

unmoved. Involuntarily I grasped the arm of my chair for the support, for my life seemed fading from me in the struggle. He bent over me, he lifted my faint head on his broad breast, but I shrank from him feebly.

"It is nothing. I am often faint. I am quite well again. You were saying—yes, go on Mr. Sutherland."

"I was saying—ah, Hester—I think I need not go on—you are so changed, dear," he said looking down at me with sorrowful perplexity. "Well, well, Milly led me on to hope; but I ought to have known better. You never cared for me in the beginning as I did for you."

"Surely, surely, that hygienic ought to be a hygienic law," I cried, bitterly.

"If you say that, it ought, indeed," he answered, turning from me; but I told you then Hester, that I should not forget you, and from something Milly said, and your remaining unmarried, I was 'will enough to dream—to hope."

Something—a light that dazzled my poor eyes—was breaking in upon me as he spoke. "Mark!" said I, "what did you come here to do to ask me?"

"The same question that I asked eight years ago by the stream in the driveway, Hester. I have done with India; I am no longer a poor man, and I want the one woman I have always loved. Hester, is this true? Is she mine at last?"

"For a long time, I think, after this, we forgot the existence of any one beside ourselves. Then I told Mark the little game of cross purposes we had been playing. His incredulous wonder that I could imagine he had ever thought of any one but me, touched me to the heart."

"Poor Milly he said; 'so you would have put her off with the reversion of a heart.' 'No, when she marries, may she be, what you are, Hester—her husband's first and last love.'"

THE PENIAN TRIALS.

TORONTO, Oct. 23.—The second day of Penian trials opened at 10 o'clock this morning. The court room was densely crowded. The trial of Lynch was continued. The evidence for the defence was begun by bringing up several Penian prisoners to prove that Lynch was at Fort Erie in the capacity of a reporter for a Louisville paper, and as far as they knew, Lynch had no military connection with the Fenians. They stated that they saw him at Fort Erie with book and pencil, taking notes, and having no arms. The defence also endeavored to prove a case of mistaken identity; that it was Gen. O'Neill, not Lynch, that the Crown witness saw at Fort Erie arm-in-arm with a sword. Lynch, somewhat resentful, O'Neill, was dressed in a similar manner. The mother of John Ryan, who turned Queen's evidence, was put in the witness-box and gave her son a very bad character. She said she could not believe him under oath.

Mr. Martin, the defendant's counsel, then made an able speech in his behalf. Solicitor General Cockburn replied, reviewing the evidence for the defence. He said the evidence must convict the prisoner, and although the witness believed the prisoner to be a newspaper correspondent, not a particle of evidence was adduced to show that such was the case. The proprietor of the paper had not been summoned. The judge then charged the jury, who retired for about an hour, and returned with a verdict of guilty. The judge then passed sentence of death.

BUFFALO, Oct. 25.—The Courier of this city has a special despatch from Toronto, which says that great excitement prevails over the sentence, but the people seem to concur in it and will oppose any attempt to procure a reprieve.

LARGE LOAN TO CANADA.—We understand that Her Majesty's Government have agreed to give the imperial guarantee for a sum of £1,000,000 to be raised on the security of the revenues of the confederated British colonies in North America. Of the sum to be thus raised £3,000,000 is to be applied to the construction of the long-talked-of International Railway between Halifax and Quebec, or rather to the junction of that line with Grand Trunk at Rivière du Loup. The remaining £1,000,000 is to be applied by the Confederated Government to the purchase of the territorial rights of the Hudson's Bay Company, leaving to that company still the right of trading over the territory and holding the trading posts which are necessary for carrying on its trade. The delegates from Canada are expected in England daily to complete the arrangements with Her Majesty's Government. The Governors of the Hudson's Bay Company are, we believe, prepared to recommend to the proprietors the acceptance of the £1,000,000 as the purchase money of the territorial or sovereign rights which they hold under their charter. We are also informed that the claim of the company against the United States Government arising out of the Oregon question is likely shortly to be settled, and that the amount to be received under this head will be somewhere about £280,000. [News of the World.]

A London letter to the Chicago Evening Journal has the following:—"The old saying that there is no cure for broken neck has just been practically disproved by a Surgeon at Greenock. He was called in to see a young girl who had just fallen a distance of eighteen feet, and thoroughly dislocated her neck. When he reached her the face was nearly reversed, and looking over the back. He supported the back with the left knee, took a grasp of the head, and began to pull gradually and pretty strong, whereupon the girl's eyes opened, and there was an effort at breathing. Increasing the pressure, and parts suddenly came to their natural position, and after a minute or two regular breathing was established. Close attention was afterwards paid to the case, and after much fever and occasional con-

vulsions, and the child recovered, and is now as well as ever. I believe there is not another similar case on record. Of course, much time must not elapse between the injury and the treatment."

The Standard.

ST. ANDREWS, OCT. 31, 1866.

The policy of Confederation meets with the approval of the English Press. From late files of London papers we notice, that the leading members of the Derby Government are strongly in favor of a Union of the B. N. A. Colonies, and do not hesitate to avow the wisdom of the Colonists in advocating Confederation. The Rt. Hon. the Secretary for the Colonies, Lord Carnarvon in reply to the toast, "The Health of Her Majesty's Ministers," given at the dinner of the "British North American Association" to the delegates from Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, acknowledged the compliment in an able and lengthy speech, from which we select the following passages. His Lordship said:

You had the kindness to state that you hoped I should feel the same interest in this great colonial question which was manifested by my predecessors in office; and I believe whatever differences of opinion may prevail among us upon many political subjects, we all feel the same anxiety in everything that touches the welfare and honour of our colonies (hear, hear). As far as I am concerned, among the whole range of English politics I know of no subject of such deep engrossing importance as that which relates to the condition of our colonies, comprising as they do so many races, so many interests, and so many forms of government; and it is that we wish with respect to our colonies at large, surely it is not less so in reference to that important group of our North American provinces (hear, hear). When we wish that those provinces may prosper, we only wish that they may continue to advance in the career on which they have already entered. I know nothing more impressive—nothing more gratifying—than the present position of our North American Provinces (hear, hear).

I know that the sight of blue books is not the most poetical one in the world, and the perusal of them probably forms the dullest and most prosaic portion of those duties which are incumbent on every one who takes part in the political life of this country. But yet to my mind there is a great deal of poetry in the long columns of figures which speak of the steady and regular march of the prosperity of our country and of her colonies (hear, hear), which shows how year by year our commerce increases in geometrical ratio throughout the whole length and breadth of the empire (hear, hear). I say there is poetry also in those tables which show an annual increase in the demand for the waste Crown lands of our colonies, because it tells of a conquest which is being waged in the wilderness; it tells of civilization brought home in innumerable ways to hundreds of thousands of our fellow creatures (hear, hear).

It is even something better than poetry to see that a 10 per cent. tariff is sufficient in the colony of Nova Scotia to provide for most of the charges of that province, and to find that there is annual financial surplus applicable to the development of its great natural resources. Man, therefore has not been slow in this case to profit by the gifts of nature; and I believe that any one who might return to that colony would hardly recognise the scene before him so great as has been the march of improvement during the interval (hear, hear).

The Dramatic Performance given by the Amateurs of H. M. Cordelia, on Monday night, in aid of the funds for the erection of the New Church, was well attended. The Farcies were "The Castle Spectre" and "The Omnibus"—or a convenient distance. The parts were very well sustained, reflecting great credit upon the Manager, Mr. R. H. Sutton, and his shipmates. Dr. Warren also favored the audience with two popular songs, which were loudly applauded, but the gallant Doctor did not respond to the encore. At the close the thanks of the audience were tendered to Com. DeWahl, officers and crew of the Cordelia, to which Com. DeWahl returned thanks. The "Cordelia" carry with them the good wishes of our people.

The Rev. Mr. Home's lecture last Thursday evening, on "Capital Punishment" was well received. The arguments against the "barbarous laws" were derived from Scripture, other authentic sources, and from an intelligent public opinion. His subject was divided under three heads, each of which was treated in a masterly manner, and in chaste language. The chair was occupied by the Sheriff, and at the close, a complimentary vote of thanks was given to the Rev. lecturer for his able, instructive and interesting lecture.

LECTURE.—We are requested to announce that John Boyd, Esq., of St. John, will deliver a lecture in the Town Hall, on Thursday Evening, at half past 7 o'clock. Subject—"An unwritten page in the World's History." The proceeds to go to the new Episcopal Church building fund.

The Revisors held their Court on the 25th

inst., when 19 names were added to the list of voters.

SUDDEN DEATH.—David Chasty, an industrious, sober man, gardener to J. W. Street, Esq., was found dead in Mr. Street's cellar, where he had been at work all day. An inquest was held by Dr. Gore, coroner. The verdict of the Jury was—"Died from natural causes."

LECTURES.—We are requested to state that a course of lectures, will be delivered by a number of talented clergymen and others, in aid of the building fund of the new Methodist Church. The first lecture will be given on the 7th November, subject—"Britain among the Nations."

"Musa's" letter is received, and is under consideration. He has not sent us his name and in another particular has not complied with our rules, writing on only one side of the sheet.

VESSELS LOST.—The Deputy Treasurer informs us that he has received information from the British Consul at New Orleans of the loss of the "Alpine" at sea on the 8th instant. Also of the loss of the "Island Belle," Miscon Island on the 30th August last. The ship Thialatta was abandoned at sea, and was broken up. The Registers of these vessels are at the Treasury Office, here.

The "Cordelia" left here yesterday for Campo Bello, and is to winter at St. John or Halifax.

The Festival of the Presbyterian Congregation is to take place this Evening in Gove's Hall.

Owing to the storm yesterday, the New Brunswick did not leave Portland last evening. The weather has not yet cleared up, but the wind has changed to the north west.

We are happy to learn that Dr. C. M. Bailey, Dentist of Calais, is stopping at the International Hotel, for a few days, to attend to the wants of the people in this vicinity; and we hope he will receive a generous welcome in the shape of plenty of patients; certainly there is work enough here to be done, and to neglect such an opportunity as the present affords, would seem to be a most short-sighted policy on the part of those requiring such operations. Dr. Bailey's present connection with the Empire (hear, hear). I say there is poetry also in those tables which show an annual increase in the demand for the waste Crown lands of our colonies, because it tells of a conquest which is being waged in the wilderness; it tells of civilization brought home in innumerable ways to hundreds of thousands of our fellow creatures (hear, hear).

AN "ULTIMATUM."—The New York Times Government organ—publishes the following telegram from Washington, 24th inst., in relation to the Alabama and Shenandoah claims:

"Mr. Adams, our Minister to the Court of St. James, was some time since instructed to make a peremptory demand for indemnity for the losses sustained by our commercial interests. To this demand Mr. Adams received an evasive reply. He was immediately instructed to repeat the demand. He did so, but no definite response has yet been received, but the tone of the English newspapers recently received indicates that these renewed persistent demands have not been without effect.

The British Government is now putting feelers in their various organs, showing their disposition in the matter. From these it appears that they are willing to submit the claims to arbitration or to a board of international commissioners. Our Government will accept no arrangement of this sort, but will insist on a prompt and full payment of these claims. This is our ultimatum, as contained in the instructions under which Mr. Adams is now acting."

If it is really the fact that the United States Government have put forth an "ultimatum" of this monstrous character, we should see in it a sufficient explanation of the despatch of British troops to the Colonies. Perhaps, also, this will account for the remarkable insolence recently exhibited by the American Press when treating of the Colonies, as well as for the Sinnott Annexation scheme, and the Annexation sentiments of enemies within our borders. We shall know soon whether the American Government proposes to stake its existence on securing the payment from England of American losses by Southern privateers, and whether in case of difficulty between the two countries there is a probability of our foes being assisted by any number of our own people. [Telegraph.]

ITEMS.

—The St. Stephen Courier says that Messrs Chipman & Bolton, of St. Stephen, despatched a message over the cable nearly a month ago. On receiving information of the loss of the "Shooting Star" they took that method of ordering a cargo of salt to supply the place of the lost one, and paid \$100 in gold for the privilege of transmitting a message 100 letters long.

A very interesting examination is now going on before Justice Rose and Eells relative to the loss of the "Shooting Star," a charge of casting the vessel away having been made against the Captain by the Insurers on the information of some of the crew. W. Wedderburn, Esq., appears for the plaintiff, and J. W.

Chandler, J. G. Stevant, and T. B. Abbott, Esqs., for the defendant. [St. Croix Courier.]

—The death—in Carleton last evening—is announced of Robert Stackhouse, Esq., of the well known firm of McLachlan & Stackhouse.

Mr. Stackhouse was one of the best draughtsmen in particular line of this business this country has produced, and the vessels which his firm built have added much to the fame of New Brunswick. His partner, Mr. McLachlan, is now absent in England. Mr. S. has been ailing for some time. He leaves a wife and family. His remains are to be interred on Monday. The Masonic Fraternity are to participate in the funeral exercises. [Globe.]

—A PUZZLE.—A person with a basket of apples said, if he told them out 5 at a time, two would remain; 6 at a time, four would remain; 7 at a time five would remain; 11 at a time, eight would remain. What number of apples were in the basket. [Ibid.]

—Still they come! Mrs. J. B. Wolverton, Northampton, has presented us with a specimen of the largest onions we have ever seen raised in this County. Twelve of them weighed 8 lbs. 2 oz., or about 10½ oz. apiece. They are top or tree onions. [Ibid.]

—We regret to notice that Mr. Peter McLachlan, Jr., a brother of the Chief Commissioner of Public Works, died on Saturday of typhoid fever, at Hopewell. [Telegraph.]

—Mr. John H. Reid has resigned the Presidency of the York County Agricultural Society which he has held for several years.

—Gen. Doyle arrived from Halifax at a late hour on Saturday night or on Sunday morning in the steamer Empress. He was met on the wharf by Lieut. Col. Utty, Capt. Moody, and Major B. L. Peters, A. D. C. His Excellency is stopping at the Waverly. [Globe.]

—We are informed by Mr. Wedderburn, the prisoner's counsel, that His Excellency the Administrator of the Government has upon petition, decided to release Thomas Baines from the Penitentiary, and that the order to that effect will probably be executed to-day. [Ibid.]

—The Surveyor General and Chief Commissioner of Public Works have come to the city to meet the Administrator of the Government. Other members of the Government are expected to-day. [Journal.]

—Between six and seven o'clock on Saturday morning a fire broke out in a house on the corner of Prince's and Charlotte Streets occupied by Mr. C. H. Rustin. It broke out in the kitchen, but in what way it originated is uncertain. There was not much damage done. [Ibid.]

The Hon. A. T. Galt, ex-Minister of Finance, has been and appointed a Delegate to England; also the Hon. Mr. Howland.

NEW YORK, Oct. 23.

A Toronto special dispatch says dispatches are coming from all parts of the Provinces demanding that no mercy shall be shown to the convicted Fenians. It is doubtful if the Crown can find evidence strong enough to convict Rev. Mr. Laidlaw. The threats made by the New York Fenians to avenge the deaths of those convicted are doing great injury to the prisoners. Petitions are being circulated and sent to the Governor General to forward to have the sentences commuted to imprisonment. David Winkler, Patrick Norton and Daniel Drummond have been arraigned.

Fears are entertained that the prisoners may escape. There are in this city over five hundred unemployed Irish Americans. The Fenian prisoners at Cornwall are to be indicted on Monday, for high treason and tried the following Wednesday.

President Johnson has interposed offices of Government in behalf of convicted Fenians in Canada, and has expressed hope that Her Majesty's Government will exercise toward them mercy and forgiveness. Gold 146½.

TAXATION IN THE UNITED STATES.—The manner in which taxation bears on the Railways in the United States is thus stated:—"The axle of an engine are first taxed in the form of pig iron; then as bar iron; then, again, wrought into the form of an axle as a forging; then when fitted to the wheels, six per cent, more as a manufacture; and again the fifth time, when affixed to the engine another six per cent, as a part of the completed machine, the tax itself each case being reckoned as a part of the increased value on the next successive assessment. Then, a tax of 2½ per cent, is imposed upon the gross earnings of that machine, and again 5 per cent, more on the net earnings or dividend, and finally to complete the enumeration, the engine is again assessed as a part of the corporate valuation on which the Company pays taxes to the commonwealth." That is assuredly reducing the system of taxation to a science.

REMOVALS.—It is stated that His Excellency the Governor General received, on Thursday last, important despatches from the Colonial Office in regard to the reinforcements sent to Canada, and on the progress of the negotiations relative to Confederation. A meeting of the Canadian Executive was expected to take place yesterday to arrange about the departure of the delegates to London. As already mentioned, they will probably leave on the 7th November. It is further stated that Lord Monck is not to leave at the same time as the Ministers. [Montreal Herald.]

SAD ACCIDENT.—A youth named Samuel Clayton, while out gunning in the woods on Wednesday, in stepping over a log or by some unlucky accident, received the whole contents of the fowling piece in his bowels. He managed in his wounded condition, sustaining a portion of his intestines in his hands, to walk or crawl a distance of three quarters of a mile, when medical aid was obtained, but without success. We learn from Dr. Dow

that he died a few hours after the accident—Frod. Paper.

ARRIVAL EXTRAORDINARY.—Mr. Linley, late of the 22nd Regiment, who has recently become interested in the "Cable House," here, arrived one day last week from Fredericton, with his steel of racing horses, including, "Aerolite," "Woodstock," "Little Stranger" and "Speculation." [Car. Seminel.]

Ship News.

PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.

Oct. 26, Schr. Emma, Lord, Calais Lime & fish, Goodnow.
Jane, Clark Boston, sundries, master.
Harry, Hunt, Boston, ballast master.
30, Bpe. Mary' Bideout, Murdoch, New York, ballast. J. McAdam.
Albert, Cogswell, Boston, ballast, master.

CLEARED.

Oct. 24, Schr. Lousia, Clark, St. John, Flour & Corn, J. McAdam.
Maria Jane, Maloney, 950 cedar poles, Boston, R. Ross.
Investigator, Holt, St. John, 1200 bushels turnips, J. Mowat.
25, Olive Matilda, Kilpatrick, 1400 sleepers, 184 M shingles, A. Watson.
Charlie, Highland, Boston, 9004 sleepers, 50 cords bark, R. Ross.
27, Jane, Clarke, St. George, ballast.
30, Julia, Clinch, Adams, New York, deals & lumber C. F. Clinch.

LETTERS.

REMAINING IN THE POST OFFICE, St. Andrews, Oct. 30, 1866.

Anderson Mr.	Louis Wm
Bowen Mrs. Sarah	Loring Maggie
Burns Mrs. Annie	Lowry George
Cropley John	Leomonston Mrs. Louisa
Dow Abigail	Luthian Daniel
Emerson William	Murphy Bridget
Gillis Mary Ann	McVicker Miss Sarah
Harley John T.	McElroy Jennie
Houghton A. D.	Hebes Charles J.
Johnson James	Wick Jeremiah
Jones James	Ross William
Kennedy James	Reynolds Capt. Wm
Kerrin Joseph	Smith David H.
Kimball John A.	Sweeney Benjamin
Lidgeway Joseph	Tibbles Miss Matilda

Persons calling for any of the above will please say "Advertised."

G. F. CAMPBELL, P. M.
P. O., St. Andrews, Oct. 30, 1866.—21.

P. CASSIDY,

Harbor Master,

FOR THE HARBORS OF

Lepreux and New River.

OPENING OF FALL MILLINERY

AT THE ALBION HOUSE.

Mrs. MAGEE respectfully informs the Ladies of Saint Andrews, that she will make a display of Fancy Goods and Millinery in Show Room next door to Albion House, on Friday afternoon, doors open at 3 o'clock.

NEW FRUIT.

40 BOXES & Half Boxes Layer Raisins, just received.

Oct. 24. J. W. STREET.

CAUTION.

I hereby forbid THOMAS HEALY of St. Andrews, Butcher, from paying to any person any or any part of the Eight several Notes drawn by him in my favor, for \$100 each, and due respectively on 1st August 1862, 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866, 1867, 1868 and 1869, said Notes being out of my possession wrongfully, and any value paid for same, and all other persons are forbidden to buy or negotiate said Notes, any of them.

M. FAULS, J.
St. Andrews, Oct. 20, 1866.

JOHN S. MAGEE

In desirous of calling the attention of the public to a large and varied stock of Goods ready for steamers "United Kingdom," "Nawa" and "Napoli" consisting in part of

FRENCH MERINOS,

COBURGS,

BLANKETS,

COTTONS, in white & unbleached, very cheap.

Braces, Sontags, Clouds, Garibaldi's.

Maria Stewart Hoods and Opera Mantles.

COTTON FLANNELS,

OSNABURGS.

Prints, Red, white, blue & grey twilled Flannels.

Plain Flannels in all colors.

We can confidently recommend our Flannels as good, and will sell cheap.

A large and varied stock of

BOOTS and SHOES,

in childrens, youths, Boys, Mens, Misses and Ladies—of warranted manufacture.

Would call special attention to his white Warps, which are made from the very best Southern cotton, and warranted, sound, well made and good.

Also the St. John Warps, Parks' make, prepared for the Loom.

If you want good value for your money, come to the

ALBION HOUSE.

JOHN S. MAGEE.

Havana Cigars,

17 M Havana Cigars.

Imported and for sale by

TODD, CLEWLEY & CO.

June 1866. St. Stephen, N. B.

New Brunswick & C.

FALL ARRANG.

T.

will leave St. Andrews Wed.

Returning will leave

for St. Andrews every

Thursday, at 9 a. m. until

An Express Train will

Station every Monday an

in time for the Boston

leaves St. Andrews every

on arrival of Boat from

A special Train will

Monday afternoon on an

John.

Agent St. John—J. D. Se

Woodstock—C. W. H.

St. Andrews, Oct. 1, 18

WARPS!

From the New Brunsw

pared for the Loom—qua

Also a Lot of those

from the

ROYAL RIVER MANUFACT

No. 8.

Just received at the Al

for sale at lowest market

GREY, BLUE

Just received

BLUE, GREY,

at the Albion House, g

cheap, to make room for

WARR and UNBLEACHED

offering superior articles

ed Cottons, at low rates.

Skeletons

Grey Skeleton Skirts,

House for One Dollar.

Selling off!

At Britis

Thirty D

THE Subscribers now

and well assorted st

stock consists in part of

Broad Cloths, blue

Casement, Tweeds, C

Homespun, French De

Poplins, Coburgs, Bar

Lustres, Alpaca in grey

Prints, white and blue

Osnaburghs, Cambrics, S

Paisley, Barage and

Umbrellas, Corsets, H

Hoisery in Cotton, W

Shirts Collars, N

Handkerchiefs in Cotton

Woolen and Cotton Un

and Damask Table C

Carpetings, Blankets,

blue and fancy checks, C

Also a large assortme

ing, Boots and Shoes.

The whole to be sold

subscribers are determi

Goods business in St.

St. Andrews, Sept. 5

2,000 C

ALBION

Just received from

John, and will be sold