## Figure 7 Partnerships: (Average Profile) (3.7% response)

Average Number of Offices		1.73
Average Number of States Covered in Territory		4.85
Average Number of Manufacturers Represented		11.27
Average Number of Salespeople		3.55
Average Number of Agencies with plans to add to t	heir	ŗ
sales staff in the next 12 months		39%
Average Number of Office Staff		1.73
Years in Operation		15.42
Average Age of Principal Owner		50.55
Gross Revenue in 1986	\$	243,172.41
Gross Sales	\$3	3,309,534.48
Agency Net	\$	
Principal Owner Net	\$	58,401.81
Partner Net	\$	44,686.84
Established Agency	·	85%
Acquired Agency		15%
Result of a Merger — yes		21%
Representing Foreign Manufacturers — yes		55%
Selling Products Overseas — yes		3%
Planning to become involved in international		0.0
trade — yes		21%
Agency provides warehousing		39%
Agency with a showroom		12%
Agency acts as a distributor		39%
What major markets do you sell to?		
OEM		39%
Wholesale/distributor		70%
Capital equipment in primary market		18%
Retail/mass merchandisers		18%
Capital equipment-manufacturing		6%
Government/municipalities		6%
		0.0

## ☐ The Agency as a Partnership

Only 3.7% of the respondents are operating as partnerships. The numbers in Figure 7 pretty much speak for themselves, but it's worth noting that partnerships represent more of a state of mind for their owners than anything else. Many people just starting out in the agency business feel that having a partner will make it a little easier for them. In essence, they are usually a little unsure of themselves, and feel that the presence of a partner can add a dimension of safety. This is often true in the early stages. However, partnerships are often characterized by stormy relationships as the business grows. It's hard to say why a 50% partner feels any differently than does a person who owns 50% of the shares of a corporation, but this seems to occur.

When the partnership relationship falters to the point of dissolution, the business must be dissolved and reformed when a partner leaves. All in all, there really aren't many advantages to the partnership unless the individuals are very well suited to each other. (Figure 7)

## Figure 8 Sole Proprietorship: (Average Profile) (26.05% response)

Average Number of Offices		1.18
Average Number of States Covered in Territory		4.25
Average Number of Manufacturers Represented		7.94
Average Number of Salespeople		1.95
Average Number of Agencies with plans to add		
to their sales staff in the next 12 months		38%
Average Number of Office Staff		.86*
Years in Operation		9.88
Average Age of Principal Owner		46.89
Gross Revenue in 1986	\$	117,700.70
Gross Sales	\$2	,137,419.91
Agency Net	\$	53,611.60
Principal Owner Net	\$	51,985.92
Partner Net	\$	32,838.71
Established Agency		84%
Acquired Agency		9%
Agency is the result of a merger		1%
Representing Foreign Manufacturers — yes		35%
Selling Overseas — yes		7%
Planning to become involved in international		
trade — yes		18%
Agency provides warehousing		15%
Agency with a showroom		5%
Agency acts as a distributor		29%
What major markets do you sell to?		
OEM		75%
Wholesale distributor		46%
Capital equipment in primary market		13%
Retail/mass merchandisers		13%
Capital equipment-manufacturing		21%
Government/municipalities		15%

<sup>\*</sup>Since most of the sole proprietorships are operating out of their homes they do most of the office work themselves.

## ☐ The Sole Proprietorship

The sole proprietorship is nothing to sneeze at in terms of income to the agency and to the owner. However, it's a form of ownership that has very little built into it to foster continuity. And it's a form that leaves the owner open to all sorts of liability actions, given the litigious nature of some business people today. Despite these seemingly significant drawbacks, a surprising 26.05% of our respondents operate under this form of ownership.

We suggest that if you are operating as a sole proprietor you ask your accountant if there are any advantages in changing to another form under the new tax laws. (Figure 8)