

ARMENIANS IN GRAVE DANGER

25,000 in Baku Region Face a Massacre

If They Lose Battle With Turks.

Constantinople cable says: Fighting between Azerbaijanis and Armenians is continuing in the Karabagh region, and interallied observers report that 25,000 Armenians in Baku are in imminent danger of being massacred.

A portion of the Denekine fleet in the Caspian Sea has turned Bolshevik, moving northward to join the Red fleet, which is expected at the mouth of the Volga when the ice clears. The remainder of the Denekine vessels steamed southward from Petrovsk, and are reported proceeding to Persian ports.

At Batum, on the Black Sea side the British warships are sufficiently numerous to keep Batum quiet for the time being, but the Georgian Government is so weak and so hard pressed by its own radical elements that there seems to be little hope of successful resistance by the Georgians to the Bolshevik troops if they actually move against Georgia, as is threatened.

The Georgian situation is much complicated by the flood of Cossack soldiers and civilians fleeing across the mountains ahead of the Bolshevik advance. Thirty thousand armed Cossacks moving south from Novorossisk, and to Tuapse, are concentrated at Sochi, with the Reds pursuing the Georgians in their front, the mountains on one side and the sea on the other. The Georgians refuse to admit the Cossacks into Georgia unless they disarm, which the Cossacks decline to do, although virtually starving. The British have provided a temporary flour supply to quiet the situation in the hope of effecting a settlement.

From the rail end at Vladikavkaz 4,000 civilian refugees have already poured into Tiflis, and 12,000 more are expected, as the volunteer army is retreating along the railway. The Georgians are treating the refugees considerably, removing them at the rate of thirty trains daily at Poti, where a camp has been established, and are providing them with flour.

Vice-Admiral Sir Sydney R. Fremantle, Commander of British naval forces in the Near East, left here yesterday for Batum on board the Dreadnought Revenge, accompanied by a second battleship. It is said that the Soviet forces near Batum are strong enough to cause considerable trouble if they are joined by the Georgians.

Danger that all of the Caucasus and Trans-Caucasus regions, including Armenia, may turn Bolshevik is causing more uneasiness here than the Syrian and Anatolian situations. The capture of Fuaise during the past week by the Soviets virtually opened the road to Poti, the next Black Sea port to the southward, and Batum.

Georgian forces advancing on Batum would welcome Bolshevik cooperation, it is said. In addition there is danger the Georgians will absolutely prohibit the passage of supplies over their railroads in the direction of Armenia, which is now at war with Azerbaijan. If this should occur, the situation would become seriously complicated.

Azerbaijani Tartars are fighting the Armenians on both the eastern and western frontiers, according to reports, and engagements have occurred in the vicinity of Derzon, thirty miles south of Erivan on the Tabriz Railroad, and near Choucha, about 150 miles south of Elizabetopol. Fighting, it is said, has been going on for three weeks, but so far the Armenians have been successful in repulsing all attacks.

A Corrector of Pulmonary Troubles—Many testimonials could be presented showing the great efficacy of Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in curing disorders of the respiratory processes, but the best testimonial is experience and the Oil is recommended to all who suffer from these disorders with the certainty that they will find relief. It will allay inflammation in the bronchial tubes as no other preparation can.

"ALL WELL NOW," SAYS MILLERAND

Paris cable says: "Noble Belgium stood by us when our erstwhile friends were lacking."

Wild cheers greeted Premier Millerand when he made this statement in the Chamber of Deputies late to-day in the course of a speech on the Ruhr controversy.

The Premier's utterance was designed as an expression of gratitude to Belgium rather than a reproach to Britain and Italy, for he emphasized throughout his speech that the differences with those nations have been smoothed out and accord once more reigns in the councils of the Allies.

Mr. Millerand concluded by saying: "All is well now, and I will soon leave



A. McKim, Limited, Advertising Agency Opens Another Office.

B. B. Stewart to Take Charge in Hamilton.

A. McKim, Limited, with offices in Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg, and London, Winnipeg, and London, England, has added a fifth office, at Hamilton, Ont.

Mr. B. B. Stewart, who will be in charge of the new premises in the Home Bank Building on James street north, Hamilton, has been connected with A. McKim, Limited, at Toronto, for the last eight years.

A. McKim, Limited was the first advertising agency in Canada, has always been the biggest, and to-day renders the most complete advertising service in the British Empire.

GERMAN WHINE AGAINST FRANCE

Alleged Plot to Hold Line of the Rhine

And Break Germany Into Republics.

Berlin cable says: A semi-official statement, published here, quotes, from what purports to be a report of a conference of French officers of high rank, recently held at Mayence, at which it was said to have been agreed that the "line of the Rhine" was necessary for "the protection of France against the revenge ideas of German military circles."

It was considered, adds the report, that a buffer state must be created, which should include that part of the right bank of the Rhine comprising the Dusseldorf industrial district, the Ruhr region and Frankfurt and its neighborhood.

Every embarrassment of Germany should, the report says, be exploited to the best advantage. The statement continues:

"The conference also agreed that it would be best to divide Germany into five or six states or republics in alliance with Belgium. France could then, on the basis of the various paragraphs of the Peace Treaty, march into Germany and remain there. This definite and clever policy would put France within one or two years in possession of what Marshal Foch wants, namely, a military Rhine frontier, with strong bridgeheads, without any serious opposition on the part of the Allies or Germany."

LAST SOVIET OFFER.

Confer With Poles in Paris or London.

Warsaw cable: In rejecting further discussions regarding Borisov, on the Beresina River, northeast of Minsk, as the place for the proposed negotiations of Poland and Russia, the Russian Soviet Government has sent a wireless message saying it considered the last note of the Poles in the nature of an ultimatum.

"We are now standing face to face with the sad eventuality of breaking with Poland owing to the failure to agree upon a locality," the message says. It reiterates that the Bolsheviks are ready to accept any neutral town, and suggests the possibility of holding the peace conference in Paris or London. The message concludes by saying that Russia's only alternative has been to address England, America and France.

It is expected here that the Entente note to Poland on the subject will be made public in a few days.

A Pill for All Seasons.—Winter and summer, in any latitude, whether in torrid zone or Arctic temperature, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills can be depended upon to do their work. The dyspeptic will find them a friend always and should carry them with him everywhere. They are made to withstand any climate and are warranted to keep their freshness and strength. They do not grow stale, a quality not possessed in many pills now on the market.

IRISH GENERAL STRIKE INCREASINGLY OMINOUS

Thousands Parading Dublin Streets, and Clash With Authorities Feared

One Constable Shot Dead—London Papers on the Hunger Strike

Dublin cable: The general strike declared yesterday in protest against the treatment of the Irish hunger strikers in Mountjoy Prison continued to-day with added tenseness, and increased fears of serious developments. Sixty thousand workers in Dublin alone are on strike, and a feeling of pronounced excitement prevailed throughout the capital.

The day was marked early by a fatality, Constable Harry Kells being shot dead while on plain clothes duty in Camden street this morning. The constable's assailant was an unidentified young man. He fired two shots from his revolver and ran away from the scene before he could be apprehended.

The shooting added to the general excitement. Thousands of people are parading the streets, and collisions between the populace and the military are feared.

There have been rapid developments in connection with the strike. Viscount French, the Viceroy, sent for the Lord Mayor to-day, and later the military was withdrawn from the vicinity of Mountjoy Prison. One of the prisoners among the hunger strikers was removed to the City Hospital in a state of collapse.

Another development was the arrival in Dublin of General Sir Nevill MacCreedy, the new commander of the forces in Ireland, who is expected to assume his duties at once.

The general expectation here with regard to the hunger strikers, based upon last night's debate in the House of Commons in London, is that the Government, although refusing to release the political prisoners, will make some concessions in their treatment to secure the termination of the hunger strike. The feeling appeared to be that some formula for a settlement which would not be held to constitute a backdown by either side, was being sought.

Reports were that the general strike was gaining ground meanwhile.

COMMENT RE HUNGER STRIKERS.

London, April 2.—Most of the morning newspapers do not comment on Andrew Bonar Law's address in

the House of Commons, in which he announced that the Government would not alter its policy with regard to the hunger strike of Irish political prisoners held in Mountjoy Jail in Dublin. The Times, however, condemns the Government's policy, saying:

"It is based on a too narrow conception, and is consequently wrong. Whatever the cost of the prestige of the Irish Executive Department and the pride of Ministers, broader and more merciful considerations should be permitted to prevail."

Emphasis is laid by the Daily Mail on the fact that many of the hunger strikers have not been convicted in properly constituted courts of justice, and, therefore, should not be allowed to starve.

"On such exceptional and momentous occasions," the newspaper continues, "we look to the Government to take a broad and generous view."

Regret over the possible prospect of some of the strikers dying is expressed by the Chronicle, which is supporting the Government.

"But the alternative," the newspaper adds, "that the Government should capitulate to murder before the threat of suicide is worse still. If no way can be found, and suicide is permitted, the Government should make it clear to the public that the British case absolutely clear to the British Isles and America, so that no honest man would be able to entertain any honest doubt as to why the men were imprisoned, or as to the character of their treatment while in jail."

LAND FOR IRISH VOLUNTEERS.

Dublin cable: Government officials are negotiating for 2,000 acres of land which will be apportioned among Irishmen who volunteered for service at the front in 1918. Viscount Field Marshal French, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, promised in 1918 that land would be given to those who joined the colors, and in 1919 Parliament passed a bill carrying the Lord Lieutenant's promise into effect. Up to the present, however, only 71 men who took advantage of the offer have been provided with homes.

Four thousand applications for holdings have been filed, and nearly 6,000 soldiers have asked for cottages.

PLOT TO DISRUPT POLAND AND RESTORE RUSS IMPERIALISM

Russian Arrested in Paris Got Big Subsidies From Berlin.

Paris cable: Alois Osnoshkine, a Russian, was arrested here to-day charged with spying and intelligence with the enemy and conspiracy with the Germans to bring about civil war in Poland and restoration of imperialism in Russia.

The leaders in the alleged conspiracy are said to have received subsidies from Berlin. The sum of 30,000,000 francs is mentioned in this connection.

Osnoshkine returned to Paris from Berlin last Sunday. Before being locked up he protested friendly sentiments for France.

During the day several Russians, members of a group known as "Integral Russia" were questioned, but were left at large. Search is being made in a score of banks in which it is supposed the alleged conspirators rented strong boxes.

Wheat Act goes away with the serving of personal notice on owners of vacant lots in cities, towns and incorporated or police villages, but not townships. Notice published in the local paper is regarded as sufficient.

Some slight amendments were suggested in the bill concerning community halls and athletic fields. The whole township does not necessarily have to go into the matter. One school section may take it up. No special vote of the people is required to have community halls, as a majority of voters must sign the petition before anything can be done.

Wants are disfigurements that disappear when treated with Holloway's Corn Cure.

FATAL CUP OF TEA.

London, April 2.—Everybody knows that their coffee and caffeine are stimulating. But here is a case where a very small dose of them, usually so gently exhilarating, proved fatal.

Emma Mary Tracee, 56 years old, who had a weak heart, took to her bed. Feeling the need of a "pick-me-up," she called for a cup of tea. A few minutes after she died.

Testifying at the inquest in Hackney, her physician said: "Mrs. Tracee had fatty degeneration of the heart. In the majority of such cases I have found that death was preceded immediately by the patient drinking either tea or coffee."

Thousands of mothers can testify to the virtue of Mother's Own Worm Expeller, because they know from experience how useful it is.

Was Tortured for Nearly Two Years

THEN MRS. McNEIL USED DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

Nová Scotian Suffering from Rheumatism Tells of the Benefit She Got Through Using Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Hillsborough, N.S., April 19th. (Special.)—"For nearly two years I suffered the tortures of rheumatism and could get nothing to relieve me. At last I thought of Dodd's Kidney Pills and commenced to take them."

"Before I had used two boxes I felt better. I have been using them for nearly six months and feel ever so much better. I will continue to use them until my rheumatism is gone."

Mrs. James McNeil, who lives here, makes the above statement. She feels that she owes it to other sufferers from rheumatism to tell them how she found relief from her suffering. She is always ready to say a good word for Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Other sufferers from rheumatism tell of pain relieved and health restored through the use of Dodd's Kidney Pills. They act directly on the kidneys. They strengthen the kidneys and put them in shape to strain the uric acid out of the blood. Uric acid crystallizing in the muscles causes the pains known as rheumatism. Ask your neighbors. Dodd's Kidney Pills do not heal and strengthen the kidneys.

"OVERALL" MOVE SPREADS IN U.S.

Southern Press Refuses Merchants' Request

To Suppress News of Spread of Idea.

Birmingham despatch says: Birmingham newspaper publishers have flatly denied the request of a committee of retail clothiers that news of the "overall" movement throughout the South be suppressed on the ground that it was damaging the retail clothing business.

The publishers informed the clothiers' committee that their papers would continue to report the overall movement, which they considered legitimate news.

The "tampa idea" of wearing overalls as a means of fighting the high cost of clothing, which originated in the city bearing that name, has spread to many cities throughout the South, where business and professional men, as well as other workers, are going about in blue. It was reported here Saturday that when the demand for overalls began some retailers had raised the prices from \$2 to \$6 a pair.

Mass meetings and public demonstrations are being held in connection with the movement in many places throughout the South. It was reported to-day that there were 4,000 members of the Overall Club in Birmingham alone, all pledged to wear blue.

The indications of worms are restlessness, grinding of the teeth, picking of the nose, extreme peevishness, often convulsions. Under these conditions the best remedy that can be got is Miller's Worm Powders. They will attack the worms as soon as administered and will grind them to atoms that pass away in the evacuations. The little sufferer will be immediately eased and a return of the attack will not be likely.

26 SHOT DEAD BY REICHSWEHR

German Troops Near Essen Got Out of Hand.

Heard Reds Had Mistreated Captives.

Essen cable: (By the Associated Press.)—Twenty-six persons were shot dead, and two seriously wounded, by members of the Reichswehr, who got beyond control of their officers last Wednesday in the triangular district between Bottrop, Essen and Mülheim, according to a statement made to the correspondent by Col. von Baumbach, commanding the Reichswehr. The troops were incensed, said von Baumbach, by reports that the Red army had mistreated prisoners, and also by the abolition of military tribunals by orders of the Berlin authorities. The Socialist Commission, Baumbach declared, stated that prisoners had been well treated.

Strangled with Asthma is the only expression that seems to convey what is endured from an attack of this trouble. The relief from Dr. J. D. Kelllogg's Asthma Remedy is beyond measure. Where all was suffering there comes comfort and rest. Breathing becomes normal and the bronchial tubes completely cleared. This unequalled remedy is worthy many times its price to all who use it.