faithful tenderness, satisfied that she made him happier than faithful tenderness, satisfied that she made him happier than he could have been in any other way. No one else in the world knew him as she knew him; Felicita herself could never have been to him what she was. When she saw his grave face sadder than usual, she had but to sit beside him with her hands in his, bringing to him the solace of her silent and tranquil sympathy, and by and by the sadness fled. This true heart of hers, that knew all and loved him in spite of all, was to him a sure token of the love of God.

THE END.

COMETS AND THE EARTH.

Prof. Simon Newcombe, LL.D., in his "Popular Asonomy, thus speaks of the probable effect of a comet's tronomy, thus sp striking the earth:

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The question is frequently asked, "What would be the effect if a comet should strike the earth?" This would depend upon what sort of a comet it was, and what part of the comet came in contact with our planet. The latter might pass through the tail of the largest comet without the slightest effect being produced, the tail being so thin and airy that a million miles' thickness of it looks only like gauze in the sunlight. It is not at all unlikely that such a thing may have happened without ever being noticed. A passage through a telescopic comet would be accompanied by a brilliant meteoric shower, probably a far more brilliant one than his ever been recorded. No more serious danger would be encountered than that arising from a probable fall of meteorites. But a collision between the nucleus of a large comet and the earth might be a serious matter. If, as Prof. Pierce countered than that arising from a probable fall of meteorites. But a collision between the nucleus of a large comet and the earth might be a scrious matter. If, as Prof. Pierce supposes, the nucleus is a solid body of metallic density, many miles in diameter, the effect where the comet struck would be terrible beyond conception. At the first contact in the upper regions of the atmosphere, the whole heavens would be illuminated with a resplendence beyond that of a thousand suns, the sky radiating a light which would blind every eye that beheld it, and a heat which would melt the hirdest locks. A few seconds of this, while the huge body was passing through the atmosphere, and a collision at the earth's surface would in an instant reduce everything there existing to fiery vapour, and bury it miles deep in the solid earth. Happily, the chances of such a calamity are so minute that they need not cause the slightest uneasiness. There is hardly a possible form of death which is not a thousand times more probable than this. So small is the earth in comparison with the celestial spaces that, if one should shut his eyes and fire a gun at random in the air, the chance of bringing down a bird would be better than that of a comet of any kind striking the earth.

STAND UP STRAIGHT.

God fitted the great vital organs in your bodies to an erect spine. Do your shoulders ever stoop forward? If they do, so do the lungs, heart, liver, and stomach fall down out of their natural places. Of course they can't do their work well. To show you how this is, I will tell you that when you bend forward you can only take about half as much air into the lungs as you can when you stand up straight. As I have said, God has so arranged the great organs in the body that they can't do their duty well except when the body is straight. Oh, how it distresses me to see the dear children, whom I love so much, bending over their school desks, and walking with their head and shoulders drooping! My dear children, if you would have a strong spine and vigorous lungs, heart, liver, and stomach, you must, now while you are young, learn to walk erect.

If one of my children were about to leave this country for Japan, never to return, and were to come to me and ask for rules to preserve his health, I should say: "I am glad to see you, and will give give you four rules, which, carefully observed, will be pretty sure to preserve your health." He might say to me: "Four are a good many; give me one, but the most important one, and I promise not to forget it." I should reply: "Yell, my dear child, if I give you but one, it is this: Keep yourself straight, that is, sit up straight; walk up straight, and when in bed at night, don't put two or three pillows under your head as though intent on watching your toes all night; "and I beheve that in this I should give the most important rule which can be given for [the preservation of health and long life.—Dr. Dio Levis.

IMPORTANCE OF THE COMMA.

IMPORTANCE OF THE COMMA.

Lindley Murray laid down twenty sules to govern the use of a comma, and Wilson, in his "Treatise on Puncuation," gives nineteen. No wonder that with so many rules people get confused as to the proper use of this, the smallest grammatical division in written or printed matter. Many illustrations might be given to indicate the important character of the errors that arise from its omission or improper use; but the following will enfince:

errors that arise from its omission or improper use; but the following will suffice:

In the Imperial Dictionary, the wo., "Tarn" is thus defined: "A small mountain, lake or pool." The improper use of the comma after mountain, makes tarn signify three things. first, a mountain, second, a lake; and third, a pool, instead of simply a mountain lake, or pool.

At a public dinner this toast was given: "Woman—without her, man is a brute." A reporter had it printed. "Woman without her man, is a brute."

A printer, meddling with the verdict of a coroner's jury, be inserting a comma after "drinking" instead of "apovery," made it read thus: "Deceased came to his death by excessive drinking, causing apoplexy in the minds of the jury."

BIRTHDAY OF ROME.

It may not be generally known that Rome keeps her birthdays, but so it is. The twenty-first of April is the day which for ages past has been held to have seen the birth of this wonderful city. Old traditions (more legendary, of course, than historical), handed down through the centuries,

fix the twenty-first of April as the day on which Romulus traced out with a ploughshare the lines of the first foundations of Rome, on the Palatine Hill. The modern Romans keep the day with much festivity, and, as if to emphasize the ever-springing youth of the city which they proudly style "Eternal," they give the children a prominent place in the day's celebrations. It is the great day for public inspections of schools and distributions of prizes. In the great hall of the Collegio Romano there is always a mighty gathering of little ones, for thither come the King and Queen to note and reward in person the progress made by the pupils of the principal schools, male and female. There are recitations and vocal exercises, and marching and gymnastics, and scenes from comedies—in short, a little of everything.

SLEEPING-ROOMS.

One-third of all our lives is passed in our sleeping-rooms, and yet many people think that any room is good enough to sleep in. The sleeping room should be large, airy, dry, and pleasant An eastern exposure is the bes', so that the morning sun may shine into the room. It should be well ventilated. A good arrangement for ventilation at the window is to have the upper sash dropped about six inches, and a piece of board fitted into the space at the top. The fresh air can come in between the two sashes, without making a draft upon anyone in the room. An open fire-place in a bed-room is a good aid to ventilation. Plen'y of fresh air gives health, strength and elasticity to the body. Another thing: all the clothing worn during the day should be removed at night and aired, while other garments are substituted for the night.

SPRING FLOWERS.

We rambled through the woodlands In the early springtide hours, And searched the sunny places To find the first wild flowers.

Across the emerald hillside And newly budding trees, he winter winds were hast ning The winter winds were work To kiss the summer breeze.

Around the mossy wood-paths The sun his glory shed, While bluebirds and the robins Were twittring overhead.

Beside a fallen tree trunk Where scarce had left the snow, The pink arbutus blossoms Were nestling sweet and low.

Anemones and violets
Swayed their dainty bells,
While saxifrage's flowerets
Whitened the woody dells.

We gathered them in garlands, Many as we could hold, And garnished them with blossoms Of bright marsh-marigold.

Down by the chatt'ring brookside In a dewy, sheltered spot, We found the blue-eyed beauty, The wild forget-me-not.

We saw in soft spring beauties And their gay sister flowers, That Nature owns her Maker In all her childhood hours.

And through the April sunshine, In that sweet, dreamy spot, We heard the Saviour's whisper, "Children, forget-me-not."

DO YOUR BEST.

A gentleman once said to a physician: "I should think, doctor, that at night you would feel so worried over the work of the day, that you would not be able to sleep."

"My head hardry touches the pullow till I fall asleep," replied the physican. "I made up my mind," he centinued, "at the commencement of my professional career, to do my best under all circumstances, and so doing, I am not troubled by any misgivings."

A good rule for us all to follow. Too many are disposed to say: "No matter how I do this work now; next time I'll do better." The practice is as bad as the reasoning: "No matter how I learn this lesson in the primary class; when I get into a higher department, then I'll study." As well might the mother in knitting stockings say: "No matter how the tip is done; even if I do drop a stitch now and then, I'll do better when I get further along." What kind of a stocking would that be?

As well might the builder say: "I don't care how I make the foundation of this house; anything will do here; want till I get to the top, then I'll do good work."

Said Sir Joshua Reynolds once to Doctor Samuel Johnson: "Pray tell me, sir, by what means have you attained such extraordinary accuracy and flow of language in the expression of your ideas?"

"I laid it down as a fixed rule," replied the doctor, "to do my best on every occasion, and in every company to impart what I know in the most forcible language I can put it."

Philadelphila is to have its Methodist Hospital as well

British and Koreign Atems.

BRENNAM, the Secretary of the Irish Land League, has een released from prison.

THE Duke of Leinster loses \$40,000 revenue by the decisions of the Irish Land Courts under the Land Act.

MR. THOMAS C. HALL, son of Rev. Dr. John Hall, has been licensed to preach by the Presbytery of New York.

MR. EMERSON is said to have left an estate valued at 200,000 dollars, largely through the thrift of an admirable wife.

THE life of Mr. Darwin is to be written by his son, and not by Professor Huxley or Sir Joseph Hooker, as has been stated.

THE "Lutheran Observer" says that over 1,000 ministers have been sent to America by ten theological institutions in Germany.

THE Emperor Francis Joseph has assured the Chief Rabbi of Lemberg that he will assist the refugee Jews as far as in his power.

THE Mayor of Philadelphia has issued his proclamation forbidding the firing of fire crackers and guns on the fourth of July.

At Peshawur, in Northern India, there is a church of 90 members, all of whom, with their minister, are converted Mohammedans.

THE result of the revival in the Cincinnati Methodist Churches is given at 2,128 conversions, and the joining of 1,005 probationers.

THE Legislature of Ohio has appropriated \$10,000 for a statue of the late President Garfield, to be placed in the capitol at Washington.

THE result of the Sunday-closing canvass in Leicester, England, shows 8,295 in favour of entire closing, and 3,376 against any alteration.

A PASTOR in New York says there are enough Christians in that city with unused certificates in their pockets to form two large congregations.

THE number of communicants increased about 14,000 in the city of Berlin during the last year—largely owing to the labours of the city missionaries.

THE disturbance in the west coast of Africa continues, and some sanguinary encounters have taken place between the natives of New Calabar and Bonny.

THE Princeton College Library contains 55,000 volumes and 12,000 pamphlets. The hall libraries number upwards of 16,000 volumes, making a total of 83,000.

A TELEGRAM from Madrid states that the revolutionary band in Catalonia finding no sympathy in the country.

band in Catalonia, finding no sympathy in the country, dissolved within a few hours after assembling.

It is s...d that at a recent Fenian meeting in London the hope was expressed that Gladstone would be the next to be assassinated, an expression which was applauded.

During the month of May there arrived in New York from abroad over 90,000 immigrants, the largest number reported in any month since a record has been kept.

SIRONG influence is brought to bear upon the Post Office Department at Washington to secure Sunday deliveries of mail matters in cities where the carrier system prevails. THE British and Foreign Bible Society has at a cost of £4,000 produced a Bible in the Basuto language, making the ninth complete Bible in the native languages of Africa.

A New Evangelicial chapel has been established at Florence, which, with the residence and garden, becomes the property of the Vaudois by virtue of an act of sale regis-

At Noyon, in France, Calvin's birthplace, a Protestant preaching station was opened last year—the first time the Gospel has been heard in that town, perhaps, since Calvin left it.

THE appointment of Dr. James Geikie to the chair of Geology in Edinburgh University, in succession to his brother, Dr. Archibald Geikie, has now been formally com-

POPE LEO has written to the Bishops in the countries where the Jews are persecuted, to use all efforts to restrain their persecutors, and to take care that no Catholic is guilty

OF all the unlikely places for a bird's nest, the most unlikely is that selected by a robin in Fuchburg, Mass., who has built hers close by a circular saw in a mill, and has laid four eggs in it.

THE rumour is once more revived that Mr. Gladstone may be expected to resign the Chancellorship of the Exchequer shortly. The names of Mr. Goschen and Mr Childers are mentioned as likely to succeed him in the post.

LIEUTENANT DANNENHOWER has been ordered by the Navy Department to prepare a full report of his experience in the Arctic regions, after the separation from Melville. He is now in Washington, and will be permitted to rest until his sight shall have improved before commmencing this

SERIOUS riots have occurred at Goviatuno, near Vellore, between Mahommedaus and Hindoos, owing to the celebration by the latter of a feast in which they adopted disguises used by Mahommedaus at the Mohurram. The mosque was set set on fire, and in the great disorder which resembled some lives were lost. prevailed some lives were lost.

In raising the vessel "La Province," which sank in the Bosphorous, the telephone was added to the diver's dress, thus greatly facilitating the communications. One of the glasses of the helmet is replaced by a copper plate, in which a telephone is inserted, so that the diver has only to turn his head slightly in order to receive his instructions, and report what he sees. Besides, in case of danger or accident, lives may now be saved which would otherwise have been sacrificed.