The Disappointed.

THERE are songs enough for the hero Who dwells on the heights of fame; I sing of the disappointed, For those who missed their aim.

I sing with a tearful cadence For one who stands in the dark, And knows that his last, best arrow Has bounded back from his mark.

I sing for the breathless runner. The eager, anxious soul,
Who falls with his strength exhausted
Almest in sight of the goal.

For the hearts that break in silence With a sorrow all unknown; For those who need companions, Yet walk their ways alone.

There are songs enough for the lovers Who share love's tender pain; I sing for the one whose passion Is given, and in vain.

For those whose spirit comrades
Have missed them on the way,
I sing with a heart o'erflowing
This minor strain to-day.

And I know the solar system Must somewhere keep in space
A prize for that spend runner
Who barely lost the race.

For the Plan would be imperfect Unless it held some sphere That paid for the toil and talent, And love that are wasted here.

OUR SUNDAY-SCHOOL PAPERS.

PER TIAR-POSTAGE PRES

The best, the chapest, the most entertaining, to most popular,

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Rev. W. H. W'THROW, D.D., Editor.

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A Christian Heroine.

I HEARD of a Christian woman in an serican city who was surely one of the bravest of our Lud's three hundred. The doctors wished to perform upon her a severe and dangerous operation and for that purpose had her taken from her home to a private room in the Oity Hospital. The probabilities were against her living through the operaon, but it was the only hope of relief. She atood face to face with probable death under the surgeon's knife, to say nothing of her great suffering from the disease. We should suppose that her anxiety for her onildren, her own suffering, and her great danger would have

so filled her mind that she would have done well had she fix d her thoughts on He even, borne her sufferings meckly, and wai ed in unshaken faith for her summons home. But she was one of God's th ee hundred, and though faint

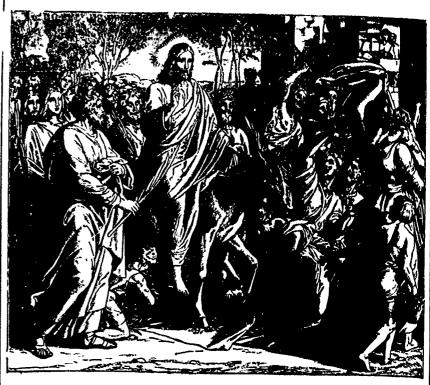
she was still pursuing.
She found that the skilled nurse who had charge of her was not a O ris ian, and she lost sight of herself in her desire to rescue the soul of this atranger. She requisted the nurse to read the Bible aloud to h-r, and she selected such passages as she believed most likely to rouse the nurse to repentance. She talked with her about religion, prayed with her and asked God to give her this soul before He called her home; and the prayer was answered. When I heard of that nurse's conversion I felt rebuked for sloth and indifference in working for Christ. I fear m st o us would have been too much occupie ! with thoughts of death and our suffering to have looked about us to see if there was not some work we could do for the Master. I am glad to be able to add that the woman recovered, and it is likely she owed her life, humanly speaking, to her z al for her Lord's work. For her thoughts were thus withdrawn from herselt, so that sorrow for her loved ones, and shrinking from suffering and danger did not wear her nerves and exhaust her vitality .- Pul put Treasury.

A Holy Life.

A HOLY life is made up of a number of small things; little words, not elo quent of speeches or sermons; little deeds, not miracles or battles, nor one great heroic act of mighty martyrdom, make up the true Christian life. The little sunbeam, not the lightning; the waters of Siloam "that go softly" in the meek mission of refreshment, not the "waters of the rivers great and many," rushing down in noisy corrents, are the true symbols of holy life. The avoidance of little sins, little inconsiscencies, little weaknesses, little follies, indiscretions and imprudencies, little torbles, little indulgences of the fleshhe avoidance of such little things as these goes far to make up, at least, the negative beauty of a holy life.

The Minister's Bow.

Nor long ago in a Now England town, a new minister had been called and settled. In that town was a Godorsaken old reprobate whom no ody respected or a oke to who could avoid it. He had never been known to go inside a church. He only worsed when driven by notessity to dueo, and loafed about the town a common nussace. A iew days after the new minister came to the town he met the old sinner on the village atreet, and, bowing, spoke a plea ant "good morning" and pussed on. The old man turned and tooked after him, and made enquiry of some one as to who he might be. The same thing happened a day or two afterwards; and again during the space of a week or two. Some one told the minister that he had made a friend of -, and laughingly told him that he was wasting his politeness on the old reprobate. "Never mind," said the reprobate. "Never mind," said the minister, "it does not cos: much to be olue, and no more to an old reprobate than to the squire of the town." was not long till . ld -- was notices ore ping into the ocraer of the o uro tarthest fr. m the pu pit and nearest to the door. He had come in late and



CHRIST'S ENTRY INTO JERUSALEM.

was the first to leave the church. He ! be kind to her, she only spoke rough came again and again, and was finally brought to Christ, and during the rest f his live lived a consistent and earnest Ohristian life. He said the minister's bow was what did it. We do not know ah ther this little incident has any lesson in it for any of our readers, but we give it as it was told us .- Selected

Christ's Entry into Jerusalem.

[In our Lesson for August 1st the scene illustrated in our picture is described. The following verses beautifully set forth its true meaning for every loving heart.]

> WHEN, His salvation b inging. To Zion Jesu; came, he chi dren all stood singing The Hosanna to His name Nor did their zeal offend Him, But as He rode along, He let them still attend Him, And smiled to hear their song.

And since the Lord retaineth His love to chi'dren still, Though now as King He reigneth On Zion's heavenly hill. We'll flock around His standard, We'll bow before His throne, And cry aloud, "Hosanna To David's royal Son."

For should we fail proclaiming Our great Red-emer's praise, ne stones, our silence shaming, Would their hosannas raise. But shall we only render

The tribute of our words? No; while our hearts are tender, They too suall be the Lord's.

Put Some Salt in It.

MOTHER, what makes you put salt in everything you cook! Everything you make you put in a little salt, and sometimes a good deal. So spoke observing little Annie, as she stood looking on.

"Well, Annie, I'll make you a little loaf of bread without any salt, and see

of you can find out."
"O mother, it doesn't taste a bit good," said she, after she had tasted it.
"Why not!" asked her mother.

"You didn't put any salt in it."
"Mother," s it Annie, a day or two
af erward, "Jane W ls is the worst girl I ever saw; see slaps her little brother John y, and pulls his hair, and acts real hateful. Wh n I told Whn I told her it was n ughty to do so, and if she would be kind to her brother he would

to me, and hit him again. Why won't she take my advice, mother!"

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"Perhaps y. u didn't put any salt in it. Season your words with grace, my child. Ask help of God in all you say and do, and your words, spoken is the spirit of Christ, will not fall to the ground. D n't fo get to put salt in, or else it won t taste good."

A Lesson for Smokers.

PLAIN speaking was formerly considered a duty by the Quakers. It is a pity they do not practice it oftener on smokers, taking the following as a specimen:

Recently a Quaker was travelling in a railway carriage. After a time, observing certain movements on the part of a fellow-passenger, he accosted him as follows:

"Sir, thee seems well dressed, and I dare say thee considers thyself well bred, and would not bemean thyself by an ungentlemanly action, wouldst thee !"

The person addressed promptly replied, with considerable spirit: "Certainly not, if I knew it."

The Quaker continued:

"And suppose thee invited me to thy house, thee would not think of offering me thy glass to drink out of after thee had drank out of it thyself, wouldst thou !"

The interrogated replied: "Abominable! No! Such an offer would be most insulting."

The Quaker continued:

"Still less would thee think of offering me thy kuife and fork to eat with after putting them into thy mouth, wouldst thee!"

"To do that would be an outrage on all decency, and would show that such a wretch was out of the pale of civil-

ized society."
"Then," said the Quaker, "with those impressions on thee, why should thee wish me to take into my mouth and nostrils the smoke from that eigar which thou art preparing to smoke, out of the own mouth!"

ONE who knows mays that in the country they blow a horn before disner, but in the town they take one.