

The Evening Times and Star

ST. JOHN, N. B., FEBRUARY 18, 1918.

The St. John Evening Times is printed at 27 and 29 Canterbury street, every evening (Sundays excepted), by The St. John Times Printing and Publishing Co., Ltd., a company incorporated under the Joint Stock Companies Act. Telephone—Private exchange connecting all departments, Main 2417. Subscriptions—Private exchange connecting all departments, Main 2417. The Times has the largest afternoon circulation in the Maritime Provinces. Special Advertising Representatives—NEW YORK, Frank E. Northrup, 308 Fifth Ave.—CHICAGO, E. J. Powers, Manager, Association Bldg., British and European—Frederick A. Smyth, 20 Lodge Hill, LONDON, E. C. England. The Audit Bureau of Circulations audits the circulation of The Evening Times.

THE MACINTYRE REPORT.

The Macintyre report will be considered this week by the city council. It has already been considered by the people, and they are naturally eager to learn the attitude of their elected representatives toward the boldest attempt ever made to get out of them large dividends on watered stock. The time is opportune to go right to the bottom of power company finance, and learn how much real money has been invested by the old company and the new. Whatever that amount may be, it is all the people should be asked to pay dividends on, and then only in consideration of an adequate service. For the city is a partner in this business to the extent that its franchise enabled the company to do business. No company has the moral right, and should not be given the legal right, to get more than a fair return for money actually invested in a public utility. The New Brunswick Power Company does not subscribe to this doctrine, however, and the city must defend its own interests. It looks to the city council to lead in the struggle for its rights. For that reason this week's developments will be watched with unusual attention and interest.

A PLAIN DUTY.

The people of St. John and the province of New Brunswick may do their share at home to make this part of the world safe for democracy. They can deal with the autonomy of wealth and privilege which would fasten burdens upon them. It has been perfectly clear, even since the war began, that some people were not only disposed to make any real sacrifice, or throw themselves into war work with a real desire to make a sacrifice, but that they have proceeded with deliberate intent to promote and forward schemes to enrich themselves. The phrase "equality of sacrifice" had for them no meaning at all. There were dollars to be made, and any other activity was merely incidental. There can be no objection to genuine industrial and commercial activity. That is as desirable as ever it was, when due regard is had for the present purpose of all activity, which is to win the war, and which calls for the legitimate production and use of as much money as possible, but to grasp after wealth for self fish profit, or to lay unnecessary burdens on people already heavily burdened by the increasing cost of living and the waste of war, amounts to nothing less than giving aid to the enemy. This is no time for speculative operations designed to fleece the public. There never should be such a time, and the inquiry of it is more and more apparent as people think more seriously about the real issues in a war which bathes the world in blood and tears. If a new and better state of society is to emerge, the profiteer, the purely selfish speculator, and any man who regards his fellows as legitimate prey must be given to understand that social penalties go with the practice of their profession. That has not hitherto been the case, for society, even the church, has been lenient with the man whose golden keys opened the doors of popularity. Exposure has not brought such penalties as would discourage the grafter, the promoter of corporate fraud, the briber and the bribed. There is great need of a moral awakening in relation to business, politics and public affairs in general, to the end that selfishness and greed and disregard for the rights of the people may be branded as evil to wage war against, in order that democracy may justify itself as worthy of such devotion and sacrifice as that of the men who give their lives in its defence.

A SHAKING UP.

An interesting situation has developed in England. Col. Repington and Mr. Gwynne, editor of the Morning Post, are on trial as a result of a slashing attack on the military authorities made by the former and published in the Post. At the same time comes the announcement by the government that Sir William Robertson, being offered the choice of becoming the British military representative on the supreme war council at Versailles, or continuing as chief of the Imperial general staff under new conditions, has declined both; and therefore his resignation has been accepted. Sir William denies that he has resigned, and regards his retirement as a dismissal. He is succeeded as chief of the Imperial general staff by Gen. Sir Henry Wilson, who was sub-chief of staff. This change has been predicted and denied several times in the press during the last week or two, and Sir William Robertson was charged with failure to pursue a sufficiently vigorous policy. The comment of the press is that the change will not surprise the public. Sir William Robertson has stout defenders as well as hostile critics, and the affair will undoubtedly be aired in parliament. The chief concern of the people, who are not perhaps in a position

to form an accurate judgment in the matter, is that the outcome of the controversy may be a more vigorous prosecution of the war on the western front. More air raids on London on Saturday and Sunday nights will accentuate the demand for reprisals.

President Wilson grows ever more worthy of respect and confidence. His reply to the arrogant president of the Brotherhood of Carpenters and Joiners, who refused to send the strikers back to work, and demanded a personal interview with President Wilson, brought that puffed-up official quickly to terms. The head of the nation declined to see him until he had sent the men back to work and so proved that he had no desire to give aid and comfort to the nation's enemies.

Mr. James Simpson, vice-president of the Trades Congress of Canada, before an audience in the Monument-Nationalist hall, gave unstinted praise to Trotsky and Lenin, and was loudly cheered. It is a safe bet that a lot of the cheering was done by men who object to the military service act. From present indications Trotsky and Lenin are losing their hold in Russia, and Mr. Simpson may presently have an opportunity to revise his estimate.

President Wilson was not speaking as an autocrat, but as the nation's representative. The real autocrat was the president of the Carpenters and Joiners Union, who has seen the error of his ways and urged the men to return to work. An adjustment board can easily settle any real grievance they may have.

For circulating a pacifist leaflet in England Mr. Arnold Lupton has been sent to jail for six months, and the printer of the leaflet has been fined. The editor of the Weekly Worker has been fined for refusing to the article for which Col. Repington is being prosecuted. John Bull is waking up.

Last night's gabfest gave the impression that Germany may have another conference with the Bolsheviks, but with big guns as her spokesmen. The rest of the world will not much care. Russia must be brought to her senses, and this might help.

His fellow citizens sincerely mourn the death of Mr. Philip Grannan. A good citizen, a successful business man, and one who took an intelligent interest in public affairs, he had won many warm personal friends during his busy and useful life.

The London Morning Post is clamoring for the defeat of the government. Its editor and military critic are on trial for articles previously published. There will be a lively debate this week in parliament.

The Ukrainians of Canada denounce the peace between their brethren and Germany. Having enjoyed the privileges of a real democracy they have no sympathy with the autocrats of Central Europe.

Halifax has a juvenile court judge appointed under the Children's Protection Act, to deal with cases under the provisions of the Juvenile Delinquents Act. Mr. James J. Hunt has been appointed to that office.

The American Federation of Labor declares that the German militarists must be conquered, and summons all workers to their share in the task. The Federation unreservedly endorses the war aims of President Wilson.

It is reported from Vienna that Romania is considering a separate peace with the Central Powers. Nothing that happens in the eastern theatre of war is likely to cause much surprise.

The military authorities in Montreal do not discriminate in favor of the sons of millionaires. Their action will be heartily endorsed.

The reception on Saturday evening to the men of the draft from the Depot Battalion was worthy of the fine record of Royal Standard Chapter I. O. D. E., and a fine tribute to a splendid body of men.

The atrocities perpetrated by the Red Guard in Finland rival those of the Germans in Belgium in the early months of the war.

What has happened to the Greek army that was said some time ago to be mobilized and ready for business?

A peace-by-agreement candidate has just been elected to the German Reichstag. The peace-by-conquest party, however, is still in control.

OVERSEAS DRAFT GUESTS OF I.O.D.E.

Farewell Entertainment at Y.M.C. A—Presentation to Lieut. Geo. McKinney

A reception was tendered in the rooms of the Y.M.C.A. on Saturday evening by the ladies of the Royal Standard Chapter, I. O. D. E., the occasion being in honor of the overseas draft of the local Depot Battalion. Those who occupied the platform were Mayor Hayes, who acted as chairman; Lieut.-Colonel A. H. H. Powell, representing local headquarters; Mrs. E. Smith, the occasion being in honor of the overseas draft of the local Depot Battalion. Those who occupied the platform were Mayor Hayes, who acted as chairman; Lieut.-Colonel A. H. H. Powell, representing local headquarters; Mrs. E. Smith, the occasion being in honor of the overseas draft of the local Depot Battalion. Those who occupied the platform were Mayor Hayes, who acted as chairman; Lieut.-Colonel A. H. H. Powell, representing local headquarters; Mrs. E. Smith, the occasion being in honor of the overseas draft of the local Depot Battalion.

ST. MARTIN'S STUDENT AT MOUNT ALLISON ACCIDENTALLY KILLED.

Sackville, N. B., Feb. 16.—A young man named Jackson, about eighteen years of age, was found dead last Thursday under his window at the college residence. The unfortunate had been in poor health lately, and it is thought he had been sitting or standing near his open window when he faltered and fell out. Deceased was a member of the engineering class and belongs to St. Martin's.

Funerals Yesterday.

The funeral of Miss Martha Sullivan took place yesterday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the Old Ladies' Home, Rev. H. A. Goodwin conducted the service, and interment was made in the Methodist cemetery.

HANGED BY THE NECK.

No death sentence was pronounced and that comes to every offender treated by Putnam's Corn Extractor. Out comes the corn, and the pain is gone. It is "Putnam's" only, it's the best, free from acids and poisons. Price 25c., at all dealers.

You Cannot Afford to Miss Our Shoe Bargains

- Ladies' Rubbers, medium toe and heel, all sizes, 65c. pr.
- Ladies' Goodyear Welt Sewed Button Boots, values up to \$7.00, nearly all sizes, \$2.95 pair
- Ladies' Patent, Laced and Button Boots, "Smardon", "Classic" and "McPherson" makes—less than half price \$3.00 pair
- Ladies' Champagne Kid, Ivory Kid and Vici Kid High Cut Laced Boots, \$5.50 values, all sizes, \$4.50 pair
- Ladies' Dark Brown Calf, High Cut Laced Boots, and half Louis heels, \$10.00 values, all sizes, \$6.00 pair
- Men's Special Rubbers, all sizes \$9c., \$1.10 pair
- Men's and Boys' High Cut Waterproof Boots.
- Men's Fine Calf Goodyear Welt Boots.
- Men's "Hart" Boots.
- Men's Heavy Solid Working Boots.

See These Lines at Reduced Prices in Our Window.

Sale Goods Cash—No Appropriation.

FRANCIS & VAUGHAN 19 KING STREET

Foley's Stove Linings THAT LAST TELEPHONE MAIN 1601

VINOL REMOVES THE CAUSE OF CHRONIC COUGHS

A Constitutional Remedy That We Guarantee

Lagrange, N. C.—"For years I suffered with a chronic cough, so I could not sleep nights and continued to lose flesh. My druggist asked me to try Vinol. It cured my cough, I can sleep nights and have gained twelve pounds. Vinol is the best tonic and tissue builder I have ever taken."—W. D. Ren, Lagrange, N. C. We guarantee Vinol for chronic coughs, colds and bronchitis. Not a patent medicine. Formula on every bottle. Your money back if it fails. Watson Drug Store. The Ross Drug Co., Ltd., St. John. Vinol is sold in Fairville by H. Wilson and in Hampton by Donald's Drug Store. Also at the best druggists in all New Brunswick towns.

WORTH THE PRICE.

Toronto Star: A million and a half tons of coal is a lot of fuel, and it was consumed last year because mankind—clavated to the stock and tied up by habit, chooses to sleep after daylight and work after dark, rather than undertake the trouble of shifting the hours of labor during seasons of the year when practical good sense commends such a change.

The proposal that we save daylight involves a great deal more than merely restoring ourselves by tampering with the clock. There is a lot of coal at stake and a lot of hydro power needlessly used already being done in the morning before the late afternoon so that men may work, although the sun lights these shops for nothing in the morning before work begins.

Actual sinking of an ocean liner in Civilization. Lyric tonight.

DON'T DIET YOURSELF TO CURE DYSPEPSIA

IT ISN'T NECESSARY

The sufferer from dyspepsia and indigestion who has to pick and choose his food, is the most miserable of all mankind. He is the little bit of a creature that tortures, and it does him little good. It restores the stomach to a normal healthy condition so that the food no longer causes distress and is thoroughly digested and assimilated, and goes on its way making rich, red blood.

For forty years now Burdock Blood Bitters has been making weak stomachs strong, and curing severe cases of dyspepsia and indigestion that other remedies were powerless to reach. It restores the stomach to a normal healthy condition so that the food no longer causes distress and is thoroughly digested and assimilated, and goes on its way making rich, red blood.

DOCTORS FAILED TO HELP But Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Removed the Cause of this Woman's Illness.

Worcester, Mass.—"I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for a long time, and it cured my weakness and pain which used to keep me in bed for two days each month. I tried many doctors without benefit until I was really discouraged. My mother urged me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as it had helped her so much. I did so and now I am as well as I can and I am so glad that I can do my own work."

Women who suffer from displacements, irregularities, inflammation, ulceration, backache, headaches and nervousness should lose no time in giving this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial.

HEART WAS BAD NERVES ALL GONE

Very important it is in this age to have a clear cool head, a strong heart and steady nerves. Too much rush and bustle, work and worry, fall to the lot of women attending to their household duties and social obligations. The constant strain under which they continue day in and day out will soon shatter the strongest system. Before long the heart gets weak, flutters and palpitations, the nerves become unstrung, you start at the least sound, the pulse becomes weak and irregular, then finally comes physical breakdown or nervous prostration.

NUXATED IRON

Increases strength of delicate, nervous, run-down people in ten days' time in many instances. Used and highly endorsed by former United States Senators and Members of Congress, well-known physicians and former Public Health officials. Ask your doctor or druggist about it.

'SHUN!

Just Arrived---Those

Soldiers' Kit Bag Fasteners

You have been inquiring about \$1.00 complete with lock and two keys

T.M. AVITY & SONS, LTD.

Jap-a-lac

Transparent Color Varnishes Gold and Aluminum Solid Enamel Colors. The individual finish that is best adapted for each of the many different articles around the home is thus provided for. JAPALAC is the best and most durable finish ever manufactured for either hard or soft wood floors.

Furniture, wood-work, base-boards, window sills, etc., which have become badly marred, scratched or worn, can be renewed and beautiful with Japalac transparent colors.

Emerson & Fisher Ltd.

SALVAGE CORPS PLANS FOR ARMY

Work for Whole of Canada Under One Head After British System

Salvaging Has Been Done in a Limited Way in the Past—On scientific Lines in Future

In view of the universal cry for the conservation of resources, steps are now under way to bring the salvaging of waste products in the army under one department for the whole of the dominion, and it is anticipated that this will be organized a military department to be known as the Salvage Corps of Canada, to come probably under the control of the department of the dominion master-general. With this idea under consideration, Capt. H. C. Trennaman, yesterday, under the authority of the Q. M. G.'s department, to see just what was being done in the district along the salvage line, and to see what steps would be necessary to bring it into the general system of the dominion. Capt. Trennaman is an overseas man, who saw considerable service with the army in France in connection with the conservation of supplies and waste, and the system to be introduced in Canada will follow closely the outline laid down by the imperial army officers. Owing to the great amount of work already being done under the representatives of the Q. M. G. in the various districts, it is anticipated that it will be necessary to appoint a special salvage officer for each military district, whose time will be devoted to a scientific disposal of the refuse from the army.

Much Already Saved. The casual observer, it may appear that little is to be gained by this work, but, judging from the experience of the military district, where the work has already been done along this line, there is a small fortune in what would ordinarily be wasted in the army. The work has been going on for the past few months ranging from seven to eight hundred dollars from the products sold from the army. One definite feature of the work will be for the officials to make a tour of inspection of all the army kitchens in the dominion, and in any case where the best results are not being obtained in any kitchen, more competent cooks and attendants will be put in charge, or more up-to-date equipment will be ordered. Toronto military district has probably been devoting more attention to this line of conservation than any of the other districts in Canada, and it was owing to the necessity for work of this nature that the military cooking schools were opened here. It will also be the duty of the officers to check up any surplus rationing which may exist, but this does not imply that the rationing of the men in khaki are to be cut short unless it is discovered that in some instances there is waste. It has been suggested that in some cases there has been a waste of bread, but with the organization of a salvage corps any waste of this nature will be checked up and eliminated. For instance, if it is found that one unit is wasting bread, or potatoes, or any other line of food, which can readily be discovered by the amount of food which finds its way into the garbage, the officers will have the authority to cut down the rations of that unit in whatever food is being wasted. And if, on the other hand, it is found that any special unit is going short in any definite line of food, they will also have the right to order greater supplies of that food.

Results in England.

In this connection, it is interesting to note one result obtained by the British Army Salvage Corps, after which the Canadian is to be modeled. Few people would think anything could be obtained from dish-water, yet experience has shown that the fatty residue of dish-water, when properly collected in barrels, has produced enough glycerine when properly treated, for the manufacture of thousands of shells. While the local military district has exceeded great care over supplies for the past two years, it is admitted that the saving could be much greater. For instance, all packing cases and waste paper has been used for fires and kindling. Now it is suggested that packing cases could be used many times, and that even corrugated paper will serve its purpose for many occasions. It has been found that empty tin cans are in great demand by some firms, as from these there is a zinc and a solder residue which, when collected, means a great saving in these essentials. Even wires which come about packing cases, staves about the holes of hay, jam pails,

FIG SEN TAKE ONE AT NIGHT MAKES YOU FEEL RIGHT

10¢ Nival Quality Stores

TENDERS WANTED FOR HEATING AND VENTILATING EQUIPMENT

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until Noon, March 18, 1918, for Heating and Ventilating Equipment required for the reconstruction of the above building. All tenders to be based on the execution, erection and completion, together with the furnishing of all materials, tools, appliances, scaffolding, apparatus and labor required for the installation of it. Heating and Ventilating Equipment called for in the plans and specifications. All information can be obtained at the office of the General Contractor, P. Lyall & Sons Construction Company, Limited, Ottawa. A set of plans and specifications may be had by depositing an accepted bank cheque for twenty-five (\$25.00) dollars made payable to the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, which will be returned if the intending bidder submits a regular bid. Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, for a sum not less than five per cent (5 p. c.) of the amount of the tender, which will be forfeited if the tender is not accepted the cheque will be returned. If the tender is accepted an additional cheque for a sum equivalent to the above per cent (5 p. c.) of the amount of the tender must be deposited before the contract is signed. The total security will be forfeited if the contractor fails to complete the work contracted for.

Payments will be made monthly and will not exceed in the aggregate ninety (90 p. c.) per cent of the value of the labor and materials furnished and set in place.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Envelopes containing tenders to be marked "Tenders for Heating and Ventilating Equipment" and addressed to: JOHN A. PEARSON, Architect, J. O. MARCHAND, Associate, Centre Block, Parliament Bldg., Ottawa. 2-4-11-18-25