

LAST EDITION

The London Advertiser

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Tomorrow's Weather—Fine and Cooler.

German Right Wing Driven Back Until Completely Flanked AT BATTLE OF TRACY-LE-MONT ENEMY ENCOUNTERS SLAUGHTER ALLIES' TURNING MOVEMENT CONTINUES TO GAIN MOMENTUM

ANTWERP GARRISON MAKES SORTIES; ENEMY REPULSED

Germans Suffer Heavy Losses But Continue Bombardment of Forts Woelhem and St. Catherine, Making a Single Attack On Others.

(Canadian Press.) London, Sept. 30.—2:20 p.m.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Amsterdam says that the Telegraaf has received this message from Antwerp: "From various points the garrison made sorties and repulsed the Germans with heavy losses. The bombardment of Forts Woelhem and St. Catherine by the Germans continues. A single attack has been delivered by the Germans on Forts Liezele and Bredonk."

(Canadian Press.) London, Sept. 30.—12:00 noon.—A dispatch from Amsterdam to the Central News says that refugees arrived from Ghent report that Belgian forces, marching on Brussels, are in contact with the Germans.

BELGIAN RESISTANCE TO GERMANS IS MAGNIFICENT

(Canadian Press.) London, Sept. 30.—3:27 a.m.—The correspondent of the London Daily Chronicle with the Belgians writes yesterday's date, estimates that nearly 150,000 troops are engaged in a desperate battle along a line extending from Termonde to Aerschot. "This battle," the correspondent says, "appears to be the last effort on both sides. Belgian resistance in the face of the superior German artillery, is really magnificent. "As regards Antwerp, it is not easy to make any definite statement until the result of today's (Tuesday) battle is known. In any case the town is well provisioned and defended. The German losses in the last few days must have been enormous. Certainly many thousands have fallen."

BELGIANS READY FOR GREAT SIEGE

Give Germans Terrific Punishment in First Antwerp Attack.

FORTS STILL HOLD OUT Infantry Between Defences Pour a Storm of Bullets On Invaders.

(Canadian Press.) Antwerp, Sept. 30.—Via London, 4 p.m.—An official statement issued by the Belgian General Staff today says: "A vigorous German bombardment of Forts Woelhem, Wavre and St. Catherine, which was continued throughout the night, abated at 8 o'clock this morning. The assaulting German column, which was the last of the German forces, not in any way lowering the morale of the garrison of the forts."

A Disorderly German infantry force to move against our first line of defence. Only one attempt was directed against Forts Liezele and Bredonk. Our troops, holding positions between the defence works allowed the enemy to advance until they were within close range, when the artillery and infantry, working in a remarkable combination, showed the attacking column with a hail of projectiles and bullets which threw their ranks into disorder and compelled a precipitate retreat.

Determined Defenders. This attempt cost the Germans dearly and was not repeated. In short, the events of the day confirm the confidence of Belgians in their power of resistance to their national rebud.

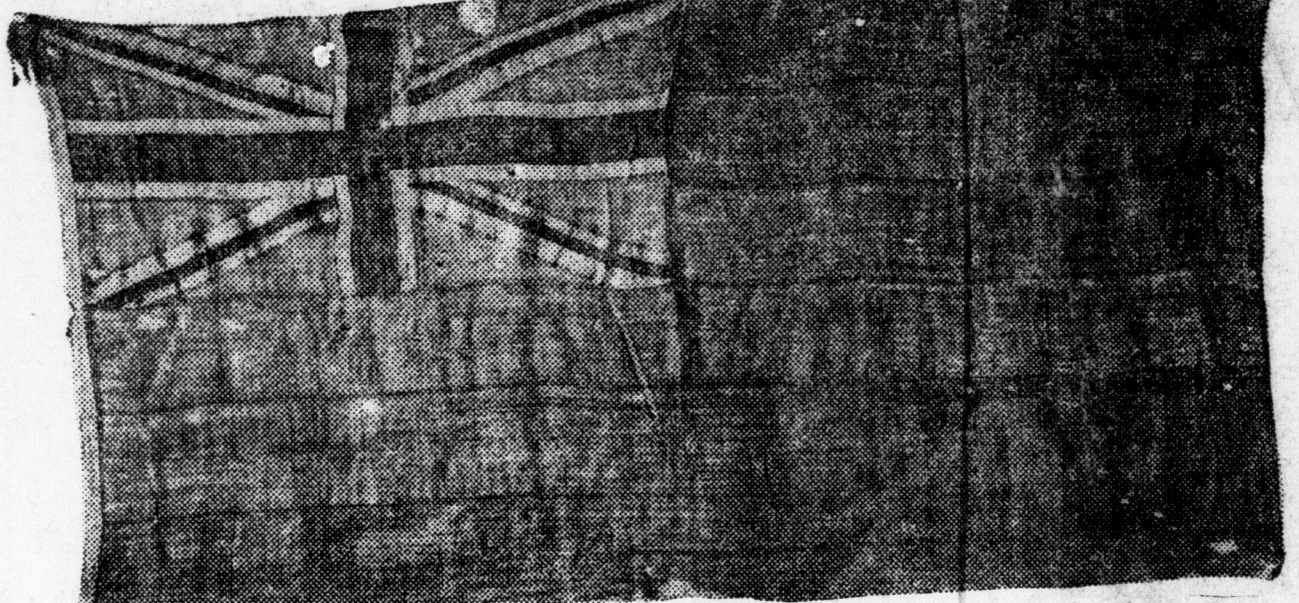
HUGHES MAY CROSS WITH THE TROOPS

Minister of Militia Wants To Formally Hand Over the Contingent to Kitchener.

(Special to The Advertiser.) Ottawa, Sept. 30.—It is reported that Col. Hon. Sam Hughes may cross the Atlantic with the Canadian troops and formally hand them over to Lord Kitchener. Colonel Hughes has been with the troops from the beginning, and wants to stay with them as long as possible. It is not proposed that he should take command, as he does not wish to leave the Government. However, he has worked hard for the last two weeks, and an ocean voyage would be a grateful change just now. The Government does not altogether favor the idea of this journey with the troops but that would not be allowed to interfere if Colonel Hughes makes up his mind to this trip.

(Canadian Press.) London, Sept. 30.—5 a.m.—Thirty thousand carrier pigeons, for use in the national mail service, have been placed at the disposal of the Government by homing pigeon societies in Birmingham.

Donates Historic British Flag To Patriotic Fund



(Canadian Press.) Montreal, Sept. 30.—A British flag 140 years old has been presented under most inspiring circumstances to the Canadian patriotic fund. The donor, Mr. A. McD. Young, although a resident of Milwaukee, is a true-hearted Britisher, as the accompanying letter to Sir Thomas Shaughnessy testifies. "Dear Sir Thomas.—I have been—50 years a resident here for 50 years, and yet, while gladly bearing witness that those among whom I have so long sojourned are as fine a people as long shines on, the fact remains that I am still a British subject. This being the case, I have been anxious to do something for the fund which is raising. There was held in Milwaukee in 1864, a large fair for the benefit of the then soldiers of this country, and at that fair was exhibited a British flag said to have been captured at Detroit in 1774 (the donor showing data to that effect). I was determined to own that flag, and to that end bought practically all the tickets in the country, covering it. I did with it, and it has been in my possession ever since (50 years). It has struck me to send you this flag, the idea I have in doing so being, that your knowledge of conditions will enable the disposal of this souvenir to the best advantage, for I doubt, unless Canada is raising. Note the Indian cut-gut attached to it."

DR. PYNE MAY BE SUCCESSOR TO SIR JAMES

Likely Appointee of Conservatives as Next Premier of Province.

IS NOW 59 YEARS OLD Welcomes Chance To Be Rid of Troublesome Education Department.

MR. FOY TOO ILL TO ACT Would Have Been Premier But For Serious Condition of Health.

According to information received this morning from Toronto by The Advertiser, Hon. Dr. R. A. Pyne will be Ontario's next premier.

A member of the Legislature who has been the premier since 1895, Dr. Pyne is being followed in the choice of Dr. Pyne. Hon. J. J. Foy would have been the premier had his health permitted, but his present condition has made it imperative that he practically refrain from public life.

Choice of Sir James. It is said that the choice of Sir James Foy is being followed in the choice of Dr. Pyne. Hon. J. J. Foy would have been the premier had his health permitted, but his present condition has made it imperative that he practically refrain from public life. Dr. Pyne has been minister of education in Ontario for some years, and his regime has been a troublesome one. He has been repeatedly under fire, and it is said that he welcomes the change from a portfolio where he is under orders. Born 59 Years Ago. Dr. Pyne is a native of Newmarket, having been born on October 20, 1855. He comes into the premiership at 59. His friends say Dr. Pyne's father was an Irishman, having been born at Waterford, while his mother is a cousin of Field Marshal Earl Roberts. He is a graduate of Toronto University. Dr. Pyne has occupied the seat for East Toronto since 1898, and has been minister of education since February 8, 1905. Dr. Pyne is a Freemason and an Orangeman.

NEW BRUNSWICK MAY EQUIP A REGIMENT

Project Considered, But Acting Premier Says Information Is Against It.

(Canadian Press.) Fredericton, N. B., Sept. 30.—Hon. George J. Clarke, acting Premier, says that the proposal that New Brunswick should raise and equip a regiment to form a part of the second expeditionary force has been given some consideration recently, the proposal having been urged during the last few days. "The Government will probably reach a decision on this matter at the next meeting of the executive, but any increase of the force so far is rather a question of the militia department," says Mr. Clarke. "The Government is acting very largely on the advice of the militia department, which is in close touch with the Imperial Government. New Brunswick will do its part, do it nobly and willingly as required."

German Flanks Hammered Into Broken Lines

(Canadian Press.) London, Sept. 30.—4:48 p.m.—The Times has received the following dispatch from its correspondent in Bordeaux:

"The constant thrust of bayonet charges and the bursting of heavy guns has made but little alteration along the heavily-entrenched German centre, but the less rigid flank positions have been hammered into broken and sinuous lines, both on the left and the right."

"On the left front is the broadening-out sweep of the allies' turning movement, while, reaching further to the north, it is pressed out at a slightly wider angle."

"While the position in the centre is virtually unaltered, on the right it is difficult to trace events with any great accuracy. Between the Argonne and the Meuse the French are progressing slightly against entrenched and fortified positions."

VON KLICK MUST ABANDON POSITION

Having Failed To Defeat the Allies, Has No Other Course.

WOEVRE MOVE A FEINT Had It Been Serious, It Would Have Materialized Ere Now.

(Canadian Press.) London, Sept. 30.—The Daily News military expert says: "If we were anxious on Saturday about the German movement in the Woevre district, directed against the Verdun-Toul defensive line, we have now been fully reassured. "Had the movement been a serious one, it would have materialized before now. But it is clear that it is dragging, and may now be regarded more as a feint attack than a determined effort to cross the Meuse in force."

"What seems probable is that when Gen. Von Kluck asked for reinforcements the German general staff had no more to draw on except the German army on the eastern frontier had to be sacrificed to the vital necessity of keeping the right wing of the German army from losing its hold on its communications with Belgium."

Just in Time. "If the reinforcing troops had been 48 hours later on the Oise than they were, the German army would by this time have been in full retreat to the Rhine. It gained time for the Germans, but time is of no use to them, except to preserve their amour propre for a little while longer. Judging by the mixture of troops which were sent up as reinforcements, they were drawn by hook and crook from whatever corps could spare them."

"Exhaustion is already being felt. Sooner or later the German staff must recognize this and adapt strategy to meet the altered conditions of the campaign brought about by the obsolete battle tactics. What is certain is that the German army cannot stay indefinitely where it is, and it cannot go forward. There is nothing left for it but to go back."

Army Faces Two Ways. "If we look at the map of the positions of the troops as now located in yesterday afternoon's Paris communique we see that Gen. Von Kluck has been outflanked, and that his army is now facing two ways, one part of it looking west and the other looking south. Unless a miracle intervenes, there is nothing left for the German commander except to defeat his enemy, and this he has already failed to do, or leave a position which is no longer tenable."

ST. MIHIEL AGAIN IN FRENCH HANDS

Unconfirmed Report Also Says Allies Have Captured the Prince of Bavaria.

(Canadian Press.) London, Sept. 30.—8 a.m.—The correspondent of the Times at Nancy, France, telegraphing under date of September 26, gives an unconfirmed report that the French have retaken St. Mihiel, a fortified encampment on the Meuse, 20 miles south-east of Verdun, and also that they have captured the Prince of Bavaria at Nomenet, 14 miles north of Nancy. The correspondent adds that, according to the report, the Germans are assaulting Nancy with the object of setting the prince free.

TERRIBLE STORM ON GERMAN COAST

Sweeps Denmark and North Sea and Stops Enemy's Air Manoeuvres Entirely.

(Canadian Press.) London, Sept. 30.—4:50 a.m.—"The heaviest gale within living memory is sweeping over Denmark and the North Sea," says the Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily News.

"Considerable damage has been done to property," continues the dispatch. "The German air manoeuvres in the neighborhood of Kiel have been abandoned. A telephone message from West Jutland states that a number of bodies of German sailors in uniform were washed ashore on Monday north of Esbjerg. Telephonic communication has been considerably upset."

Official Statement This Afternoon Indicates That German Right Wing Is Being Pushed Back—Serious Defeat for Enemy.

(Canadian Press.) Paris, Sept. 30.—2:57 p.m.—According to the official bulletin on the war, given out in Paris this afternoon, the turning movement of the allies north of the Somme is developing rapidly. A German attack on Tracy-Le-Mont has been repulsed with heavy losses.

The text of the statement is as follows: "First—On our left wing, north of the Somme, the action continues to develop more and more towards the north; between the Oise and the Aisne, the enemy has delivered a vigorous attack on Tracy-Le-Mont, northeast of the forest of Aigue. They were repulsed with heavy losses."

"Second—On the centre there is relative calm along the entire front, which extends from Rheims to the Meuse. Between the Argonne and the Meuse we have made slight progress."

"In the Woevre district there have been severe battles. Our troops have advanced at several points, notably to the east of St. Mihiel."

"On our right wing, in Lorraine and the Vosges, there has been no change."

"In Galicia the efforts at sorties made by the Austrian garrison at Przemyel have failed. The Austrian armies continue to retreat in disorder, losing numerous prisoners, artillery and war material. At Mount Duzotok, south of Przemyel, in the Carpathians, a Russian detachment has defeated a Hungarian brigade and penetrated into Hungary."

VON KLICK'S FORCE PUT AT RIGHT ANGLES TO REST OF GERMAN LINE

While Surrounding of German Right Wing Is Not Confirmed, Enormous Advantage Has Been Gained by the British and French.

(Canadian Press.) London, Sept. 30.—1:58 p.m.—For the first time in this war of nine nations, there is today some concordance in the drift of the reports from the headquarters of the three armies holding the centre of the stage in France, which is still the theatre where the most consequential operations are in progress. It is, however, to be noted that corroboration by one side of the claims of the other is, of course, largely negative.

GERMAN REPORT NOT CHEERFUL. "The French advances from Verdun and Toul have been renewed," is the German official report of yesterday's fighting on the eastern end of the line. The communication of General Joffe, commander-in-chief of the French forces, agrees with it in the statement that his troops "have made slight progress."

At the other end of the 250-mile line the allies "are well holding their own," is the report from British headquarters and the battles on his end have indirectly to admit this claim by announcing that the German right wing had been indecisive.

In the centre the French commander-in-chief claims slight progress. According to another version of the report from the German headquarters, the French attacks from Verdun and Toul have been repulsed.

MUCH BULLION SEIZED AT MEXICAN STATION

(Canadian Press.) Mexico City, Sept. 30.—Four hundred and eighty-eight bars of bullion valued at 2,000,000 pesos were seized by Government officials yesterday at the Bimont Railway station. It is claimed that the bullion was being secretly shipped out of the country by members of the Cientifico party. Six mining companies have put in a claim for the bullion.

GERMANY ADMITS FRENCH ADVANCE

In Official Report Says Nothing Decisive Has Come of the General Fighting.

(Canadian Press.) Berlin, Sept. 30.—Via London, 1 a.m.—A report given out at army headquarters today says: "There has been general fighting on our right wing, France, but nothing decisive. The centre is quiet. The French advances the vicinity of Verdun and Toul have been renewed."

NEW FRENCH ATTACK. London, Sept. 30.—1 p.m.—A dispatch to the Reuter Telegram Company from Berlin, coming by way of Amsterdam, says that the headquarters of the German general staff made the following official statement last night: "On our wing in France indecisive battles occurred. Between the Oise and the Meuse, it is generally quiet. The attacking line has been repulsed."

"Our siege artillery has opened on the forts of Antwerp. The action of the Belgian forces against the attacking line has been repulsed."

"In the eastern theatre of the war Russian assaults on the Government of Suwalki failed. Heavy artillery day began a bombardment against the fort of Ossorenko."

A shallow disturbance which was centred yesterday morning near James Bay, has moved southward to New England, causing unsettled weather from the Ottawa Valley eastward.

THE WEATHER

THE LOCAL TEMPERATURES.			
Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 76; lowest, 39.			
The official temperatures for the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 65; lowest, 49.			
TODAY—FINE AND COOLER.			
Forecast: Tomorrow—Fine and cooler.			
Today—Northwest wind; fine.			
Thursday—Fine and cooler.			
The following were the highest and lowest temperatures during the 24 hours previous to 8 a.m. today:			
Stations.	High.	Low.	Weather.
Victoria	60	44	Clear
Calgary	50	34	Clear
Winnipeg	70	52	Clear
Port Arthur	60	48	Cloudy
Harry City	62	42	Cloudy
Toronto	68	54	Cloudy
Ottawa	52	42	Cloudy
Montreal	52	44	Cloudy
Quebec	48	38	Rain