

THE SPRAMOTOR

This is to certify that at the contest of Spraying Apparatus held at Grimsby, on April 2nd and 3rd, 1896, under the auspices of the Board of Control of the Fruit Experimental Stations of Ontario, in which there were eleven contestants,

The Spramotor

made by The Spramotor Co., of London, Ont., was awarded first place.

H. L. HUTT

M. PETTIT

Judges.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE OF ONTARIO.

Toronto, August 28th, 1896.

W. H. HEARD, Manager of Spramotor Co., London, Ont.

DEAR SIR,—I have great pleasure in stating that the Spramotor ordered from your Company this season has given entire satisfaction. It works easily, and is very effective in its operation. Your Company deserves much credit for placing so excellent a pump on the market.

JOHN DRYDEN,
Minister of Agriculture.

CENTRAL EXPERIMENTAL FARM.

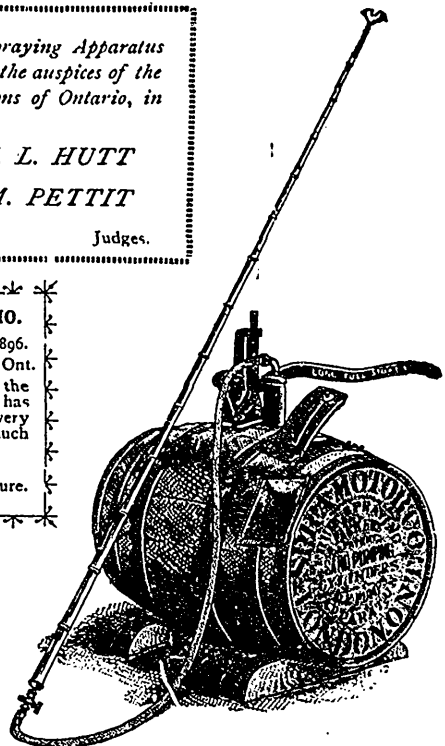
Ottawa, March 23rd, 1897.

W. H. HEARD, Manager of Spramotor Co., London, Ont.

DEAR SIR,—I have your catalogue for 1897, and in looking it through I find it quite complete, and I am sure that it will be of great service to fruit growers throughout the country. I am much obliged to you for sending me a copy.

Yours very truly,

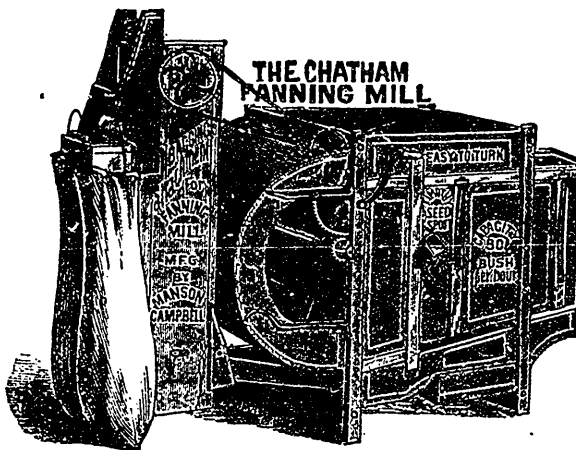
JOHN CRAIG, Horticulturist.



Send 3c. stamp for 68-page treatise on the diseases affecting fruit trees and their remedies.

THE FAMOUS

Chatham Fanning Mill



Formerly, industry alone was held essential to good farming. Now, brains are admitted to the partnership with industry. The following is from "How To Make Dollars Out of Wind, or The Science of Good Farming."

"The farmers in Ontario and neighboring States sow broadcast only two bushels of oats per acre, and seldom harvest less than forty bushels per acre, or twenty bushels for one bushel sown, and frequently as high as fifty bushels from one bushel sown. The secret lies in sowing nothing but good, large, heavy seed, the kernels being all of a uniform size, which causes it to ripen evenly, thereby doing away with nearly all the light grain, and a bushel of oats by measure grown from good seed will weigh forty to forty-two pounds instead of thirty to thirty-four. In selling oats, a farmer wants the weight, not the bulk. Out of all the light oats, all the long slim oats, and all those small oats that are sown very few grow. Some may grow, but they bring forth a small, delicate stalk, with only one or two oats on the end of it, and at best, should it amount to anything, it will

not ripen as early as the good seed, and must necessarily be cut green; that part of the oats then will be little better than chaff. Besides the strength is taken from the ground which the good seed should have, to nourish the poor seed.

Don't fail to read this book telling how to obtain good seed. It will be sent free on application to

Manson Campbell = = Chatham, Ont.