morley Wickett, chairman of the special transportation committee of council, has written a report on transportation in Toronto that is very much worth while. He urges immediate solution of the difficulty and supports the mayor in his advocacy of formation of a permanent transportation commission.
In part the report reads: "The transportation problem is, of course, not merely a technical one; it has also its financial side, and by reason of its influence on rents and the housing problem, it has an important bearing on health conditions as well. In fact for Toronto, transportation may be said to be a fundamental problem, and its satisfactory solution an absolute necessity for the general health, comfort and well-being of the community. Had the automobile not made many thousands of our citizens more or less independent of that solution and indifferent, one may well believe that ere this a feasible way out of the present tangle would have been found.

There has been no falling away since the opening day. Fresh inducements buying of hand-made coats, and a feature. In Hudson's Bay coats, for instance, reductions run up to 50 per cent. on \$299, \$250 coat for \$169. \$430 coat for \$229, \$250 coat for \$169. \$430 coat for \$229, \$250 coat for \$169. \$430 coat for \$229, \$250 coat for \$169.

FLOUR FROM CANADA IS HELD BY FRENCH

Protest Made Regarding Seizure of Shipment for Amsterdam.
By a Staff Reporter.
OTTAWA, Oct. 4.—The Canadian trade commissioner in Holland reports that 2,500 bags of flour shipped from Canada via New York for Rotterdam were seized with other goods on the steamer Nieu Amsterdam of the Holland-American Line, by the French on the ground that they were conditional contraband. The flour was unloaded at Brest, France.
A protest was lodged because the goods were not shipped to an enemy's port.

LEIPZIG REAL BOGEY IN SOUTHERN WATERS

Two British Ships Reported Sunk Last Week by Predatory Cruiser.

Canadian Press Despatch.
PANAMA, Oct. 4.—Shipping along the western coast of South America has been almost suspended owing to the reported presence in those waters of the German cruiser Leipzig, which is reported to have sunk two British ships in the last week. British lines operating ships from Balboa to the south have withdrawn their sailings, thus delaying the mails for Santiago, Chile and other points. Only Chilean and Peruvian boats are now plying on the west coast.

GERMANS FLEE AFTER DISASTER AT AUGUSTOW

Russians Report Enemy in Full Retreat Toward East Prussia.

WOUNDED LEFT BEHIND

Trains, Cannon and Munitions Fall Into Hands of Victors.

(RUSSIAN OFFICIAL)

Canadian Press Despatch.
PETROGRAD, Oct. 4.—The official communication from the general staff headquarters, issued tonight reads: "The battle of Augustow ended yesterday, Oct. 3, in a victory for the Russian arms. The German defeat is complete.
"The enemy is at this moment in a disordered retreat and in flight toward the East Prussian frontier. The valiant Russian troops are in close pursuit, the Germans abandoning in their desperate march trains, cannons and munitions, not having even time to gather up their wounded.
"It is already known that the battle of Augustow began on Sept. 29 with a bombardment by the German heavy artillery in the region of Sopotnik (on the left bank of the River Niemen), followed by an offensive movement by the enemy against the most fortified town.
Irresistible Advance.
"At the same time, the Germans made repeated efforts to crush and dislocate the Russian forces near Druskeniki on the Niemen.
"On Sept. 25 the Germans also began an attack on the fortresses of Osowetz, but everywhere met with fierce resistance and were compelled to retreat. Not satisfied with counter-attacks, our troops took the offensive vigorously and pressed the enemy. Notwithstanding the energetic resistance offered by the Germans, they could not check the onward rush of our troops, who captured the enemy's positions, one after another.
"Routed by this irresistible engagement, the Germans weakened and are at present in full retreat. They are leaving our territory in haste. At certain points this retreat is degenerating into a flight.
"Halted by Darkness.
An official communique issued Saturday night said:
"Yesterday in the region of Augustow the enemy developed an extremely obstinate defence in positions to the east of Augustow.
(Continued on Page 2, Column 3.)

ALLIES GAIN DECIDING POINT OF 23-DAY FIGHT, AND PREPARE FOR GREATEST ASSAULT OF WAR

ANTWERP FORTS STAND THO BADLY BATTERED

Guns of Waelhem Have Decimated an Entire German Regiment and Enemy's Advance is Severely Punished.

Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.
LONDON, Oct. 4.—The Belgian minister in receipt of advice denying the report that three of the Antwerp forts had fallen before the German assault. It is also stated officially that the guns of Fort Waelhem have decimated an entire German regiment. The fire of the invaders has been especially directed against this position, but although badly battered it is still intact.
The Belgians occupy strong defence works, from which they are punishing the German advance severely. It is stated that the numbers of the attacking army are not so large as at first thought, it being believed that the siege of Antwerp is in reality aimed to stop the operations of the Belgian field forces rather than to take the city. The situation is described as entirely satisfactory.

NO ARMISTICE GRANTED BY ANTWERP'S GARRISON

Canadian Press Despatch.
LONDON, Oct. 5, 2:50 a.m.—A despatch to the Central News from Antwerp, dated Sunday night, says: "The Germans have been refused. They asked for a two hours' armistice to bury their dead, but the Belgians refused to comply.
"The Belgians have destroyed all the bridges over the River Nethe. The Germans attempted, unsuccessfully, to rebuild the bridges."

REV. DR. CARMAN NOT TO RETIRE

Methodist Conference in Eight Hundred Prisoners Taken as Result of French Dragoons' Wily Ruse.

By a Staff Reporter.
OTTAWA, Oct. 4.—The delegates of the Methodist Quadrennial Conference are in a quandary. They understood that Rev. Dr. Carman, general superintendent, had accepted the position of general superintendent emeritus, and Rev. Dr. Clowen the position of general superintendent. A special committee is trying to induce the former to agree to their wishes, but so far there is nothing doing.

ITALIAN SAILORS LAND AT ALBANIAN SEAPORT?

Rome Newspaper Publishes Rumor—Epirote Reported Defeated by Albanians.
Canadian Press Despatch.
LONDON, Oct. 4, 12:58 p.m.—A despatch to Reuters' Telegraph Co. from Rome, says that the Vitoria has published a special edition saying that a rumor is in circulation that Italian sailors were landed at Avlona (a seaport of Albania on the Adriatic) on Friday. There is no confirmation of the rumor.
A Stefani Agency despatch from Rome says that a telegram received from Avlona states that Epirote have been defeated by Albanians and evacuated Berat, leaving four large guns, two quick-firers and a number of prisoners in the hands of the Albanians.

HUGE WAR STRENGTH OF GERMANY'S FORCES

Fifty-Four Army Corps, Half Regular Troops, Under Arms.
Canadian Press Despatch.
LONDON, Oct. 4, 7 p.m.—In Swiss military circles, according to a Central News despatch from Berne, it is estimated that Germany now has actually under arms 27 army corps of her regular troops and an equal number of reserves. Of these, 24 army corps are in France, six in Belgium and Alsace, thirteen in East Prussia and eleven between Thorn and Cracow.
There are in addition, the despatch adds, what is assumed to be 1,500,000 men of the Landsturm and volunteers serving in the interior, while 600,000 fresh recruits are reported to be in training suitably advanced for them to be ready for service in November.

INNBRUCK TO BECOME SEAT OF GOVERNMENT?

Officials at Vienna Arc Said to Favor Such a Transfer.
Canadian Press Despatch.
ROME, via Paris, Oct. 4, 10:25 p.m.—News from Vienna says that if the removal of the capital is decided upon the government officials favor its transfer to Innsbruck, as in 1848. This city is considered safer and more easily protected.
Advices from Bohemia report a famine among the unemployed, of whom there are great numbers. A committee has been appointed for the purpose of finding work for the unemployed.

Victory at Roye, Where Tremendous Assaults By Germans Were Repulsed, the Turning Point of the Battle of Aisne—Preparations Being Made for Tremendous Assault Near Arras, Where Allies Will Make a Frontal Attack—German Right Being Hemmed In to Prevent Troops From Reaching New Defences in Belgium—Holland Takes Precautions to Protect Neutrality—Antwerp Forts Still Hold Out.

Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.
LONDON, Oct. 4.—The victory of French arms at Roye, where the tremendous assault of the Germans—their major effort of the Aisne campaign—has been completely defeated, is declared to be the deciding point in the twenty-three day battle. A great operation has been launched to hem in the German right in such a way that it cannot reach new defences in Belgium. Great forces are being rapidly concentrated by the allies in an effort to drive a wedge thru the forces commanding the railway from Lille to Belgium. This effort is expected to develop in the neighborhood of Arras, where strenuous fighting has already taken place.

INDIANS IN ACTION.
In addition to the steady hammering of the allied forces against the entire German right wing, the efforts of the Franco-British are bent directly on the line of German communications. These and these only have enabled Von Kluck to put up his magnificent resistance. By attempting a series of flanking operations, the allies may have delayed the success of their arms, but have saved thousands of lives that would have been thrown away in frontal attacks on the strong German positions. In order to make these flanking operations effective at once, huge reinforcements have come up on the extreme northern end of the allied line, and it is thought that the East Indians landed at Marcellis a few days since are by this time on the fighting line. They may be the deciding factor.
But the Germans are by no means short-handed. It is even reported from some quarters that their manoeuvres are handicapped by the presence of unwieldy masses.

SUPPLY DEPOT THREATENED.
To the east, in the Woivre region, the French advance goes ahead unremittently. They are reported in command of positions which seriously menace German communications thru Luxembourg, even threatening their main supply depot at Prinzville. It is felt that the steady and unsuccessful movement in that quarter indicates a weakness on the part of the exhausted German armies. The same factor has paralyzed operations on the centre of both armies.
The allied commanders are believed to be preparing for the greatest assault of the war near Arras, which will take the form of a frontal attack in tremendous force. On it hinges the result of the Aisne battle; the Germans have made a supreme effort at Roye and failed.

GERMAN SIEGE BATTERY ENGULFED.
As a result of the flooding of the country in the neighborhood of Waelhem, a heavy German siege battery was engulfed, according to an Ostend despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company, and a big gun was lost.
GEN. VON STEIN SUPERSEDED.
A Reuter despatch from Amsterdam says it is officially announced from Berlin that Major-General Von Voigts-Rhetz has been appointed quartermaster-general in place of General Von Stein, who is now commanding an army corps.

192 SOUTH AFRICANS CAPTURED.
The Pretoria correspondent of Reuters' says that the number of prisoners captured by the Germans in the fight in the Warmbad district of Great Namaqualand, German Southwest Africa, on Sept. 29, was 192. All are members of the South African Mounted Rifles.
ARTILLERY DUEL AT ANTWERP.
An official statement from Antwerp, received by Reuters' Telegram Company, says: "The artillery duel continued thruout the day. The general situation is unchanged."

GERMANS STEADILY FORCED BACK.
FROM THE BATTLEFRONT, Oct. 4.—Trench after trench of the German line fell into the possession of the allies on Saturday after most vigorous assaults, carried home with determination, combined with the newly-learned lesson of caution.
The Germans who had borne back the allies' western wing slightly, retained their advanced positions near Roye until they became untenable. They then fell back to new lines which had been previously prepared.

The western wing of the allied armies was still further extended today and now reaches within 30 miles of the Belgian frontier, carrying the allies' overlapping movement in a northeasterly direction.
The German reinforcements on this end of the line are very strong. These troops probably were brought from bodies of German forces echeloned in the rear of their advanced entrenchments. Their courageous dashes to the allies' front did not meet with success, and the French and British were able to make them fall back on their deep trenches.

CREPT ACROSS OPEN SPACES.
The sight of the allied infantry creeping across the open spaces in front of the trenches, in a brilliant sunshine which glittered on their weapons, was impressive. Hundreds of shells burst overhead or in their rear without doing damage.
Everywhere the French and British soldiers seemed as the glued to the ground, but yet their widely extended lines progressed always forward. In only two or three instances did they encounter the spitting machine gun fire with its murderous hail of bullets, which opened on them when they surmounted slight eminences, before reaching the German trenches. They found few Germans there to meet their bayonets, as the invaders had retired to another line only a few hundred yards back.

RECEDED ON EASTERN WING.
It is stated that the Germans also receded on the eastern wing, where for many days they have been going back continually. In that

RUSSIANS FACED BY SIX ARMIES

Forces Are Massed in East Prussia, West Poland and West Galicia.

Canadian Press Despatch.
PETROGRAD, Oct. 4.—The military critic of Ruskij Slovo says that the German army assembled in Silesia includes two Bavarian corps and that the army is commanded by the King of Bavaria.
"The Russians now have to deal with a total of six armies," he says. "Two of these in East Prussia constitute the left flank two in West Poland form the centre and two others are concentrating on the right wing in West Galicia."
"The Polish peasants in Kalisz, Russian Poland, are carrying on a guerrilla warfare, in which the Germans and the peasants hunt each other in the forest with the aid of snares and entanglements. No mercy is shown on either side."

TASK IS FORMIDABLE BUT ALLIES WILL WIN

Britain Will Emerge as One of Greatest Military Powers.

Canadian Press Despatch.
LONDON, Oct. 4, 10 p.m.—"The more closely the present struggle is meditated," says an editorial in today's Observer, "the plainer appears two conclusions—that the allies have increasing assurance of final success, and that their task may be more formidable than heretofore realized."
"Great Britain may be required to take more gigantic measures—military, financial and technical—than most extant suggestions have yet contemplated."
"The longer the conflict lasts the more surely will it extend and consolidate and at the same time the most impressive thought of our day, as local strategists will have an opportunity to see for themselves when Miss Burke presents the play at the Princess Theatre tonight."



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