

BENGER'S FOOD

Wherever there is a case of enfeebled digestion, whether from advancing age, illness, or general debility, there is a case for Benger's Food.

When the stomach becomes weakened, the digestion of ordinary food becomes only partial, and at times is painful, little of the food is assimilated, and the body is consequently insufficiently nourished.

This is where Benger's Food helps. It contains in itself the natural digestive principles, and is quite different from any other food obtainable.

All doctors know and approve of its composition, and prescribe it freely.

For INFANTS, INVALIDS, AND THE AGED.

The "British Medical Journal" says: "Benger's Food has, by its excellence, established a reputation of its own."

BENGER'S NEW BOTTLES deal with the most common troubles and difficulties which mother and child are met with, and are free on application to Benger's Food, Ltd., Great Works, St. Leonards-on-Sea, England.

Benger's Food is sold in tin by Druggists, etc., everywhere.

THE BIGGEST ANCHOR FOR WHITE STAR LINER

Weight of 31,000 Pounds Is Intended For New Giant Flier.

London, Sept. 20.—The Hall of Ten Thousand Wheels, into which Olympia has been transformed for the naval, mercantile, marine and general machinery exhibition, is an object lesson of the new era in engineering. It has been made in all things mechanical since the last exhibition of the kind was held there three years ago.

Among the curiosities of most interest to the lay mind is the largest anchor ever made. It weighs fifteen and a half tons and has a chain of which each link weighs several hundred pounds. It is intended for the Olympic, the new giant White Star steamship, which Harland & Wolff, of Belfast, are building. Twelve horses were required to drag it to its place in Olympia. By its side is a bar of Staffordshire wrought iron, five inches in diameter, tied by some new sort of mechanism in a true lover's knot when the bar was cold.

Contrast in Exhibits.

A portion of a cable intended to hold a Hamburg-American steamship is close by. Every link is two feet long and weighs 200 pounds. As a contrast to this display of strength is a delicate recording instrument used on large liners, which shows to a hair's breadth every motion of the vessel, even when she is hurrying herself through the ocean at a speed of twenty-five knots.

Another remarkable exhibit is the oxy-acetylene blowpipe, which melts armor plate like butter, and can eat a hole in a steel safe as quickly as a mouse in a cheese. The blowpipe is a long thin nozzle of brass with a jet of acetylene gas produced by a white heat. A tiny spray of oxygen forced through the centre oxidizes any metal the jet touches. Eight-inch steel can be cut through in half a minute.

"Room of Death" Startling.

Divers in front and outfits which make air tubes unnecessary descend into glass-fronted tanks in full view of visitors and walk under the water as comfortably as though strolling in the street. A "room of death," which is filled at intervals with dense sulphur fumes, in which no unprotected man could live for an instant, is another of the sensations of the exhibition. Every now and then a man with a patent smoke helmet enters this room and takes a seat. He could remain there for six hours without the slightest discomfort. It is this ingenious invention, which has saved many lives in recent colliery disasters, that is the "room of death."

"Wireless" apparatus, herculean fathoms, which can "turn" a great gun as easily as a broomstick, and a novel instrument by which a captain in his cabin can check every turn or twist of the men at the wheel, are other marvels of the exhibition.

CRIPPLED BY COLLISION.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., Sept. 20.—The steamer Lakeland, which was badly damaged Tuesday morning in a collision with the barge Smeaton, was towed to this port for repairs. Divers are now attempting to remove several tons of cable from the steamer's wheel, which were picked up from the Smeaton.

The Lakeland had seven passengers aboard, three of whom were Detroiters on their way to Duluth on a pleasure trip. They are J. J. Sandick, Theodore Immerman and Charles Martyn.

PROMPTLY ENDS INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA, GAS OR HEADACHE FROM A BAD STOMACH

Your Out-of-Order Stomach Feels Fine Five Minutes After Taking a Little Diapiesin.

There would not be a case of indigestion here if readers who are subject to Stomach trouble knew the tremendous anti-ferment and digestive virtue contained in Diapiesin. This harmless preparation will digest a heavy meal without the slightest fuss or discomfort, and relieve the sorest, acid stomach in five minutes, besides overcoming all food, Nauseous odors from the breath.

Ask your pharmacist to show you the formula, plainly printed on each 50-cent case of Diapiesin, then you will readily understand why this promptly cures indigestion and removes such symptoms as Heartburn, a feeling like a lump of lead in the

NO QUORUM AT THE MEETINGS

Board of Health Members Will Not Attend to Business.

MR. CLARKE WAS ANGRY

Says That Those Who Cannot Find Time to Attend the Meetings Should Resign.

The board of health has great difficulty in getting a quorum for its meetings. During July and August it was impossible to get the members together to transact business, and when the regular meeting was called for last week a quorum was lacking, and it was adjourned until yesterday afternoon.

The meeting fared no better on this occasion, the members only being present—Dr. E. L. Williams, R. A. Carrothers and Harry Clarke. Some of them were not in a pleasant mood. "It is time we got together," said Mr. Clarke. "We have a lot of business to transact, and we cannot do it. Some members can't attend to meetings and others will not. It is a shame. Let them get off the board if they can't attend."

Dr. Williams thought the hour of meeting was not the best. He would prefer an evening meeting, and thought that a larger number of members would be present. If the members' sessions were not held in the afternoon.

Certified Milk.

However, as there was no quorum no business was transacted. An informal discussion took place on the matter of certified milk. Dr. Williams considered it time for the board to take some action. He pointed out that the death rate among children who used unsterilized milk was heavy, while it had not yet been demonstrated that a death had occurred among infants using certified milk, directly traceable to that cause. The milk commission had not sufficient funds to do the work at this time, and Dr. Williams thought that the board of health should take immediate action. However, the matter was laid over until there was a full board, although the members were in sympathy with the suggestion.

Bread Wrappers.

Mr. Clarke registered an objection to wrapping bread in newspapers bought from boys.

"A number of bakers buy these papers from boys who gather them and sell them to the bakers," said Mr. Clarke. "This is not right, and should be stopped. You cannot tell where the papers have been, it is most insanitary and unwise."

This matter will be brought up later. The C. S. Hyman Company wrote that no refuse from their factory was being poured into the Carling creek, and consequently there were no odors there at that time.

The letter was filed. A suggestion that the creek be cleaned out was not favorably received as it was altogether on private property. A number of accounts were audited and found correct.

Those present were Mr. R. A. Carrothers, Dr. Williams, Harry Clarke, Dr. Hutchinson, Mr. H. O. Inspector McCallum, and Secretary Baker.

DEFENDS BALFOUR

No Dissatisfaction in Unionist Camp, Says Sir George Doughty.

Toronto, Sept. 20.—"The Unionist party in England was never more united than it is today," said Sir George Doughty, at the King Edward today, when asked about the report from Great Britain that Mr. Balfour lacks a united following owing to his alleged lukewarm attitude on tariff reform.

"Just consider the source from which the story emanated," continued Sir George. "T. P. O'Connor is not in the party, and he is not in a position to know what he is going on in it. Another thing I think worth calling attention to is this: The very paper which contained these views of Mr. O'Connor contained a dispatch telling that Mr. O'Connor and Mr. Redmond were coming to America to raise funds for the home rule cause."

"If I need not say, but anyone can see the true inwardness of things if he places these two incidents side by side. I have been closely associated with the Unionist party for fifteen years, during ten of which I was Mr. Chamberlain's lieutenant in his tariff reform propaganda; and I will say that frankly: There never was so strong a party, so united a party, as the Unionist party, which now stands behind Mr. Balfour."

"Mr. Balfour 'lukewarm' on tariff reform? What nonsense! Why, he is an enthusiast on that subject. He stands for the tariff on manufactured goods; for preferential trade with sister nations under the British flag; in short, Mr. Balfour is today leader of the Unionist party, because he truly represents that party and its principles, and to say there is dissatisfaction among his followers, dissatisfaction in the ranks, is grossly untrue."

Vast as modern skyscrapers are, not one has yet equalled the weight and massiveness of the pile of great stones which the swarming human ants of the Nile valley laboriously dragged together thousands of years ago, until they had built the Pyramid of Cheops. It would make a solid block of 500 feet square and 330 feet high.

Stomach, Belching of Gas and Eructations of undigested food, water brash, Nausea, Headache, Bilioussness, and many other bad symptoms, and be- keep your stomach, liver and intestines clean and fresh.

If your Stomach is sour and full of gas, or your food doesn't digest, and you don't seem to fit, why not get a 50-cent case from your druggist and make life worth living? A relief from Stomach misery and perfect digestion of anything you eat is sure to follow five minutes after, and, besides, one case is sufficient to cure a whole family of such trouble.

Surely, a harmless, inexpensive preparation like Diapiesin, which will always, either at daytime or during night, relieve your stomach misery, and digest your meals, is about as handy and valuable a thing as you could have in the house.

MANUFACTURERS ADVISED TO COMPENSATE WORKMEN

Compromise Urged By Parliamentary Committee Over Proposed Legislation.

Vancouver, Sept. 20.—The Canadian Manufacturers' Association opened its sessions here today. Some of the reports being presented are of unusual importance. For instance, the parliamentary committee states as regards the compensation of injured workmen that this is a matter that will undoubtedly require careful watching on the part of the incoming committee, as there seems to be a general tendency to stiffen up legislation on the subject.

Should Make Concessions.

"While your committee are not in a position to bring in any recommendations," says the report, "they are inclined to believe that there is a good deal of justice in the contention sometimes put forward that the artisan who works for a wage which is little more than sufficient to support his family, and who, while engaged in his regular occupation, suffers injury through no fault of his own, should be entitled to compensation of some sort without having to fight his case through the courts. They feel, therefore, that the association should be prepared to make some concessions. The tendency, however, on the part of organized labor is to press legislation which will carry things to the other extreme, and in order to secure for the workman the compensation to which they think he is entitled they would impose on the employer conditions so arduous as to constitute a very serious tax upon production."

If the matter could be compromised by relieving from all further claims for compensation those em-

ployers who insure their pay roll up to the extent of a year and a half's wages it would seem as though a solution of the difficulty could be reached that would be satisfactory to both sides, for in that event the cost of insurance could be accurately ascertained by the employer beforehand, and provision made for same, while the employee in the event of an accident would receive the compensation to which he was entitled without having to have recourse to legal process. The arrangement, of course, presupposes that the employer would insure himself for an amount equal to that carried for him by the employer, so that in the event of a fatality his family would receive the equivalent of three years' wages, which is generally conceded to be about right.

Canada Easy for United States.

The tariff committee says it is interesting to note the recent methods adopted by Canada and the United States in obtaining trade concessions from other countries. Canada grants favors for favor, the United States threatens advance in tariff rates unless favors are granted.

"As the importations into the United States from Canada are principally raw materials which that country requires, the business community and the press in the United States, regardless of politics, protested against the maximum tariff being applied to Canadian products," says the committee. "Meanwhile, Canada remained silent, yet interested, convinced if the maximum tariff should be applied to her exports she would have more to lose than Canada. One Liberal member from the west stated in Parliament: 'I do not think there is one chance in ten thousand of their putting it on (meaning the maximum tariff), because for every dollar they hurt us, we will hurt themselves four.' The President, after expressing a desire to have a conference with the Premier, met by appointment Hon. Mr. Fielding at Albany, and later held a conference with him and the Honorable Minister of Railways at Washington, D. C., which resulted in the Government of Canada graciously agreeing to lower the rates of duty to all countries on thirteen items in the Canadian tariff in return for the minimum tariff of the United States."

"As Congress was then in session the question may fairly be asked, why has a message not sent to Congress by the President, asking the necessary change in the tariff act of Aug. 5, 1909, instead of requesting a modification of the Canadian tariff? If discrimination against the United States existed owing to the terms of the French treaty it still exists practically as much as ever."

War Not Wanted.

"The above facts are presented for the information of the members of the association, yet in the opinion of your committee a tariff war with the United States was not desired. It was perhaps well to remember that it arrived at, but it would have been more satisfactory had it not affected any Canadian industry, or if the tariff rates payable in the United States on the articles in question had been more reciprocal. It is expected further negotiations, with a view of effecting a reciprocity treaty, will take place before the end of this year. On the suggestion of your committee, the executive council appointed a special committee to draft a memorial embodying the views of the association for submission to the Government."

LESS INTOXICATION

Sobriety in the Ascendancy Throughout the British Isles.

Washington, Sept. 20.—Sobriety is in the ascendancy in England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales, and licensed public houses are decreasing in number, according to statistics communicated to the United States Government by Consul-General John L. Griffiths, of London. The decrease of drunkenness is attributed primarily to two causes—the increase of the price of whiskey, and the organization of social clubs where persons may drink without frequenting licensed premises.

In England and Wales in 1908, convictions for drunkenness aggregated 187,803, while in 1909 the total was 165,518, a decrease of nearly one-tenth.

The decrease in Scotland, outside of the towns for 1909, as compared with 1908, was 19 per cent. In Scottish towns the decrease was 72 per cent, and in Ireland 8 per cent.

A greater decrease was shown in the number of convictions of women than of men.

FAMOUS ACTOR DEAD.

Vienna, Sept. 20.—Josef Kalnz, the German dramatic actor, died today. He was born in 1858 and made his first appearance on the stage when 16 years of age. He had toured the larger cities of America.

Josef Kalnz was a son of a railway official and married Margarette Nans. Since 1899 he had been a member of the Imperial Theatre in Vienna and plays that made his name popular throughout Germany and Austria include "Romeo and Juliet," "Hamlet," and "The Jewess of Toledo."

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WEATHER PROBS. Fair.

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Millinery Opening Today and Following Days

Hundreds and hundreds of beautiful new trimmed Hats to greet you here today, at moderate prices, too. A showing absolutely unique to London and this store. Such an array of color and fabric as we have never shown before. Hats of quiet elegance, Hats of dashing distinction. Included is a group of Black Hats which it would be hard to match anywhere, also Toques and Bonnets for the woman with the silvering hair, who tells us we best understand her needs.

This showing is not a mere showing of some Hats, but a showing of Hats gathered with rare perception and painstaking care and reasons for each selection. ALL MODERATELY PRICED.

Today's exhibit promises to be an artistic success, and will be continued all week. These are reception days; come and see.

Special Offer in Wall Paper

Any 12x12x9 Feet High Bedroom Papered Complete for - - - \$6

During our fall clearance of Wall Paper, we will decorate any bedroom of above dimensions, with walls, border, ceiling and moulding, finished complete for \$6.00. Twenty-five designs and colors to select from. Come and make selection. Our paper-hangers will do the rest. A proportionate charge for rooms, larger or smaller. Inquire on third floor.

Interesting Days at the Linen Department

It's interesting here any day, but doubly interesting just now, as each new line is moved forward for selling. So many new styles in Fancy Linens, so many new and effective designs in snowy-white Table Linens. Then, too, the attractiveness of reasonable prices, made possible by large purchasing from the world's best linen manufacturers.

When in the store always make it a point to visit this section.

THESE LINES WILL APPEAR FOR THE FIRST TOMORROW.

Tray Cloths

Three great values that will urge quick selling.

18x27-inch Pure Linen Damask, lily of the valley with loop of ribbon design, hemstitched. Special, each 25¢

16x24-inch Hemstitched Pure Linen Damask, big poppy design. Special, each 29¢

18x27-inch Fine Quality Pure Linen Damask Tray Cloths, ornamental panel design. Special, each 45¢

Scalloped Towels

35c Each

Pure Linen Huck with Damask border, unbleached, with both ends scalloped. A good toilet towel or suitable for stand covers; will bleach easily. Special, each 35¢

Or dozen \$3.90

Damask Scarfs

16x54-inch Hemstitched All Linen Damask Scarfs, fine, even quality. Special, each 69¢

16x72-inch Hemstitched All Linen Damask Scarfs, good design, a long scarf at a short price. Each 85¢

TABLE LINEN ENDS—The balance of our fine hand-woven Tabling Ends will be cleared tomorrow. If you want something superb in quality, get one of these ends. All will be cleared at one-third regular value.

West Aisle—Main Floor.

Girls' Fall and Winter Top Coats

Early selection in Children's Coats means the choice of the season's best and prettiest garments. Our importations are here from the foreign markets of the world, and the latest idea of the world's greatest garment makers are ready for your inspection in our Children's Ready-to-Wear Section.

Velvet Coats, \$4.00. For Ages 3 to 6 Years

Child's Coat of panne velvet, in reseda, cardinal, tan and blue, box coat lined, sleeve with cuff; for ages 3 to 6 years. Pretty little coats for \$4.00

Beaver Coats, \$6.75 to \$7.50. For Ages 6 to 12 Years

Girls' Coat of beaver cloth, in myrtle, cardinal and navy, box coat with military collar, trimmed with military and soutache braid; for ages 6 to 12 years, at \$6.75 to \$7.50

Diagonal Serge Coats, \$7.50. For Ages 6 to 12 Years

Girls' Coat of pretty diagonal serge, double-breasted, box coat, collar, pockets and edges of coat finished with braid, in navy, cardinal and brown, for ages 6 to 12 years (as shown in illustration). Price \$7.50

Beaver Coats, \$6.50 to \$9. For Ages 6 to 12 Years

Girls' Double-Breasted Box Coats, in cardinal, brown, myrtle and blue, lined throughout, patch pockets and gilt buttons, for ages 4 to 12 years, at each \$6.50, \$7.50 to \$9.00

Children's Ready-to-Wear Section—Second Floor.

MANICURE PARLORS—Second Floor.

SMALLMAN & INGRAM, LIMITED

WILD ADVENTURES ABOVE THE CLOUDS

Captain Baldwin Tells of Thrilling Experience in Balloon Race.

New York, Sept. 20.—Capt. Thomas S. Baldwin, of the balloon New York, returned here today. He was almost astonished when he learned that the landing of the New York had not been reported.

As soon as they landed in Portsmouth, Capt. Baldwin and Mr. Harmon started for New York. Allan P. Hawley and Augustus Post, of the America II, which landed at Warrenton, W. Va., yesterday afternoon, also had strange experiences.

"I never made a voyage in which so many adverse conditions were encountered," said Capt. Baldwin. "We encountered hot sun, cold winds and rain in rapid succession. It kept us guessing to manage the ballast under these conditions, and when we dropped on Sunday evening at 5 o'clock, near Portsmouth, Ohio, we had used it all up but a few pounds."

"On Saturday night we were enveloped by violent rains, and were generally wet and uncomfortable. On Sunday morning, however, the sun shone out, our gaze expanded, and we rose to a height of 2,200 feet, which kept rapidly rising till we were at an altitude of 6,000 feet or more."

three and a half miles did we avert the danger of being struck by lightning. It was a magnificent spectacle as we were carried along above it. "All the afternoon we soared along, keeping to the upper air currents, and constantly throwing out ballast. At 4 o'clock Sunday afternoon we found ourselves with hardly a pound of ballast, and began to look about for a good place to drop. We found such a spot on a hillside near Portsmouth, Ohio."

Mr. Hawley had quite as eventful a trip in the 44 1-2 hours he and his companions spent in the air. They also passed through storms and heavy rains, which condensed their gas.

DIDN'T GO TO TAFT

Roosevelt Did Not Ask Aid in Fight With Bosses.

New York, Sept. 20.—Theodore Roosevelt denied today that he went to New Haven, Conn., yesterday to seek the help of President Taft in the New York State fight, and that the President had refused his request.

It was pointed out to Col. Roosevelt that the impression had been given that it was he who sought an interview with the President to obtain the latter's aid, and that Mr. Taft had let him know that he would add nothing to what he had done in support of the Roosevelt-Hughes element in its fight for direct nominations.

Col. Roosevelt denied this emphatically, and said that Lloyd C. Griscom, president of the New York County Republican committee, had arranged the interviews between the President and himself. Mr. Griscom confirmed Col. Roosevelt in this.

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