SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Gleanings from our English Files.

A Noble Example.—In consequence of the tenantry under the Right Honorable Lord John Scott complaining of the damage by the game to their crops, &c., his lordship has destroyed the whole of his extensive preserves in Warwickshire, dismissed his keepers, and given directions to the tenants to keep the game down by shooting all that they see on land in their occupation.

It is stated that Sir Robert Peel has engaged Mr. Matthews, from Wigtonshire, at a salary of £500 a year, to superintend improvements on his estates in Staffordshire, and to give information to the farmers as to the means of increasing and improving their produce.

Death of Lord Jeffery.—We have received by electric telegraph intelligence of the death of Lord Jeffery, one of the Judges of the Court of Session, but better known by his share in the establishment of the *Edinburgh Review*, and his long connexion with that celebrated publication. The melancholy event occurred at 6 o'clock on Saturday evening, 2nd Feby.

Extraordinary Recovery of Lost Money.—Last week, a gentleman resident in the neighbourhood of Haddington, visited that town for the annual collection of his accounts. Having received about £500, he entered a shop there, and upon examining his money, missed the sum of £100. He immediately retraced his steps, and chanced to encounter a group of children in the street, engaged in the examination of what seemed to be pictures, but which, upon a more narrow inspection, he found to be his missing notes, each of £20 value. They were of course recovered from the children, who received in return a small gratuity.—*Edinburgh Register.*

Lord Palmerston's Irish Estates.—The *Sligo Journal* says, Mr. Stewart, of the firm of Stewart and Kincaid, has returned to Dublin after a tour of inspection over the properties of Lord Palmerston and other gentlemen, to whom this eminent firm are agents. Upon Lord Palmerston's property, in this county, enormous improvements are being carried out under the local direction of Edward Smith, Esq., which must result in great benefit to the tenantry.

Indian Prize Money.—The sum of £12,425, has been paid by the East India Company into the Bank of England to the puplic account, to meet the claims of the several parties entitled to share in the prize money granted for the capture of Ghuznee and Lower Scinde.

The Colonial dominions of Great Britain, exclusive of the East India Company's territories, have an extent amounting to about 6,000,000 square miles.

The *Moniteur* publishes a Decree signed by the President of the Republic, appointing a Commission to examine what compensation is due to the Postmasters of France for losses sustained by them in consequence of the establishment of Railroads.

It is calculated that in France every nine men have to support a Government official.

About 100,000 old soldiers of the Republic and the Empire, it it said, still exist in France.

The Greek navy consists of seventeen vessels, manned by 429 men and officers.

The Roman Loan may be considered as settled. The house of Rothschild & Co., of Paris has tendered for a loan of 80 millions of francs, on such terms as render it certain that they will be accepted. The proposal only now awaits the sanction of the Pope. The contract concluded by MM. de Rothschild and the agents of his Holiness in Paris was forwarded on Saturday to Portici for ratification. In the mean time, the terms of the loan are not to be published.

It is just announced that the Emperor of Russia, in order to mark the amiable character of his relations with Louis Napoleon, has resolved on sending General Stregonoff as Ambassador to Paris. The present Minister, M. Kisseloff, is only superseded to make way for the presentation of higher rank, in a position to do the honours of the Embassy with more *éclat*.

The Piedmontese Gazette quotes a letter from Naples announcing that the King, at the suggestion of the Pope, had granted an amnesty to all the Neapolitans who had fought against the Austrians in Lombardy and at Venice. In the Province of Aquila no fewer than 1846 prisoners had been restored to liberty. The amnesty, however, did not extend to persons detained for political offences of a domestic nature.

The obsequies of the celebrated sculptor Bartolini took place at Florence on the 21st. An immense crowd followed the funeral procession. Upwards of 400 persons, with torches, preceded the hearse. The President and Ex-President of the Academy of Fine Arts, Count Walewski, Minister of the French Republic, and the *maestro* Joachim Rossini, the intimate friend of deceased, held the pall. The procession stopped before the Academy of Fine Arts, when two young students stepped forth, and laid a laurel crown with crape on the bier. The Funeral Service was held in the Church of the Annunziata, and Giunio Carbone made a touching discourse over the body.

The Treachery of Gorgey.—We must take this opportunity of setting at rest once for all the question of Gorgey's innocence or premeditated treason. Our readers must know, then, that on the 30th August, a Russian female diplomatist of celebrity announced openly in London, that the Hungarian cause was lost, because the Emperor (of Russia) was sure of Gorgey. Gorgey's first avowed negotiation for surrender only took place on the 13th, so that from 7 to 10 days previously, his understanding with the Russians must at least have dated. Furthermore, there is in existence a circular addressed by Prince Wittgenstein to the Russian legations advancing about the same period the same fact,—a document which we shall take an opportunity to lay before our readers.—*Daily News.*

A new title for Majesty.—One forenoon last autumn, as her Majesty, some hundreds of miles distant from her Life Guards, was taking a solitary walk along a public road in the vicinity of Balmoral, she met a country-woman carrying a basket of eggs, with whom she entered into conversation. In reply to one of the questions put to her, the basket carrier said she was going with her eggs to *the place*—a name given to Balmoral by the Highlanders, to distinguish it from any other place in the world. "Do you get a good price for your eggs?" inquired her Majesty. "Sometimes," replied the woman; "but we aye get the best price when the Queen comes." On this her Majesty offered to purchase the contents of the basket, and tendered a golden sovereign in exchange. "I canna break it my leddy," said the woman, meaning that she had not the requisite amount of small coin to make up for the difference in value between the eggs and the shining piece of gold. "Oh, never mind," replied the Queen, "If you cannot break it you must keep it whole. Take your eggs to *the place*, and tell the people there that the Queen has paid for them." The honest woman started back with uplifted hands, and, with joy and [illegible] pictured on her face, exclaimed, "Is that your ain'sel," 'Mistress Albert? Is that your ain sel'?"—*Aberdeen Journal.*

NEW BRUNSWICK.

The News from our sister Province, in whose prosperity we naturally take a lively interest, is not important. We give the following items of "Legislative Proceedings," abridged from the St. John *Courier* of March 2. They will prove interesting to many of our readers:—

The bill to explain and regulate the bequest of the late Mark Varley, for establishing a free Day School in this City, passed the House on Thursday with only two dissenting voices—Mr. J. A Street and Dr. Wilson.

A number of important despatches have been submitted to the Legislature.

The Post Office despatches relate to a provisional agreement with the American Postmaster General for establishing rates of postage, on letters to and from the United States and the British Colonies. It is proposed, that the American government shall charge a medium rate of 7½ cents, or 4½ currency, on all letters posted in the United States for these Colonies; and that such letters shall pay 3d. additional as British Postage, which will take them throughout British America. In the same manner, letters posted in the Colonies, shall pay 3d. for the half-ounce to the American frontier, and thence go to any part of the Union, for an additional charge of 7½ cents only. To the proposed arrangements, the Executive Council of the Province have concurred unanimously; the Lieutenant Governor has advised Earl Grey of the concurrence, and requested that the proposal may be carried out at once, by warrant.

Another is an important despatch relative to the Halifax and Quebec Railway, dated 5th April last. Earl Grey regrets that for the present at least, it has been found impracticable to overcome the difficulties which have stood in the way of every plan suggested to provide for the expense of a work of such magnitude. Earl Grey then says—"While "I entirely concur in your estimate of the "extreme importance of that work to the "empire at large, as well as to the North "American Provinces; and while I gladly "acknowledge that the members of your "Council have shown a disposition to do all "that lies in them, to promote its accom-"plishment; and have suggested a measure "which has much to recommend it for ef-"fecting the object; still her Majesty's Gov-"ernment have reluctantly come to the con-"clusion, that in the present circumstances "of the country, they would not be justified "in applying to Parliament for the appropria-"tion of so large a sum for this Railway, as "it has been estimated it would cost."

"You will express to the members of your Council, my strong sense of the judgment and ability they have displayed in the consideration of this important subject, although the measure they have suggested, has unfortunately, been found open to objections which have proved insurmountable."

So far then, this truly great, and most important and useful undertaking may be considered as having been put at rest for the present, by her Majesty's Government. Earl Grey concludes his despatch by saying, he should deeply regret that all hope was given up of carrying this Railway hereafter by other means; and trusts that at no distant period, the design may be taken up again, with a happier result.

There is also an extract of a despatch from Sir Edmund Head, to the Colonial Minister, dated 27th June last, relative to Municipal organization and the Finances of the Province. Earl Grey says, that a system of organization, is most urgently needed in the Colony; he attributes the political prosperity of England to such institutions, which have in an equal degree promoted to the advancement of the United States. With the view of facilitating the establishment of municipal bodies, His Lordship suggests, that in each County the receipts arising from lands and timber, should be placed at the disposal of the Municipal Council for such County, to be applied to objects of permanent improvement, such as opening roads, building bridges, and establishing Schools. The whole of the despatch appears to open a new light upon the Province, and to propose some most substantial measures for its improvement and permanent prosperity.

Another despatch, dated 8th February, 1850, announces the Royal assent to an Act passed in 1844, for dividing the County of Carleton into two Counties, and establishing the new County of Victoria. Another County is therefore erected in the Province, which at the General Election this year, will return two additional Members to the Assembly. The County Town of Victoria is to be at the Grand Falls, and is called Colebrooke.

ADVERTISEMENTS

Advertisements, not inconsistent with the profession character of our Paper, inserted on the following terms. A square or under, first insertion, 3s 9d; and each continuance 1s. Larger advertisements in proportion. Auction sales on the usual terms.

Yearly advertisements inserted on moderate terms—the prices to be fixed according to their size and frequency of changes.

As this paper will circulate extensively through all parts of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and in Prince Edward Island, it will form a desirable medium of advertising.

Advertisements not limited will be continued until ordered out, and charged accordingly.

Card and Notice of Copartnership.

THE SUBSCRIBER

Respectfully tenders his sincere and grateful thanks to his friends, correspondents, and the public, for the many favours conferred upon him during upwards of a quarter of a century that he has been engaged in business in this City, and now announces that, of this date, he has associated as Copartners his sons Robert Grieve, and Samuel Noble, who in conjunction with himself, will carry on a similar Business and in the same premises, under the Firm of

ROBERT NOBLE & SONS.

He solicits the extension of the confidence of the public to the new concern, assuring them that both in their individual capacity and as a Mercantile Firm, every effort will be made on their part to merit its continuance.

March 1. 3ins. ROBERT NOBLE.

Jubilee Bazaar!

The Ladies of the "Halifax Temperance and Benevolent Society" while they congratulate themselves and the world, on the striking advance which the various objects fostered by their Society, have made during the last half Century of the Christian era,—beg respectfully to announce that it is their intention to make a further effort in behalf of the same noble principles, by holding a Bazaar in the new Temperance Hall, on Tuesday, 24 April ensuing, being Easter Tuesday.

In the meantime the aid and co-operation of a generous public are respectfully solicited. Contributions in Fancy Articles and Refreshments, will be received by

Mrs. James Thompson,	Mrs. Joseph Fell,
" John E. Starr,	" E. A. Greenwood,
" Crane,	" W. M. Brown
" E. Jost,	Miss Livingston,
" John Whitman,	" Fox,
" Stevens,	" Tremarsh,
" Vaux,	" Forrester.

Halifax, 23d February, 1850

Printing of every Description

NEATLY EXECUTED,

At the Office of this Paper.

MOTT'S BROMA.

The following observations having reference to the preparation of BROMA, appeared in a late number of the Boston Medical Journal:—

"A few years since a great manufacturer of Broma sought the opinions of many medical gentlemen of distinction, for the purpose of having an unobjectionable food for invalids, and was assured that he had fully succeeded. Hospitals, infirmaries, and households generally, should always be provided with it. When gruel, arrowroot, groats, barley, starch, rice, farina, and many other things ordinarily resorted to for patients are of no avail, the Broma is sometimes relished. It is believed that those who use it as a beverage will have manifest dietetic advantages over the consumers of tea and coffee. We see it stated that during the last summer those individuals who were continually using Chocolate or Broma neither had attacks of cholera or dysenteric affections, while others in the same families, taking their daily potations of tea, coffee, or simple cold water, were the sufferers, if any. We cannot vouch for the truth of this, but it has recalled to mind the statement that the oil dealers in London have been free from cholera or the choleroid symptoms. And it has been further observed, that persons who were taking cod liver oil for chronic difficulties, during the prevalence of the late epidemic, were not affected by it. Vegetable oil in the first instance, and animal oil in the last, taken internally, would appear, by these statements, to have secured those who took them from the shafts of the pestilence. It is certainly a point well worth while to determine, whether the chocolate drinkers have been secure in other infected cities."

MOTT'S BROMA has now been before the public for a considerable period, and along with the commendations of the Medical Faculty of this and the neighbouring Provinces, it has received the approbation of all classes of consumers—It is held to be an article of standard reputation, and the demand for it is constantly increasing

☞ Sold wholesale for the Proprietor, at Halifax, at MORTON'S MEDICAL WAREHOUSE, near the Province Building. Feb. 23.

STAR LIFE ASSURANCE SOCIETY, OF LONDON.

Capital Stock £100,000 Sterling.

Chief Office, 44 Moorgate Street.

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James Hunter, Esq., Compton Terrace, Islington.
Freck. Mildred, Esq., Banker, Nicholas Lane.
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Chairman of Directors,
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Recorder of Shrewsbury.

Dy. Chairman, John Josiah Buttrese, Esq.

Agent for Nova Scotia,
DANIEL STARR.

Medical Examiner, R. S. Black, Esq., M. D.

The Agency of the above Company has been in operation in this Province about 4 years, has made considerable progress, without yet having a claim, the rates are generally lower than any other London or Scotch Company, and the proportion of profit divided among the assured greater by far than any other, "being 90 per cent, 10 per cent only to the Stockholders, rendering it at once both a Stock and mutual Society without any risk to the assured; their first Bonuses declared in May last were in some cases over three per cent annum on the amount of Policy. And on two Policies at this agency on which three annual premiums only had been paid, the Bonus added was over 62 per cent. on the amount paid in, the mortality among the lives assured by this Society were found to be 31 per cent less than had been calculated for. The above are facts in favour of the "Star" which cannot be controverted, and should recommend it to the favourable consideration of all parties intending to insure. Policies effected on the participating principle allowed to come in on the payment of 3 annual premiums. Thirty days allowed for the renewal of Policies after becoming due, and Policies expired can be renewed within six months, if the parties health is not impaired and the payment of a small fine—a credit of one half the premium when amounting to a certain sum, may be obtained for the first five years. No extra charge made for crossing to and from England in Steamers or first class sailing vessels at any season by advising the Agent of the parties intention. Policies are sent out by next steamer after arrival of Proposals. The attention of the Public of this Province generally and of Wesleyans in particular, is requested to the favourable terms and privileges offered by the "Star" as above enumerated. It is admitted by all that it is the duty of every person having others dependent on them to provide for them while they have it in their power so to do, and in no way can this be done so effectually or cheaply as by paying according to their means a sum annually on a Life Policy. It has often been proved even here to be of much benefit to widows and orphans, and so very uncertain are both life and health, of which we have recently had many sad proofs, that delay in these matters is exceedingly dangerous, the only time to apply is while in Health. Applicants will receive every information and attention to their requests by the Agent in Halifax, who furnishes all necessary blanks, and Medical Examiner attends free of expense to the Heart. All communications by mail must be prepaid.

DANIEL STARR,
Agent.
Jan 5 1850 Jerusalem Warehouse.

IN QUART BOTTLES

For the Removal, and Permanent Cure of diseases arising from an impure state of the Blood or Habit of the System, viz.

Scrofula or King's Evil, Rheumatism, Inveterate Cutaneous Eruptions, Blotches, Ring Worm, Scald Head, Erysipelas and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Inveterate Ulcers, Syphilitic Symptoms of long standing, and Diseases arising from the injurious use of Mercury, Dropsy, or Imprudence in Life.

THIS MEDICINE has acquired a well merited and established reputation wherever it has been used, based entirely on its own merits, which its superior efficacy has alone established. The unfortunate victim of hereditary taint, with swollen glands, contracted sinews, and virulent ulcerations, has been restored to health and vigour. The scrofulous patient, covered with loathsome sores, a burden to himself and his attendants, has been made whole. Hundreds of persons, who have been hopelessly for years under cutaneous and other disorders, chronic rheumatism, and other complaints springing from a derangement of the secretive organs and the circulation, have been raised as it were from the rack of pain, and now, with regenerated constitutions, testify to the efficacy of this inestimable preparation.

The following is an extract from a letter received from Mrs. Bevan, who had been afflicted for years with Scrofulous Ulcers, Dyspepsia, and recently with an affection of the Chest:—

Baileysburg, Va.

Messrs. A. B. & D. Sands: Before I commenced using your Sarsaparilla, my sufferings were almost beyond description; my throat was completely ulcerated, I had a distressing cough, and there were frequently times when I could not speak above a whisper; an inflammation from my throat extended to my ears, and my hearing was very much impaired. After using Sarsaparilla a short time, my health improved, my throat is now well; I am as free from cough as ever I was, and can hear as well. My throat has been well about three months, which has been effected entirely by the use of Sarsaparilla. Your friend, LOUISA.

The following testimonial to the efficacy of Sarsaparilla, is from the Rev. Leach, who has been 76 years, Congregational Minister, Woburn:—

Woburn, Mass. M

Messrs. Sands: Gentlemen—From what I have witnessed, and from the information I have received from a number of persons of high respectability who have used your Sarsaparilla, I have not the slightest doubt that it is a most valuable medicine, and the certificates you have received of its efficacy are entitled by *experience*, and although its utility are very extensive, and stand in no need of my humble efforts to increase them, I want to be considered by disease to become acquainted with the power of your valuable medicine. I am, respectfully and very respectfully yours, LEACH.

☞ Sands' SARSAPARILLA is for sale by appointment, in Nova Scotia, at the Medical Warehouse, Halifax—at the price of $1 per Bottle—6 Bottles for $5.

Elastic Chest Expanding

THE SUBSCRIB

Being acquainted with the Elastic Chest Expanding BRACES as a principal means of the prevention of Consumption, by Dr Fitch of Philadelphia celebrated for his success in the cure of this disease,—and being urged by several to whom he furnished with them, to make them known to the public, he therefore takes this method of complying with their wishes.

These BRACES are recommended to be made or narrow chested people, Round Shoulders or Diseased Spines, by expanding the Chest, so as to give ease to the lungs, straightening and strengthening the spine and giving uprightness and symmetry to the person.

They will be found beneficial to persons of all ages, especially to youth. They are free from the least inconvenience, preventing the use of Stays—for which Ladies will find a great advantage, as regards health and elegance, to substitute them.

The Subscriber will furnish the Braces to order at prices as moderate as possible.

MICHAEL

Halifax, Feb 16 No. 6