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JUDICATURE O.

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, Chief Justice of

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or is under any legal disqualification to hear an appeal. *Chief Justice of Ontario*—Hon. John Hawkins Hagarty. *Justices of Appeal*—Hon. Joseph C. Morrison, Hon. G. W. Burton, Hon. Christopher S. Patterson, and Hon. Featherston Osler. *Registrar*—Alexander Grant. *Usher and Messenger*—E. Oliver.

HIGH COURT OF JUSTICE FOR ONTARIO.

QUEEN'S BENCH DIVISION.—The jurisdiction of this Division extends to all manner of actions, causes and suits, criminal and civil, real, personal and mixed, within Ontario, and it may proceed in such, by such process and course as are provided by law, and as shall tend with justice and despatch to determine the same; and may hear and determine all issues of law, and also (with the inquest of twelve good and lawful men in the cases provided for) try all issues of fact, and give judgment, and award execution thereon, and also in matters which relate to the Queen's Revenue (including the condemnation of contraband or smuggled goods) as may be done by Her Majesty's Superior Courts of Law in England. *Chief Justice*—Hon. Adam Wilson. *Members of the Queen's Bench Division*—Hon. J. D. Armour, and not yet appointed. *Registrar*—James S. Cartwright. *Clerks*—A. Macdonnell, J. L. Whiteside. *Crier and Usher*—Andrew Fleming.

CHANCERY DIVISION.—This Division has the like jurisdiction as the Court of Chancery in England, in cases of fraud, accident, trusts, executors, administrators, co-partnerships, account, mortgages, awards, dower, infants, idiots, lunatics and their estates, waste, specific performance, discovery, and to prevent multiplicity of suits, staying proceedings at law prosecuted against equity and good conscience, and may decree the issue, repeal or voidance of letters patent, and generally the like powers which the Court of Chancery in England possesses to administer justice in all cases in which there is no adequate remedy at law. *Chancellor*—Hon. John A. Boyd. *Justices Chancery Division*—Hon. Wm. Proudfoot, Hon. Thomas Ferguson. *Registrar*—George S. Holmsted. *Assistant Registrar*—A. F. McLean. *Usher and Messenger*—James Parkes.

COMMON PLEAS DIVISION.—This Division has the same powers and jurisdiction as a Court of Record, as the Queen's Bench Division. Writs of summons and capias issue alternately from either Division. *Chief Justice*—Hon. Matthew Crooks Cameron. *Members of the Division*—Hon. T. Galt and Hon. John Edward Rose. *Registrar*—M. B. Jackson. *Clerks*—O. S. Strange, M. I. Macnamara. *Crier and Usher*—James Alexander.

All Divisions of the High Court have now concurrent jurisdiction under the Judicature Act, 1881.

CHAMBERS.—Chambers are held each day for such business relating to actions as may be transacted by a single Judge out of Court. The Master in Chambers is empowered to obtain the assistance of the Registrar of the Queen's Bench Division or of any Official Referee to sit with or for him. *Master in Chambers*—R. G. Dalton, Q. C. *Clerks*—F. Arnoldi and W. O'Neil.

MASTER'S OFFICE.—*Master in Ordinary of the*

Supreme Court—Thos. Hodgins, Q. C. *Clerk*—N. McLean. *Junior Clerk*—L. B. Young.

ACCOUNTANT'S OFFICE.—*Accountant*—Geo. S. Holmsted. *Clerk of Accounts*—Benjamin W. Murray. *Clerks*—Geo. Behan, C. A. Stewart, Miss M. Buchan. **TAXING OFFICERS.**—J. H. Thom, S. B. Clark.

MARITIME COURT OF ONTARIO.—Constituted by Dominion Statute, 40 Vic., cap. 21, as a Superior Court of Maritime Jurisdiction, is composed of one Judge for the whole Province, and Surrogate Judges for certain localities appointed by the Governor in Council, are invested with such powers as may be conferred on them by their commission. The Maritime Court is a Superior Court of Record, having, with some exceptions mentioned in the Act, the like rights and remedies in all matters, including cases of Contract and Tort, and proceedings in *rem* and in *personam*, arising out of or connected with navigation, shipping, trade or commerce, on any river, lake, canal, or inland water, of which the whole or part is in the Province of Ontario, as any existing Vice-Admiralty Court would have if its process extended to the Province of Ontario. The Sittings of the Court and in Chambers are fixed and regulated by the Judge and Surrogate Judges at such times as they shall think fit and necessary for the due administration of justice. *Judge for the whole Province*—Hon. John Boyd. *Registrar*—John Bruce. *Marshal*—William Boyd.

HEIR AND DEVISEE COURT.—Commissioners, the Judges of the Superior Courts, and such other persons as may be appointed by commission under the Great Seal. Their duties are to determine claims to lands in Ontario, for which no patent has issued from the Crown in favour of the proper claimants, whether as heirs, devisees, or assignees. Sittings at Toronto, first Monday in January and July in each year. *Clerk of Commissioners*—W. B. Heward.

COURTS FOR THE TRIAL OF CONTROVERTED ELECTIONS.—The nature of these courts is sufficiently indicated in their title. In respect to elections for the House of Commons of Canada, the Superior Courts, by one of their Judges appointed in that behalf, are invested with special Jurisdiction for the trial of contested elections, and appeals lie to the Supreme Court at Ottawa. In respect to elections for the Local Legislature of Ontario, the Judges of the Court of Appeal and of the Superior Courts of Law and Equity meet annually in Michaelmas Term and severally select, by a majority of votes, a Judge of their respective Courts to be placed on the rota for the trial of election petitions. In the case of death or the illness of a Judge so chosen, the court of which he is a member meet and elect another Judge. Trials involving corrupt practices are presided over by two Judges, otherwise a single Judge presides, and an appeal lies to the Court of Appeal of the Province.

COUNTY COURTS.—Presided over by a resident Judge in each county, assisted in some counties by a Deputy or Junior Judge. Their jurisdiction extends to all personal actions where the debt or damages claimed do not exceed \$200; and to all suits relating to debt, covenant or contract, where the amount is ascertained by the acts of the parties or signature of the defendant, to \$100; and