

# Guelph Evening Mercury.

VOL. VI. NO. 45

GUELPH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 1, 1872.

PRICE ONE PENNY

**Jackson & Hallett,**  
IMPORTERS  
AND  
**WHOLESALE**  
DEALERS  
IN  
**GROCERIES,**  
WINES AND LIQUORS,  
WYNDHAM ST., GUELPH.

Have on hand an enormous and newly imported stock of the above Goods, consisting principally of

**800 packages TEA,**  
New Season;  
**1,000 " TOBACCOS,**  
**500,000 boxes Cigars & Cheroots**

COFFEES, SUGARS, SPICES, RICE, &c. &c.,

And an unlimited stock of the Choicest Brands of

**Wines and Liquors.**

This is the Largest and Best Assorted Stock west of Montreal. It is all Imported Direct, and we would advise close buyers to examine our stock, and see prices before purchasing elsewhere.

**JACKSON & HALLETT.**

**GUELPH**  
**Malleable Iron Works**  
ROBERTSON & CO.

Manufacturers of every description of Malleable Iron for Sewing Machines, Agricultural Implements, Carriage Work, Saddlers Work &c., &c.

The Works are now in full operation, and they are prepared to receive orders to any extent—  
Foundry on Liverpool Street, rear of the Grammar School.

**LEVI COSSITT,**

**Agricultural Implements**

Sash, Door and Blind Factory,

**AND PLANING MILL,**

Nelson Crescent, Guelph.

MANUFACTURER OF

**Cossitt's Improv'd Canadian Fanning Mill**

**Paris Straw Cutter for Horse Power,**

**Little Giant or Hand Power Straw Cutter,**

greatly improved, etc., etc.

**Sashes, Doors, Blinds, etc.,**

On Hand and Made to Order,

Of seasoned Lumber, and by competent workmen.

NELSON CRESCENT, Guelph, Sept. 30, 1872.

## New Advertisements.

**WANTED**—A good jobbing blacksmith. Apply to WM. SMITH, Upper Wyndham Street, Guelph. 01-05w11

**FURNISHED APARTMENTS TO LET**—Bed room or sitting room for one or two gentlemen. Apply at this office. 24-25

**BOARD WANTED**—By two young men in a respectable family where no other boarders are kept. Address W. S. Draper, 26, Guelph P. O. 25-26

**DRESS MAKING**—Apprentices wanted. Apply to Miss Broughton, Dress and Mantle Maker, Suffolk Street, West of St. Andrew's Church. 25-26

**SPLENDID FARM FOR SALE**—An excellent farm of 225 acres, 2 miles from Guelph, soil first class, will be sold at a bargain. **HART & SPIERS,** 4 Day's Block, Guelph. 25-26

**TO STONE MASONS AND LIME BURNERS**—The undersigned offers for sale his valuable limestone quarry, one or more parcels to suit purchasers. Terms easy. **HENRY HATCH,** Guelph, 12th September, 1872. 25-26

**FARM FOR SALE**—A farm of about 125 acres, most eligible situated within two miles of Guelph market; soil first class, being a strong loam, good orchard, excellent barn, and stable. Apply on the premises to B. McKersie, Waterloo Road, Guelph, Sept. 25th, 1872. 25-26

**ITALIAN BEES.**

For sale, a few stocks of Italian Bees with pure queens. Apply to P. H. Gibbs, near the Dundas Bridge. Guelph, Sept. 4, 1872. 25-26

**STOREHOUSE TO LET**—On Street connecting Grand Trunk and Great Western R. R. Capacity 12,000 bushels, with horse-power Elevator. Apply to John McCrea. 25-26

**FARM FOR SALE**—100 acres, 85 acres cleared, remainder hardwood, cedar and black ash; log dwelling house, frame barn, stables, orchard 2 acres, 2 wells. This farm is well adapted for stock raising. For further particulars, apply on the premises to Edmund and Peter Fitzpatrick, Emerson P. O. 25-26

**NOW STOLEN OR STRAYED**—Strayed from the subscriber's premises, on the 1st inst., a Red and White Cow, with white face. Any one returning the same, or giving such information as will lead to her recovery will be suitably rewarded. **J. O. COUGHLIN,** Union Hotel, Guelph. Sept. 5. 25-26

**PRECENTOR WANTED**

**For Chalmers' Church.**

Apply forwarding testimonials, stating amount of salary desired, or asking information about duties, &c., to **D. MCINTOSH,** Session Clerk Alma Block, Sept. 24, 1872. 25-26

**DESIRABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.**—The Cottage on Yarnmouth street, adjoining Mr. Marriott's residence, near Mr. Raymond's Sewing Machine Factory, with one-fifth of an acre of land, 60 feet frontage. Room for another building. For terms, apply on the premises to G. C. Ward, or to Messrs. Hart & Spiers, Land Agents, Guelph, Aug. 20, 1872. 25-26

**DOMINION SALOON.**

**FRESH OYSTERS**

IN EVERY STYLE

to be had at this saloon.

The best Liquors and Cigars always in stock. **DENIS BUNYAN,** Guelph, Sept. 30, 1872. 25-26

**NEW MUSIC STORE,**

**Quebec St., Guelph.**

**F. C. Whiting,** Importer of all kinds of Musical Instruments, Fittings Strings Violin solos by the accomplished Lady Violinist, Miss Mary E. Orton. Piano solos, Duets, etc., by acknowledged artists. All the beautiful scenery of the Emerald Isle. The new Dramatic Episode of Irish Hearts will be rendered by the **Hibernicon Comedy Company.** Admission—Reserved seats, 50c.; Back seats, 25c. 25-26

**TEMPERANCE SOCIAL.**

The Members of Beaver Temple, No. 56, I. O. O. F., will hold a Social,

**On Wednesday Ev'g, 2nd Oct.,**

in their Hall, Guelph.

The Entertainment will consist of Speeches, Dialogues, Music, Readings, Recitations, &c.

Tea will be served from 6 to 8 o'clock. Tickets to be had of the members. Come one! Come all. **J. AMBERLEY,** Sec. Com. Guelph, Sept. 25, 1872. 25-26

**TOWN HALL.**

**Monday & Tuesday, Oct. 7 & 8.**

Charles MacEvoy's Famous Original

**HIBERNICON**

Illustrating the Scenery, Music and Antiquities of

**IRELAND**

New and Beautiful Songs, Dances, and character sketches.

Violin solos by the accomplished Lady Violinist, Miss Mary E. Orton.

Piano solos, Duets, etc., by acknowledged artists.

All the beautiful scenery of the Emerald Isle.

The new Dramatic Episode of Irish Hearts will be rendered by the

**Hibernicon Comedy Company.**

Admission—Reserved seats, 50c.; Back seats, 25c. 25-26

**DRILL SHED, GUELPH.**

Last Two Nights of the Fair!

COMMENCING

**Thursday Ev'g, Oct. 3rd.**

HOWORTH'S

Tableaux of ERIN,

WITH

**COMEDY COMPANY COMBINED.**

Also—Scenes in the Late War between France and Germany.

Admission, 25c.; Reserved Seats, 50c.

**GEO. CRUIKSHANK,** Business Agent, Guelph, Sept. 30, 1872. 25-26

## FALL EXHIBITIONS.

**NORTH GREY**—At Owen Sound, 3rd October.

**NORTH PETER**—At Stratford, 3rd and 4th Oct.

**WESTERN FAIR**—London, 5th, 9th, 10th and 11th October.

**PULLNICK**—At Aberfoyle, on the 6th Oct.

**ERIN**—At Erin Village, 8th Oct.

**NARAGAWETA**—At Hamiltonville, 8th Oct.

**NORTH WELLINGTON**—At Dryden, 8th Oct.

**SOUTH WATERLOO**—At Preston, 8th and 9th Oct.

**WEST GARAFAKATA**—At Douglas, Oct. 8th.

**WALLACE & ELZA**—At Leno, 8th Oct.

**CARDWELL COUNTY**—At Mono Mills, 8th and 9th Oct.

**EGEMONT**—At Holstein, 9th Oct.

**HALTOS-MILTON**, Oct. 10th and 11th.

**NORTH WATERLOO**—10th and 11th Oct.

**SOUTH GREY**—At Durham, 10th Oct.

**MONNINGTON**—At Millbank, 11th Oct.

**FRONT**—At Cedarville, 11th Oct.

**EAST GARAFAKATA**—At Marsville, 16th Oct.

**HIBBERT**—16th Oct.

**MONTHLY CATTLE FAIRS.**

**HARRISTON**—Friday before the Guelph Fair.

**BOSWORTH**—Saturday before Guelph.

**DIAXTON**—The Saturday before Guelph.

**ELORA**—The day before Guelph.

**GUELPH**—First Wednesday in each month.

**TEVOTDALE**—Friday before the Guelph fair.

**NEW HAMBURG**—First Tuesday in each month.

**BERLIN**—First Tuesday in each month.

**ELMIRA**—Second Monday in each month.

**WATERLOO**—Second Tuesday in each month.

**MOUNT FOREST**—Third Wednesday in each month.

**HANOVER**—Monday before Durham.

**DURHAM**—Tuesday before Mount Forest.

**FERGUS**—Thursday following Mount Forest.

**ORANOVILLE**—Second Thursday in January, March, May, July, September and November.

**MONTE MILLS**—Third Wednesday in January, April, July and October.

**ERIN**—First Monday in January, April, July and October.

**MARONVILLE**—First Tuesday in February, May, August and November.

**BRANDON**—Thursday in each month.

**LESTOWEL**—First Friday in each month.

**HILLSBURG**—Second Tuesday in January, March, May, July, Sept. and November.

**MOOREFIELD**—Monday before Guelph.

**HAMILTON**—Crystal Palace Grounds, the day after Guelph.

**Guelph Evening Mercury**

TUESDAY EVENING, OCT. 1, 1872

IMPORTANT TO MERCHANTS

FALL ADVERTISING!

The MERCURY has a guaranteed circulation THREE TIMES MORE than that of any other paper published in Guelph, or in the County. Merchants when they are arranging for their Fall Advertising should not forget this fact. Contracts made for any period at moderate rates.

**Local and Other Items.**

Mr. John Cox is again going on his night patrol.

The rice crop of China is reported abundant.

The notorious Laura Fair has been acquitted of the murder of Col. Crittenden.

The Turkish Government has ordered a large number of rifled guns in the United States.

The stringency in the money market is felt as far east as Halifax. Failures are occurring in consequence, while trade is much depressed in Quebec.

Daily Globe and Mail delivered at customers' houses at 13 cents a week, two weeks for 25 cents at Anderson's bookstore.

Two brakemen were killed on Monday on the Grand Trunk Railroad, one near Iroquois, and the other near Bowmanville. Both occurrences were purely accidental.

A telegram from Rome states that the Pope came out of the precincts of the Vatican on Monday for the first time since the occupation of Rome by the Italian Government.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE IN WATERDOWN.—On Sunday morning, at 2 o'clock, a fire broke out in Mr. Hiram Broadbent's woollen factory here, which in a short time was all destroyed. Loss, about \$6,000; insurance, about \$9,000.

ARM LOST IN A SAW-MILL.—An accident occurred on Monday morning at the saw-mill of Messrs. Allridge, Waterdown, by which a man named John Ripson lost his arm. It was amputated by Drs. Skinner and Henwood, and he is now doing as well as can be expected.

Extensive damage has been done to vessels of all kinds by the fearful gale which prevailed on Sunday and Monday. The area affected includes all the lakes. The injury done to vessels, the loss of cargoes, and the destruction of timber rafts will entail serious loss on the insurance companies and on private owners.

A demonstration was made in Hyde Park, London, on Monday of railroad employes to the number of 5,000, and resolutions adopted advocating a system of emigration to the United States, as the best means of improving the condition of the workmen.

THE BABY SHOW.—The Show at Markham is being held this week. For the baby show, for which the entries close tomorrow, there are now 27 entries of singles, and one of twins, and three sets of triplets are expected from Scarborough and Toronto.

**POLICE COURT.**

Before T. W. Saunders, Esq., P. M.

Tuesday, Oct. 1st.

Michael Kelly was arrested and charged with vagrancy. One month in jail at hard labor.

Mary Ann Craiklen and family, indigents, were brought up, but dismissed and sent out of town.

They recently had a hallstern in the Province of Adrianople, which had two thousand sheep, thirty cows, and ten horses, besides causing great injury to the crops and window glass.

**Pere Hyacinthe's example seems likely to be followed by a large number of French priests, who, it is said, intend publicly to renounce their vows of celibacy. The publicity of the renunciation seems to be their chief novelty, for according to one of the clerical papers, the average number of priests marrying is from 20 to 30 a year. It is probable, however, that the priests will have some difficulty in finding ladies to espouse them, as in a celibate suit tried some years ago it was held that a priest's marriage is null and void, or in the words of the decree that "marriage with the church precludes civil marriage."**

## The Wanzer Sewing Machine.

(From the Hamilton Spectator.)

It will be noticed that the Wanzer Sewing Machine Company have not exhibited their machines at the Provincial or Central Exhibitions, or indeed at any of the autumn fairs this year. The reason for this is that the manufacturers actually have not had time to prepare machines for exhibition. They are now working their large establishment to the full extent of its capacity—working at night and day—and yet they cannot fill orders as fast as they come in. They are now putting in a large amount of new machinery; but at present, although they are finishing from one thousand to twelve hundred every week, they cannot supply the demand which flows in upon them from all quarters of the world.

There is not a machine made which is so widely diffused as the Wanzer Sewing Machine. The fur-dressed bales of St. Petersburg, and the less favored dalmat of Norway and of Siberia use it; it finds its way into the sacred privacy of Turkish, Egyptian and Persian harems; the almond-eyed beauties of China and Japan join their beautiful silks by its busy needle, even the dusky dames of Africa have learned the secret of its wonderful necromancy; proud senoras of Castile and Lusitania set its light machine in motion, and their daughters in Cuba and Mexico, Peru and Brazil grow enthusiastic over its busy hum—while in France, Germany and Britain, it is amongst the most common of household articles.

The manufactory of the Wanzer Machine is situated on the corner of King and Catharine streets, Hamilton; it is about 100 by 150 feet, and four stories in height. On the ground floor are the general office, the private office and the time-keeper's office. Adjoining these are the repairing room and the packing room, whence all orders are shipped. In the back part of the building, on the same floor, are the engine and boiler rooms. A new machine has just been put in, manufactured by Nathan, Benham & Co., of Hartford, Conn., and having Woodruff & Beach's variable cut-off attached. It is of a hundred horse-power and weighs about fifteen tons. The Wanzer supplies power for this engine and heat for the whole building. The fuel used is coal tar, which is blown into the furnace by a jet of steam, the latter mingling with the tar and aiding combustion.

When the machinery now being introduced is all in, the manufactory will be capable of turning out nearly two thousand machines a week; and even this great capacity will doubtless soon be fully tested, since orders are now coming in at the rate of fifteen hundred a week. As we have indicated, the machines go to all parts of the civilized world, and to many parts that are not civilized. We were shown two orders received on the day of our visit—one from Constantinople the other from Paris. The Wanzer Machine is daily growing in favor, especially in the Canadian market; but in foreign countries it has not yet superseded the Little Wanzer, the fame of which has gone out to the very ends of the earth.

Mr. Wanzer now superintends the operations of the establishment. It is to his tireless exertions that the Wanzer Sewing Machine owes its enviable position, and we have no doubt he will make it a much greater favorite than it now is before he relaxes his exertions.

**The Governor-General at Niagara Falls.**

CLIFTON, Sept. 30.

To-day, at half-past 12 o'clock, His Excellency the Governor-General drove down from the Government House, Toronto, to the Great Western station at the foot of Yonge street, accompanied by the Countess Dufferin, Lieut.-Governor Howland, Sir C. Hastings Doyle, Col. Fletcher, Lady Harriet Fletcher, Captain Curtis, A. D. C., and Lieut. Conlon, A. D. C. The train consisted of an engine, two baggage cars, a Wagner car, and the Directors' car. His Excellency took his seat in the saloon of the Director's car. Mr. W. K. Muir, General Superintendent of the G. W. R., met His Excellency at the station, and accompanied him to the Bridge.

The special train which had been provided by the Great Western Railway Company left the Yonge street station, amid the cheers of those assembled, at a quarter to one. No stoppage was made until Hamilton was reached at a quarter past two, when His Excellency was met by Mr. Thos. Brassey, M. P., for Hastings, England, by Mrs. Brassey and party, and by Mr. James Young, M. P. for South Waterloo. During the stay at Hamilton a hot lunch, provided by the Great Western Railway Company, and catered by Mr. Thorpe of Hamilton, was put on board, and it was served up as soon as the train left the station.

Hamilton was left about twenty minutes to three, and the train then proceeded straight to Suspension Bridge, the only stoppage being one of a few minutes near Thorpe to allow a three-masted schooner to pass through the lock of the Welland canal. Shortly before four o'clock the train steamed into Suspension Bridge station, where the vice-regal party were met by Col. Barnett, of the 44th Battalion, and Mr. Leggett, Collector of Customs. Three carriages from the Clifton House were in waiting, and their Excellencies and suite were immediately conveyed to that hotel.

They paid a flying visit to the Falls, but will see them more at leisure when they recover from the fatigue of travel.

Pere Hyacinthe's example seems likely to be followed by a large number of French priests, who, it is said, intend publicly to renounce their vows of celibacy. The publicity of the renunciation seems to be their chief novelty, for according to one of the clerical papers, the average number of priests marrying is from 20 to 30 a year. It is probable, however, that the priests will have some difficulty in finding ladies to espouse them, as in a celebrated suit tried some years ago it was held that a priest's marriage is null and void, or in the words of the decree that "marriage with the church precludes civil marriage."

## THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

(From the Hamilton Spectator.)

**TROUBLE IN THE OIL REGIONS.**

**A CRISIS IN JAPAN.**

**Stanley Engaged to Lecture.**

Titusville, Pa., Sept. 30.—The oil regions are again at fever heat, everywhere intense feeling prevails over a movement to suspend the production of oil. From some localities it is reported that violence had been resorted to in carrying out the measure. Well rigs have been burned, engines destroyed by sledge-bear users and oil tanks tapped. Some are still strongly holding out against it, but it is thought they will yield, and further violence will be avoided. The effect of this movement is already apparent in the advance of the prices and more action in the market.

Cleveland, O., Sept. 30.—The workmen engaged in clearing away the debris at the lunatic asylum found two bodies. Two others are still missing.

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 30.—A fire broke out in Mickerson's lumber yard as id planing mill in Bridgeport to-night, as id before it could be stayed burned to a buildings and \$15,000 worth of property.

New York, Oct. 1.—Stanley has closed an engagement with Frederick Rullman, of this city, to deliver one hundred lectures in America for fifty thousand dollars, beginning in November at Steinway Hall.

A Washington despatch reports the reception of Japan advice that a crisis has arrived in public affairs and probably a triumph of the old Japanese party over the reformers, and the end, for the present, of the spread of western civilization in the Empire.

**Presentation at Everton.**

On the evening of Friday, the 27th ult., the Singing Class in connection with the Canada Presbyterian Church, Everton, met at the residence of Mr. Hill, where they were hospitably entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Hill. After ample justice had been done to all the richainties so abundantly provided by the worthy landlady, the class embraced the opportunity of presenting their faithful teacher, Mr. Gunn, on the eve of his departure for College, with a beautiful present in the shape of a writing desk, dressing-case, case and album. Miss Wheeler, in behalf of the Class, read a very appropriate address, to which Mr. Gunn made a feeling and suitable reply. After which Miss Wheeler ably presided at the melodeon, accompanied by Miss Hepburn, who sang a few choice pieces in her own free and happy style. As the "wee sma hours" advanced the company dismissed by singing, "Shall all meet again!" all feeling highly pleased with the evening's entertainment.

**Loss of Valuable Emigrants.**

From the St. Catharines Times.

There were a few days ago on a visit to their co-religionists in the County of Waterloo, two gentlemen from a colony in Russia. They belong to the Mennonite religious persuasion, and represent from fifty to sixty thousand people, many of them very wealthy, who purpose colonizing in some portion of America. They do this on account of religious persecutions which are becoming entirely intolerable in the country ruled by the Czar. These two men are sent out by their people to look up a good place to settle in. They have been all through the Western States and took copious notes of the character of the soil and climate, as well as the inducements held out by the different localities. So far as these travellers are concerned, we understand that their own preferences are for Minnesota as they are mostly accustomed to a Northern climate.

Now our object in referring to these men is to show the utter incompetency and inefficiency of our Dominion Immigration Bureau. Had our Government taken the trouble to look after the interests of the whole country instead of spending their time in the vain endeavor to secure the re-election of themselves and their demoralized followers, they might possibly have induced these fifty thousand honest and thrifty immigrants to settle in some of the fertile and inviting portions of the great North-West. So far as we can learn of the relative merits of Minnesota and the Red River Territory, the advantage seems entirely in favor of the latter, but we suppose our baker's dozen at Ottawa has never heard of the intention of a whole Russian colony coming to America. For the sake of getting such a colony, it would be immensely to the advantage of the Dominion not only to make them a free grant, but even hold out other inducements. From conversations with these men we are satisfied that had they got up to our new Province and surrounding territory, they would have selected that in preference to Minnesota, and thus in consequence of being afflicted with a set of sleeping nobodies as rulers, we miss such an excellent chance of getting a colony of the best settlers the world affords. If any of our readers have their doubts as to the superiority of the Mennonites, known in Canada as Pennsylvania Dutch, let them visit the settlements of these people in the counties of Waterloo, Lincoln and York, or any part of Pennsylvania, Ohio, Indiana, or other States where they are to be found, and see for themselves. We must say that we are extremely sorry that with all the money that is spent in sending men of the Mennonite stamp, to the old country to bring one dressmaker to Canada, we have to use a whole colony with any amount of wealth, industry, and four times as many people as the whole Province of Manitoba contains, and moreover exactly adapted for our Northern climate, slip through our fingers and go to enrich the neighboring Republic. But it is all owing because the States have wide-awake men to look after their interests, while we have a lot of sleepy dough-heads, who think of nothing but salary, power and patronage.