Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. V. NO. 176. | GUELPH, ONT., CANADA, TUESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 13, 1872. | PRICE ONE PENNY

Business Cards.

F. STURDY,

House, Sign, & Ornamental Painter

GRAINER AND PAPER-HANGER.

Shop next to the Wellington Hotel, Wyndham Street, Guelph. f27-dwly

ROYAL HOTEL LIVERY STABLE.

The subscriber begs to notify the public that he has purchased the above livery from Mr Geo. W. Jessop, and will continue the business as heretofore. Having made considerable improvements, he will be able at all times to meet the wants of the travelling public. First-class Turnouts ready at the shortest notice.
Guelph, 6th Dec. dtf W. J. WILSON.

O'CONNOR'S BILLIARD HALL,

IN THE

QUEEN'S HOTEL, GUELPH, OPPOSITE THE MARKET.

Refitted in the latest fashion. Five latest styles Phelan Tables. do

DOMINION SALOON.

Fresh Oysters in every Style

The table supplied with all the delicacies of the Season in a first-class manner.
☞ At the Bar will be found the Choicest Brands of Liquors and Cigars.
DENIS BUNYAN,
Guelph, Nov. 21, 1871. do

SODEN'S PUBLIC CAB.

The subscriber having purchased Mr. D. Coffee's splendid Cab, begs to inform the public that it will be at their service at all times, either by the hour, the day, or any other way, at the most moderate charges.
It will attend all the regular trains, also Concert and Balls, and can be engaged for Marriages or Funerals on the shortest notice.
Order slates kindly permitted at Mr. Harvey's Drug Store, Parker's Hotel, and Hewer's Western Hotel.
A careful and steady driver always with the Cab. A share of public patronage respectfully solicited.
Orders may also be left at the Owner's Grocery Store, Upper Wyndham Street.
Oct. 19, 1871. dtf R. SODEN.

DUIGNAN'S PUBLIC CAB.

The Subscriber begs to inform the people of Guelph that he has purchased a handsome and commodious Cab, which will always be at their service.
He will be at the Railway Stations on the arrival of all trains.
Parties wishing to hire by the hour or otherwise will be charged the most reasonable rates.
As he will make it his study to see to the comfort of all passengers he hopes to receive a share of public patronage.
Orders left at the Express Office, Mr. Hugh Walker's, and at the Post Office will be promptly attended to.
Sept. 4, 1871. do JOHN DUIGNAN.

PRIZE DENTISTRY.

DR. ROBERT CAMPBELL,

Licentiate of Dental Surgery.
Established 1864.
Office next door to the "Advertiser" Office, Wyndham - st., Guelph.
Residence opposite Mr. Boult's Factory, Quebec Street. Teeth extracted without pain.
References, Drs. Clarke, Tuck, McGuire, Herod, McGregor, and Cowan, Guelph. Drs. Buchanan and Philips, Toronto; Drs. Elliott & Meyers, Dentists, Toronto. dw

W. M. FOSTER, L. D. S.,

SURGEON DENTIST, GUELPH.

Office over E. Harvey & Co's Drug Store, Corner of Wyndham and Macdonnell-sts. Guelph.
☞ Nitrous Oxide (laughing gas) administered for the extraction of teeth without pain, which is perfectly safe and reliable.
References kindly permitted to Drs. Herod, Clarke, Tuck, McGuire, Keating, Cowan and McGregor, Guelph; W. K. Graham, Dentist, Brampton. dw

RAYMOND'S

SEWING MACHINES

Family Sewing Machine (single thread;
" Hand Lock Stitch (double thread)
" No. 1, Foot Power, "
" No. 2, for heavy work;
Furnished with plain tables, half, or Cabinet Cases, as required.

CHARLES RAYMOND,

GUELPH, ONT.

July 12, 1871 dwly

PARKER'S HOTEL,

—DIRECTLY—

OPPOSITE the MARKET, GUELPH

First-class accommodation for travellers. Commodious stabling and an attentive hostler.
The best of Liquors and Cigars at the bar.
JAMES PARKER, Proprietor.
Guelph, Feb. 6, 1872. dwy

NEW MILLINERY SHOW ROOMS.

MISS ELLIS

Begs to inform the public that she has just received a fresh lot of

MILLINERY GOODS

In all the latest styles, and respectfully solicits an early call.
☞ One door east of the Royal Hotel.
Guelph, Oct. 5, 1871. do

ELECTRO AND CARRIAGE-PLATING SHOP.

The undersigned begs to inform the public that he has purchased the business of the late E. J. Robinson, and that he intends to carry it on in all its branches. Prices, &c., as usual. Small articles plated from 15 cents and upwards. Country orders promptly attended to. He has also moved his

New Machine & Repairing Shop

To the same premises, where all orders in that line will be promptly attended to.
JOHN KIRKHAM,
Guelph, Jan. 10, 1872 dtf

THORP'S LIVERY STABLE

STILL IN OPERATION

AT THE OLD STAND

First-class horses and rigs can be had at all hours by applying at the Stable, opposite the Grand Trunk Railway Station.
JA[illegible] THORP.
Guelph, April 5th, 1871 yd

New Advertisements.

LOST. — On Thursday night last, on Norfolk Street, a Prairie Wolf Skin Robe. The finder will be rewarded by leaving it at this office. 10-d6

HOUSE WANTED.—On or near the Waterloo Road. Address, stating particulars, to A. B., Drawer 30, Guelph P.O. (5-12

DOG FOUND.—Came on the premises of the undersigned, Ontario Hotel, about 5 weeks ago, a Coach Dog, with collar and name thereon. The owner is requested to prove property, pay expenses, and take him away. 7-d3w3 THOS. MERLIHAN.

BLACKSMITH WANTED IMMEDIATELY. — Good wages and steady employment to a competent man. Apply to James Laing, Blacksmith, Morriston. dwtf

TANNERY FOR SALE OR TO RENT.

The subscriber will either sell or rent his Tannery, on Surrey Street, Guelph. Possession given on the 1st of March. Apply, on the premises, to JEHU CLARKE, Proprietor.
Guelph, Jan. 9, 1872. dw

FARM FOR SALE.— Being the north-west half of Lot 98, Con. C, Township of Minto, containing 50 acres, from 40 to 45 acres cleared. There are two never failing spring creeks crossing the farm. Situate on the gravel road, three miles from the flourishing village of Harriston. For terms, apply to Alex. Meiklejohn, Harriston, or the subscriber, on the premises.
Feb. 5, 1872. d4t w4t MAL. MILLOY.

LOOK HERE.

Owners having horses suffering om Ring Bone, Bone Spavin, Blood Spavin, Curbs, Splints &c., can have these enlargments effectually removed in a very short space of time and at small expense by applying to
JOSEPH HIRSCH Union, Hotel.
Guelph, Jan. 31st, 1872. dw1m.

BERKSHIRE BOAR "JOHN A."

The Subscriber begs to notify the breeders of Swine that he has purchased the above Boar, imported from England by Geo. Roach, Esq., of Hamilton, which will serve sows this season. Terms $4 cash.
Pedigree—John A. was sired by Sampson out of Swindon I, by 2nd Duke of Gloster; dam Sniper I. out of Bobtail I. by Tim Whiffler.
W. A. BOOKLESS, Royal Hotel,
Guelph, Dec. 8, 1871. Proprietor. dwtf

CASH FOR WOOL, HIDES, SHEEPSKINS, CALF SKINS, and WOOL PICKINGS.

The highest market price paid for the above at No. 4, Gordon Street, Day's old block, Guelph.
Plasterer's Hair constantly on hand for sale at D. MOULTON'S,
Guelph, Feb. 3, 1872 dw

MONEY, MONEY, MONEY!

To lend, at reasonable rates, on security of real property, in sums to suit borrowers.
Apply to GUTHRIE, WATT & CUTTEN.
Guelph, Dec. 27, 1871 3md

WANTED. —A strong boy to learn Blacksmithing, in all its branches. Apply to WRAY & HIRSH, Hespeler. f1w3

BULL FOR SALE.—For sale, a 2 year old thoroughbred Durham Bull. First-class pedigree. Apply to Alex. McPhederan, Lot 18, 4th con. Nassagaweya. f7-w4t

CEDAR FOR SALE. — A quantity of Cedar, suitable for rails and fence posts can be purchased from George Lush, east half of Lot 31, 5th concession, Eramosa. Price from $10 to $15 per acre. f7-4w

THOROUGH-BRED BULL for SALE. For sale a thorough-bred Durham Bull, 3 years old, registered pedigree. Was bred by Arthur Hogge, Esq., Guelph Township. Apply to John G. Wright, Lot 7, 9th Concession, Garafraxa. f7-w4t

DURHAM STOCK FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers for sale three thorough-bred Bull Calves, and one yearling Bull. All the above Stock are registered, and have first-class pedigrees, without star or any other flaw. WM. BATHGATE,
j31-w4t Con. 8, Div. C, Guelph.

FARM TO LET. — Lots 17 and 30, in Division D, Township of Guelph, on the Town Line, 75 acres, house and outbuildings. For particulars, apply to
EDWARD CARTHEW.
Jan. 30, 1872 wtf Waterloo Road.

BULL CALVES FOR SALE. — Three pure bred Short-horned Bull Calves, eight and ten months old, with good registered pedigrees. Four miles and a half from Guelph the Guelph and Erin Gravel Road.
JOSEPH PARKINSON,
j24-wtf Elmbrook Farm, Eramosa P.O

PURE BRED BULLS FOR SALE.—By the Subscriber, two thorough-bred Bulls, one the well-known Bull Breadalbane, 4 years old; the other rising two years old, all but pure red. Registered pedigrees complete. A. CAMPBELL,
F7-wtf Lot 26, Con. 7, Nassagaweya.

IMPORTANT TO MARKET GARDENERS.—For sale, a House, Lot of 5 acres, and suitable buildings thereon; with young thriving orchard and nursery. A never-failing spring of water on the premises. Situate on the York Road, 1.5 miles from town, and at present occupied by Mr. William Sunley. Apply to John Sunley, Lot 9, 3rd, Con. Eramosa. 17-w3

FARM AND SAWMILL FOR SALE. Being West half of Lot 2, in the 15th con. Township of Peel consisting of 100 acres, 50 cleared, frame house, barn, and sheds. The sawmill is on Conestoga River, and is in good working order. This is a rare chance as the present owner is about to retire from business. Terms as may be agreed on. Apply to the undersigned, or address to Bosworth P.O., postpaid.
Jan. 24, 1872 8w JAMES SCROGGIE.

EDWARD OSLER, Law, Chancery and Conveyancing Office, Notary Public, Land, Loan and Insurance Agent. Office, next door to R. H. Perry's Drug Store, Fergus. Agent for "The Standard Life Insurance Company," of Scotland; "The Isolated Risk Fire Insurance Co.," of Toronto; "The Huron and Erin Savings and Loan Society," and "The Ontario Savings and Investment Society. Loans advanced on Farm and Village Property. $15,000 in private funds to invest on good farm security. No commission charged. F7-wy

HEATHER'S

Stove and Plough Depot

The subscriber would call the attention of the public to Kinney's Pat'nt Improvement in Stove Furniture, by which pots, kettles, frying pans, &c., are so constructed that all smoke, smell and steam from frying meat or other cooking are conducted up the chimney as perfectly as in the old fashioned fire-place. Ladies, give them a trial.
☞ Sole agent for Guelph.
A good assortment of STOVES, TINWARE and PLOUGHS always on hand, and at the lowest prices.
WM. HEATHER,
Corner Woolwich-st. and Eramosa Road
Guelph, 22nd August, 1871. dw

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION.

The partnership heretofore existing between Davidson & Chadwick has been dissolved by mutual consent.
All parties indebted to the late firm will please make immediate payment to Mr Davidson, who is authorized to collect and receive the same. Any claims against the firm must also be presented to Mr. Davidson.
CHARLES DAVIDSON,
F. J. CHADWICK.
Witness—A. C. CHADWICK.

THE Insurance and General Estate Agency will be carried on as heretofore at the same office, in the Town Hall Buildings, by
CHARLES DAVIDSON.
Guelph, Jan. 29, 1872. d3-w3

Guelph Evening Mercury

TUESDAY EVENING, FEB. 13, 1872

Railway Time Table

Grand Trunk Railway

Trains leave Guelph as follows:

WEST

4:22 a.m.; 9.50 a.m.; 6 p.m.*; 8:30 p.m‡.
*To London, Goderich, and Detroit. ‡To Berlin.

EAST

3:15 a.m.; 7:30 a.m.; 11:04 a.m.; 3:45 p.m.
The 1.55 p m. and 6.50 p.m. trains are cancelled.

Great Western --- Guelph Branch

Going South depart at 6.50 a.m., 1.05 p.m, and 4.55 p.m; also by mixed train every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 1.40 p.m.
Going North, depart at 11.45 a.m., 4.55 p.m., and 9.05 p.m.; also by mixed train every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday at 1.05 p.m. Trains leave Harriston every morning at 10 a.m., reaching Guelph at 1.05 p.m, and in addition a mixed train every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 9 a.m., reaching Guelph at 1.40 p.m. The train which passes Guelph going north at 11.45 a m., runs every day to Clifford, arriving there at 3.15 p.m. and a mixed train which passes Guelph every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 1.40 p m., reaches Clifford at 5 00 p.m.

Town and County News

THE average quantity of wheat purchased daily in Kincardine is from 2,000 to 3,000 bushels.

THE Presbyterians, Episcopalians, Primitive Methodists and Catholics in Walkerton are talking of building churches this year.

HAMILTON EVENING STANDARD. — The *Standard* is now published as an evening as well as a morning paper, and is thriving amazingly.

WORKING MEN'S CLUB.—As will be seen by advertisement there will be a meeting of the above Club on Wednesday evening, in the Temperance Hall.

CHAMBERS' JOURNAL. — The January number of this popular Magazine is to hand and contains an appetizing table of contents. A new story appears in this number entitled "A Golden Sorrow" by the author of a "House of Cards." Now is the time to subscribe. Can be had at Anderson's cheap bookstore.

THEY ARE COMING.—Who? Why, the New Orleans Ministrels, claiming "to be the original and only legitimate ones of that name, and to be gentlemen by birth, education and association." Then of course patronize them with a crowded house on Friday night next, the 16th inst., at the Town Hall.

COLIN GROFF, formerly of Berlin, Ontario, died suddenly last week, at Chicago, having bled to death after having two teeth pulled. The body was brought to Ayr, County of Waterloo, and interred in the Presbyterian Churchyard by the side of his wife, who had passed away some eighteen months before him, both having been cut off in the prime of life. Six children are left orphans.

ROMAN CATHOLIC BAZAAR.—We would remind the various parties interested in this Bazaar, that the Drawing of the Prizes commences *this* afternoon at 2 o'clock, and after a personal inspection of the various articles on exhibition, we can confidently predict that those who are fortunate enough to receive a prize will find that they have received ample value for their investment. We could not possibly particularize all the articles, but we may mention a few that especially caught our eye. A very fine painting of the present Pope, and another of the Virgin, and another also entitled the Pet, a handsome Gold Watch, Hair Cloth Sofa, Arm Chair, Sewing Machine by Wilson Bowman & Co., Fergus, &c &c. There will be a Concert and Matinee this afternoon during the drawing of the prizes, and another Concert at 8 o'clock this evening, when rich musical treats will be afforded to all interested in the success of this Grand Bazaar, especially, as we understand that the LaSalle Band played last evening in Elora to a crowded house with marked approbation.

REGULATIONS.—As Lent commences on Wednesday, the following rules and regulations for the due observance of the penitential season, in this diocese, as given in a pastoral letter from His Lordship Bishop Farrell, will be interesting:

1. All the days of Lent, Sundays excepted, are days of fast and abstinence.
2. The use of flesh meat is allowed once a day on Mondays, Tuesdays and Thursdays (the first Thursday and all holy week excepted.) On Sundays flesh meat is allowed without restriction as to the number of times, and also on the three aforesaid days to those whom age or hard work dispense from fasting.
3. Flesh and fish are not to be used at the same meal.
4. Lard is tolerated for cooking (especially for the poor.)
5. In the evening a small collation is allowed (say one fourth of a meal) at which eggs, butter and cheese may be used.
6. Are exempted from fasting persons under twenty-one years, mothers bearing or suckling children, as well as those whom great age, infirmity, or hard work would not permit to fast without great inconvenience. In doubt counsel is to be taken from your confessor or physician.
7. The pascal time commences on Ash-Wednesday and closes on Trinity Sunday.

POLICE COURT.

BEFORE GEORGE ELLIOTT, ESQ.

Feb. 13.—John Hall jr. was charged by Francis Newton with committing an assault upon him on the 3rd inst. Fined $2 and costs.

The Dominion Government and the North West Territory.

To the Editor of the MERCURY.

It was with no small degree of astonishment I noticed a letter from the Manitoba correspondent to the *Globe*, a few days ago, intimating that the Government had decided on granting lands to the French half-breeds in the Valley of the Saskatchewan on the same scale of profuse liberality as in the Province of Manitoba. I hope the report may prove unfounded, for, although I have no great faith in the wisdom of our rulers at Ottawa, I can scarcely believe them capable of committing so consummate an act of folly as this measure betrays. If the Government is determined on producing a state of things in the Territory which would lead to a war of races, they could not devise a more effectual method of accomplishing their object. When we find a twentieth part of the whole fertile belt — amounting to at least two million acres, besides fifty thousand acres around their trading posts—granted to the Hudson's Bay Company, nearly the whole Province to the French half-breeds, and now another slice granted to the same favoured race in the Saskatchewan, we may well ask the question, Where is all this to end? If the Territory is to be cut up in this way ere the first step is taken to survey the land and prepare it for colonization, as well let the few traders and their offspring have it all to themselves, and let us apply the *millions* intended for opening a communication with the Territory to improvements within the very narrow limits to which our patriotic rulers seem determined to confine us- -if they can. Sir George E. Cartier seemed to look upon the annexation of the North West Territory to Canada with an evil eye from the time the question was first agitated until the present day. We know what efforts were made to prejudice the public mind against the country, and the various agencies that were employed to carry out the policy of the one-man power until the pressure from without became too formidable to be resisted with safety to its existence, and then, with what a bad grace the extorted boon was ultimately yielded. There is a mystery involved in this procedure which appears to be quite inexplicable. Can the solution of it be found in the jealousy that is known to exist in certain quarters touching the increasing strength of "de cod fish" in the West, combined with Hudson's Bay Company influence exerted in the dark in a peculiar form? Although the Territory is now thrown open for colonization we still recognise the same hostile influences at work. A Province is set apart and a Governor appointed who proceeds on his way rejoicing; arrived at his destination he meets with a people in open rebellion against his authority, he meets also with a member of the Dominion Goverment—the Cartier Government I mean—whose appearance in that distant region at so inclement a season of the year, and at such a crisis, no one could explain. Of course the veteran statesman and transcendently loyal subject could have had no connection, either directly or indirectly, with the *emeute*. Oh no, he was merely heard to remark, on seeing the British flag waving over Fort Garry—"Down with that rag"—that was all, and, after taking a quiet cup of tea with a friend, and reading a stray copy of the *Globe* — the irrepressible, omnipresent *Globe*—set out on his return. True it is that certain dark hints were whispered about at the time by malicious tongues, but then the world is full of malice. It is indeed. In the next act of the performance we find Governor Archibald on the stage, embracing, with the utmost cordiality, the leader of the rebellion, whose hands are still red with the blood of a murdered British subject, and patronizing and favouring by every means within his power those who had dared to trample the authority of his sovereign underfoot. Rebellion is evidently not the very criminal thing it is represented to be, especially if the rebel has the felicity to claim the *potent* French language as his vernacular; in that case he is looked upon rather as a benefactor than a criminal, as a patriot of the purest and most exalted type, worthy of all honour and distinction. With the English speaking rebel the case is rather different, a long rope and a short shrive, or at the least, a long residence in a penal settlement, are the rewards he has to expect. Strange that there should be such a difference, but so it is, and stranger still to find ultra loyal "Anglo-Saxons"—men who arrogate to themselves all the loyalty of the land—approving the difference. Consistency, thou art a jewel! "*Revenons a nos moultons.*" I would pause to enquire here, is it reasonable, is it consistent with common sense to suppose that Governor Archibald would have ventured to brave the scorn and the resentment of every loyal subject in the Empire by acting so reprehensible a part in the scene I have just adverted to if he had not felt the conviction on his mind that he was acting in accordance with the wishes of those who had appointed him? Taking all the circumstances of the case into consideration the conclusion seems inevitable that Sir George, having been compelled by the force of public opinion to yield the point as to the opening up and settlement of the Territory, seeks his revenge for being so overruled by surrounding the *concession* by every imaginable difficulty and interposed every possible hindrance to the realisation of the advantages that were expected to accrue from it. Then, again, as to the position the Hudson's Bay Company occupy in the Territory, the power they yield now, and the still greater power they cannot fail to acquire in the future, is evidently fraught with danger to the peace and prosperity of the country. With two million acres as their exclusive property, and the most eligible sites for building cities and towns in their possession, to say nothing of the influence which their great wealth and their quasi-monopoly of the fur trade gives them, their influence must become irresistible. We see the influence which the Grand Trunk exerts in the Dominion, but what is the Grand Trunk with all its influence, compared to the colossal corporation we have in the North West Territory. It would seem to be a subject well worthy the attention of an enlightened and patriotic Government to reconsider the unreasonable liberal concessions that have been made to the company ere the evils likely to arise from them have taken deeper root.

Yours truly, VIATOR.
Elora, Feb. 5th, 1872.

☞ It is said that spirits of turpentine sprinkled upon the carpets and bedding, is a sure disinfectant for small-pox. It should be repeated twice a week.

Running Away from the Narrow Gauge.

(From the Hamilton Spectator.)

The Mount Forest *Examiner* is not to blame for getting angry. Being an earnest and steadfast friend of the narrow-gauge railway, it thinks it does well to be angry when the damaging fact is made public that the farmers of Wellington and Grey team their produce from the line of the narrow gauge road to markets on the Wellington, Grey & Bruce railway because they can get better prices at the latter. The *Spectator* assisted in spreading a knowledge of this fact, and we are quite resigned to an outpouring of the *Examiner's* wrath. "Misanthropic soul," "soured and disappointed by ill success," not to say "a good hater"—that's what the *Spectator* is. Well, go on, brother, and when you have tired yourself with unsavory similes, listen to a few words of plain truth and fatherly advice.

In the first place, the *Examiner* does not contradict our statements. "Parties "may have gone from stations on the "Toronto road to sell at stations on its "Hamilton competitor, *but*—" The statement that shipments from one station on the Wellington, Grey and Bruce railway in eighteen days exceeded those from all stations on the narrow gauge in three months "may or may not be true"—*but* —That Mr James Hunter of Durham did team his pork past the narrow-gauge line to Guelph is true enough, *but*— And as that is about all we urged, we might let the matter rest there, our narrow-gauge friends having confessed judgment.

But let us see what his excuses are. That people teamed their stuff from the narrow-gauge markets to the broad gauge is true enough, but that they got better prices the *Examiner* denies emphatically. They probably took the extra trouble for pure love of teaming, or just to exercise their horses, or perhaps for fear that we in Hamilton would have no gravy for our pancakes; or else they read the *Examiner* to so little purpose as to be gulled by the false and fraudulent broad gauge people, who completely came the *comether* over them. The gentleman who hauled his pork down from Durham, had it shipped, *not over the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway*, but over the Grand Trunk to Montreal, where it was sold for $4.90 or $5, whereas he was offered $4.80 for it in Mount Forest, and he lost $250 by the operation. But how does that affect our statement? Why it shows that in the only market the narrow gauge road leads to prices are lower than in the county of Wellington on the Wellington, Grey and Bruce. In Montreal on the 5th, we find dressed hogs quoted as—

"Very irregular. Several sales of medium averages at $5.25; some lots in stock are so unsuited to the wants of the trade as to be barely saleable.'

If Mr Hunter sold for $4.90 or $5 he sold under the market, or his was one of the inferior lots. If his stock, however, was of the fair average quality he did the most foolish thing he could have done by sending his pork to Montreal. That our readers may see exactly what he could have got, we append the latest quotations for pork in markets on the two lines:

WELLINGTON, GREY & BRUCE.			
Guelph	$4 80	to	$5 30
Hamilton	5 50	to	6 00
TORONTO, GREY AND BRUCE.			
Mount Forest	4 50	to	5 00
Toronto	——		5 30

The Toronto price ($5.30) [illegible] id to have been paid for choice lots, so that pork in Guelph is worth at least as much as in Toronto and more than it is in Montreal, while a man will realize thirty cents a hundred by teaming it from Mount Forest to Guelph. If the price of a single article do not satisfy our friend, let us look at those paid for wheat in the same markets:

	Treadwell	Fall	Spring
	$ c $ c	$ c $ c	$ c $ c
Guelph	1.20 to 1.22	1.23 to 1.25	1.15 to 1.16
Hamilton	1.28 to 1.30	1.30 to 1.31	1.20 to 1.22
Mt. Forest	1.10 to 1.13	1.13 to 1.18	1.08 to 1.12
Toronto	1.22 to 1.24	1.25 to 1.27	1.18 to 1.20

This shows an advantage in the Hamilton market of an average of 4½ cents over that of Toronto and of 8 cents in Guelph over Mount Forest. The fact is admitted by the *Examiner* that farmers *do* team their produce from the line of the Narrow gauge to that of the Wellington, Grey and Bruce: the figures prove that when the roads are good it pays them to do so.

Still we counsel our amicable friend to keep his temper. Let him take what comfort he can out of his butter and eggs. If he can persuade the farmers up his way to devote their energies solely to those products he might find the narrow-gauge a very useful auxiliary. We dare say it would make a good butter-and-egg railway. A basket of eggs or a firkin of butter might get along on it very well, or it might even accomplish the conveyance of a few hams or a little cut meat; but it evidently can't "go the whole hog."

☞ A new international bridge is projected across the St. Lawrence River, near Clayton.

☞ If you want to find out a man's real disposition, take him when he is wet and hungry. If he is amiable, dry him and fill him up, and you have got an angel.

☞ It is the highest duty, privelege, and pleasure for great men to earn what they possess, to work their own way through life, to be the architects of their own fortunes.

EXCITEMENT AMONG MEDICAL MEN.—The medical men of St. Catharines, of all schools, are fearfully excited over an innovation of one of their number. This gentleman proposes taking the care of the people's health on the Chinese plan, viz.: To be paid $5 a year by each head of a family, so long as the members thereof are in good health, and to receive nothing when any one of them is sick. The price is quite reasonable enough, and the physicians no doubt fear that the practice may become general; and if it does, the number of doctors in town must be reduced at least one-half. There are about 2,000 heads of families in St. Catharines, which, at $5 each, would yield $10,000 a year. The doctors, of all sorts, number about 22, which would give, on this plan, $454 each—scarcely enough to pay house-rent, fuel and liquor bill. The doctor who has adopted this Chinese policy, we are informed, has succeeded in securing the patronage of several families on Welland Avenue. Of course this success has excited the ire and opposition of the whole faculty.

BY TELEGRAPH

THIS MORNING'S DESPATCHES

Assassination of Governor Mayo of India.

Stabbed by a Convict.

The Nile Expeditions.

The Geneva Conference.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—A report is prevalent throughout London this afternoon that Lord Mayo, Gov.-Gen. of India, has been stabbed and killed by a convict at Port Blaire, Andaman Islands. The influence of the report is already felt on the Stock Exchange. Prices of all securities affected by the Indian affairs are lower. The authority for it, however, is not yet traced.

In the House of Lords this evening the Duke of Argyle announced that the Government had received official information of the assassination of Governor-General Mayo, of India, and with several other Lords, pronounced eulogies on the deceased.

In the House of Commons Mr. Gladstone stated that on the evening of the 8th inst. Lord Mayo was stabbed by a Mahommedan convict, and soon after receiving his wound expired. The Premier proceeded to express the regret that the whole country would feel at the sudden death of this distinguished statesman. He was followed by Mr. Disraeli, who referred to the great public services of the deceased in terms of the highest praise.

Cincinnati Feb. 13.—The collison between the two freight trains on the O. & M. R. R. was greatly magnified in its consequences by the report yesterday.—There were no lives lost.

The *Herald's* London special says, advices from Zanzibar of Dec. 16 are at hand. News had been received of Stanley and his party to Sept 30th. He was at Ogara in the dominions of the native chief of Lorka, 20 days march from Unganyembe and was reported to be in good health. He left Unganyembe Aug. 30th for Ogara. An expedition reached Unganyembe October the 25th from Ogara which reported Stanley's arrival at Ogara which is half distance between Unganyembe and Ujiji. This intelligence is sent by Stutton through aid of Bwegush, whose messenger left Unganyembe four days after the arrival there of the expedition from Ogara and made the journey in 39 days from Unganyembe. A rumour prevailed at Zanzibar that Stanley was dead. Its original cannot be ascertained and the report is not credited. The *Herald's* Nile expedition left Khartoan for Gordokoro on Feb. 7th.

The *Tribune* this morning publishes a characteristic letter from the well-known English friend of America, Thos. Hughes, in which he gives a statement of the *Alabama* claims and negotiations from an English stand point of view, and declares a settlement on the basis of Sumner's speech utterly impossible. He manifests a painful anxiety as to the result, and concludes as follows: "I can only hope that time, the great solver, will help both nations through this provoking difficulty, and that in the meantime neither side may be hounded back by anonymous writers or reckless public men into the swamp from which we have so recently escaped. Cool tempers and sound upright judgment were never more needed, and I am sure your best citizens will join me in the prayer that they may be forthcoming.

New York, Feb. 12.—The *World's* special from London to-night says the conflict of opinion in England on the *Alabama* claims increases. A meeting of workingmen will soon be held to oppose the course of the British Government and demand an immediate settlement of claims, the sum paid to the United States to be subsequently recovered of the builders of the vessels which caused the damages. The party in Parliament is preparing to move for the resignation of the present Ministry, on the ground of its blundering incapacity, and for the formation of a Cabinet which shall propose a settlement of the American claims on a new basis.

London, Feb. 12, 5 p. m.—The report of the *Daily Telegraph* that Bismarck had offered his mediation between Great Britain and the United States is ascertained to be without foundation.

London, Feb. 12.—The *Daily News* asserts that public opinion in Germany is strong in its condemnation of the course pursued by the United States Government in connection with the *Alabama* claims.

Mr Gladstone, replying to a question in the House of Commons to day, stated that the case of the American Government submitted to the Geneva Board of Arbitration had not yet been printed, and it would therefore be unjust to publish the document here at present.

VIENNA, Feb. 12.—The *Presse*, of this city, in an article upon the claim of America before the Arbitrators at Geneva, says, "England has probably learned that the opinion of the Board will be unfavorable to the conduct of that nation during the civil war in America, and fears the consequence of her course towards the United States.

☞ Mr. Belcoweit, postmaster of the House of Commons, Ottawa, has been dismissed.

☞ There were 138 interments in the Montreal cemeteries for the week, among them were 29 cases of small-pox, all among the Roman Catholics.

☞ The Toronto *Telegraph* has ceased to be a morning paper, and will henceforth, according to its own announcement, be published in the evening.

☞ Ex-Alderman Mands of Toronto, has offered twenty cents on the dollar. The creditors refused to accept, and he is to be sold off.

☞ There seems to be no hope of a reprieve for Travis, who murdered Johnston, Township of King, as the petitions have not been numerously signed. The unfortunate man's friends visit him daily, and the clergy are constantly in attendance.

GAS EXPLOSION.—On Sunday night a terrific explosion of gas took place in the house of Mr. Theodore Beaudry, Montreal, which it is feared will be attended with fatal results to Mr. Beaudry. The building was very much damaged, but the loss is co[illegible] by insurance in the Royal, whose p[illegible] over the explosion.