



Agricultural.

We cannot give the author of this "Prayer for the Million," but it is beautiful:

God of the mountain, God of the storm, God of the sower, God of the worm! Hear us and bless us, Forgive us, redress us; Breathe on our spirits Thy love and thy healing; Teach us content with Thy fatherly dealing; Teach us to love Thee, To love one another, brother his brother, And make us all free— Free from the shackles of ancient Tradition; And show us 'tis manly, 'tis god-like to labor!

THE WEATHER AND MARKETS.—Monday the 11th inst. was a fine day, wind west. On the previous evening there had been a hard frost. Swallows and martins were flying in the air on this day, and frogs were croaking in the swamps. On Tuesday a warm rain from the south east set in—raining plentifully all day. Kingston harbor was open on the 10th April. In Quebec the weather was very mild in the beginning of April. At Owen Sound during the first week in April there was sleighing. In New York city, green peas, potatoes and other vegetables and flowers from the South are plentiful. On Wednesday last it rained with some sleet from the north east. On the 14th the weather was still chilly and wet, wind north east. On the evening of the 13th a heavy thunder storm passed to the north of this city. The thunder was unusually heavy, jarring the houses visibly. The 14th was chilly, with some rain and snow, a hard frost in the evening. The 15th was a fine sunny day. The 16th was chilly, but fine. Sunday and Monday fine weather.

THE WILD TURKEY.—Mr. Barnes, of Otterville, Oxford, gives these particulars: Wild Turkeys were very numerous here a few years ago, and there are some yet remaining. They are larger than the tame turkey, very black on the sides and breast, reddish grey on the back—neck and legs longer than the tame species. The head is very small and pointed. The male weighs over 20 lbs. Eggs are much larger than those of the tame kind, white, spotted with brown. The hen lays from 12 to 15 eggs. The young are very wild. The wild Turkey is very wild in the woods, and difficult to be seen by hunters, flying or running with equal ease. They run with great swiftness, are very hardy, and do well to cross with the tame species. The young can be tamed, and are superior to the tame in size, flavor, &c. Sometimes cold weather makes them forsake the woods, when they come to the farmer's barn yards and eat grain. Mr. Wilkinson near this place caught 10 in his yard three winters ago. They were very fat and delicious eating.

The Savannah News is credibly informed that a company of twelve women and girls, in Taylor county, near the line of the Muscogee Railroad in that State, are taking the largest pines in the forest, sawing them into blocks, and using and drawing shingles for market.

It is said there is a Cypress tree standing near the Mississippi river, which is 172 feet in circumference, 420 feet high, and has not a dead branch upon it. It is elegantly robed with a large quantity of Spanish moss.

TEMERITY OF THE REBBREAST.—The Banner of Ulster relates that when the snow covered the ground, recently, a robin flew into the commercial-room of the Down-hire Arms, Bankside, alighted on the table, satisfied its hunger from a loaf placed beside a gentleman who was dining. The trespasser was subsequently caught and put outside the door by the waiter; but it immediately returned, perched itself on the chandelier, and adjusted its feathers.

The Rochester Advertiser notices a very fine "pig" lately imported from Canada into that city and adds: "He is five weeks old, and his owner has the 'documents' to show his direct descent from the stock of Lord Derby, the ex-minister to Her Majesty." This, although not much of a compliment to the noble house of Stanley, fully explains why her Majesty found the Earl of Derby such a great bore.

LARGE FOWL.—At Carlisle, Pennsylvania, there is a Shanghai Cock measuring 35 inches in height.

COOKED FOOD FOR COWS.—Mr. James S. Huber, lately stated before the Philadelphia County Farmer's Club, that he had proved by actual experiment in feeding 12 cows, 180 days upon cooked food, that he made a net gain of \$32. In place of 20 lbs. of hay per day, formerly fed raw, he now feeds 12 lbs. cut and steamed. With this he mixes 4 quarts of ship-stuff, corn meal and oat cake meal, in about equal portions. This with the hay, weighs about 31 lbs. by that process. He says it is not only more economical, but more palatable to the cattle, they eat it without waste and keep in better condition. His steaming apparatus cost \$25, which he more than saved in six months feeding. He considers, however, the greatest gain is in the health to the animals.—A. Y. Agriculturist.

THE Peach, originally, was a poisonous almond. Its fleshy part was then used to poison arrows, and it was for this purpose introduced into Persia, the transplanting and cultivation, however, not only removed its poisonous qualities, but produced the delicious fruit we now enjoy.

BEWARE OF ENEMIES.—The vindictiveness of the Spirit and his allies towards the editor of this paper is evinced by this language.—"THE LEAGUE should without delay send two or three intelligent men through the Province to explain QUIETLY to the Divisions the absolute necessity of his (the Son's) IMMEDIATE EXTINCTION.—Spirit of the Age, 8th April.

Now we will venture to say if such two or three agents of the League go like snakes in the grass to injure us in the Divisions, THEY WILL GET A COAT OF TAR in more places than they think for. Such threats and such language come from a man who pretends to be a gentleman, is a miserable creature, who, unable to meet our arguments, resorts to billingsgate slang and CONSPIRACY to effect what he otherwise cannot. The league must SEND TWO SPIES to injure a man for asserting the necessity of consistency in a Son's conduct. Now we have a word to say very CALMLY to the order, and that is, that the Grand Scriber, by his impudent interference with the Spirit of the Age, has introduced into our ranks a LOW VULGAR UNPRINCIPLED MAN, who is determined to make trouble. Let all true Sons beware of him and his friend and allies, and his SPIES from the League as he calls them.

THE LEAGUE movement, if properly carried out, we will not oppose, and have not as yet opposed, and challenge proof to the contrary, but it is getting into bad hands, and has started wrong. We believe our London friends mean well, at least we have so far seen no evidence to the contrary, but there was some dirty intriguing going on by a few at the London caucus. The Spirit (the editor says) is soon to pass into other hands. This is well, let it do so, and become pure from the stains of black intemperance.

Judge Marshall, Mr. Ormiston, and Malcolm Cameron, are asked by this raving editor to use their influence to injure this paper. Judge Marshall takes the same view of the liquor advertising question that we do. We do not believe the Rev. Mr. Ormiston (who is a stranger) would hesitate to take the same view of liquor advertising. If he do not we are much deceived.

THE SPIRIT alludes to the Watchman's remarks about us. What difference has there ever existed between our paper and the Spirit except on the liquor advertising question? Yet this Watchman paper, of which the Spirit speaks, condemns its inconsistency AS MUCH AS WE DO. WHY IS ALL THIS? The secret is here, the Spirit was got up by the GRAND SCRIBE and others, who have all along been playing hide and go seek behind its columns. If they can make use of the Watchman to injure us they will do it: caring about as much for it as they do for any other fool that will work for their own peculiar interests. ELECTING GRAND SCRIBES to office a second time is in all this seen to be EVIL. We advise all Organizations, Daughters and Sons, to take warning in time to come.

THE "WATCHMAN".—We are informed that the QUARRELSOME LITTLE PRIEST, who conducts that paper, has again filled his paper with two columns of trash about us. HE IS TRYING TO MAKE CAPITAL OUT OF HIS OLD HOBBY THE "SUNDAY QUESTION," this trick is easily seen through—he can't pull the wool over religious people's eyes thus. The object is seen through. We value the Sabbath as much as he does. BUT seriously recommend him to value PRATISE, TRUTH and CHARITY more. The bitter spite and malice of this mean little man boils for exposure, and as unwilling as we are to occupy useful space in doing it, reiterated weekly attacks of a LEGALLY UNBLESSED KIND, require it. Having undermined in a vile and unprincipled manner, the editor of this paper in January 1851, whilst professing to be his friend, and after having lent his name to encourage us to start it, he has since, by his vulgar insinuations, pretended religious character and base allusions to us as a lawyer, as well as by the means of his travelling agent, never ceased to carry out his original blackhearted design. We had observed an entire silence of more than a year towards him, and would have done so ever, had he not put his impudent tongue into our discussion about liquor advertising, and hastily in stated our language. He had not the MANHOOD to expose a recreant writer himself, but LIKE THE HYENA AFTER OFFAL, starts in at the eleventh hour, and instead of doing his duty plasters over with scolding words the conduct of the Spirit, and then turns his miserable hypocritical slang on us, thinking that now THE TIME has come to gratify my son's sweet revenge, and it can be done under the GAZE OF HOLINESS. They will not suspect me because I am a Methodist Local Priest. Let not any suppose, or this vile man suspect, that we are opposed to any man because he is a Methodist or a Priest, on the contrary we know and reckon among them thousands of excellent men and friends, but vipers will steal under the skirts of angels, and among the twelve apostles there was a Judas. This priest must be exposed and we will do it, so let him and his friend the Spirit, whose aim as to us is the same, unite their fires.

CROWLAND DIVISION is located on Lyon's Creek, not Chippewa, as we stated. It also consists of farmers and mechanics, and numbers rather less than 100 members.

A Bill has been introduced into Parliament to form a company for the purpose of building a large Hotel in Toronto.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Father Gavazzi is lecturing in New York city to large enthusiastic audiences, against the frauds, superstitions, and abuses of the Papal Hierarchy of Italy. He is an Italian patriot priest, formerly of the Catholic Church, and left Italy on account of the persecutions of the patriots there. From Washington it is said, Mr. Marcy has resigned the office of Secretary of State, and that Mr. Cushing has been appointed in his place. Mr. Buchanan is appointed Minister to England. The Florentine protestants, the Madras, were at first accounts expected in London, and great preparations were being made to give them an enthusiastic reception. The American Japan ex. edawa is to be one purely of observation and enquiry. The Sa. li. Sic. Marie canal, is to be built by a citizen of Albany, for 75,000 acres of land. Mr. Soule, a great Cuba man, has been appointed U. S. Minister to Spain. Late news state that Russia entertains very warlike intentions towards Turkey. Turkey has yielded to Austria, and now Russia is making great demands on her. The French deny that they have any warlike intentions against England. A splendid vessel is being fitted up to convey the Pope to France. A general revolt in Italy and Hungary, is apprehended in May. Col. Fremont is to go to France as American Minister. Turkey through fear has withdrawn her troops from Montenegro. Barnum is building on speculation, a great tower in New York city, to overlook the Crystal Palace. General Pierce is taking into his Cabinet many of the eminent filibuster politicians in the United States. Late Mexican news state that seven States of the Republic had cast their vote for Santa Anna, and it is probable he will immediately assume the reins of the Government. Cheap ocean postage is to be immediately effected between England and the British Colonies. A uniform rate of 6d. on all letters is to be charged. A caloric ship, the Ericsson is to leave New York immediately for Liverpool. 12 members of the British House of Commons, England, have been unseated for bribery, and there are 60 more cases to be investigated! What say ye Britons to this corruption. Don't Complain of Jonathan any more! Texas.—The wife of General Cass died lately at Detroit. Gen. Pierce at Washington is nearly worried to death with the calls of office seekers. Navigation is open, and boats are traversing Lake Erie. Erie Canal is to be opened on the 20th inst.

DOMESTIC NEWS.

On Saturday evening the 9th April, a large and enthusiastic conservative meeting was held in the St. Lawrence Hall, in favor of Mr. Sherwood. As between Mr. Gowan and him there can be no difficulty of choice. Mr. Gowan is a very low man, a pauper in the worse passions of the low drunken rowdies of the city. A converted Jewish minister, the Rev. Mr. Lubin, was arrested by the Rev. Dr. Burns, on the ground of being an impostor. The case was before the Police. The last Examiner contains a letter from an influential person from Three Rivers, exposing the fraud of the Cathedral Bill. It gives a woeful picture of the ignorance of the poor inhabitants. They appear to be under the thumb of the Catholic priests. The Examiner justly condemns the practice in our Province of giving men extra allowances whenever they happen to lose their offices. A convention of the coloured people of Canada, was held in London during the second week of April; and at which the Rev. Mr. Ward presided and made an excellent speech. Ground was lately broken on the Woodstock and Lake Erie Railroad. Kingston undertakes to provide stone to Toronto builders at \$5 per ton. The Hon. John Ross of Belleville, was present at the Queen's Levee on the 9th March. The carpenters in Toronto have come to the conclusion after the 1st of May to charge 7s. 6d. cy. per day. The St. Lawrence river was free from ice on the 5th of April. The Gadench Harbor had on the 7th inst. been several days without ice. A meeting has been held in Erie in favor of public libraries. The Brantford and Malden Railroad Bill has been defeated in the House. Nine persons lately left Belleville for Australia; and prior to leaving a public dinner was given to them by their friends, a long account of which appears in the Belleville Tribune. A Railroad is to be built from London to Port Sarnia.

PARLIAMENTARY.—Much of the time of the House has been taken up in discussing the alterations in the Canadian Tariff, and in calling Mr. Hincks to account for inconsistency in his commercial views. A warm debate had taken place between Mr. Hincks and Dr. Rolph on the subject of the University Measure. Dr. Rolph has agreed to modify the marriage Bill, leaving out the clauses allowing Reeves, Mayors, &c., to marry. This is caused by the outside pressure of priests. The Charitable Corporation Bill has only been read a second time, and is held in abeyance. In the meantime special applications are being made to incorporate Roman Catholic religious bodies. Mr. Merritt lately submitted some resolutions before the House, to have the British Government discriminate in its Tariff between Colonial and foreign wheat, but they were voted down. Mr. Smith of Frontenac's new measure to secure the independence of Parliament was read a second time—a good measure. Some of the Ministry growled at it considerably. It is a notable fact that: reform members generally in that House seem afraid to bring forward any truly popular measures. We want good measures, it bring indifferent from which side of the House they come. It is said that the Charitable Incorporation Bill is not to be passed into a law after all. It was a sort of compromise between the Upper Canadian Ministry and the Lower Canadians, but is distasteful to the priests on the one hand, and the extreme reformers and Tories on the other. In other words it is all political bunkum and never should have passed a second reading without LIMITING CLAUSES STRUCKDOWN.

MAINE LAW IN CANADA DEFEATED.—We regret to announce the defeat of Mr. Cameron's Maine Law Bill. The vote stood 28 to 33. The particulars we cannot enlarge on, but will next week, suffice it to say that, the vote and complexion of the whole affair were very similar to what we predicted on the 5th April. Mr. Gamble voted for the Bill. Richards and Hinks opposed it. Rolph was away. Messrs. Brown, McKenzie and many prominent reformers supported it. Mr. Morrison, of the Niagara borough voted against it. People of Niagara remember this.

TORONTO MARKET PRICES, APRIL 16th, 1853.

(Revised and corrected regularly.)

Table with market prices for various goods including Flour, Wheat, and other commodities, with columns for item names and prices.