that you can soon get rid of the agony of chapped hands by using Zam-Buk. Mrs. William Elstone, of Haliburton, Ont., writes:

"Last winter my hands were very badly chapped. I used a lot of dif-ferent so-called remedies, but my hands only seemed to get worse. Finally I tried the great herbal healer—Zam-Buk—which completely healed them."

ly healed them."

Mrs. M. A. Bateson, of Souris,
Man., writes:—"I have used ZamBuk for chapped hands, and know
of nothing to equal its wonderful
soothing and healing powers."

Zam-Buk is also unequalled for
chilblains, frost bites, cold cracks,
and cold sores; as well as eczema,
scalp sores, old wounds, ulcers,
blood-poisoning, piles, burns and
scalds, cuts and all skin injuries.
50c. a box. All druggists and
stores, or Zam-Buk Co., Toronto.







#### Have You Tried Whole-Wheat Clover-Leaf Rolls?

JUST the thing for breakfast—a pleasing change from ordinary breakfast rolls. And whole-wheat, food experts assert, is more nutritious than white flour.

Serve these rolls for breakfast to-morrow. You'll like them so well that you will serve them often.

Try this easy recipe by Mrs. Ida C. B. Allen, Domestic Science Expert and Author of Mrs. Allen's Cook Book.

One cupful scalded milk. One tablespoonful mone cupful tepid water. Bread flour.

One cupful sealed milk. One tablespoonful mone cupful tepid water. Bread flour to knead. Combine the milk and half cupful of water, add the salt and molasses, and when tepid, stir in the yeast dissolved in the remaining water. Beat in the whole-wheat flour and then add bread flour to knead. Knead until elastic, turn into a well-oiled bowl, rub over the top with warm water, cover and let stand over night in a warm place. In the morning shape into marblesized balls. Put three together in each compartment of

# Wear-Ever

Aluminum Muffin Pans

let rise till double in bulk and bake twenty minutes in a moderate oven.



The "Wear-Ever" Muffin Pan is a valued possession in many households because of the delightful "tobbe property in makes possible delightful "tobbe property in makes possible delictous muffins and possible to biscutts, dainty cakes, etc. And it's valued equally because of the convenience and economy in time and fuel that it insures. When baking, it is

Replace utensils that wear out with utensils that "Wear-Ev r"



Northern Aluminum Co., Limited,
Dept. 48, Toronto, Ont.
Send prepaid, 1-qt. (wine measure) "WearEver" Stewpan. Enclosed is 55c. in stamps-to
be refunded if not satisfied. Offer good until April
20, 1918, only.

# Compulsory Rationing Not Immediate

Neither Does the Chairman of the New Food Control Board Believe in Fixing Prices

By ISHBEL M. ROSS



ITH the appointment of the new Food Control Board, every Canadian woman naturally expects further practical developments in food matters in this country. Mr. Hanna broke the ice, as it were. Mr. Henry B. Thomson, Chairman of the new Board, has already shown that he intends to "carry on" in no mean degree. His name, although known from

degree. His name, although known from Winnipeg to the Pacific Coast, has not been familiar to the majority of the people of Eastern Canada. But his ability and his qualifications, he began to demonstrate from the first day of appointment to his new position. new position.

It was due in no small measure to his capacity for handling difficult food problems that the recent acute sugar shortage was passed without serious hardship or was passed without serious hardship or advance in price. Sugar in this country did not run up to twenty cents or more per pound as it did in New York before the United States Food Administration was in a position to regulate the charge to dealers and to the public.

The new Chairman of the Board of Food Control is not the kind of man who sits down and gets grey hairs worrying over what people say or think about him. He hasn't time. Nor has he the inclination. He sees his goal and he makes straight for the last of the see with the sees his goal and he makes straight for the last of the sees his goal and he makes straight for the last of the sees his goal and he makes straight for the sees his goal and he makes straight f it. He is as deliberate in action as in gait. There is no beating round the bush. He takes his office very seriously. He puts in a long day and a busy day.

Mr. Thomson has the power of concentration to a marked degree. He believes in finishing one task before he starts an-other. There are no loose ends where his other. There are no loose ends where his work is concerned. He has an assimilative mind and can readily get to the point no matter how enshrouded it may be in

The big man from the west is essentially The big man from the west is essentially a man of action. Picture him at work. A huge figure, six feet four, long-limbed, big-boned. He has a powerful-looking head, an obdurate jaw, and big, dark eyes that are surprisingly direct and observant. His aspect is somewhat slumbrous as he glances over a letter. Then suddenly he looks you straight in the eye. There may be an Irish twinkle in his—or more likely a speculative look that bores like a gimlet. Neither expression bodes any quarter in a fight.

a fight.

Every action is deliberate, from the way he swings his pen in forming a dashing signature to the manner in which he pushes back his chair and draws himself up to his six feet four. It is then that you are impressed with the size of the man. He slouches when he's up, as if a little tired of being head and shoulders over the rest of the world. He gives you the impression of tremendous force loosely reined in and liable to break forth in a torrent at any time.

#### Cares Not For Glory

MR. THOMSON has absolutely no M. THOMSON has absolutely no use for pomp, affectation, or long-windedness. Personally he is a man of few words. He believes in people who do things. A title's but the "guinea stamp" to him—the "man's the man for a' that." He has a big booming voice and a brusque manner.

a brusque manner. He likes a good story and tells one well.

Mr. Thomson is an Irishman. There is no getting away from that. He came to Canada in 1893, however, so that he has had plenty of time to become a good Canadian. Not that he wants to Not that he wants to down his Irish origin by

any means. He has done all kinds of things and knows something about everything. He was as much at home in the Legislature as in the backwoods of British Columbia, and he has had a taste of both. Now he is tackling the business of food control as if it were

Hon. C. A. Dunning

the only work in the world for him. Mr. Thomson has loomed large in Canadian Food Control for months past. His figure was a dominating one from the day he walked casually into the office and introduced himself as the man from B. C. Gradually he made himself felt in al quarters. He had not much to say, but what he said counted. He took stock of what was going on and was alive to the smallest detail. As personal representative of Mr. Hanna he fulfilled many important missions and he has now taken at the took which Mr. Hanna relinquished. up the task which Mr. Hanna relinquished, with a wealth of information which will be invaluable in his work.

He knows how to handle men-how to get the most out of them. He is uncompromising, very determined, impervious to criticism, and distinctly aware of what he wants and of how he is going to

The new Chairman of the Board of Food Control is no platform orator. He gives an address in a quiet, measured and dathers in a quiet, measured and forceful manner. He is more determined than brilliant in his delivery. But he has his facts and he impresses his hearers as a man who knows his subject and as one who means business.

and as one who means business. So much for Mr. Thomson as a man.

He is fully alive to the fact that his most able supporters in conserving for the men at the front are the women of Canada, and he does not discount them in reviewing the forces at his command.

His message to the women of Canada? "Tell them to be self-contained," he says. Mr. Thomson believes in going back to the ways of the mothers and grandmothers.

"Tell them to look around, to make use



Henry B. Thomson

of the material they have at hand—not to be striving for the unattainable. There's a war on. They must help to save and to produce food. Urge them to raise chickens, to keep pigs, to farm, and to garden, to make cheese and butter and to use maple sugar. When they do these things they are giving practical help. That is what is needed."

According to Mr. Thomson

According to Mr. Thomson, there's no use dealing in "bunkum" at this stage. The first necessity is practical assistance—and it is here that he looks for much from the women.

#### No Compulsory Rationing

HE has already given some indication of the policy which he will pursue in the dis-charge of his duties. It is characteristic of the man that he stipulated for a free hand in the

The question that has arisen on all sides since his appointment is: Are we now going to have compulsory rationing?

"We have had many letters from people advocating that Canada be put rations and that food be distributed in some equitable way," says Mr. Thomson. "Now, while card rationing systems may be workable in congested countries, where you have full control of the supplies—and there may be, in such cities as Montreal and Toronto, populations sufficiently congested—still, if card rationing were established it would have to be operated on a Dominion-wide basis and not merely in one or two districts. It would be very difficult to operate such a system the Dominion over. How about Saskatchewan, Alberta and Manitoba? How would you enforce the rationing system among the farming population? "Mr. Hanna's policy was to 'to put it up' to the people, and I think 90 per cent. of the people are absolutely 'right.' A certain number are sitting back waiting till the period comes when they expect to be forced to do what they ought to do,

expect to be forced to do what they ought to do, but the question is—what would it cost to force these few people? Is it worth it? It is a waste of energy to put drastic rationing regulations into force in Canada, at least, so far as I can see at the present time. If conditions get worse, it might come to that. But if Canada produces to the limit, I trust it won't be necessary." be necessary."



James D. McGregor

### Price-Fixing Useless

A NOTHER of the vexed questions in the public mind is that of price-fixing. Here are Mr. Thomson's views on the subject: "Fixing prices has failed wherever it has been tried. In New York last summer the Food Control Board fixed the price of milk. The result was that the State Administration had to take over the situation. In December, Hoover himself had to grapple with it, because, after September, when the price of milk was fixed, the farmers, finding the price insufficient, butchered 70,000 milk cows for beef. The result of that was that milk in New York has 'gone by the board.' Fixing profits is another matter.

"Public clamor is directed against food dealers," says Mr. Thomson. "It is a national tendency for the consumer to think the trouble revolves round his or her own corner grocery, but much of the cost that they complain about has been added by the efforts of retailers in competition with each other to grant the public's unreasonably insistent demands for what it calls 'service.' The consequence is—the expense of doing business keeps increasing and the public is paying for it." A NOTHER of the vexed questions in

Tis evident, therefore, that Mr. Thomson has nothought of immediate compulsory rationing. Whatever action he may take will be well considered, and definite in its purpose. There will be no shilly-shallying in the programme of the "Big Moose," as they call him out West. The women of Canada may safely put their trust in this very virile man on whose shoulders rests such tremendous responsibility at the present time.

## The Otner Members

THE other two members of Canada's Food Board are men of considerable repute. Hon. C. A. Dunning is well known throughout the west. He is an authority on farm questions, and has held responsible positions in organizations devoted to farm affairs. He has been prominently identified with the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, was director in 1910, and vice-president in 1911 and 1914. He was also associated for a number of years with the Co-operative Elevator Co., and was a member of the Canadian Council of Agriculture from 1911 to 1916. Mr. Dunning was appointed provincial treasurer of Saskatchewan in October, 1917.

J. D. McGregor has carried on extensive THE other two members of Canada's

J. D. McGregor has carried on extensive farming operations in the west and is well known as a successful breeder of thoroughbred cattle. He has been closely identified with the work of the Canadian stock breeders' associations. Some time ago he Some time ago he was appointed Manitoba representative of the Canadian food controller, which position he still holds. Mr. McGregor has been deeply interested in the question of production, and was instrumental in of production, and was instrumental in initiating the hog production campaign.

THE Food Department of Everywoman's World, under the able direction of Katherine M. Caldwell, B.A., will be considerably extended in the April issue. Every vital food topic of the moment will be treas. -The Editors