

2. Cases complicated with acute septicaemia, 12 operations, four deaths in the first week, eight survived, six months.

3. Chronic septicaemia, 24 operations, 7 died within a week, 10 lived less than a year, 7 now living.

Effect of operations on micturition. In 12 cases micturition was established through natural channels. 7 micturated at will through new channel. 3 partially so, 12 had complete incontinence.

Dr. J. F. Black said that he was somewhat disappointed at Dr. Silver's estimate of the operation of prostatectomy. His facts had been mainly drawn from English authorities, and had perhaps unduly biassed him against the operation. The relief afforded by the supra-pubic operation while in some cases very satisfactory, was not so in all. Sepsis persisted, the opening tended to close, and many other troubles cropped up. If in a supra-pubic cystotomy for prostatic difficulty, a condition was found similar to that shown in the specimen exhibited by Dr. Campbell, surely it would be common sense to remove the growth. After some further remarks by Drs. Farrell, Mader, Silver, Reid and the President, the discussion closed.

Dr. M. A. B. Smith read a report of case of crossed hemianalgesia. The case is one of unusual interest, and will be reported in extenso later.

Dr. J. F. Black reported a case of abdominal wound, inflicted by a rusty pocket knife. When admitted to the hospital there was free bleeding and protrusion of the omentum. The patient was etherized, the wound enlarged and the deeper parts examined. No injury of the intestine was found. The omentum was tied off and the wound closed, the patient making a good recovery. He also reported a case of gunshot wound of the abdomen, the details of which will be found on another page.

Obituary.

WM. GRAY DISBROW, M. D.

We regret to announce the death of Dr. Disbrow, which occurred at Dalhousie, N. B., on December 12th, at the age of 63 years.

He was the eldest son of the Rev. Noah Disbrow of St. John, in which city he was born in the year 1831. He first studied at Kings College with a view of going into the ministry of the Church of England, but finally abandoned the idea for the profession of medicine and matriculated at Harvard College, where after four years study he graduated in 1857.

He first practised medicine in New Carlisle and New Richmond, Province of Quebec, where he was also surgeon of the first battalion, Bonaventure Regiment.

In 1861 he removed to Dalhousie, where he continued to reside until his death. He was married in 1871 to Annie, eldest daughter of Sheriff Shepard, by whom he leaves two children—John, now a medical student at Burlington, Vermont, and a daughter.

During the thirty-three years in which he practised in Dalhousie, he filled many important offices in a very creditable manner. His death has occasioned wide spread sorrow in Dalhousie and district where he was highly esteemed by all.

PROMPT AND CONVENIENT.—This is what is said of the new "Antikamnia and Salol Tablets" each containing Antikamnia 2 gr., Sulphate Quinine 2 gr. and Salol 1 gr. Because they are both prompt in action, and convenient in administration, they please both the physician and the patient.