

THIS ORIGINAL DOCUMENT IS IN VERY POOR CONDITION

Guelph Evening Mercury

VOL. 1. NO. 8.

GUELPH, ON., CANADA, MONDAY EVENING, JULY 29, 1867.

New Advertisements. 20 BOYS WANTED.

WANTED immediately at the EVENING MERCURY office, twenty boys to sell papers...

Mourning Stationery

A FULL ASSORTMENT! CHEAP!

AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE, OPPOSITE THE MARKET

TO PRINTER BOYS.

WANTED immediately at this office, a young lad who has a knowledge of type setting.

THE BEST OF STATIONERY!

AT THE LOWEST PRICE,

AT DAY'S BOOKSTORE, OPPOSITE THE MARKET.

THE EVENING MERCURY

CHEAP BOOK AND JOB

PRINTING HOUSE!

FIRST HOUSE EAST OF THE GOLDEN LIONS,

Macdonnell Street, - - GUELPH.



McLAGAN AND INNES,

HAVE much pleasure in intimating to their numerous patrons and the public in general that they have

REMOVED

Their Printing Establishment to more extensive and commodious premises, specially erected for the requirements of their extensive business.

JOB PRINTING

In connection with the EVENING and WEEKLY MERCURY Newspapers we have the Largest and most complete JOB DEPARTMENT west of the City of Toronto.

Beautiful New Scotch Type,

Imported direct from Miller & Richards, Edinburgh. We have also in constant operation

THREE POWER AND TWO HAND PRESSES,

Thus enabling us to turn out work on the shortest possible notice. Having such facilities at our command, employing none but the best workmen, and using good stock, we enjoy great advantages in the execution of all kinds of

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL

BOOK and JOB PRINTING.

Our charges in the future, as in the past, will be moderate, at least

20 per Cent. under any other Office in the County,

While the style and quality of the work will be fully up to that of the large cities.

THE BUSINESS MAN

Will find it specially to his advantage to give us a call and examine specimens and learn prices.

All Orders by Post Promptly attended to.

McLAGAN & INNES, EVENING MERCURY OFFICE, Macdonnell St., Guelph.

Guelph, July 20, 1867.

GUELPH POST OFFICE.

Arrival and Delivery of Mails.

Table with columns: DELIVERY, CLOSE, A.M., P.M. Lists arrival and delivery times for various locations like Hamilton, Grand Trunk, Toronto, etc.

TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

Table with columns: GOING EAST, GOING WEST. Lists train times for various routes.

GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY.

Table with columns: ARRIVE AT GUELPH, DEPART. Lists train times for Great Western Railway.

PROSPECTUS

OF THE GUELPH EVENING MERCURY

HAVING removed to their new office in THE MERCURY BUILDING, Macdonnell Street, opposite the Great Western Hotel Stables, the publishers have determined, in view of the elections, to issue an

Evening Edition of "The Mercury."

It will appear every afternoon (Sundays excepted) at 5 o'clock, and will be furnished to subscribers in town and country at \$4 a year, paid strictly in advance.

The Mercury will contain the latest telegraphic news of every thing that transpires of importance from all parts of the country, including the daily despatches by the Atlantic cable, the New York, Montreal, Guelph and other Markets.

Special attention will be paid to Local News.—Full and impartial reports of all public meetings will be given, due notice will be taken of all public improvements, and everything of an interesting character transpiring in the town or county will be fully recorded in its pages.

General and Miscellaneous news, and reading adapted for the family, carefully selected with a view to their moral bearing on the community, will find their due place in THE EVENING MERCURY.

TO ADVERTISERS.

As we have already secured a large subscription list, the advertiser will find it a valuable medium for communicating with the public.

THE WEEKLY MERCURY.

THE WEEKLY MERCURY has now been enlarged to 40 columns—ten columns on each page—thus making it by far the largest weekly newspaper published in Canada.

McLAGAN & INNES, PUBLISHERS.

Mercury Building, Macdonnell-st., Guelph, July 29, 1867.

Weekly Exchanges inserting the above a few times will be entitled to the Daily.

Sardines & Lobsters

JUST RECEIVED

A LOT OF

Fresh Sardines

AND LOBSTERS,

AT JOHN A. WOOD'S,

Guelph, July 22. dtf

REMOVAL.

MRS. ROBINSON

HAVING sold her right of the

THE POST OFFICE STORE!

Begs to inform her friends and the public that she has lessened the

Store belonging to Mr. James Mays,

On Upper Wyndham Street, where she will carry on the business as usual.

Guelph, July 23, 1867. dtf

Evening Mercury.

MONDAY EVENING, JULY 29.

General News.

In answer to enquiries in the House of Commons on the evening of the 12th inst., Lord Stanley said that it was not the intention of the Imperial Government to take any steps with regard to Mexican affairs.

A man has been arrested on suspicion of having set Coulson's Hotel, Oil Springs, on fire.

Maximilian's body has been embalmed, seven days and nights having been consumed in the operation.

Frederick Douglas, nearly forty years ago, had a brother, who, like himself, was a slave, but who, unlike himself, never succeeded in breaking his own fetters.

Fifty thousand negroes are to be at once freed in Brazil for the purpose of swelling the ranks of the army.

For some crime which the London Prototype refuses to mention, a soldier in the 53rd Regiment, lying in that city, was recently drummed out, and in addition to the disgrace received two years imprisonment.

The journeymen tailors of the United States are going to have a Convention in Cincinnati on the 12th of August next.—They have issued an address to the tailors of the British Provinces, inviting them to send representatives to said Convention with a view of perfecting an International Union of the trade.

Cholera prevails to some extent at Rome.

The Cunard steamer Cuba on her last run from Halifax to Cork, made the passage in six days and twenty-two hours—the quickest on record.

Among the latest arrivals at Saratoga are two young ladies from Havana, known as the "charms of Cuba," and wearing diamonds to the value of \$250,000.

The reign of terror continues in Spain. There have been sixty-eight political executions in six months.

The motion to secure the admission of Irishmen to the Guards has been successful. The order against the enlistment of Irishmen and Catholics has been withdrawn.

According to the Independence Belge, the French Government are preparing the publication of documents, in order to prove that the clerical party in Mexico are really responsible for the fate of Maximilian.

An American paper has authority for stating that the Rev. Newman Hall, the well-known English preacher, will visit the United States the coming fall, embarking at Liverpool on the 20th of August. The Rev. W. Morley Punshon, the celebrated Wesleyan orator, is also expected out some time during the autumn.

The bill for the abolition of church rates has passed the House of Commons—not for the first time, as our readers will recollect. We are inclined to think that the cable message should be read, "passed a first reading," for the papers of the 13th do not mention the introduction of the bill. But if it has really "passed," it does not denote the abolition of church rates. The bill is always thrown out by the Lords.

The Miner, in a long article upon the advantages secured for Lower Canada by Confederation, says that, besides the compact body of French Canadians returned by Lower Canada, there are six of the same origin in the Legislature of Nova Scotia, and four in New Brunswick, with a sure prospect of two more at the next election. The four provinces will also return ten Irish Roman Catholics. This will give the Roman Catholics nearly half of the whole representation.

The "friends of the Administration" held a meeting in Hamilton on Friday night last, when after passing a resolution declaring their belief, "that the material advancement of the Dominion of Canada will be best secured, and the permanency of Confederation more certainly attained by present political unity of action than by party administration being precipitated upon the country," a committee was appointed to investigate the claims of several gentlemen spoken of as probable candidates for the Local Parliament. After due consideration Alderman Muriison was considered most entitled to the honor, and received a formal nomination in consequence.

Local News.

PIC-NIC.—The Temperance Society's picnic is being held this afternoon in Mr. Peterson's grove.

Judge Davis, of Halton, died at his residence on the 26th of July, at the age of 63 years. He was appointed Judge on the separation of Halton from Wentworth in 1855.

The first sod on the Orangeville tramway was turned by Mr. A. Brown, of Melanthon on Monday last; a number of laborers immediately afterwards went to work, and in course of the day several rods of the tramway were prepared for the ties and iron.

LECTURE TO-NIGHT.—The promised lecture on the Red River Settlement, by the Rev. John Black, a returned missionary, which was to have been given a week ago, will take place in Knox's church to-night. No disappointment this time; Mr. Black is in town.

A destructive fire has occurred in Simcoe. A barn attached to a residence in town took fire, and the flames communicated to a Baptist chapel and adjoining sheds, and to a livery stable, which were totally consumed. The chapel was insured to the amount of \$800. The barn burnt was also insured.

The Bank of Montreal has opened an office in Halifax as Finance Agents of the Dominion of Canada, and A. Macnider, Esq., late manager of the Guelph Branch of that Bank, has been appointed to the management of the new office.

CRICKET.—We are requested to state that a committee meeting of the cricket club will be held at Messrs. Sharpe's office to-morrow, at 2 p. m.

Cricket Match.

The following is the score of the two clubs that played here on Friday last:

S. T. MARY'S.

FIRST INNINGS.

Table showing cricket scores for S. T. Mary's First Innings. Includes names like A. Niven, C. H. Muckleidge, J. Digby, etc.

SECOND INNINGS.

Table showing cricket scores for S. T. Mary's Second Innings. Includes names like A. Niven, J. E. Adams, W. Husband, etc.

GUELPH.

FIRST INNINGS.

Table showing cricket scores for Guelph First Innings. Includes names like A. King, B. R. Adams, C. H. Muckleidge, etc.

SECOND INNINGS.

Table showing cricket scores for Guelph Second Innings. Includes names like W. Husband, J. Digby, W. Pearson, etc.

Meeting at Georgetown.

Messrs. White and Barber, the Reform candidates for the representation of the County of Halton, held one of their political meetings at Georgetown, on Thursday evening, the 25th of July. The meeting was held in the Town Hall, which was much too small to accommodate the number of persons present.

The Conservatives are talking of bringing out another man to oppose Mr. Barber, but they may just as well keep him at home as Mr. Barber is too good a Reformer and too sterling a man to be overthrown in this County.

SUICIDE THROUGH LOVE AT DERBY.

A short time ago, a sad suicide was committed at Derby. A girl, sixteen years of age, named Maria Smith, residing with her parents in Duke Street, had been keeping company for some time past with a young man in that town. A disagreement had arisen between them, and the result was that the girl had been in a low state of mind. Early on Sunday evening she called upon a female companion to go for a walk. She showed an anxiety to walk by the river side, and it was accordingly agreed between them that they should stroll up Derby Grove, an outskirt of the town, and enter the fields surrounding the Derwent. There they remained till between nine and ten o'clock, when several boys came up, and a few minutes afterwards they noticed deceased take her hat and cape off. The boys ran to the spot and urged her to go home in company with her companion.—She became excited, and notwithstanding the efforts made to rescue her, she jumped into one of the deepest parts of the river, and was drowned in their presence.

The members of Congress, who repaired to Washington in the hottest season of the year, for the purpose of securing a speedy and fair process of reconstruction, have given an additional proof of their patriotism in refusing to take mileage, although they have doubtless all to pay their travelling expenses. This is a noble and rare proof of public spirit.

Canada Company.—A special general meeting of this Company was held on Monday, July 8, at the offices, East India avenue, Leadenhall street; Mr. R. Gillespie in the chair. Mr. G. Molineux, the secretary, having read the notice convening the meeting, the chairman explained that the object of the meeting was for the purpose of confirming, or otherwise, the resolution passed at the special court of Proprietors held on the 4th June last. The resolution referred to was as follows:—"Resolved,—That, in pursuance of the powers contained in the Company's Act of 1856, and with a view to the distribution among the Shareholders of the proceeds of the lands set apart pursuant to that Act to represent the capital of the Company, the affairs of the Company be wound up, and that the Company be dissolved, without prejudice, nevertheless, to the maintenance and continued enjoyment of all the powers conferred upon the Company by its charter and acts of parliament." He then moved a formal resolution confirming the resolution passed by the Proprietors on June 4, which was seconded and carried unanimously.

It is said that the Atlantic Cable Company now proposes to send messages from New York to foreign countries, the language of these countries being sent to be employed.

Rifle Match at Wimbledon.

The shooting for the Queen's prize commenced at Wimbledon on the 9th.—At the conclusion of the shooting at the 200 yards the Scotch had the lead by two points only, the numbers being—Scotland 419, England 417, and Ireland 355. Corporal Ingram at this range made four successive bulls'-eyes, making his total score 23; but that number was also gained by Mr. Edward Ross and Mr. McIntyre.

In shooting for the Duke of Cambridge's prize with military breech-loaders some very extraordinary scores for rapidity were made. Mr. Dunlop, of the London Scottish, made 75 points in three minutes, and it was believed by many who witnessed the trial of skill in rapid firing that he would have made two shots more in the three minutes, but he was unable in consequence of the great heat of the barrel, to hold his rifle longer.—This score, however, was altogether eclipsed by Col. Halford, of Leicestershire, who fired 23 shots in three minutes, with 6 bulls'-eyes, 13 centres and 4 outers, making altogether 71 points. He fired with a Henry rifle. Two other gentlemen fired 30 shots in three minutes with Remington and Westley Richards rifles.

It was not until an advanced period in the day that the International Enfield challenge Trophy was brought to a conclusion, and every stage was watched with the greatest interest. The highest score made by any single individual was that of private Smyth, of the 1st Lanarkshire, one of the Scotch twenty, who scored 68 points. Last year when this prize was shot for at Edinburgh, the highest score made by individuals was by Mr. Edward Ross and Mr. Plenderleith, who respectively made 63 marks. After a very arduous struggle, the contest this year has terminated in favor of Scotland, and the following are the numbers at the different ranges:—

Table showing scores for Rifle Match at Wimbledon. Includes names like Scotland, England, Ireland, and their respective scores.

This Scotland became the winner for the second time of this prize, and according to the conditions, next year it must be shot for in Scotland.

SIR MORTON PETO.—We should be extremely sorry to add to the misfortunes of Sir Morton Peto by ungenerous criticisms, but if the statement which comes by the cable be true, there is a most extraordinary disparity between his means and his indebtedness. Liabilities to the extent of nine million pounds sterling [say forty-five millions gold], and assets of three hundred thousand pounds, or a trifle over a quarter of a million, is a balance sheet not often presented, even in the very worst cases. We cannot help doubting the statement as to the liabilities, but Sir Morton Peto's debts must be immensely large. He has been in difficulties a very long time; there is every reason to suppose that he was so when paying that visit to this country which is memorable, if for nothing else, on account of its extravagance and pretension. After that there was an awkward revelation in connection with the London, Chatham & Dover Railway, and the Spectator openly accused Sir Morton of fraud. The charge was not resented or disproved, although it might have been thought that a member of Parliament could not lightly afford to accept such a stigma. From that time to the present there have been repeated rumors that the Peto firm was in a state of collapse, and we confess that as the facts appear now we think it would only have wound up his affairs long ago. He has only added to his ruin, and dragged innocent sufferers into its vortex, by letting it be supposed that he could weather the storm. A pretty episode this to the display and profusion which the Peto party exhibited here two years ago! By all means let us be hospitable to strangers—but we should hope that railway contractors, members of Parliament or not, may for the future be allowed to go about their business quietly.

EDUCATION IN ENGLAND.—A right sensible and commendable scheme is on foot in England to provide for the better education of the farmer-class. Parliament has already undertaken to establish a system based upon factory regulation, which shall take care of the laboring classes to some extent in this same direction, and that movement has infused a spirit of emulation into some representatives of the middle classes, who are really, in their sphere, more lacking in education than the lower population.—The Parliamentary Commission, instituted some time since to investigate the grammar school system, have found it entirely, and upon the charitable endowments, which were the foundation of its local establishments, found a plan for building and putting into operation a system of what they call "middle-class schools," capable of lodging from 300 to 500 pupils, with masters' rooms and all necessary accessories; one in each district with sufficient school endowment to make it practicable; the whole to be under the Supervision of a Central Board in London, formed equally of Churchmen and Dissenters.

Cherbourg, July 27.—A despatch from yesterday via steamer Colorado, and was received by the captain and officers, pressed herself in ship and gratified reception, and left the shores of the Colorado.

The Algona

A despatch from yesterday says: The Algona, a new steamer, built at Sault Ste. Marie, on another steamer the same day. She is bound for Algona, and was absent to the death of Mr. Lean, of the steamer, were over 200 persons whom Mr. Block, Mr. F. Block, Mr. Jas. Forrester, ship.

The New

account of the management of the staff of the He... Many of the became disgraced he is graduated... Mr. M... owner of the tucky, the... owner... included... interest... this... are... mil... in...

From

Vienna, July 27.—of Turkey has arrived the guest of the Emperor. The official journal is the right and in Napoleon to enforce. The same paper also sent to the King of foregoeing effect.

From

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