THE deepest artesian well in the world is being bored at Pesth, and has reached already a depth of 951 metres. Paris, which measures 547 metres, has hitherto been the first. The work is undertaken by the brothers Zsigmondy, partially at the expense of the city, which has granted 40,000l. for the purpose, with the intention of obtaining an unlimited supply of warm water for the municipal establishments and public A temperature of 161° F, is shown by the water at present issuing from the well, and the work will be prosecuted until water of 178° is obtained. About 175,000 gallons of warm water stream out daily, rising to a height of 35 feet. This amount will not only supply all the wants of the city, but convert the surrounding region into a tropical garden. Since last June the boring has penetrated through 200 feet of dolomite. The preceding strata have supplied a number of interesting facts to the geologist, which have been recorded from time to time in the Hungarian Academy of Sciences. Among some of the ingenious engineering devices invented during the course of the boring are especially noteworthy the arrangements for driving in nails at the enormous depth mentioned above, for pulling them out (with magnets), for cutting off and pulling up broken tubes, and, above all, a valuable mechanical apparatus by means of which the water rising from the well is used as a motive power, driving the drills at a rate of speed double that previously imparted at the mouth of the well.—Ibid.

The preliminary works for boring the British Channel Tunnel are being prosecuted with great activity at Sangate. A shaft has been sunk to a depth of 100 metres, and the experimental gallery has been commenced. It is to be continued for a kilometre under the sea. If no obstacle is met with, the work will be continued without any further delay. Two powerful pumps have been established for elevating the water which, of course, filters in in large quantity.—Ibid.

The Rhine Provincial Museum in Bonn has succeeded in purchasing the famous collection of prehistoric remains from the Neander Valley, hitherto in the possession of the late Prof. Fuhlrott, of Elberfeld, although a high price has been offered from England.