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LIBBIE LOCKED HER DOOR.

MRS. BRENNAN'S EXHIBITION OF TEMPER AT HUNTSVILLE.

Miss Jeffrey, Aged 19, Says She Had to Leave the Service of the Brennans Because Joe Attempted to Assault Her—Fifty Dollars of Hush Money—More Domestic Broils.

Mr. Justice Falconbridge was occupied the greater part of yesterday with the now notorious case of Brennan v. Brennan. The trial was advanced another stage but a fresh field of evidence was opened up, and the end is not yet. There was a good deal of speculation yesterday as to what the result of the remarkable piece of litigation would be, and some there were sufficiently venturesome to offer to take a small bet upon the verdict. His Lordship at the close of the evidence for the defence suggested that an amicable settlement would be the most satisfactory termination to the matrimonial scandal. The counsel engaged in the case did not appear to think so. At any rate the judge's suggestion was coldly received—they would not even discuss the point save in His Lordship's presence. Mr. Justice Falconbridge signified his willingness to meet the counsel in his private room and thither they accordingly repaired. The attempt to come to an agreement was abortive, and the case will now be fought to the bitter end.

There were some more witnesses to speak of Joe's good character, some more questioning of the severest type, some more lively domestic episodes revealed, and when the court rose at 6 o'clock there was still more testimony to follow. Mr. D'Alton McCarthy went to Montreal last night to address the Equal Rights meeting in that city this evening. In his absence his namesake of Barrie, who is assisting in the case, and Mr. S. H. Blake will conduct the defence for the Brennans.

The plaintiff was seated all day in her old place. She looked pallid and careworn, occasionally somewhat listless, but as a rule watching the proceedings with intense interest. Joe was in attendance, listening to the statements of Miss Abbie Addie and Eliza Jeffrey with somewhat curious expression on his face.

He Always Kissed Her.

Wilsam H. Hunt was the first witness called. He had known Joe for fully 18 years—was a frequent caller at his house, and he noticed that whenever Joe went out with him he always kissed his wife good-bye. They seemed happy and contented and apparently loved each other very much. Under Mr. Neville's questioning the witness admitted that he had heard of Joe's doings with some girls, but he had never known him to be incapable from the use of liquor.

Alfred Rouse, foreman of the Central Fire Station, Hamilton, denied the stories about the drinking at the fire hall. M. A. Piggott and David Brown, two Hamilton contractors, declared Joe to be sober and well behaved.

John Alfred Brennan, brother of Joe, gave some particulars about the courtship and wedding and the subsequent married life of his brother and sister-in-law. The courtship was of the ordinary kind, but the plaintiff seemed to be quite demonstrative—the pair seemed to love each other—they spent a great deal of time in each other's company. After they had some experience of married life he was at their house one day and asked Libbie if her love for Joe was as strong as ever and she said: "Yes," and then went over and sat on Joe's lap and kissed him. In reply to Mr. Kerr, Q.C., witness stated that he did not know that his brother Joe had illegitimate children. He had, however, heard Joe's name associated with children of Elizabeth Ibbitson and Bridget Horgan. The only thing that occurred after marriage that would prevent Libbie and her husband living peacefully together was some display of temper on the part of Mrs. Brennan.

Mr. McCarthy: Tell me what you know about Mrs. Brennan's temper?—A. At Huntsville one night in August, 1887, my brother and I were talking when Mrs. Brennan came down stairs and called on Joe to come to bed. Joe said he would come in a moment, and then Mrs. Brennan went upstairs, slammed the bedroom door to and locked it. When Joe tried to get in he found his wife's bedroom door locked and he had to sleep with me.

Mr. McCarthy: Did you ever see her display her temper on any other occasion?—A. Yes, on several occasions, frequent enough to convince me that she had a violent dangerous temper.

This closed the case for the defence.

What Took Place in the Kitchen.

Mr. Kerr intimated that he proposed to adduce evidence in rebuttal of testimony given by Joe Brennan and on his behalf regarding improprieties during his married life. The first witness called was Eliza Jeffrey, a girl of 19 summers who had been a domestic in the employ of the Brennans, but who was now in service at West Toronto Junction. She remained a little more than a week and a little less than a fortnight in the employ of the Brennans.

Mr. Neville: Why did you leave?

Mr. D'Alton McCarthy: I object to this question, as it was not brought up during the process of the plaintiff's case.

Mr. Kerr: We did propose to bring it out but your Lordship stopped us. It is certainly admissable by way of distinct contradiction.

Mr. D'Alton McCarthy submitted that the evidence could not be received in reply because they would be practically opening up a new case, the defence would have to give other evidence—and he was instructed that they could do so—in rebuttal. After some fencing between the counsel and a reference to the shorthand writer's note as to what had taken place on a previous day, His Lordship decided to admit the evidence but cautioned Mr. Neville against asking leading questions.

The witness then told the following story:

The reason I left Mrs. Brennan's service was that Joe insulted me. The little boy was taken ill with the croup one night and Mrs. Brennan went out to the druggist to get something for him. Joseph Brennan was in the house nursing the baby in the dining room. I was in the kitchen reading. Mr. Brennan came in and said he wanted to go to bed and asked me to go up and pull the bed down. After I had done this I came down stairs and began reading again in the kitchen. Joseph Brennan came in and asked me what book I was reading. I told him it was none of his business. He then put the light out and attempted to assault me. I screamed. And in consequence of my screams he let me up. Next day I informed Mrs. Brennan and she asked me to state what I had told her in the presence of Joe. When I did so he got up and attempted to strike me. I left and had a summons taken out and was paid $50 to settle the matter.

Mr. McCarthy: Joseph Brennan indignantly denied what you said about the assault!—A. Yes.

Mr. McCarthy: And he was so angry that he struck you and ordered you out of the house!—A. Yes.

Mr. McCarthy: Who gave you the $50 to settle the matter?—A. My lawyer, Mr. Sadlier. I put the matter into his hands.

He Teases His Wife and Calls Her Red-Headed.

Mrs. Abbie Addie, milliner, was called for re-examination. She stated that she lived from March, 1887, until April, 1888, in Joe Brennan's house at Hamilton. She owned to the impeachment of knowing John McCoy—there are two Johns—but she spoke of the one who is talked of as Long John. He was connected with a drygoods establishment and wanted to combine drygoods and millinery. Joe Brennan had insinuated that John McCoy went to see Libbie, but that was not true. It was her (Abbie) he went to see. Never to her knowledge did Joe spend any evening with Mrs. Brennan alone. Witness had seen Joe so drunk that he could not walk. Good heard him threaten his wife's life and shake and swear at his child. On the night of the 24th of March, 1888, Joe came home between 12 and 1 o'clock, with two companions, whose names, he said, were Overholt and Brower. She heard them talking, and Joe was singing "My Nellie's Blue Eyes." After Overholt and Brower left Joe went upstairs and entered her room partly dressed. She said, "Joe, you are in the wrong room." Joe never spoke, but approached her bed. She then called out, "Libbie, Joe is in my room." She then jumped out of bed and ran into Mrs. Brennan's bedroom. He remained in her room and slept there all night. She heard Mrs. Brennan next day ask Joe what he was doing in Abbie's room, but Joe closed the door and she could not hear anything more of what was said. At breakfast Joe teased his wife, pulled her hair and called her "red-headed." He also used language that she would not care to repeat. He got very drunk that night and lay for some hours in the hall. On the last night of her stay at Brennan's Joe's behaviour was equally bad. In consequence of his conduct she decided to leave.

Mr. Blake cross-examined the witness upon Joe's treatment of the child—Hallie. She would not say that he was unkind to the child, but he shook and swore at him on Sunday, the 25th of March. Did he, the witness was asked, exhibit proper parental feeling towards the child? "If he loved the child he would not swear at it, would he?" was the retort. You have given us, said Mr. Blake, two occasions on which Joe behaved badly to his wife, were there any other occasions? To this witness responded that he was always swearing.

Mr. Blake: You never swore in your life!—A. [With warmth and indignation] No, I never did.

Mr. Blake: When he shook the boy and threatened to kill him and his mother if they did not leave the house did you go out?—A. No; I got a broom. [Laughter.]

Mr. Blake: You did not try that better weapon, a woman's tongue?—A. No. [Laughter.]

The case will be resumed to-day.

THE YOUNG LIBERALS' CLUB.

The Fight for the Presidency Will Take Place Next Monday Evening.

The annual meeting of the Young Men's Liberal Club was held in their rooms in the Richmond Hall last night. A large number of members were present. Mr. J.S. Willison, the president, was in the chair. The chief feature of the evening was the nomination of officers. Thirteen names were proposed for the presidency; out of which four were selected for the election next Monday night: J. W. McPherson, A. H. Donald, A. M. Taylor, Thomas Wallace. The name of Mr. J. S. Willison was among those proposed, many pleasing remarks being made in reference to his untiring zeal and unflinching energy in the interests of the club during his presidential career. Mr. Willison replied, thanking the members in feeling terms for the words of praise with which he was being repaid for his work in behalf of the club.

For the office of First Vice-President, eleven members were proposed, the names of M. G. Cameron and J. Knowles being finally selected as competitors for election night. A. T. Herman, Second Vice-President; A. King, Third Vice-President; W. Carlyle, Corresponding Secretary; J. J. Ramson, Recording Secretary; J. H. Gilmore, Treasurer; Stewart Lyon, Librarian, were all elected unanimously.

The treasurer read a satisfactory financial report for the past year, which was adopted. Three hundred and thirty-two proposals for membership were made.

WE WON'T LOCATE IN KINGSTON.

Mr. Herman Force Will Erect His Oilcloth Factory at Toronto.

Kingstonians will be a little surprised to hear that Mr. Herman Force of Askawana, N. Y., with whom they have been dickering some time for the establishment of an oilcloth factory at the Limestone City, has decided to locate in Toronto. For some time past Mr. Force has been in Kingston nursing his oilcloth scheme, and the citizens there organized a company with a capital of $50,000 to carry it through.

However, Mr. Force changed his mind, came up to Toronto yesterday and fell in with Hees, Anderson & Co. In the afternoon The World was shown a contract signed by Mr. Force and Hees, Anderson & Co., the terms of which settled the location of the factory. Hees, Anderson & Co. are to erect and equip a building in connection with their present factory in Davenport-road. Mr. Force is to be taken on at a salary and to have an interest in the business. The factory will employ about 50 hands.

Merchants can warehouse goods in bond or free with Mitchell, Miller & Co. Negotiable warehouse receipts issued; rate of insurance low.

The Jewelry Stolen from Government House.

The police yesterday received information from the Buffalo authorities that two supposed crooks had been arrested in that city. They gave their names as Frank Regan and Patrick Burns. A sum of money and a quantity of jewelry was found upon them. The jewelry is undoubtedly that stolen from Government House a few evenings ago. Detective Slemin went to Buffalo last night to identify the jewelry and the supposed thieves.

For Alienating His Wife's Affections.

Mr. W. G. Murdock, for his client, Henry E. Miller, yesterday issued a writ against Charles Gentleman, a sewing machine agent of 545 Queen-street west, for $10,000 damages. The causes of action, as endorsed on the writ, are "for that the defendant debauched and carnally knew the plaintiff's wife and alienated her affections from the plaintiff." The defendant is a gay sewing machine agent and is a married man.

Trowern, Jewelry Manufacturer, has removed from Yonge-street to 113 King-street west, south side, four doors east of Rossin House. 246

The Sewers of St. Mark's Ward.

In a long letter to the Mayor yesterday Dr. Canniff replies to Dr. Spencer touching the condition of the sewers in St. Mark's Ward, in which he concludes that there is absolutely no proof that the sewers were the cause of the outbreak of diphtheria, and that the number of cases of diphtheria reported from St. Mark's Ward since the first of the year is far less than for some other years.

At the Agricultural Farm.

The opening of the sewage works in connection with Guelph Agricultural College took place yesterday. The system is that of Major Conder, that is through the agency of porous carbon. Quite a number of Torononians were present, including Hon. Charles Drury and the members of the local Board of Health.

Advances made on merchandise warehoused with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

The Good Service Coming.

Mr. W. E. Redway, marine engineer, has received instructions from the ferry company which has bought out the Dotys to prepare plans for four new steel ferry steamers for the Island service, at a total cost of $160,000. They are intended to be ready by the spring of 1891.

Sexsmith & Sons' Statement.

The statement of Sexsmith & Sons, tailors, shows the liabilities to be $2714 and assets $979.

Merchants can warehouse goods in bond or free with Mitchell, Miller & Co. Negotiable warehouse receipts issued; rate of insurance low

The Sheffield House Importing Company (Registered),

45 Yonge-street (below King). New Sterling Silver goods suitable for wedding presents. Our English spoons and forks are guaranteed for 10 years. C. E. Robinson, Manager. 246

Try Betts' 25c dinners. 17 & 19 Jordan-street. Board $3.00 per week.

We have some of the finest natural wool underwear ever imported. Before you buy your winter supply look in at White's, 65 King west. Laundry in connection.

Advances made on merchandise warehoused with Mitchell, Miller & Co., 45 Front-street east.

J. R. Armstrong & Co., of the "City Foundery," have removed from 164 Yonge-street to 219, 221 and 223 Queen-street east. d

Try Tutti Frutti Gum for Indigestion.

A GLADSTONIAN VICTORY.

THE HOME RULERS GAIN THE SEAT FOR PETERBORO.

Results of the Second Elections in France—Boulanger off for Jersey—A Terrible Storm in the United Kingdom—Many Vessels Wrecked—General Cable News.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—The election at Peterboro to-day to fill the Parliamentary seat made vacant by the death of Wm. J. W. Fitzwilliam resulted in the return of Mr. Morton, the Gladstonian candidate, who polled 1893 votes, against 1642 cast for Mr. Burns, the Unionist nominee. At the last election Mr. Fitzwilliam, who stood as a Liberal-Unionist, received 1780 votes and Mr. Greenwood, the Home Rule candidate, 1491.

A Big Blow in the U. K.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—A terrific gale prevailed to-day throughout Great Britain and Ireland. It is particularly severe along the Mersey. Much damage has been done at Blackpool and in Lancashire and in Ireland. Large numbers of wrecks are reported in the Irish Channel. The telegraph wires in many places have been blown down. The ship Princess Louise, from Quebec, is ashore in the Mersey.

The storm has destroyed 100 yards of the Holyhead breakwater and isolated the lighthouse. The coast is strewn with wreckage. A large steamer is ashore off Aberffraw, Wales.

Boulanger Off For Jersey.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—General Boulanger, accompanied by his secretary and a female companion, started secretly to-night for the Isle of Jersey. Rooms have been engaged for the party at a hotel. The General's horses were sent ahead yesterday.

A Ship Railway Scheme.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—The Chamber of Commerce to-day discussed a scheme submitted by William Smith, a harbor engineer of Aberdeen, for the construction of railways to convey ships from ports to inland manufacturing centres. The project was regarded with favor.

Goschen Looking for Facts.

LONDON, Oct. 7.—Mr. Goschen is making a tour of the southwest portion of Ireland. The object of his trip is to glean facts to assist him in drafting the new land bill.

Wholesale Arrests.

DUBLIN, Oct. 7.—Thirty farmers have been arrested at Tipperary for refusing to pay market tolls on Smith Barrie's estate.

Burnt to Death.

DUBLIN, Oct. 7.—John MacCormack, who returned to Ireland from America some time ago, was recently evicted from his home at Sligo. After his eviction he built for himself a shanty. To-day his shanty caught fire accidentally and MacCormack was burned to death.

Natalie Defiant.

BELGRADE, Oct. 7.—Ex-Queen Natalie has resolved to face every consequence of her defiance of the Government and will decline to accept any decision of the Skupstchina restricting her stay in Servia. She contends that the ordinary Skuptschina is not qualified to interfere in the matter.

Natalie offers to bind herself to avoid political strife and leave Belgrade during the presence here of King Milan.

Declines to Interfere.

BELGRADE, Oct. 7.—The Greek Metropolitan Michael declines to interfere in the annulment of the divorce of ex-King Milan and ex-Queen Natalie. The ex-Queen will therefore petition Parliament for an annulment of the decree.

Finally Repulsed.

BERLIN, Oct. 7. — The North German Gazette, commenting on the French elections, says the attack upon the fundamental principles of the existing constitution of France may be considered as finally repulsed.

Kaiser and Czar Will Hunt.

BERLIN, Oct. 7.—The Boersen Zeitung says the Czar will stay at the Russian Embassy during his sojourn here. His Majesty will accompany Emperor William on a hunting expedition at Letzlingen Friday, returning to Berlin Saturday. On the following day he will state for St. Petersburg.

A Propitious Time to Secure Peace.

PARIS, Oct. 7.—According to the latest estimate the new Chamber of Deputies will have 365 Republicans and 211 Opposition members. This estimate inclues the colonial members. The Temps, commenting upon the fact that the Moderates, headed by MM. Say and Ribaut, have a dominating influence in the Republican party, says it considers the time propitious for a policy of reconciliation toward all classes with a view to a consolidation of the republic and the permanent establishment of peace and order.

Of the new Chamber of Deputies 362 members belonged to the last chamber, the remainder consists of 43 members of former chambers and 239 new men. The ranks both of the Boulangist and Moderate have been at the expense of the Radicals, who have lost 50 seats. The Moderates are liable to be outvoted by a coalition unless they secure the support of 30 members of the Right or 30 Radicals.

Khulalonkorn's in Paris.

PARIS, Oct. 7.—The King of Siam arrived here to-day.

All Aboard for Dashak, Kelat and Meshed.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 7.—The Government is making arrangements for the construction of a railway from Askabad to Meshed by way of Dashak and Kelat.

Cable Flashes.

It is reported that the Sultan will grant amnesty to the Cretan insurgents.

A fire which originated in a saw mill destroyed twenty houses at Antwerp yesterday. The loss is very heavy.

Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett was thrown from her pony cart Sunday, falling upon her head and sustaining serious injury.

In Paris the total Republican vote on the re-ballot is 208,000 and the Boulangist vote 209,000. The Boulangists have lost only 35,000 votes since January.

The Bavarian Government has submitted to the Landtag a bill providing for the laying of a double track on all single track railways. The sum of 50,000,000 marks is asked for the purpose.

It is officially announced that Emperor William will arrive at Athens on Oct. 26. He will stay for five days and will then go direct to Constantinople. Afterwards he will visit Olympia in Greece. His proposed visit to Rome has been abandoned.

The London Times' Paris correspondent says that for the present Boulangism is vanquished, but it may revive in more respectable and intelligent shape. The only way for the Government to prevent this is to rule in a conciliatory spirit and with economy.

The Journal des Debats announces that the Government has greatly relaxed the severity of Alsace-Lorraine passport regulations. Passengers unprovided with passports are allowed to telegraph to the Ministry for authority to proceed, which is generally given.

It is officially announced that the new Chamber of Deputies will be composed of 362 Republicans and 205 members of the Opposition. The Republicans comprise 236 Moderates and 126 Radicals. The Opposition consists of 100 Royalists, 58 Bonapartists and 47 Boulangists.

E. A. Burke, ex-treasurer of Louisiana, has got the ear of an Associated Press reporter in London. The Major says he was called back by urgent telegrams when he started on the Teutonic and got as far as Queenstown. Major Burke hopes to sail within a week for New York and it is believed the sheriff of the parish of Orleans, La., is in thorough accord with him in this hope.

WITH MURDER IN HIS HEART.

A New Story About the Victim of Policeman Hawkins' Revolver.

HAMILTON, Oct. 7.—The Spectator to-night gives some new developments with reference to the Douglas shooting case, which make it appear that the victim of Policeman Hawkins' chance shot came to Hamilton with a fixed purpose to kill the pastor of Wentworth-street Presbyterian Church, Rev. James Murray. The facts were gathered from residents of Streetsville by a Spectator reporter this morning. Rev. Mr. Murray was for several years pastor of the Presbyterian Church at Streetsville and Douglas, who was a member of his congregation, conceived a strong dislike for him, which was deepened into a burning hatred by the fact that Douglas fell hopelessly in love with Miss Maggie Webster, who subsequently became the wife of Rev. Mr. Murray. Douglas gave various indications of his enmity and it is said even went so far as to threaten to shoot the pastor.

It was on Dominion Day, 1887, that Douglas first became dangerously violent. On that day he rushed bareheaded and barefooted through the streets of the village, howling and praying, announcing himself as Christ who had come to save the world, and uttering wild, incoherent maledictions in which the names of Mr. Murray and Miss Webster were repeatedly heard. He ran into the telegraph office and wrote out a message which he handed to the operator and ordered him to send it at once. The message was addressed to Rev. Mr. McLaren of Brampton, moderator of the Streetsville church, and it requested him to come up to Streetsville to marry Douglas and Miss Webster.

For several days after this Douglas made things very lively around town. He made a desperate attempt to abduct or assault a young girl named Monaghan. She was near her father's house in a retired place when Douglas drove by. When he saw her he stopped his horse, jumped down from the carriage and without saying a word seized the girl and dragged her towards the carriage. Her screams were heard by several men at work in Graydon's sawmill and they hurried to her assistance. Douglas showed fight and it was only by employing force that the men could get the girl out of his hands. He became the terror of the village.

It is stated that while in this city Douglas had enquired several times for the residence of the clergyman and that he had been seen several times, after dark, in the neighborhood of Rev. Mr. Murray's house.

M. D.S AT $60 EACH.

Doctors Turned Out by the Score—A University on Paper.

BOSTON, Oct. 7.—The Herald exposes two more bogus diploma mills which have been flooding the country with sheepskins certifying for the sum of $60 more that the owners have completed a thorough course of study in medicine and are qualified to practice as physicians. How many lives have been lost by reason of the inexperience of the so-called "doctors of medicine" graduated from the bogus colleges will probably never be known, but the projectors of the scheme have apparently grown rich at the expense of the credulous and foolish. All the evidence against them is of the most conclusive nature there is every probability that they will be put where they cannot endanger the public welfare for some time to come.

Investigation has revealed the fact that bogus medical diplomas can be purchased for prices ranging from $60 to $300 in New Hampshire, Vermont, New York, New Jersey, Ohio and Canada. Three years ago a medical diploma mill was unearthed in Augusta, Me., and it is believed that the business carried on in the present scheme received their training in that institution. The first intimation of their operations came from Buffalo last spring. A man whose shingle advertised him as an "M.D." applied for admission to the association of physicians in that city. The only credential he could show was a diploma bearing the seal of "Trinity University of Vermont." None of the older members of the association had ever heard of such an institution, and inquiry was made as to its standing.

The result was a surprise. The institution was found to be a regularly incorporated body, but it existed only on paper. Under the laws of Vermont any association whose avowed purpose it is to disseminate knowledge may be formed without making any record of the organization at the office of the Secretary of State. All that is necessary to equip one of these institutions is to make application to any town clerk for articles of incorporation and they are granted forthwith. The record never gets beyond his office. It was thus that the Trinity University sprang into existence. Applications for articles of incorporation were filed with the Town Clerk in Bennington, and the Secretary of State knew nothing of the university's existence.

A BIG BOW ABOUT BOODLE.

Said by a Winnipeg Correspondent to Exist in the Manitoba Cabinet.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 7.—A special to The Tribune from Winnipeg says: "For some time past there have been rumors of serious trouble among members of the Cabinet of the Manitoban Government. To-day it leaked out, one of the members who is in open hostility having furnished information, that a big row really exists and that it is likely to cause such a split that the downfall of the Government may result. The cause of the split is that Premier Greenway and Minister of Public Works Swart recently discovered that Attorney-General Martin, who is also vice-president of the Northern Pacific and Manitoba Railroads, has been profiting to a considerable extent through his connection with the companies by using other members of the Government as a sort of catspaw. When the Northern Pacific company expressed a desire to enter Manitoba as a competitor of the Canadian Pacific company all negotiations and the making of terms were left to Martin, who, it appears, practically conceded everything to the Northern Pacific, and thereby gained considerable 'boodle,' which his colleagues have never shared. Martin left for the States some time ago, and the last heard of him was that he would visit California before returning to Winnipeg."

An Appeal to Mixed Motives.

NEW YORK, Oct. 7.—At the Episcopal convention yesterday afternoon Bishop Clark of Rhode Island presided. Rev. Robert Shaw Lock, for fifteen years a missionary in China, spoke. He said the only hope of converting the Chinese, the Japanese or the natives of India was by having native missionaries. Rev Fauntz Moore (colored) of Cape Palmas, Africa, suggested that the United States should subsidise a line of steamers to Liberia. This, he urged, would benefit the commercial interests of the United States and benefit the interests of the church in Africa. He asked that $150,000 be given to the Liberian mission to build churches and schools and sustain missionaries. The Board of Missions adjourned after passing resolutions of regret for the death of Bishop Vail of Kansas, and appointing a deputation to attend his funeral.

Busy Shipyards.

CHICAGO, Oct. 7.—A local paper says: "The shipyards of the great lakes will be busy the coming winter. Thirty-five boats, of an aggregate tonnage of 67,330, and cost of $4,653,800, are under contract to be built, and the list will probably be increased by a half a dozen of other craft before snow flies. The great changes from sail to steam and wood to steel are especially marked this season. Of the tonnage under contract but 14,330 is for sail or tow, and this is intended mainly for the lumber trade. A year ago many far-sighted vesselmen predicted that the lake marine was overbuilt. Since then some 60 new boats have come from the shipyards. This great fleet has gone out and made money."

The Other Side.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 7.—The laborers at Navassa claim that in the recen trouble on the island they fought in self-defence, the bosses and managers having attacked them with firearms because they refused to work after being improperly treated.

STOLE A MARCH IN HAMILTON.

The Grand Trunk Secures a Right of Way for the Spur Line.

HAMILTON, Oct. 7.—Solomon Gage of Barton Township on Saturday sold to the Grand Trunk Railway for $2000—about four times its value—a strip of land through his farm for a right of way. Both Mr. Gage and the Grand Trunk people consider themselves fortunate—the former because he sold at so good a price, and the latter because they obtained so cheaply all the right of way necessary to connect the old Northern line with the main line, and thus get away ahead of the city in their opposition to the spur line scheme. The road will be built as soon as possible.

Messrs. Helm and Miller of the T., H. & B. projectorate are again in the city and as busy as ever. The route selected for the Toronto connection is across the bay, via Carroll's Point. A trestle work viaduct will span the bay and the Grand Trunk will be tunnelled under. From thence the line will run back of Kent's Paradise, Burlington Cemetery and around via Beasley's Hollow. The C. P. R. people propose following this route, too, to a certain extent. The C. P. R. track will be built across the bay from a point about 200 yards west of Carroll's Point. The unique feature of the C. P. R. scheme is that Engineer Jennings proposes to run right up Desjardins Canal, and so avoid tunnelling under the Grand Trunk. A long trestle work viaduct will serve to carry the train up the canal, where junction is made with land again, and thence the road will follow the curving of the natural road-bed to Hamilton.

STILL IN THE DARK.

The Inquest in the St. John Poisoning Case—Nothing New Elicited.

ST. JOHN, N.B., Oct. 7.—The enquiry into the death of Mrs. McRae was commenced before Coroner Berryman in the Police Court room this evening. Although thirteen witnesses were examined the public are still in the dark as to the nature of the evidence in possession of the Solicitor-General. All the witnesses simply testified to the death of Mrs. McRae and to the receiving of the candy. Post-office Inspector King and others stated that the packages were mailed in this city Tuesday evening previous to 9 o'clock. The investigation was adjourned until to-morrow evening at 8 o'clock.

All efforts to find out who the woman is that gave the information has proved fruitless, but that it was a woman is believed beyond doubt.

Would Likely Accuse Himself.

MONTREAL, Oct. 7.—A peculiar proposition was laid down by a prominent Montreal physician last night, who knew McDonald, now under arrest at St. John, N.B., in connection with the poison candy case. This gentleman said that McDonald's dismissal from the employ of the Canadian Pacific Railway was due to his religious mania and that his mind was badly deranged before any one there discovered his weakness. "But," said the physician, "his mania is of that peculiar kind that, if McDonald heard of the poisoning and Mrs. MacRae's death he would be very likely to go forward and, whether he were guilty or not, declare that he himself had sent the candy."

Fires of a Day.

BEAMSVILLE, Oct. 7.—This morning about 10.30 a fire was discovered in the upper part of the workshop in rear of A. H. Dodsworth's brick furniture store in King-street. The damage was considerable, those who are engaged in the removal of much of the large stock of furniture and the goods of the general store of George A. Beatty adjoining. The loss is between $2000 and $3000, partly covered by insurance in the Waterloo Mutual, but the stock was not insured. Loss between $500 and $600.

PETERBORO, Oct. 7.—This evening fire broke out in the three-story brick building attached to Oliver Brothers' rolling mill. When the fire department arrived difficulty was experienced in getting water. The fire spread rapidly and in a short time the machine, blacksmith and carshops and offices were destroyed. The fire started in the engine room and burned before it was discovered the governor stop on the large engine. The engine operating the fans ran at lightning speed. The employes could not get near it and the fire gained considerable headway before the fire department arrived. The loss will reach $250,000. Four hundred men are thrown out of employment.

A Strike Combine.

OMAHA, Oct. 7.—The agreement signed here by the joint committee of the federation of the Brotherhood of Engineers and Firemen, Knights of Labor, Switchmen's Mutual Aid Association and Brotherhood of Railway Brakemen provides that upon the Union Pacific Railway system there shall be organized a Board of Federation consisting of three members for each organization. In case the Executive or Grievance Committee of either organization, or finally the Federation Board, is unable to adjust any grievance and the aggrieved organization decide to strike, the federated board may by a two-thirds vote order all the other organizations to strike also.

A Wild West Show.

CHICAGO, Oct. 7.—The Knights Templar from Montana, Minnesota, Manitoba and North Dakota arrived in the city yesterday and left for Washington in the evening. The California knights brought in a live bear and the Winnipeggers loaded the entire car with a menagerie embracing everything from a buffalo to a sand-hill crane. The Winnipeg collection was stuffed and hundreds of people were at the depot and took much interest in the exhibit.

Manufacturers, by warehousing their surplus stock with Mitchell, Miller & Co., receive negotiable warehouse receipts.

Four Still Missing.

ST. PIERRE-MIQUELON, Oct. 7.—The schooner Ra arrived here yesterday, bringing Second Officer Dasguet, eighteen of the crew and seven cattlemen of the wrecked steamer Geographique. They were afloat 36 hours in a boat without food or water, and had great difficulty in keeping the boat afloat, the sea being very rough. Langlais, chief fireman; Quesnal, fireman; Guesn, coal trimmer, and one cattleman are missing, and it is supposed they were drowned when the steamer sank.

Morrison's Fate in the Balance.

SHERBROOKE, Oct. 7.—The entire day in the Morrison trial was taken up by argument on legal points raised and the addresses to the jury of Messrs. Leonard and Greenshields for the defence and Fitzpatrick for the Crown. The judge will charge the jury to-morrow morning. The feeling here to-night is that the chances of conviction were much improved by the address on behalf of the Crown.

Train Robbers Foiled.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 7.—At 2 o'clock this morning two masked men attempted to rob the express train on the Knoxville branch of the Louisville and Nashville railroad. They got on the front platform and tried to force the door. A fight ensued with the baggage and express men and the robbers were routed, one being wounded.

Try Betts' 25c dinners. 17 & 19 Jordan-street. Board $3.00 per week.

Furs For Little Children.

Baby coats in pure white lambskin, cunning looking hoods and caps to wrap the little ones, are exposed for sale in Dineen's fur rooms. Children's furs of all kinds a special feature of this firm. Manufactures of many kinds are kept by them that cannot be procured elsewhere. Long fur boas for little children from 50c upwards. Misses' boas from $2.50. Fur caps and hoods from $1.50. Children's fur coats from $4.50. Real white lambskin coats as low as $10. This is the season to protect the little darlings and a few dollars invested in furs may possibly save them from a severe illness. Call into Dineen's on the corner of King and Yonge-streets and have a look at them.

A MUCH-CONGESTED COURT

MR. JUSTICE FALCONBRIDGE AT THE TORONTO ASSIZES.

A Disgraceful State of Affairs that the Authorities Ought to Remedy—More Judges Needed at Once—Our Prisons and Asylums—Other Pressing Subjects.

The Criminal Assizes were opened before Mr. Justice Falconbridge yesterday afternoon, when the Grand Jury, with Mr. Robert N. Gooch as foreman, were called and sworn. The Crown was represented by Mr. R. C. Clute of Belleville, who is making his first appearance in Toronto as criminal prosecutor.

His Lordship, in charging the Grand Jury, said that in point of number the list of cases which they would have to investigate was not large, but that, he regretted to say, was not because of the absence of crime in the community, but because the General Sessions of the Peace had within the last few days only closed their sittings. Amongst the cases were some of the gravest known to the law, and he regretted that there would be at least one bill presented to them of the crime of murder. The crimes of murder and manslaughter, an offence for which several prisoners were sent for trial, were defined and the difference between them, the one containing the element of malice and the other not, was pointed out. The next offence charged the person was the charge of rape, which, according to one of the ablest judges in the realm, Sir Matthew Hale, was easy to be made hard to be proved. There was also the charge of concealment of birth and the offence against the property of individuals known as forgery.

Speaking of the customary visits of the Grand Jury to the various institutions, His Lordship said among other things: "The fact that persons awaiting trial, who are so far presumably innocent, and persons of tender years are confined within the same walls and same rooms in county jails as persons of conviction and persons of the criminal class and of bad name, has a deteriorating influence particularly upon persons of tender years, is so obvious that it need hardly be pointed out. If you think proper you can state in your presentment if you deal with the subject—as to the remedy you suggest—whether you suggest that there should be certain prisons, like central prisons and penitentiaries, where all persons after conviction may be sent and the county jails be used only by persons waiting for trial, or whether the Government may be invited to issue a commission to consider and deal with this important subject.

"There is a subject," proceeded His Lordship, "which in my mind, although it is not strictly within your province, is a matter of so great interest and importance that I can hardly forbear to say something about it—that is the state of business at the Toronto Assizes. I have been here working here for two weeks and the jury have been working diligently with me, but only a small portion of the business has been overtaken. There will be causes which will have to stand over for trial in January, and among them cases that should have been disposed of, had there been judicial force enough to enable a judge to sit here every day, as far back as last March, certainly last June. I trust that this condition of affairs, which I can only describe as lamentable and an outrage upon suitors, as justice is delayed, and in many cases justice is denied, will receive the attention of the authorities, and that something may be done to remedy it. Those who are engaged in the administration of affairs know full well that the judges are worked to the limit of their physical and mental strength, and that they are looking to them to remedy the state of affairs which they have not been able and will not be able to meet the difficulty. I trust that those who are in a sense responsible for the administration of justice will yet be able to provide some remedy, either by increasing the number of judges or in some other way altering the system, so that this state of affairs will cease to be what I can only describe it to be—simply a scandal."

John O. Woods, charged with having, on Nov. 30, 1888, murdered Lillian Maud Clarkson, was discharged, the Crown offering no evidence against him. The charges against David Logan, George McCoppin, Robert Paddin of gaming in a bucket shop in Toronto-street were similarly disposed of.

The Secretary of State returned a true bill against William Robinson for rape.

Gone But Not Forgotten.

BELLEVILLE, Oct. 7.—About four months ago a lady who called herself Mrs. J. C. Jakeson and said she came from Chicago, opened a store here and named it "The Fair." The stock consisted chiefly of ladies' and children's underwear, all manufactured in the latest styles and of the finest material. It was well and the business done, though not of the broadest, was considered by those who were interested to be on a substantial basis. The result was that a number of our merchants were induced to allow Mrs. Jakeson to obtain such material as she required for the making up of goods on credit, and the merchants thought they were asking the question "Where has Mrs. Jakeson gone?" It appears that on Tuesday morning last, she left the store, and informed her clerks that she was going to Toronto to purchase goods, and would return the following day. This was the last seen or heard of her. The store was kept open until this morning when, by order of the sheriff, it was closed. Her creditors are numerous, prominent merchants of the city being the principal ones. Her clerks are also in arrears of their pay. Mr. Jakeson, the husband, or uncle, as he is variously alleged to have been left some three weeks ago, and he likewise left a number of bills unpaid, including rent of an office in Bridge-street. The children—three little girls—were sent away to some friends the early part of last week. It is rumored that this is not the first business of the same kind with which these parties have been connected.

Mr. Laurier at Belleville.

BELLEVILLE, Oct. 7.—Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, leader of the Opposition in the Dominion Parliament, arrived in the city at 12.40, and was met at the depot by a deputation and escorted to the residence of ex-Mayor Biggar, whose guest he is. Mr. Laurier delivered an address in the opera house this evening, at which Mr. W. T. R. Preston and Dr. J. M. Platt, M. P., also spoke.

Try Betts' 25c dinners. 17 & 19 Jordan-street. Board $3.00 per week.

A Fine Fall Suit.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 7.—A suit involving a contract with the Government of Chili calling for about $18,000,000 was filed here to-day. Henry C. Comegys and J. & S. Lewis of New York and George F. Wyman of Kansas are the plaintiffs and the North and South American Construction Company, George Field, Charles McDonald, Jules Bernstein of Chili are made the defendants. Fraud is charged against the defendants.

Glassblowers on Strike.

NEWARK, Oct. 7.—The 50 glassblowers employed at the Edison electric light works at Harrison struck at noon today against a reduction in wages from 75 to 65