

was no arrangement of the engines, which were placed without any directing head.—The whole should have been marshalled in a line. Little was done to direct the jets of water to the requisite openings by persons raised on ladders to the necessary height; and consequently the greatest part of the water intended for the upper stories of the building did not reach the object, and was wasted.

For the two or three last days Mrs Wright the housekeeper of the House of Lords, is said to have complained of the immense heat which pervaded the whole of that building, and which as she said was accompanied by an indistinct smell of fire. If this be correct, the fire must have been smouldering for some time in the dry timbers of the edifice; and if that supposition be admitted, we have a reason why the flames might burst out simultaneously, as they are said to have done, in different places, and why they afterwards proceeded with such frightful rapidity in their career of devastation.

Mr Whibley, the labourer in trust of the tallies, the burning of which is said to have originated the disaster, was in the neighborhood when first the fire broke out, and immediately he received the alarm, hastened to the spot, and on opening a door was almost overcome with smoke; his exertions, were therefore next to useless. Mr C. Belamy, with great nerve, was enabled to save some of his father's papers, but every other article was consumed. One compartment only of the King's gallery is burnt, the remaining part and the Scala Regia, from the designs of Sir John Soane, are preserved.—About one half of the Speaker's house is destroyed, and the only method for preserving the remainder was resorted to, the cutting off the communication, by stripping the roof, knocking away the timbers, and then directing the force of water on that part, by which time the floating engine on the Thames was brought into full play, which had the desired effect. Part of the beautiful Gothic cloister of Dr. Chambers is much injured. The ancient painted chamber with its tapestried walls is consumed, together with those specimens of ancient painting behind of the siege of Troy; the substructure of Edward the Confessor's time remains. The committee rooms in the south west angle of Westminster Hall have been gutted, and all the papers connected with examinations on medical enquiry, Bank charter, &c., have been turned into the street.

Mr Butt the Deputy Sergeant-at-Arms, has fortunately saved his mace, after the room in which it was deposited was on fire. He placed a ladder to the window, and two firemen gallantly mounted, and having broken open the window with their axes in a similar manner opened the cupboard in which it was deposited, and handed it out to Mr Butt. The mace is valued at £400.

The spectators yesterday were not very numerous. The demeanour of the people, great as well as small, was proper and peaceable. They betrayed nothing like a feeling of exultation at the frightful havoc going on around them—quite the reverse. They made jokes in their way on the passing occurrences of the moment. Lord Althorp distinguished himself on the night of the fire, by his efforts to check its progress, and yet at one particular moment, hurried away by his zeal to preserve Westminster Hall, burst in to the following animated exclamation:—"Don't mind the House of Commons, let it blaze away; but save, oh save the Hall!"

Much gallantry was exhibited by Lord Duncannon, who did not descend from the roof of the House of Commons until all his party had descended before him. In two minutes after he had stepped from the ladder the roof had descended to the floor.

His present Majesty is William the First, Second, Third, and Fourth: William the First of Hanover, William the Second of Ireland, William the Third of Scotland, and William the Fourth of England.

A letter from Cambo says—"In about twenty days the brave General Mina will be able to take the command of the troops of her Majesty in the three provinces.—*Memorial des Pyrenees*.

The sittings of the Procuradores now present much less interest than for some time past. In that of the 9th instant, the following motion, signed by the Count de Las Navas and several other deputies, was read:—"We call upon the Chamber to declare, by a third article of the Don Carlos exclusion bill, that if misfortune should will that the two most serene daughters of Ferdinand VII., and their descendants should become extinct, the Infante Don Francisco de Paula and his descendants shall succeed to the crown."

Zumalacarreñy is at Lodosci, where he is having cartridges and balls made. General Orta has left Pampeluna with 5000 men and 500 horses, taking the way to Lodosci. Generals Lorenzo and Cordova marched towards Tafalla on the 11th. It is affirmed that El Pastor has been made Major-General and that his column is going to be reinforced with 1500 men.

A letter of the 10th Oct. from Barcelona states that the cholera is at an extremely high pitch, the number of deaths having

been within the last few days increased by the change in the temperature of the air from 15 to 100 a-day. It, however, appeared to be rather subsiding again, as the number of cures were greater in proportion than the cases.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 20.—Their Majesties the King and Queen of the Belgians, and the Queen of the French and Princesses Mary and Clementine, came to Brussels yesterday.

The project for uniting the Rhine with the Danube by means of a canal is at present under the serious consideration of the Bavarian government. The canal will have its source in the Danube, near Kellheim, and go to Neumark, then towards Nuremberg, and by Furth and Bamberg. Its length will be 23½ German miles; its breadth 54 Bavarian feet, depth 34. The highest elevation of the canal will be 273 feet above the surface of the Danube near Kellheim, and 630 feet above the surface of the Reignitz, near Bamberg. This elevation will be attained by means of 94 locks.

The mortality at Sierra Leone is on the increase there. Among the dead are Lieutenant T. Wilson Nichols, of the Royal African corps, who died at McCarthy's Island; and Lieut. Herbert Hutchinson, of the same corps, who died on his passage home of a fever contracted at Sierra Leone.

Private letters from Hamburgh state that several commercial failures had occurred there. One Jewish firm, in the wool trade, is mentioned as deficient to the amount of between 70 and 80,000l.

JAMAICA.—It appears from the last advices that his Majesty's schooner Nimble, Lieutenant Bolton, had captured a slave ship off Crooked Island, with 190 slaves on board.

The workmen employed in excavating for the foundations of the London and Greenwich Railway near London bridge have dug up a vast number of Roman and other coins.

The Secretary of the United States' Treasury has given notice that the five millions loan of 1821 would be paid off on the 2nd of January.

A railway from Rotterdam to Sheffield is in contemplation.

The Rose, Indiaman, river built in 1811, for the East India Company, was put up yesterday for sale, but only £4,500 being offered, she was bought in. She measures 1,024 tons, and carries 26 guns and small arms.

The recent sojourn of the Court of France at Fontainebleau occasioned such a rise in provisions that eggs were sold at twelve sous a piece. During the King's stay 1,100 persons were entertained daily at the Palace.

The murderers of Mr. Ashton have been further respited to the 18th Nov.

Colonel Scrope Davis, the early friend and fellow-traveller of Lord Byron, and to whom his Lordship dedicated his earliest work, now keeps a house at Ostend.

BAYONNE, Oct. 17.—The garrison of Eli-sendo is still blockaded.

The Carlists have arrested a great number of ladies of Navarree, for no other reason than that their husbands are suspected of entertaining liberal opinions.

ITALY.—His Majesty, the King of Bavaria after a week's absence at Aschaffau, an estate of the family of Florenzi near Perugia, arrived at Rome on the 7th Oct. in the afternoon under the incognito of Count of Augsburg, and on the following morning paid a visit to his Holiness the Pope, in the quiri-nal palace.

At eight o'clock in the evening of the 4th October a violent shock of an earthquake was felt at Bologna; the sky was serene, with a high east wind, and the barometer at 28 deg. 3 m.

Intelligence has arrived in town from Lisbon to the 12th instant. The claims of the British troops were then in course of adjustment. The new Minister of War, the Duke of Terceira, promises to become popular by his general courteous demeanour, and has declared his intention of restoring Colonel Pizarro to his rank as a matter of justice. Saldanha remains at the head of the opposition. The correspondent of one of the Morning Papers says that the Queen has declared in Council her determination to marry the Duke of Leuchtenberg. The departure of the French ambassador, Baron Mortier, is said to have been caused by his going to Paris to get married, and not, as alleged, because of any supposed political reasons.—*London Globe*, Oct. 25.

It is finally resolved that a temporary reception for the House of Lords and Commons shall be furnished on the site of the old buildings, a part of which, according to the opinion of Sir Robert Smirke, may be rendered available in such a manner that the new building may be progressing during the employment of the remains. The finish of the intended new building must of course, under these circumstances, take place during a vacation.—*Ibid*.

THE STAR.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1834.

By the *HEBE*, 24 days from Poole, we have received dates to the 25th October, from which we have extracted a few articles.—They furnish however, nothing of material importance.

We find by the *NEWFOUNDLANDER* of the 27th ult., that the House of Assembly is further prorogued until Thursday, the 8th day of January next.

Broadway, County of Wexford,
11th Oct., 1834.

SIR.—On the morning of the 9th instant, about six miles W.N.W. of Carnsore Point, near the Saltee Islands, I picked up a wine-bottle, containing a paper, of which the following is a copy:—

Brig CERES of Poole, ADEY, master, Saturday 13th September, 1834, off the Lizard.

We, the undersigned, have just finished the champagne, that was contained in this bottle, and drank the health of the Landsmen. Any person giving notice to Captain William Spellin Green, Old Orchard, Poole, or to Captain Hancock, Thames street Poole, will be rewarded for their trouble.

(Signed.)

Passenger, ROBERT J. M. BUCK,
Master of the Julia, BENJ. STANWORTH,
Do. of the Ceres, STEPHEN ADEY.

The original is in the hands of the chief officer of the coast guard, by whose leave I have addressed this letter.

You will be pleased Sir, to answer this, addressed to Michael Murphy, Coast Guard Station, Tacumshane, Broadway, County of Wexford.

I remain Sir,
with great respect

Your Most Obedient Humble Srvt
MICHAEL MURPHY.

To Capt. Hancock,
Thames Street, Poole.

MARRIED.—On the 27th. Inst., in the Wesleyan Methodist Chapel, by the Rev. James G. Hennigar, Mr John Britt, to Miss Mary Clark, both of Freshwater.

On Saturday evening last, by the same, Mr Samuel Dowland, to Miss Susan Coss, both of this town.

At Harbour Grace, on the 21st inst., by the Rev. Wm. Murray, Wesleyan Missionary Mr Adam Mulvey, of Cape St. Francis, to Miss Susannah Mersey, of Upper Island Cove.

On Monday evening last, by the Very Rev. C. Dalton, Mr John Fennell, to Miss Martha Lampen, daughter of Mr Thomas Woolfrey, both of that place.

At St. John's, on Saturday evening last, by the Rev. John Haigh, Mr Joseph Barter, cooper, to Hannah, eldest daughter of Mr John Snow, both of that town.

On Monday evening last, by the Rev. F. H. Carrington, Mr John Stephenston, of that place, to Martha, youngest daughter of Joseph Tucker Esq. of Placentia.

Shipping Intelligence.

HARBOUR GRACE.

Nov. 20. Brig Exeter, Chapman, Naples, 3500 qtls. fish.

CARBONEAR.

Nov. 26.—Schooner Shannon, Pike, Lisbon, 70 tons salt.
Brig Hebe, Seager, Poole.

Nov. 24.—Brig Julia, Stanworth, Spain, Portugal, or Italy, 3100 qtls. fish.

ST. JOHN'S.

Nov. 19.—Brig Intrepid, Butt, Demerara, rum, molasses.
21.—Schooner Caledonia, McDonald, Cape Breton, ballast.

Brig Balclutha, Milray, Cadiz, salt.
Dido, Miller, Sydney, coal.
Gulnare, George, Cadiz, raisins, salt.

Avalon, Sinclair, Demerara, molasses, rum, coffee.
Schr. Tapioca, Williams, Halifax, rum, flour apples.

22.—Eclipse, Summers, Barbadoes, molasses rum.

24.—Success, Dollard, Greenock, potatoes, bread, coals.

Nov. 21.—Schr. Richard Smith, Linnet, Sydney, flour, oatmeal, rum.

26.—Brig Lester, Hayward, Barbadoes, wine salmon, fish.

Commodore, Walters, Bristol, oil, core fish.
Pictou, Morris, Waterford, fish, oil, herrings.

Cabinet, Phelan, Waterford, fish, timber, herrings.

On Sale

BY

THOMAS RIDLEY & Co.

At Reduced Prices for CASH or PRODUCE.

200 Barrels American Prime and Cargo PORK

200 Barrels Irish and Hamburg DITTO
50 Barrels American Prime BEEF
180 Firkins BUTTER, 1st & 2nd qualities
400 Barrels States' FLOUR

50 Chests TEA, Hyson, Souchong, and Bohea

Proved CHAIN CABLES, suitable for Vessels of 50 to 150 Tons

Patent WINDLASS PALLS & WHEELS

DECK and HAWSE PIPES

GRIND STONES

NAILS and IRON all sizes

And a full supply of nearly all other GOODS, which are generally used in the TRADE.

Harbour Grace, Nov. 12, 1834.

USEFUL AND ORNAMENTAL

JEWELLERY.

G. P. JILLARD

MOST respectfully informs his Friends and the Public generally, that he has received EX EMILY from Bristol, and LOUISA and FREDERICK from Liverpool, his Fall Supply.

CONSISTING OF

A Splendid Assortment of

JEWELLERY

CLOCKS, WATCHES &c.

With a great variety of CUTLERY and IRONMONGERY:

ALSO,

Gentlemen's Wellington BOOTS

Lady's BOOTS

Men's, Women's and Childrens SHOES

HOSIERY, DRAPERY

HABERDASHERY, WOOLLENS &c.

AND A LARGE STOCK OF WATCH MATERIALS.

With which he will continue his Mechanical Business as heretofore.

Harbour Grace, Oct. 14, 1834.

Notices

THAT DESIRABLE PIECE OF

MEADOW GROUND,

ON CARBONEAR ISLAND,

In a high state of Cultivation,

known as PYNNS PLANTATION,

lately the Property of Mrs. CHARLOTTE

SAINT JOHN, and occupied by Mr B-

MISTER.

For particulars, apply to

PETER BROWN,

Harbour Grace.

Or

ROBERT R. WAKEHAM,

Saint John's

October 29, 1834.

The Subscribers have at different

times being put to a great deal of in-

convenience, by Persons LAND-

ING and SHIPPING Goods and

Articles at their WHARF. There-

fore, this is to give Notice, that they

will not allow the like to be practis-

ed in future, unless the Owner or

Owners of the Goods so Landing or

Shipping, will PAY THEM WHARF-

AGE.

JOHN MCCARTHY & Co.

Carbonear, Oct. 29, 1834.

WE, the undersigned, TRUSTEES to

the Insolvent Estate of Mr WIL-

LIAM BENNETT, do hereby appoint the

said WILIAM BENNETT, to collect

and receive all the DEBTS due to his In-

solvent Estate, and NOTICE is hereby given

to all Persons so indebted, to make immedi-

ate payment as above, or in default thereof

legal process will be taken against them.

THOMAS BUCKLEY,

ROBERT KENNAN,

Trustees

By their Attorney

CHARLES SIMMS,

J. ELSON,

Trustees

Carbonear, September 3 1834.

BLANKS of every description for Sale

at the Office of this Paper.

Carbonear, Nov. 26, 1834.