

The Standard

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ST. JOHN, N. B. WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1911.

IT IS NOT ALL TEARS.

One thing that is noticeable these days is the general feeling of genuine satisfaction exhibited by the better class of Liberals over the results achieved on the 21st inst. Chagrin and mortification are, of course, felt by the chief actors on the Government's side. The defeated Ministers regret the loss of their salaries and their respective positions and some of them protest against their political history and record should terminate so suddenly and so disastrously. With the Premier and Mr. Fielding this latter feeling probably predominates. In the case of both it is pathetic, if nothing else, that careers of singular success in the mechanics of administration should be clouded by final failure due to their own weakness and stupidity. For it was stupid of Mr. Fielding to so thoroughly misunderstand the spirit of Canada and Canadians as to attempt to cut for the country a garment for present day use out of old clothes long since laid aside as unsuitable; and it was weak in Sir Wilfrid, if he was, as is quite understood, opposed to the Finance Minister's project, to allow the obstinacy of the latter to over-ride his own better judgment. They, however, have made their bed and must lie on it. Though we sympathize with them in such an inglorious exit we cannot but feel that out of their tribulation Canada emerges into a newer and better era.

As to the other Ministers, most of them counted for little that was uplifting when they were in public life, now that they have passed out and their places are to be taken by better men, Canadians can only breathe a sigh of relief. They have neither disposition nor time for tears. In cold fact few will be missed and some of them every true Canadian will be glad to miss.

Coming next to that interesting second stratum of which the Dredger and the Grafter are familiar types we find "weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth." The upright and businesslike contractor has nothing to fear from the accession of an honest administration; he has rather much to hope for. He will, hereafter, be free from toll-taking and blackmailing. The honest office holder in like manner needs no disquietude and the public servant who trusts to merit and not to "pull" is in a similar position. All such are in their hearts glad that the reign of the Broaders and the Bureaus, the Sir Fredrick Borden and the Pugsleys and all that evil ilk is over and gone. But for the gentlemen who are the percentage contractors and middlemen, the ladders which depend on "pull" and the drones who stormy weather ahead.

For this too the true Liberals are glad. During long years it has been a public scandal that the lid has been kept tightly down on ineptitude, negligence and corruption, and that the whole posse of Ministers, whose duty it was to have purged the public service, have been sitting on the lid, denying investigation and fighting against publicity. That day has now ended, and there is a lot of housecleaning to be done and books to be audited and balanced, and inventories to be made up before new books are opened by a new Government.

Favored dredgers have too long appointed their own measurers, and covered over their own supervisors, either by themselves or through interested members of Parliament, to their own great gain and the political profit, if nothing more, of the Government. Some long accounts of some of these gentry are due to be examined by experts, and, may be, some long balances to be recovered. The public money is trust money and if the late trustees have forgotten or misused their trust, it is well that the new trustees clean up the accounts before they go on with future administration.

There is interesting research to be made also into those mysterious regions of Liberal railway chemistry, in which overnight common earth became changed to loose rock, and loose rock to solid rock along the roadway of the Grand Trunk Pacific. The long border lines of more or less useless wharves and piers, for which huge sums have been voted and into which much less has really gone while fat droppings have fallen into the greedy palms of practical politicians of high and low degree, will form interesting subjects of investigation by a new Minister of Public Works, whose organization of an efficient system of construction and supervision for the future must be based on a thorough knowledge of the defects and delinquencies of the old system. In this regard the competency or the honesty of such officials as those responsible for sawdust wharf and Gasperan and Maganip dredging monstrosities must be subjected to very keen and thorough analysis.

One thing is imperative and that is that an end be made once and for all to the conscienceless Pugsleyism that has for some years disgraced the constructive annals of our Dominion public works and robbed this country of millions of its hard earned taxes. System and method must be adopted to cut out, in the first place, the past reckless and wasteful appropriations for purely patronage purposes and, in the second place, to regulate in accordance with well laid plans the construction of business-like improvements upon our rivers and coasts—improvements which are really needed and which shall be made and supervised under strict and honest conditions.

Nowhere is a capable and upright administration more sorely needed than in the Public Works Department at Ottawa, and in no selection more than in this will Mr. Borden's capacity for the correct valuation of men be more clearly demonstrated. We are persuaded that the better sentiment of Canada is ripe for the absolute elimination of middleman's graft from the public expenditures of the country and that for this among other reasons all decent Liberals and Conservatives are glad to see Borden substituted for Laurier.

The better class of Liberals were slowly but surely coming to the conclusion that Sir Wilfrid Laurier, if he was not himself corrupt, was either too compliant to the corruption practised by others, or too weak to resist or prohibit it and was daily in dread of exposures which would disgrace the party and bring about a public scandal. Among these the impression was more widespread than was apparent that the Liberal Government had outlived its usefulness, and had lost what vital powers of resistance to evil influences it may have possessed at an earlier stage of its existence, and when the end came suddenly on Thursday of last week there was a sense of real relief that found expression everywhere. Their love for and loyalty to their old leader led them to feel pity for his overthrow, but drew them also to the comforting afterthought that in so passing he probably escaped much future tribulation and shame.

We have noticed few sad tears being shed by non-machine Liberals over the sudden eclipse of the eight defunct members of the administration, but we have detected several discreet smiles of satisfaction, and a general air of complacent resignation to the decree of fate. What the gods send with that may we be content.

THE CITY AND COUNTY ELECTION.

When the returns were announced on election night for the City and County of St. John, Dr. Daniel's majority was given out as 45. The official declaration made yesterday increases this majority to 110, which cannot be otherwise than gratifying to Dr. Daniel himself and those who worked with him in the contest. Although he has only been eight years in Parliament, Dr. Daniel has counted no fewer than four elections, in all of which he has been successful. His first election was a strong tribute to his personal popularity in this constituency. It was a by-election and he was the opponent of the Government, and had against him a popular candidate. Still he was elected by a majority of 274, which was increased in the general election held in the same year to 1,211. In 1908 he defeated Mr. Pender by a majority of 1,211.

In the last two general elections Dr. Daniel had to meet and overcome the extraordinary election pledges and promises of Mr. Pugsley, which were of sufficient magnitude to have defeated anyone but a man firmly entrenched in the hearts of the people. Notwithstanding the slighting references of Mr. Pugsley's newspapers who jeeringly pointed out his inability to do anything on their behalf, Dr. Daniel secured a majority of the votes of the electors. Now as a supporter of the new Government, Dr. Daniel will be in a position to have his suggestions as to the necessities of the constituency he represents, listened to by those in authority.

The position occupied by Mr. Pugsley as a Government supporter, and upon which he based so many promises, the majority of which remain unfulfilled, has fallen to Dr. Daniel, and it will be found that while not so prolific in promises, he will be greater in performance than Mr. Pugsley.

THE NEW GOVERNMENT.

If Sir Wilfrid Laurier follows the usual precedent in Canada, and there is every reason to believe he will, the new Government will be in office about the middle of next month. In Great Britain the usual course of a defeated Government is to await the meeting of Parliament before handing in their resignations. In this country it has not been the custom to await the official returns but to accept the unofficial statements of the press as correctly representing the results of the election and for the Government to retire as soon as the departmental work in hand could be cleared up.

When Sir Charles Tupper was defeated in 1896 a number of appointments were made after the General Election and the defeat of the Government. Lord Aberdeen, who at the time was Governor General of Canada, refused to assent to these appointments and at the session of Parliament ensuing, Sir Wilfrid Laurier assumed responsibility for this act of the Governor General. Accepting this as a precedent no new business can be undertaken after the defeat of a Government. All that can be done is to close up the business in hand.

Mr. Borden will have no difficulty in selecting his Cabinet and will be in a position to take over the reins of power as soon as Sir Wilfrid and his colleagues are willing to surrender. The present condition of the finances of Canada would argue in favor of an early session of Parliament. As the estimates were not completed when Parliament was dissolved, the business of the country is now being carried on by Governor General's warrants, which is the only way to meet an emergency such as the present, but this method is not likely to be continued any longer than is absolutely necessary.

According to the latest advices from Ottawa Mr. Pugsley has an attack of cold feet and may resign. He is reported to have expressed a preference for lucrative law work in St. John to sitting in opposition to a Conservative Government at Ottawa. It will be somewhat suspected, if the report is true, that it is not so much a preference for lucrative law work as a disinclination to sit in the lurid light which will be thrown on his department that is having its effect upon Mr. Pugsley. The cool shades of opposition hold many terrors for politicians of the Pugsley type.

The discovery of glaring irregularities on the part of the returning officer in Queens County and several of his deputies, should result in the strictest enquiry. The methods employed seem to indicate that the officials in question had no respect whatever for the responsibilities of their office. The evidence produced at the declaration proceedings in Gagetown yesterday should make it impossible for Col. McLean to retain the seat even with an apparent majority. When the whole business is probed to the bottom it seems probable, however, that this majority will disappear.

And we are not to have cheaper peanuts after all. Too bad. After the Sackville Tribune went to the trouble of getting the people interested in cheaper peanuts, then these ungrateful people went right off and voted again 'em. They should everyone have a real hard slap on the wrist, so there!

The descendants of the U. E. Loyalists of St. John, N. B., who uselessly sold themselves to Pugsley should take down their coat of arms from Trinity church, brought there from the United States by worthy ancestors, and return with it to its original home.

If Mr. Fielding and Mr. Paterson were now to drop in on their dear friend President Taft they would be astonished at the warmth of their reception. He now feels about as kindly towards them as do their demoralized followers in this country.

William Randolph Hearst may have made a success of Yellow Journalism on the other side of the line, but as publicity manager of the Reciprocity campaign in Canada, he proved a rank filze.

The United States will leave the Reciprocity Act on the statute books. They might as well get it framed as a curiosity.

New the cry is, "Let Laurier finish his work—within a fortnight."

Excuse the smile that won't come off.

WILL BE NO RECOUNT FOR THE CITY SEAT

Mr. Pugsley Declared Elected by Majority of 65 — Dr. Daniel's Majority Increased to 110.

Hon. Mr. Pugsley has been declared elected member for the City of St. John by a majority of 65 votes, and Dr. J. W. Daniel, member for the City and County of St. John by 110 majority.

The following statement was given out from H.A. Powell's office yesterday morning by his law partner, W. H. Harrison: "A meeting of the Conservative scrutineers of the different polling booths was held Monday evening, and after a careful count of the votes improperly counted and improperly rejected, it was found that Dr. Pugsley's majority could be reduced by only thirty, leaving him with 170 votes and Dr. Daniel with 107. He therefore amended the return with reference to Hon. Mr. Pugsley and declared him elected by 65 majority."

The proceedings were very brief. Henry Maher from Lansdowne ward was present and finished up the return for his district, while the Dipper Harbor box showed that the figures were the same as previously published. W. A. Ewing, K.C., presented the naturalization papers of Rev. Duncan Conner, formerly of Toledo, Ohio, who addressed the grand jury, His Honor briefly referred to the charge against Thomas Barry, committed on a charge of setting fire to a house on Brussels street on the 23rd inst. He touched on the evidence given in the court below and asked the jury to say whether there was sufficient evidence to place the accused on trial.

In dealing with the case against Thomas Nash, committed on a charge of attempting to rape Isabella Brennan on July 5 last, His Honor briefly reviewed the nature of assault and left the matter to the jury to say whether it was sufficiently strong to send the case to the petit jury for investigation.

At 11:30 o'clock the jury retired, returning at 12:30 o'clock, at the request of the court. Barry having elected to be disposed of by Judge Forbes under the Speedy Trials Act.

In the case against Thomas Nash the jury returned no bill.

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LAWYERS LEAD IN NEW PARLIAMENT

Seventy-six of Them Among the Law-makers — More Numerous than Men of Any Other Vocation.

Ottawa, Sept. 26.—Lawyers, as usual, will be far more numerous in the new parliament than men of any other vocation. A review of the members returned shows the legal profession to have 76 representatives. There are 36 farmers, 32 merchants, 21 doctors, 17 manufacturers, 10 lumbermen, 8 newspaper men, 7 notaries, 2 canners, one law student, one druggist, one labor man, one real estate agent, one livestock exporter, one licensed victualler and Hon. George E. Foster, who is difficult to classify. There are three stock brokers elected for four seats; Rudolph Forger having been elected for two of them.

Hon. L. P. Brodeur, former Minister of Marine, and now Judge of the Supreme Court of Canada, took his office in the Supreme Court building yesterday. He has recovered from the illness which has afflicted him for a month, and will take his seat upon the Supreme Court Bench when the autumn term opens on Tuesday.

IN THE COURTS

At the September sittings of the Circuit Court which opened yesterday morning, Judge Forbes presiding, only two criminal cases occupied the attention of the grand jury. One of these was the King vs. Nash, charged with attempted rape on July 5, no bill was found. The second case the King vs. Barry, charged with setting fire to a house in Brussels street will come up under the Speedy Trials Act.

The civil non-jury cases were Sarah B. Walther vs. Andrew Ferguson et al. Wm. D. Carter, and St. John Railway Co. vs. J. G. Sperdaks—Weldon and McLean. This latter case goes over until next court day.

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Two Mills Using Same Quality of Wheat May Not Produce Same Quality of Flour

The quality of flour largely depends on the milling. Two mills might grind wheat of the same quality and the product of one far outclass the other. It is not only the high quality of the hard wheat used, but also the superior milling facilities, that places "PURITY" flour so far above all others. Our milling plant at St. Boniface, Manitoba, cost nearly \$1,000,000, and is one of the most perfectly equipped mills in the world. The wheat itself is subjected to the most wonderful system of cleaning and scouring, passing through twenty distinct machines. Fifty-five steel rollers, the largest in Canada, reduce the wheat into flour. Then it is purified and dressed by "bolting" it through silk sifters of fine mesh. Not a "branny" particle or speck of dust is ever found in "Purity" Flour. You may have to pay a little more for Purity, but baking results, quality and quantity, prove it is worth far more than the slight difference.

We have two other modernly equipped mills at Brandon, Man., and Goderich, Ont.

PURITY FLOUR "More Bread and Better Bread." Western Canada Flour Mills Co., Limited. MILLS AT WINNIPEG, GODERICH, BRANDON.

FINE WATCHES Of Every Description Split-Seconds, Chronographs and Repeating Watches for presentation purposes. Sporting Watches, Timers, Nurses' Watches. FERGUSON & PAGE Diamond Importers and Jewelers 41 King Street

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Johnson's Liniment. Quick relief for burns, scalds and pains. Every household should keep on hand the old reliable JOHNSON'S LINIMENT. Tones the System and Regulates the Bowels.

We Told You So! LABATT'S LAGER Now Perfected—The Best on the Market! TRY IT John Labatt, Ltd. LONDON, ONT.

Weddings. A very pretty wedding took place yesterday morning in the residence of Miles Christopher, Duke street, Carleton Place, when Miss Every O. Green, formerly of Kings county, but now of Boston, became the bride of Miles E. Ellison, of Queens county. Rev. Dr. Hutcheon performed the ceremony. Mr. and Mrs. Ellison left later in the day for their future home in Queens county.

HOW TO IMPROVE HEALTH. No better way than to improve the blood—cleanse and enrich it—give it nourishment, and strength. This can be quickly done by Dr. Hamilton's Pills which have a vitalizing, purifying effect that is unequalled in any other medicine. With lots of pure, rich blood circulating to all parts of the body, with snap and vim running through every vein, and artery, robust health is inevitable. No cleansing building tonic is as good as Dr. Hamilton's Pills. Sold by all dealers.

STEAMSHIPS CANADIAN PACIFIC EMPRESSES AND OTHER STEAMSHIPS. ST. LAWRENCE ROUTE. From Quebec to Montreal, Sept. 28th. From Montreal to Quebec, Oct. 1st. From Quebec to Montreal, Oct. 12th. From Montreal to Quebec, Oct. 15th. From Quebec to Montreal, Oct. 22nd. From Montreal to Quebec, Oct. 25th. From Quebec to Montreal, Oct. 28th. From Montreal to Quebec, Oct. 31st. From Quebec to Montreal, Nov. 5th. From Montreal to Quebec, Nov. 8th. From Quebec to Montreal, Nov. 15th. From Montreal to Quebec, Nov. 18th. From Quebec to Montreal, Nov. 25th. From Montreal to Quebec, Nov. 28th. From Quebec to Montreal, Dec. 5th. From Montreal to Quebec, Dec. 8th. From Quebec to Montreal, Dec. 15th. From Montreal to Quebec, Dec. 18th. From Quebec to Montreal, Dec. 25th. From Montreal to Quebec, Dec. 28th. From Quebec to Montreal, Jan. 5th. From Montreal to Quebec, Jan. 8th. From Quebec to Montreal, Jan. 15th. From Montreal to Quebec, Jan. 18th. From Quebec to Montreal, Jan. 25th. 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From Montreal to Quebec, Feb. 18th. From Quebec to Montreal, Feb. 25