DENMARK.

Feb. 13, 16 0-1.

Commerce and Navigation.

Continued.

strangers trading thither, and paying less customs, do or shall pay, and that as well in going, returning and staying, as also in fishing and trading, they shall enjoy the same liberties, immunities and privileges which the people of any foreign nation whatsoever abiding or trading in the said kingdoms and dominions of the King of England do or shall enjoy. But so that the sovereign power of both kings, in their kingdoms, principalities, dominions and ports respectively, to appoint and change customs and any other matters according to the occasion, be preserved and remain inviolate, provided the said equality be strictly observed on either part in manner aforesaid. (Article XIII.)

Confirmed by Treaty of the 14th January, 1814.

## APPLICABLE TO BRITISH COLONIES.

Subjects. Customs Duties, &c.

Applicable to the British "dominions." (Article XIII.)

## DOMINICA.

March 6, 1850.

Commerce and Navigation.

## WHEN TERMINABLE.

In order that the two Contracting Parties may have the opportunity of hereafter treating and agreeing upon such other arrangements as may tend still further to the improvement of their mutual intercourse, and to the advancement of the interests of their respective subjects and citizens, it is agreed that the present Treaty shall remain in force and vigor for the term of ten years from the date of the exchange of the ratifications;\* and either of the Contracting Parties shall have the right of giving to the other party notice of its intention to terminate, at the expiration of the said ten years, the stipulations relating to commerce and navigation, which shall cease to be binding after ten years, and all those that relate to peace and amity shall remain obligatory to both nations. (Article X.)

## MOST-FAVORED-NATION TREATMENT.

Subjects. Commerce. Protection. Rights and Privileges.

There shall be reciprocal freedom of commerce between the British dominions and the Dominican Republic. The subjects of Her Britannic Majesty may reside in and trade to any part of the territories of the Republic to which any other foreigners are or shall be admitted. They shall enjoy full protection for their persons and properties. They shall be allowed to buy from and to sell to whom they like, without being restrained or affected by any monopoly, contract, or exclusive privilege of sale or privilege what-

<sup>\*</sup> September 10, 1850.