THE WORLD'S LETTER BAG.

F. Taggart & Co. Re Canadian Jewelers Association.

Editor World: Knowing your love of fair play I feel sure you will allow me a little space to show how misleading the editorial note about the advertisement of F. Taggart & Co. is, as well as an injustice to an association that aims to protect all parties, and how they have wilfully misconstrued the letter of E. A. Wills so as to appear before the public as sufferers to an unjust combine, when such is far from the case. Mr. Wills states that no person shall advertise listed goods to the consumers less than 25 per cent. in advance of the net cash price. This does not prevent F. Taggart & Co. or any other jeweler to sell below actual cost if they feel so disposed, but protects the trade, themselves included, from illegitimate advertising, which has done so much harm in the past, and the confidence of the public has been so shamefully abused that they look upon jewelers with suspicion and place no reliance on their word, and it will require a great deal of patience and honest dealing on the part of the trade to have that confidence restored. If in the matter complained of they had only advertised what they actually sell, viz.: a National case, there would have been no trouble, as on a careful perusal of their catalog I find their prices in advance of those asked by any respectable jeweler in the city, and if they would be only more consistent and honest in their methods of advertising, etc., a much-abused public would have a higher appreciation of their efforts.

33 Wellington-street east. H. A. GILES.

Rosedale Ravine Drive.

Editor World: Mr. E. Thomson in a letter to the Board of Works states without authority that the property-owners along the proposed ravine drive would willingly give part of their land for that undertaking and submit to be taxed at the same time for the work as local improvement, benefiting their property facing that road. If I am well-informed, Mr. Thomson's land does not reach to the proposed drive; he would therefore not be subject to pay local improvement. I agree with Mr. Boeckh's suggestion that such undertaking should be at the expense of the city or else be left alone. As far as I hear protests from many of the owners will give the city fathers some trouble. ONE INTERESTED.

Toronto, Feb. 25.

The Police; What Are They Doing?

Editor World: Notwithstanding our large police force and the heavy expenditure in support thereof, it seems they are almost useless so far as protection to property is concerned. The most wanton and diabolical depredations are constantly being committed in vacant houses all over the city. Windows are smashed, leaden pipes cut and stolen, linings of baths cut out and carried off, together with grates, locks of doors and other articles. It is positively disgraceful that such a state of things should exist in our city. It is very seldom we hear of the perpetrators being caught, and it seems to me that the Police Commissioners should issue special instructions to the police to carefully watch all vacant premises and endeavor to protect the property of the unfortunate owner. The burdens they have to carry are heavy enough without having their property destroyed by scoundrels who ought to be serving a term of hard labor in the penitentiary. S. S.

Where Are the Police?

Editor World: This question may well be asked by east enders also. Any one who strolls along Queen-street, between Broadview-avenue and the G.T.R. crossing in the evening, will ask this question with a vengeance, especially when he is run down by a pack of hoodlum boys, pelting snow balls, sticks, and greeted with blackguard remarks. The corner of Bolton-avenue and Queen-street, at the public library, has long been a rendezvous for rowdies, and a stray policeman passing far between times has no terror for these scamps. On Bolton-avenue and Dufferin-street, in the vicinity of the Bolton-avenue school, Sunday and week days, people are aggravated by scoundrels pelting snow balls, knocking on fences, and in every way imaginable annoying people who pay for police protection. The corner verandah at Bolton and First-avenue is a resort for these villains. A poor woman in Bolton-avenue had a pane of glass broken in a door by snowballs and it will cost $5 to have it replaced. A few days ago an old woman and boy were driving past the school when the crowd of boys in the school grounds made her a snowball target. The poor boy in the buggy got out and begged them to stop without avail. Why don't the teachers and ministers in the neighborhood do their duty, too? If we are to have no police protection let us know at once, so that we may load our shotguns and provide bulldogs to do the work the police are supposed to be paid for doing. RATEPAYER.

Butcher's Ice.

Editor World: I learn that the ice from King, Yonge and other streets is being dumped into the lake. Are the butchers aware of what must seem to them a shameful waste. Will it not serve for "cooling purposes"? It may be some shades darker than the sewage ice they are about to use, but it would not be very much more detrimental to the public health. DELTA.

Thanks to The World.

Editor World: Your article in Friday's issue about Tecumseth-street and its corners has had a wonderfully beneficial effect, as at no time to-day (Sunday) has there been any attempt at rowdyism or gatherings at the street corners. The quiet, orderly residents have to thank you for your timely exposure, and also desire to thank the police for the enforcement of the "Move-On" Bylaw. RESIDENT.

Feb. 28.

School of Practical Science—A Criticism

Editor World: I had the honor of being present at the opening of the Engineering Laboratory Department of the School of Practical Science. I was delighted at the liberal and elaborate provision made for the study of practical science, which the edifice for the purpose presents. As to the sanitary arrangements in the hall where the addresses were delivered, however, I was disappointed. The air was vitiated to a degree that simply meant blood poisoning. Now, that was anything but scientific, and of all provisions the last that one would expect to find absent in such a structure. That was not the only fault. Professor Galbraith, when he stands before a public audience as the exponent of science, should be more careful of his pronunciation. He ought to know that in such words as "qualitative," "quantitative" and "accessories" the penultimate, or last syllable but one of those words, is short. While he quoted from Mr. Herbert Spencer's work on "Education" as to the superior value of scientific knowledge, he should also have demonstrated that he had studied that profound thinker's teaching on the "Function and Origin of Music" and the "Philosophy of Style" with profit. In grace, taste, facility and perspicuity of expression, Mr. Spencer has shewn clearly that such a method is not only economical, but that it is purely scientific.

Baroness De Stael, Holstein, has very significantly conveyed the idea I desire to establish in her interesting work on the "Influence of Literature upon Society" in the following passage:

"Literary taste ought to be devoted to a graceful expression of ideas; this will not diminish its stability, for it has been proved that the most profound reflections and most noble sentiments produce no effect, if any striking defects in taste divert the attention, break the chain of thought, or interrupt the succession of emotions, which lead the mind to important results and the soul to durable impressions."

The fascinating style of Prof. Goldwin Smith, which charms everybody who can read and think, is purely in consequence of its scientific basis. It is the same in poetry, painting and every branch of the fine arts. The highest and most exact form of expression should be associated with mechanical science since it involves the most direct knowledge of the methods and principles of Deity, as displayed in the universe. OSTROM.

"An Inconsistent Clergyman."

Editor World: A "Prominent Methodist" east of the Don, who informed The World of the inconsistency of a clergyman, in hiring a cab for the ladies of his family to go to church, should have stated—that is if he knew it, and Mr. Burns knew—that the minister referred to—that his mother-in-law is an elderly lady and physically incapable of walking to church though it was only one gun shot away. I have charity enough to believe "Prominent Methodist" does not know this, notwithstanding his "prominence." If he had known it, of course he would have seen no inconsistency. I am not a member of Mr. Burns' congregation, therefore am not his apologist. I write simply in the interests of justice to a very worthy man. FAIR PLAY.

As Parmelee's Vegetable Pills contain Mandrake and Dandelion, they cure Liver and Kidney Complaints with unerring certainty. They also contain Roots and Herbs which have specific virtues truly wonderful in their action on the stomach and bowels. Mr. E. A. Cairncross, Shakespeare, writes: "I consider Parmelee's Pills an excellent remedy for Biliousness and Derangement of the Liver, having used them myself for some time."

TO ESCAPE FROM SICKNESS.

The Teaching of the Irvingites—Ministers and Supernatural Powers.

H. Myddleton Wood, a San Francisco evangelist, delivered an eloquent discourse last evening in the Catholic Apostolic Church, corner Gould and Victoria-streets, on "The Way to Escape from Sickness." The sermon was the first of a series on cognate subjects.

The preacher said he would consider the subject this evening from a general, historical standpoint, and on the three following evenings he would apply the matter more practically and individually.

This was an age of progress, an age when men were finding out "secret" things which had been hidden—an age when men were finding new ways of doing things, new forces, new powers.

No one could deny that there were forces, powers, ways and means of accomplishing certain results in use now which our fathers had not dreamed of.

If this were so in natural things, who should say that there were no hidden spiritual forces which might be brought into operation if we only knew them and how to apply them.

St. Paul said that there were "secrets" hidden from the beginning of the world but revealed to apostles and prophets. Surely one of those hidden secrets was revealed and visibly manifested by our Blessed Lord and by His ministers in the beginning when they were expressly instructed while preaching to heal the sick as an evidence of the validity of their mission being from God.

The preacher then went on to show by the history of mankind from the beginning that it was God's will that when His ministers preached eternal life that they should exemplify their meaning by healing the sick—sickness being an evidence of death in our bodies; and that when God's ministers preached the coming kingdom of heaven they should visibly manifest something of the condition of that kingdom by manifesting supernatural powers.

So when John the Baptist sent his disciples to Jesus asking, "Who art Thou? He answered, "Go, show John what ye do see and hear."

CHURCHMAN AND POET.

Rev. Provost Body's Disquisition on Richard Hooker and George Herbert.

The second of the course of weekly lectures in Convocation Hall in Trinity College was largely attended on Saturday afternoon. The lecturer was Provost Body, who admirably treated of the career and works of two great churchmen of the olden days—Richard Hooker and George Herbert.

The lecturer began with a short sketch of Hooker's life and the principal events of Elizabeth's reign, which were practically co-extensive with it.

It was pointed out that the Elizabethan settlement of religion was accomplished during Hooker's boyhood. His brilliant career at Oxford was contemporary with the agitation for the abolition of the Book of Common Prayer and the establishment of a Presbyterian form of government in England. Hooker was plunged into the thick of the controversy by his appointment to the mastership of the Temple in London, and during the quieter years which succeeded the defeat of the Spanish Armada, when the rising national feeling was largely united in favor of the maintenance of the system of the English Church, Hooker was engaged in the preparation of his great work on the Laws of Ecclesiastical Polity, the main object of which was to put an end to the prevailing controversies by a wide and philosophical treatment of the whole subject of church government. The foundation of the book was laid in the first section, which treated of the all-embracing reign of law, whether in nature or in human society, or in the Divine working. A full analysis was given of the other sections, dealing with the subject of Ritual, the Royal Supremacy and the Episcopate. The vindication by Hooker of the Apostolic authority of the English episcopal order was illustrated at length from his writings.

The lecturer cited the testimonies of Ueberweg as to the philosophical insight of Hooker and of Hallam in regard to his literary style.

The life of George Herbert was exhibited as a pattern of devoted service in the ministry of the English Church and an account was given of his principal works.

The lecturer claimed that Hooker and Herbert represented from different sides the wide and liberal position taken by the Church of England, being a practical embodiment of faith tempered by the fullest knowledge, and of love perfected in a saintly life. Next Saturday the third lecture of the series will be given by Rev. Prof. Rigby on "Archbishop Laud and Bishop Hall."

Albion's Sons.

The regular meeting of Lodge Mercantile No. 81 was held in Shaftesbury Hall on Saturday night. Bro. G. H. Evans was in the chair. A large number of the eastern delegates to Grand Lodge were present, including Supreme Grand President Alderman W. R. Stroud, Ottawa; District Deputy Major J. A. Edwards, Montreal; District Deputies J. R. Reeve and W. Gale, Huntsville. The lodge was also favored with the attendance of Past Supreme Grand Presidents Richard Ivens and Thomas Skippon, Supreme Grand Secretary J. W. Carter and a large turnout of presidents and members from sister lodges in the city. The Supreme Grand President conducted the initiation ceremony in a very impressive manner. Appropriate speeches were delivered by all the Grand Lodge officers present. The evening was rendered more enjoyable by the addition of refreshments, which were dealt with by all like true Englishmen. The Toronto Hand Bell Ringers gave several selections. The Rosedale Quartet was well received. Others of the brethren contributed to the evening's enjoyment.

St. Alban's Lodge.

The usual fortnightly meeting of this lodge was held at Association Hall under the genial presidency of Bro. G. R. Moore. There was a capital muster of members and visitors. Amongst the latter was a contingent from Chesterfield Lodge, headed by its worthy president, also the secretary of Prescott Lodge. The business conducted was executed with marked efficiency. There were several proposition papers handed in to the secretary from citizens desirous of being enrolled as members of this flourishing young lodge.

A Great Explosion!

In these days of gunpowder, dynamite, giant powder, and the like, tremendous explosions are no rarity, but the greatest explosion of modern times is without doubt that of the "old-school" idea that Consumption is incurable. Thousands of lives have been sacrificed to this mistaken notion. Modern research has established the fact that Consumption is a scrofulous disease of the lungs and that there is one remedy which will positively eradicate it from the system—Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. Of course, there were in the olden times many who would have pronounced modern explosives instruments of witchcraft; but there are fortunately few today who do not acknowledge that the "Golden Medical Discovery" is the one sovereign remedy for *all* scrofulous diseases, and Consumption is one of them.

Pedlars' Licenses.

One of the reasons given for a reduction in the price charged for hawkers' licenses was that pedlars are subject to assessment on their personalty in addition to the fee charged for licenses. Enquiries made at the City Hall show that there are 143 hawkers all told, and of these only 17 pay taxes on personalty, the highest assessment being one of $400 and the rest running from that down to $100.

To the Point.

We say our remedy is a permanent cure and then prove it thus: Toronto, Ont., April 17, 1887. "I would state that St. Jacobs Oil cured me effectually of rheumatism with which I suffered in 1880. I have never had any return since of the pain which I endured for months previous. It affords me great pleasure to say I have recommended it to a number of friends. Too much praise cannot be devoted to its healing qualities." J. Abrahams, passenger agent, 51 York-street. A seven years' test.

What the Country Has Escaped.

No one need fear cholera or any summer complaint, if they have a bottle of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial ready for use. It corrects all looseness of the bowels promptly and causes a healthy and natural action. This is a medicine adapted for the young and old, rich and poor, and is rapidly becoming the most popular medicine for cholera, dysentery, etc., in the market.

GRAND MILLINERY OPENING

COMMENCING

MONDAY, 29th FEBRUARY, and Continuing During the Week.

We respectfully invite every buyer visiting Toronto during the opening week to visit our warehouse, 53 Yonge-street.

We have anticipated a big season's business and our buyers have outdone any previous efforts and laid in the different departments stocks of all kinds of Millinery and Millinery Requisites superior to anything ever heretofore shown in this city.

We really feel we must call special attention to two important departments in our house, viz.: FRENCH PATTERN HATS AND BONNETS and the STRAW GOODS DEPARTMENT. Our purchases for these two departments are all forward and open out to our entire satisfaction. The French models are "perfect" and convey new ideas. In our Hat Department will be found many lines not to be seen elsewhere.

We respectfully solicit the favor of an early inspection. Terms Liberal.

JOHN D. IVEY & CO

53 YONGE-STREET, TORONTO.

You may talk as you like, but if

YOU GAIN COMFORT YOU GAIN A GREAT DEAL. HERE'S SOLID COMFORT—ALE IN KEGS, $1.50. Tel. 1363. Spadina Brewery, Kensington-ave.

WHEAT STILL LOWER.

Stocks Steadier — Provisions Lower — A Four Bank Statement—Local Markets Quiet—Trade and Financial Gossip.

SATURDAY EVENING, Feb. 27.

Consols closed lower at 96 1-16 for money and account.

Canadian Pacific opened in London at 92 and closed at 93⅛.

Grand Trunk firsts sold in London at 69⅝, and seconds at 50½.

On the curb in Chicago to-day at 2.15 p.m. May wheat was quoted at 90½c.

The weekly statement of the Bank of France shows an increase in specie of 4,050,000 francs gold and 3,025,000 francs silver.

American railway securities were firmer in London to-day. Erie advanced ⅛ to 33⅛, St. Paul ¼ to 80¼, Reading ⅛ to 30⅛.

English farmers' deliveries of wheat during the week 63,205 quarters at an average price of 32s 3d against 32s 1d the previous week.

Bank clearings at Toronto, Montreal, Hamilton and Halifax for the week were 1½ per cent. less than a week ago. Toronto shows an increase.

Transactions on the local Stock Exchange aggregated 152 shares, compared with 333 yesterday. Of to-day's sales 127 were in Commercial Cable.

The export of gold from New York has the effect of unsettling the share market, but it is not likely that the shipments will assume large proportions. Exports now aggregate $2,600,000.

The weekly statement of the Bank of England shows an increase in bullion of £623,000 and an increase in reserve of £537,000. Its proportion of reserve to liabilities is 44.05 per cent., against 45.16 last week and 38.72 for the corresponding period in 1891.

The statement of the New York banks was not favorable this week, the reserve showing a decrease of $3,887,850. These are the other variations: Loans, increase $4,309,000; specie, decrease $3,387,300; deposits, increase $677,000; legals, increase $5,619,200; circulation, increase $7,900.

May wheat opened in Chicago at 92c, and closed at 90⅝c. In New York at $1.03¼ and closed at $1.02⅝. In Milwaukee at 89½c and closed at 89½c. In St. Louis at 89½c and closed at 89½c. In Toledo at 97⅛c and closed at 95⅝c, in Detroit at 97⅝c and closed at 96⅝c.

LOCAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

Commercial Cable absorbed nearly all the attention this morning, there only being transactions in two other stocks. Bids for Montreal advanced 1 to 220, while those for Toronto declined ¼ to 228. Merchants' was held 1 higher at 152, ask and bids unchanged. Hamilton was wanted at 175, a gain of ¼. Western Assurance was held ⅜ higher, with bids ¼ lower. Confederation Life was quoted at 305 asked and 280 bid. Northwest Land was held ¼ higher, with bids unchanged. Consumers' Gas sold as high as 181, and Northwest Land was held ¼ higher, with bids unchanged. Canadian Pacific sold at 90 for 25 shares. Commercial Cable sold up to 131¾, ¼ higher than yesterday. Quotations are:

Montreal, 220 and 220; Ontario, 112¾ bid; Toronto, 230 and 228; Merchants', 152 and 149; Commerce, 135 and 134¾; Imperial, 170 and 168; Dominion, 266 and 264; Standard, 171 bid; Hamilton, 176½ and 175; British America, 88 and 83½; Western Assurance, 144 and 142½; Confederation Life, 305 and 280; Consumers' Gas, 181 and 180; Dominion Telegraph, 90½ bid; Montreal Telegraph, 134 and 132; Canada Northwest Land Company, 77 and 76½; C.P.R. bonds, 108½ bid; C.P.R. stock, 90½ and 90; Victoria Rolling Stock Co., 150 bid; Toronto Electric Light Co., 140 bid; Com. Cable Co., 132 and 131¾; Bell Telephone Company, 159 and 158; Consolidated Land & Investment Co., 145 bid; British Canadian Loan and Investment, 113 bid; B. & Loan Association, 112 and 111; Canada Landed National Investment Co., 134 and 132½; Canada Permanent, 201½ and 200; Can. Per., 20 per cent., 190 and 189; Canadian S. & Loan, 120 asked; Central Canada Loan, 120½ bid; Dominion Savings and Loan, 95 and 93; Farmers' L. & Savings, 122½ bid; Farmers' L. & Savings, 20 per cent., 113¾ bid; Freehold Loan & Savings, 130 bid; Freehold Loan & Savings, 20 per cent., 133 bid; Hamilton Provident, 128 bid; Huron & Erie L. & Savings, 160 bid; Huron & Erie L. & Savings, 20 per cent., 148 bid; Imperial Loan & Invest., 124 bid; London & Canada L. & A., 131¾ and 131; London Loan, 108½ and 106; Manitoba Loan, 109½ asked; North of Scotland Can. Mort. Co., 160 and 150; Ontario Loan & Deb., 128 bid; Real Estate, Loan & Deb. Co., 50 bid; Toronto Land & Invt. Co., 127 asked; Toronto Savings & Loan, 112¾ bid; Union Loan & Savings, 134 bid; Western Canada L. & S., 171 bid; Western Canada L. & S., 25 per cent., 161 bid.

Transactions: Consumers' Gas, 3 at 180; Canadian Pacific, 25 at 90; Commercial Cable, 25 at 151¼, 25 at 151¼, 25 at 151¼, 25 at 151¼, 25, 22 at 151¾.

MONEY TO LOAN

At Lowest Rates.

JOHN STARK & CO

26 TORONTO-STREET

MONTREAL STOCK EXCHANGE.

MONTREAL, Feb. 27, (close).—Montreal Bank, 222 and 220¾, sales 4 at 221; Ontario, 119 and 121¼; Banque du Peuple, 99 and 98; Molsons Bank, 167½ and 160; Bank of Toronto, offered 227; Banque Jacques Cartier, 110 and 105; Merchants' Bank, 152 and 149; Union Bank, offered 90; Bank of Commerce, 135¾ and 134¾; Montreal Telegraph Co., 133¾ and 133, sales 100 at 133½, 150 at 132¾, 100 at 133, 50 at 134, 200 at 134½, 200 at 134, 300 at 134¾, 108 at 134, 175 at 133¾, 75 at 133½, 25 at 133, 125 at 132¾, 25 at 133½, 25 at 133½, 100 at 133, 10 at 133½, 15 at 133; Northwest Land Co., 79 and 75; Rich. & Ont. Nav. Co., 69½ and 69; sales 50 at 28½, 55 at 59, 10 at 59¼, 4 at 59½, 50 at 59¾, 200 at 60; City Pass. R.R., 190 and 174; Montreal Gas Co., 179½ and 176; Can. Pac. R.R., 90¼ and 90, sales 175 at 89¾, 425 at 90; Can. Cotton Company, 60 and 62½; Dom. Cotton Co., 140 and 125; Com. Cable Co., 152¼ and 151½, sales 25 at 150½, 25 at 150¾, 25 at 151, 50 at 151½, 50 at 152; Bell Telephone, 159 and 158, sales 25 at 159; G. T. 1sts, asked 70.

JOHN J. DIXON & CO

STOCK BROKERS

Canada Life Assurance Building.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions bought and sold for cash or on margin.

Private wires to New York and Chicago. Telephone 2212.

THE MONEY MARKET.

Discount rate on the open market in London was unchanged at 2⅝ per cent.

Local market unchanged, call loans offering at 4½ to 5 per cent.

Money was unchanged in New York, at the close being offered at 2 per cent.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE.

Local rates reported by H. F. Wyatt:

BETWEEN BANKS.	Counter.	Buyers.	Sellers.
New York funds	¼ to ⅜	Par	¼ pr
Sterling, 60 days	9⅝ to 9¾	9 9-16	9¾
do demand	10 to 10⅛	9 11-16	9¾

RATES IN NEW YORK.	Posted.	Actual.
Sterling 60 days	4.86 to	4.83½ to 4.85½
do demand	4.89 to	4.8⅝ to 4.87½

Bank of England rate—3 per cent.

ROBERT COCHRAN

Member of Toronto Stock Exchange.)

PRIVATE WIRES

Direct to Chicago Board of Trade and New York Stock Exchange.

53 COLBORNE-STREET and Rotunda Board of Trade

GRAIN AND FLOUR.

Another drop in wheat was chronicled in the American wheat markets to-day, while the English were steady. There was no material change in the local market.

Wheat—Dull and without material change. A round lot of Midland spring changed hands at 90c free storage till May. No. 2 fall was wanted at 84c on spot; $1.05 was wanted for No. 1 hard with $1.03½ bid, and $1.06½ was bid for extra No. 1 hard. No. 2 hard offered at $1 to arrive at North Bay with 99c bid, and same grade was wanted on spot at 99½c, Winnipeg Inspection to arrive at Sarnia, grinding in transit privileges, $1.03 was asked and $1 bid. No. 3 hard offered at 94c via Point Edward, with grinding in transit privileges; same grade was wanted at 91c will be shipped. Feed barley was wanted at 45c to arrive at North Bay with sellers at 47½c; on spot 48c was asked and 43c bid.

Barley—Demand was reported good for the better grades. A round lot of 3000 bushels of No. 1 lying east changed hands at 54½c for shipment to Montreal for malting; 46c would be paid for No. 2 extra outside.

Buckwheat—Demand good; 3500 bushels changed hands at 50c at lake point and 3,000 bushels lying north sold at 48c.

Oats—Firmer; mixed and white were quoted at 33½c to 34c on track and at 30c to 31c outside.

Rye—Easier at 87c and 88c outside.

Bran—Prices seem firmer outside and easier here.

Money to Lend

CURRENT RATES

ALEXANDER & FERGUSSON,

Bank of Commerce Building.

TELEPHONE 1352.

STREET MARKET.

Receipts of grain were larger to-day. Wheat unchanged, 200 bushels selling at 91c to 92c for red and white, 87c to 88c for spring. Barley steady, 500 bushels selling at 51c to 54c. Oats firm, 200 bushels selling at 34c to 35c. Hay in moderate supply and unchanged at $15 to $16 for timothy and $12 to $13 for clover. Straw higher at $10 to $13. Dressed meats were firmer at $6.25 to $6.40. Dressed meats were in fair supply and unchanged. Beef 6c to 7½c for hind quarters, and 4c to 5½c for fore; mutton 6c to 7c by the carcass; veal 6c to 7½c a pound.

ST. LAWRENCE MARKET.

Receipts of all kinds were small to-day and demand was not good. The only change was a further decline in eggs.

Eggs—Quiet and easier at 17c, new laid 22c to 24c.

Butter—Scarce and firm. Pound rolls 25c to 26c, large rolls, tubs, crocks and pails 18c to 21c.

Poultry—Quiet and prices steady. We quote: Turkeys, 13c to 14c; geese, 9c to 10c; chickens, 50c to 70c; ducks, 70 to $1.

Vegetables — Dull. We quote: Turnips, 15c to 20c per peck; carrots and beets, 20c per peck; onions, 40c per peck; celery, 75c to $1.25 per dozen; potatoes, 15c per peck; apples, 20c to 25c a peck; red cabbage, 10c to 25c a head; squash, 10c to 20c each; horse radishes, 15c a bunch; parsnips, 20c a peck; mint, 20 to 25c per dozen; citrons, 15c apiece; leeks, 5c per bunch; oyster plant, 5c per bunch; mushrooms, 60c per dozen; artichoke, 30c to 40c a peck, $1 per bag.

L. COFFEE & CO

ESTABLISHED 1845.

Choice spring wheat, also red and white winter for sale in car or cargo lots. Samples sent and prices quoted on application. 38 Church-street, Toronto. 1

PROVISIONS.

Eggs continue weak and some dealers are quoting lots 15c cheaper. Butter continues scarce and firm. A car load of dressed hogs was bought outside at 6⅝c a pound. We quote: Eggs, fresh, 18c per dozen; limed, 15c; butter, prime dairy in tubs, 16c to 18c a lb; crocks, 16c to 18c; rolls, 17c to 18c; creamery, tubs, 20c to 27c; creamery, rolls, 25c to 29c; bakers, 11c to 13c a lb; new cured roll bacon, 8½c to 8¾c a lb; smoked hams, 10½c to 11c a lb; short cut pork, $15.50 to $16; long clear bacon, 7¾c to 8c; new cured bellies, 11c to 11½c per lb; new cured backs, 10½ to 11c per lb; American mess pork, $18.50 to $14; dressed hogs, $6 to $6.10; mess beef, $10 to $11 a bbl.; cheese, 12c per lb; lard, pure, 10c for tubs and pails; compound, 6½c to 6c per lb.

PRODUCE.

The potato market was easier to-day: one car sold at 30c on track. We quote: Potatoes, single bags, 50c to 55c; wagon load 35c to 45c, carlots 30c to 32c per bag. Apples, Greenings, $1.50 to $1.75; Spies, $2 to $2.50 a barrel. Sweet potatoes, $2.50 to $3 per bbl. Baled hay, No. 1, $11.50 to $12; No. 2, $10 to $11.00. Baled straw, $6 to $7. Hops 19c to 20c for new, yearlings 15c to 18c. White beans, $1.25 to $1.30 out of store. Evaporated apples, 5c to 8½c; dried, 4½c to 4¾c.

SMEDDON'S REPORT.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Floating cargoes—Wheat steady, corn nil. Cargoes on passage, wheat and corn steady. French country markets steady. Liverpool—Spot wheat firm, but not active; corn, buyers hold off.

4.30 p.m.—Liverpool futures, wheat steady, corn firmer; wheat, No. 1 Cal., 7s 11d for March and April, 7s 9¾d for June; corn, 4s 3½d for April, 4s 2d for June. Paris wheat quiet, flour steady; wheat 25, was 25 70 for Feb., was 25.80 for March; flour 24, was 25 for Feb. Antwerp—Spot wheat quieter; No. 1 Cal. 22.70, was 23 for Feb.; red winter 24.75, was 22.75¾. English country markets generally 6d to 1s cheaper.

SURE

GRIP

TACKLE, BLOCKS.

The Best, Quickest and Safest made,

RICE LEWIS & SON

(Limited)

TORONTO.

LIVERPOOL MARKETS.

LIVERPOOL, Feb. 27.—Wheat steady, demand poor, holders offer moderately; corn steady, demand poor. Wheat, spring, 8s 1½d; wheat, red, No. 2 winter, 8s; wheat, No. 1 Cat., 8s 1d. Corn, 4s 9d. New peas, 6s. Pork, 56s *3d. Lard, 34s 3d. Bacon, heavy, 33s; bacon, light, 35s. Tallow, 25s. Cheese (white and colored), 48s.

DULUTH WHEAT MARKET.

DULUTH, Feb. 27 (close).—No. 1 hard 89½c for May and No. 1 northern at 88½c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Fluctuations in New York stock market as received by John J. Dixon & Co. were as follows:

DESCRIPTION.	Op'ng	H'gh	Low'st	Clos'g
Atchison	35½	35¾	35⅜	35⅝
Chicago, Burlington & Q. ex.	104¼	105	104¼	104¾
Canada Southern	59¾	60¼	59¾	60¼
Chicago Gas Trust	68	73⅝	68	73⅝
Del. Lac. & W.	139½	140½	139½	140½
Del. & Hudson	133	133¼	133	133¼
Erie	33¾	33⅞	33½	33⅞
Jersey Central	139	140¼	139	140¼
Louisville & Nash	74¾	74	73⅝	73⅝
Mo. Pacific	61¾	61⅞	61⅛	61⅜
N.Y. and New Eng.	49¾	49⅞	49¼	49⅜
Northern Pacific pref.	67½	67⅝	67¼	67⅜
Northwestern	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝	116⅝
Phila. & Reading	53⅞	54⅛	53⅝	53⅞
Rock Island	83½	83½	83½	83½
Richmond Terminal	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛
St. Paul	78⅝	78⅝	77⅞	77⅞
St. Paul pref.	83¾	83¾	83¾	83¾
Texas Pacific	10⅛	10⅝	10⅛	10⅝
Tenn. Coal & Iron	44¾	45	44¾	45
Union Pacific	46⅝	46⅞	46¼	46⅝

New Prunes

In Cases and Hogsheads.

P. C. Larkin & Co

25 Front-street East. 135

Wholesale Grocers. - - Toronto.

CHICAGO GRAIN AND PRODUCE.

Fluctuations in the Chicago grain and produce markets, as received by John J. Dixon & Co., are as follows:

	Op'ng	H'gh	Low'st	Clos'g
Wheat—May	92	92⅝	90⅞	92⅛
Corn—May	42¾	42¾	42	42
Oats—May	31⅛	31⅛	33¼	30⅝
Pork—May	11 50	11 52	11 37	11 52
Lard—May	6 20	6 22	6 11	6 22
S. Ribs—May	5 90	5 92	5 85	5 87

Wheat—Puts 89⅝ | Corn—Puts
" —Calls 91⅝ | " —Calls

PRIESTMAN & CO.,

Brokers and Commission Merchants.

Toronto and Hamilton.

Cor. Jordan and Melinda. 30 King William-st.

Private wires to New York and Chicago Exchanges.

Reference—The Traders' Bank of Canada. 135

COTTON AND OIL.

A. G. Brown quotes the following fluctuations in New York Cotton and Oil Exchanges to-day: Cotton—March opening $6.74, highest $6.76, lowest $6.75, closing $6.75; April, opening $6.85, highest $6.88, lowest $6.84, closing $6.84; May, opening $6.95, highest $7.00, lowest $6.95, closing $6.95; Aug., opening $7.28, highest $7.30, lowest $7.25, closing $7.26; Sept., opening $7.38, highest $7.38, lowest $7.36, closing $7.36. Oil—Opening 58⅝c, highest 58⅝c, lowest 57⅝c, closing 58c.

MERCHANTS!

I am offering BRIGHT GOLDEN SYRUP 25 cents per gallon, which is exceptionally good value.

JAMES LUMBERS,

Wholesale Grocer, Toronto.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 27.—Cotton steady, uplands 7 1-16, gulf 7 7-16; futures quiet, sales 67,300 bales; March $6.75, April $6.84, May $6.95, June $7.05, July $7.15, Aug. $7.26. Flour heavy. Wheat—Receipts 123,000, exports 110,000, sales 955,000 futures, 128,000 spot; spot weaker. No. 2 red $1.04¾ to $1.05¼, store and elevator, ungraded red 82¾c to $1.02¾. No. 1 Northern $1.06⅞ to $1.09⅝. No. 1 hard $1.07⅝ to $1.07⅞. Options closed No. 2 red, Feb. $1.04¾, March $1.04⅝, April $1.04⅝, May $1.05¼, June $1.01⅛, July 99c. Rye—Firm, western 97c to 99½c. Barley dull. No. 2 Mil. 68c to 70c. Corn—Receipts 112,000, exports 70,000, sales 745,000 futures, 152,000 spot; spots firmer; No. 2 49½c elevator, ungraded mixed 48½c to 50c. Steamer mixed 49¾ to 49¾. Options steady, Feb. 49½c, March 49¾, April 49⅞, May 49⅞, July 49⅝. Oats—Receipts 49,000, sales 80,000 futures, 50,000 spot; spot weaker; options easier; Feb. 36½c, March 36½c, May 37c; mixed 36c to 37½c, white 37c to 41c. Sugar steady, standard "A" 4c to 4⅛c, cut loaf and crushed 5 to 5⅛c, powdered 4⅛c to 4¼c, granulated 4c to 4⅛c. Eggs weak, 17c.

Gossip From Chicago.

Estimated hogs Monday 26,000 and for next 140,000.

Estimated cars to-morrow: Wheat 220, corn 420, oats 182.

Counselman & Day to John J. Dixon & Co.: Speculative markets were active to-day, and ½ higher because early cables were not so weak as expected, but owing to large receipts at primary points and light clearances from the seaboard holders became discouraged over the prospect of a large increase in the visible supply, and the market declined 2 cents under heavy liquidation. Provisions declined under free selling of long stock for country account.

Kennett, Hopkins & Co. to R. Cochran: For several days foreign advices have indicated an apathetic demand here. Our exports have fallen off. The crop outlook here and abroad has improved, and an early spring and ground in prime condition for planting have seemed assured. The result has been a decided reaction in prices, and 30 cent prophets are out in full force. Continued liquidation by longs has depressed oats, and the influx of cash from the east has had a bearish influence on that cereal. It is not expected they will sell off much more at present, but ought to be a purchase on this decline. It seems to be the fashion to sell everything just now and provisions go with the rest.

W. A. CAMPBELL, GEO. H. MAY

CAMPBELL & MAY

Assignees in Trust, Accountants, Auditors, Collecting Attorneys, Etc.

Merchants' and Joint Stock Companies' Books opened, audited, intricate accounts adjusted, collections made, etc. 30 Front-street East, Toronto. Telephone 1709. 136

Gossip From Gotham.

Kennett, Hopkins & Co. to R. Cochran: Denver and Rio Grande securities have furnished the sensation to-day. The coal stocks have been very active at higher prices. There are rumors that Pennsylvania Co. leased Delaware and Hudson and that further combinations will be made to fight the Reading. There is no little Jersey, Delaware and Lackawanna and Delaware and Hudson in the street, it is easy to manipulate them and it is dangerous to be short of them. General market has been dull. There is renewed talk of division of St. Paul and it seems to have some basis of truth. The bank statement is distinctly bad, its worst feature being loss of specie. Looks as if there would be a change in money condition very soon. Total sales 142,452.

Henry Allen to John J. Dixon & Co.: The colliery were the feature to-day on the rumor from Philadelphia that the D. & H. had been absorbed by the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. Although the report was semi-officially denied it found many willing believers and induced fresh buying of all the coal stocks. Although some short sales were made on the publication of the figures they had but little effect on prices and the market closed steadier in tone than for several