

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 19, 1907.

Best Clothing News Yet!

All Our Stock of Winter Overcoats on Sale at Big Reductions From Regular Prices.

This is a chance that every man who needs an overcoat should hasten to take advantage of. Even at regular prices everyone knows you can get better value here for the money than elsewhere--our policy of buying for cash and selling for cash permits of this--But now you can buy at a big reduction from our regular prices. This is the most important Overcoat opportunity you have been offered this season. Every garment of this season's building--expressing the last note of fashion--mind you not a lot of garments gathered from this maker and that, for the purpose of a sale, but our own regular stock built to our own order.

- Men's \$6.00 Overcoats, Reduced to \$4.87
- Men's 7.00 Overcoats, Reduced to 5.87
- Men's 8.00 Overcoats, Reduced to 6.87
- Men's 10.00 Overcoats, Reduced to 8.87
- Men's 12.00 Overcoats, Reduced to 10.87
- Men's 15.00 Overcoats, Reduced to 12.87

Our entire stock of Men's Trousers also marked at special sale prices.

CHAS. MAGNUSON & CO.,

The Cash Clothing Store. 73 Dock Street. St. John, N. B.

YESTERDAY IN PARLIAMENT

Hon. W. S. Fielding Introduces the Insurance Bill --- It's Terms Not As Drastic As Expected---New Regulations for Fraternal Organizations.

Ottawa, Dec. 18--Hon. W. S. Fielding introduced in the house today the long looked for insurance bill. The matter, he said, was of such vast importance that the government decided to wait until this session before taking any action.

"In the interim," said Mr. Fielding, "we have been able to give the subject further consideration, and with the assistance of insurance experts of ability and impartiality, we have prepared a bill which I have now the honor to present to the house. The bill is necessarily somewhat technical and complicated in character and can be best understood by a careful study with the assistance of insurance experts. I need not burden my remarks with details of the bill but will call attention to its most important features."

"The bill prepared by the commission dealt with life insurance only, while in the bill now submitted the whole question of insurance is dealt with, though the amendments chiefly relate to life insurance."

To a question of Mr. Borden, Mr. Fielding stated that the new bill was a consolidation of all the acts relating to insurance.

"In the investigation by the commission it was complained that the powers of the government, through the finance minister, were not as broad as was desirable. We are enlarging those powers. It was held that the minister could only withdraw or suspend the license of a company except under very exceptional circumstances. By the new bill the minister may for any violation of the insurance act withdraw, suspend or refuse to renew a license of an insurance company. The powers of the superintendent of insurance are widened by giving him the powers of a deputy minister and special powers enabling him to visit the offices of American companies and inspect their business at the head office, when it is deemed desirable. He is also given power to make special audits and appoint valuers to value the property of the companies, when he deems it desirable."

"Trust funds of foreign companies must hereafter be placed under the trust of a Canadian Trust Company and where vacancies occur through the death of a present trustee his place must be filled by the appointment of a trust company."

"A question much discussed is that of deferred dividends and the commission proposed to abolish all dividend policies and distribute the surplus annually. We realized that the object of the commission was good but that an annual distribution rather drastic and have provided that the surplus shall be divided once in three years. Companies now dividing annually can continue to do so."

"The commission recommended that the surplus funds from deferred dividends should be treated as liabilities. To this the companies have objected. We propose that these funds should be treated as a liability in the report of the companies and in the case of considerable depreciation of securities, such as occur at the present time, it would place the company in a position of apparent insolvency to charge the company with the whole of the depreciation. In the case of depreciation which would involve a loss it is provided that the depreciation may be charged against the surplus funds, and in that way the balance will appear as a liability of the company."

"A much discussed question is that of the expense of new and renewal business. This is one of the difficult problems. The commission recommended that the expense of new business be shown separately from that of old. This is a desirable but we realize that companies may find a difficulty in making a distinction in proportion of expense to old and new. However, feeling that the object is a good one, we have allowed the clause recommended by the commission to stand."

"The question of salaries and commissions has been much discussed. We pro-

pose that officials at the head offices shall not be permitted to receive commissions in any shape or form. Only agents may be paid by commissions. No salary of \$5,000 or more may be paid without having been specifically voted by the board of directors. Without this it might be possible for the general manager, by his own act to make a contract for the payment of a larger salary. This was recommended by the commission. We propose that no agreement for salary may be made for a period of more than five years. The commission recommended three years, but we feel that it is too short a time. As a further protection against excess payments we propose that in the case of salaries and commissions amounting to more than \$4,000 a year, a list of the salaries and commissions to whom they are paid must be furnished by the companies and published in the annual insurance report. Any person receiving over \$4,000 in salary and commission combined will find his name in public in the only reasonable way we can put on abuse in this direction."

"With regard to rebates or special favors the commission have recommended that these be abolished. It is proposed that in every case of granting a rebate a penalty of \$1,000 be imposed upon the director or manager of a company, the agent of which had granted a rebate. It seems to us that this is too severe on the director and it does not take account of the agents who give the rebate, or the policyholder who received. We propose that a fine of \$1,000 shall still stand, providing that the offence is committed with knowledge. Without that knowledge it would be unreasonable to impose such a penalty. But in the case of a director or agent who knowingly permits this offence, we provide that the agent who gives the commission and the policyholder who receives it in the way of rebate over and above the regular business transaction shall be subject on both sides to a fine of \$100, to be recovered by any person who takes action."

"The commission made recommendations in respect to the method of voting by policy holders, taken from the New York state law. Difficulties, confusion and expense arose in the United States from this amendment. It is rather complicated by mail election and people are invited to vote by sending in ballots. While I do not think any abuse has occurred in Canada which makes that recommendation a matter of urgency, and as it is of doubtful expediency in the light of the experience in the United States, we think for the present we are not able to recommend it and have dropped the clause out of the bill. It is the practice of directors in voting for president and directors to have proxies from policy holders extending over a number of years. We think this system of voting by long standing proxies should be abolished and that no proxy shall be given at all unless it is executed within two months of the date of the meeting at which it is to be used. This is rather an important change and will, I think, serve a good purpose. It will, we believe, prevent any abuse of proxy voting."

"The commission recommended what are known as standard policies. The object is very desirable, but the conclusions have reached, under the advice of the de-

partment of insurance, is not to demand standard policies and standard provisions, but that certain provisions must be of necessity inserted in every policy. If in addition the company wishes to insert other provisions it must submit its form of policy to the superintendent of insurance for his approval. The attempt to arrange for a standard policy is surrounded by difficulties but by these provisions the objects the commission had in view will be accomplished."

"With regard to fraternal insurance we make the same provisions. Experience shows that the fraternal insurance organization, started always in good faith, very often by men with little knowledge of insurance, do not flourish for a long time. As the years roll by it is discovered that the rates of premium in the form of assessments are not sufficient to pay the losses in full. The experience of some of these has been such that the directors recognize the weakness of their position and have been glad to adopt other conditions. There is now what is known as the National Fraternal Congress table of mortality which is employed by actuaries as a fair basis for that class of business. In the case of business of that character existing we do not disturb it. Companies having policies of that character must carry them but we require that they should keep accounts of such business entirely separate from the new business. The new business must be carried on according to the National Fraternal Congress table of mortality and as to the old business the companies shall be allowed to work it out as best they can. They must not take premiums derived from the new business to pay losses arising from the old."

"Another condition which we propose to insert is in regard to separate business. What is proposed is that without interfering with the right of companies which carry on several lines of business they will have to have a separate form for each line. There is a clause permitting private underwriting. There is little of this in the past, so far as satisfactory."

"With regard to deposits to be made with the receiver general we provide that any company may make its deposits in the form of imperial or dominion securities, or securities bearing the imperial or dominion guarantee. Foreign companies may deposit national securities of the country in which each is incorporated. That would apply, I should say, to any American company and then we will interpret that to mean other national securities of the United States or the securities of any state or territory of the United States. Then other securities may be deposited subject to the approval of the treasury board. Again provision is made to the effect that the deposits of trust funds in Canada may be in any of the securities in which a Canadian company is allowed to invest."

"Probably the investment clause is one of the most important in the bill and the one in which there will be the most interest. The present act authorizes investment in a class of public securities such as imperial, dominion, provincial, etc. As to these there will be no question, they are legitimate forms of investment. We continue the provision respecting that class of securities and we broaden a little by providing, for illustration, that a company that might have the power to invest in dominion or provincial securities shall have also the right to invest in stocks and bonds issued under provincial or dominion guarantee."

"Under section 48 of the existing insurance act provision is made for the investment by insurance companies in a large class of company securities as follows: Stocks of any chartered bank in Canada or the debentures, bonds, stocks or other securities of any building society, loan or investment company, trust company, water works company, water power company, gas company, navigation company, street railway company (by whatever power the railway is operated), bridge construction company, harbor trust company or commission, telegraph, cable or bonds of any steam railway company which has earned and paid regular dividends upon its ordinary, preferred or guaranteed stocks for the two years next preceding the purchase of such bonds or debentures, if such society, commission or company is incorporated in Canada."

"As to investment powers we propose to strike out all that list or class of companies from this present act and take as the test the earning power of the stock. We propose that if a company earns a sufficient dividend that fact is taken as establishing its grade, we provide as respects securities of that character as follows: The bonds must have been outstanding for at least five years and must be secured at least 25 per cent in excess of the bonds and there must have been no default for five years in payment of interest."

"We authorize investments in debentures, providing they have been outstanding for seven years without default."

"Next, we provide for investment in the preferred stock of companies, which have paid dividends of four per cent for at least seven years. Finally, we authorize the investment in common stock, provided such stock has paid dividends of not less than five per cent for a period of ten years. It is to be noted that the total issue of such bonds, debentures or stocks of any company shall be purchased by any one insurance company. That is to say the life insurance company cannot create a subsidiary company."

"While imperial, dominion and provincial securities may be accepted as all right, foreign securities are subject to the approval of the treasury board. The power of the company to lend its money is limited to 60 per cent of the value of the security."

"As to the manner in which the act shall be brought into operation it would be manifestly unfair if we were to require Canadian companies to hastily dispose of any stocks that they may have which are not in the category contained in the new bill. We propose to allow five years and the government may increase the period to six years, in certain cases. We have drafted this bill as the result of the two extremes. Shortly after the bill is passed the government may increase the period to six years, in certain cases. The commission, in its report, have made many valuable suggestions and these we have been glad to accept and include. In a number of other cases we thought their proposed measures were too drastic and have either dropped them or proposed to bear on an exceedingly difficult question. The commission, in its report, have made many valuable suggestions and these we have been glad to accept and include. In a number of other cases we thought their proposed measures were too drastic and have either dropped them or proposed to bear on an exceedingly difficult question."

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WATCH THE STOMACH.

Have you any of these symptoms? If you have either variable appetite, a faint grasping feeling at the pit of the stomach, unsatisfied hunger, a feeling of fullness, rising and scurrying of food, a painful load at the pit of the stomach, choking sensations in the throat, headache, constipation, diarrhoea, are you gloomy and miserable?

Then you are a DYSPYPTIC. The cure is careful diet, slow eating, thoroughly chewing the food; avoid drinking at meals.

Keep regular habits, shun stimulants, tone the digestive powers and regulate the stomach and bowels with BARDOLPH'S BLOOD PURIFIER. It has cured the worst forms of dyspepsia, nervousness, indigestion, constipation, and all the ailments of the stomach and bowels. Mrs. Geo. Parker, Cooper, Ont., writes: "I have used Bardolph's Blood Purifier and find it does few medicines. It gives such great relief in dyspepsia and stomach troubles. I was troubled for a number of years with dyspepsia and could get no relief until I tried B. B. It helped me right away and I think it a wonderful remedy. I would recommend it to all sufferers from dyspepsia."

For sale at all Druggists and Dealers.

WILL OF HON. DR. PARKER

Halifax, N. S., Dec. 18--The will of Hon. Dr. Parker, which has been admitted to probate, bequeaths to the ministers annuity fund of the Baptist convention of the Maritime Provinces \$100,000.

To the Home Mission board of the Baptist convention, \$100,000. To the trustees of Walton, Hants county, \$100,000. To his executors \$200,000 in trust for the benefit of the testator's children--Mary Ann, Mrs. F. L. L. and Mary Ann. The executors are to invest the income for the life of the testator's children and after their death the income is to be paid to the testator's children or their issue, when they receive the capital.

Atlan line steamship Sardinian, now on the passage from this port for London and Havre, has on board 4,000 bushels of wheat, 140,000 bushels of barley, 140,000 bushels of oats, 140,000 bushels of rye, 140,000 bushels of corn, 140,000 bushels of clover, 140,000 bushels of hay, 140,000 bushels of straw, 140,000 bushels of wood, 140,000 bushels of coal, 140,000 bushels of oil, 140,000 bushels of sugar, 140,000 bushels of flour, 140,000 bushels of rice, 140,000 bushels of beans, 140,000 bushels of peas, 140,000 bushels of lentils, 140,000 bushels of mung beans, 140,000 bushels of chick peas, 140,000 bushels of vetch, 140,000 bushels of alfalfa, 140,000 bushels of timothy, 140,000 bushels of clover, 140,000 bushels of hay, 140,000 bushels of straw, 140,000 bushels of wood, 140,000 bushels of coal, 140,000 bushels of oil, 140,000 bushels of sugar, 140,000 bushels of flour, 140,000 bushels of rice, 140,000 bushels of beans, 140,000 bushels of peas, 140,000 bushels of lentils, 140,000 bushels 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