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SEVENTEENTH YEAR — TEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING SEPTEMBER 19 1896—TEN PAGES — ONE CENT

MR. BLAIR AS A DESPOT

Senate Reading Room

Workmen on the Intercolonial Will Have to Suffer.

CAN OFFER NO DEFENCE.

The Minister of Railways Stirred Up a Wasps' Nest Yesterday.

It All Happened When the Intercolonial Estimates Were Under Consideration—Mr. Blair Was Roundly Scored by Sir Charles Tupper, Mr. Foster, Mr. John Ross Robertson and Others—Mr. Richardson Called Down by Mr. Wood of Hamilton—General Gascoigne's Letter to General Cameron.

Ottawa, Sept. 18.—(Special.)—The spectacle of one Liberal calling another member sitting on the same side somewhat sharply to time was one to which the House was treated early this afternoon. Last night Mr. Richardson, member for Lisgar, read a list of accounts which, he alleged, were owing to the Government by various gentlemen throughout the Dominion for binder twine from Kingston Penitentiary. Included in the list was the firm of Wood, Vallance & Company of Hamilton for the sum of $1200, the senior member of the firm being one of the representatives of Hamilton in the Commons.

On the orders of the day being called Mr. Wood rose and expressed his regret that he was not present in the House when the binder twine discussion came up. He desired to say that his firm did not owe the Government one cent for binder twine, and he proceeded to show by the correspondence with the department that this was the case. In conclusion, he thanked the gentlemen on the Opposition side of the House for giving such a high character to his firm as they did last night. (Hear, hear.)

A DISMISSAL.

Mr. Taylor called attention to the dismissal from the Government service of W. Augustus, sailmaker, at Kingston.

Dr. Borden said the dismissal was not for political reasons, but simply that the services of Mr. Augustus were no longer required. Mr. Augustus was employed by the day, and was given notice accordingly.

THE MILITIA ESTIMATES.

The House then went into Committee of Supply, and on the militia estimates Dr. Sproule inquired about the truth of newspaper reports that Lieut.-Col. Hamilton was about to be reinstated in command of the Queen's Own.

The Minister of Militia replied that nothing whatever had been done in the matter of the Queen's Own Regiment. He had not had an opportunity since he took charge of the department of taking up the case. He hoped, however, as soon as Parliament closed, to have an opportunity of considering the case and settling it one way or the other.

In reply to further questions, the Minister said that of the 40,000 new rifles ordered 9000 had been distributed.

Col. Tisdale asked as to the truth of the report that the new Government had cancelled the order-in-Council recommending the purchase of the Oliver patent infantry equipment for $5000.

The Minister answered that the order-in-Council had not been revoked.

Continuing, Col. Tisdale expressed the hope that the department would not go back on the equipment, which was very highly recommended by Lord Wolseley and Sir Redvers Buller, and was cheap at $5000.

Sir Adolphe Caron also spoke in favor of the equipment, explaining its good points. It would have been purchased long ago, but that the sum of $15,000 was asked for it.

Dr. Borden thought if the Government waited a little longer it might get it at a still further reduction. Before going out the Government decided to pay Dr. Oliver $5000 for the right to use the equipment. Since then he had been advised by the Major-General commanding to wait until the result was made known of certain trials now being made in England, and which would be concluded in two or three weeks.

Mr. Casey suggested that as there were men in the lumbering business well up in rigging heavy loads for easy carriage over a rough country, a prize ought to be offered for a native system of equipment.

Sir Charles Tupper explained that it was upon recommendation of the Major-General commanding that the order was passed to purchase this equipment, and Surgeon-General Oliver had been notified accordingly. He therefore considered it a little late in the day for General Gascoigne to change his opinion.

The matter then dropped.

Mr. Foster asked that items of controversy might be allowed to stand, so that all militia matters might be discussed in those, and others go through, as there was urgent need of money for departmental salaries. This was agreed to and good progress was made.

GEN. CAMERON'S DISMISSAL.

The following is a copy of General Gascoigne's letter to Major-General Cameron, asking for his resignation as the commandant of the Royal Military College:

August 14, 1896.

My Dear General,—A painful duty has been laid upon me as President of the Royal Military College. It is to inform you that the Government proposes to make immediate changes in the general administration of the college, and that it is desired to effect a change in the command of the college. It is desired that a vacancy should be created by September 1st, so as to take place before the commencement of the ensuing term. It has been suggested that probably it would be more pleasing to your feelings if the resignation came from myself, and it was also thought that it would be more acceptable to you if the intimation reached you, an Imperial officer, through me; hence the reason of my being chosen to communicate with you. I need not tell you that the duty is not a pleasing one to me, but I feel sure that you will be able to dissociate private friendliness from public duty, which I have been directed to carry out.

I shall be glad to receive a reply from you as soon as it is convenient, and I trust that you will believe that as I write privately (though by order) your resignation, if sent in, will have all the benefit of coming voluntarily from yourself.

Believe me, yours very sincerely,
(Signed) W. J. Gascoigne.

To Major-General Cameron, C.M.G., etc., etc.

INTERCOLONIAL ESTIMATES.

On the Intercolonial estimates Mr. Blair explained, in answer to Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, the course intended to pursue regarding the [illegible]al of officials. He said he proposed to draw a distinction between permanent officials on the road and those who were employed as laborers. If any responsible gentleman on the Liberal side of the House who had been a candidate in the Liberal interest at the last election, and whose advice the Government would consider it safe to act upon, represented to him that of his own knowledge persons employed by the Government had taken an active part in the last elections, he (Mr. Blair) would accept the statement thus made and permit officials of the road to allow such men to go. It would be impossible, with hundreds of employes on the road, to adopt any regular system of investigation. He would, therefore, accept the assurances of gentlemen supporting the Government who were conversant with the facts.

A MONSTROUS DOCTRINE.

Sir C. H. Tupper said he had never heard a more monstrous doctrine than that just enumerated by the Minister of Railways. (Loud Opposition cheers.) He protested in the most serious manner against it. The doctrine was most pernicious and wholly indefensible. He called upon Mr. Laurier to promptly repudiate Mr. Blair's statement.

Mr. Quinn said it seemed from the Minister's declaration that we were living in Russia. As the representative of a large working class constituency, he protested against the unfair treatment it was proposed to mete out to the workingmen. (Cheers.)

The debate was continued by Messrs. McMullen and Lister, who, realizing that Mr. Blair had "put his foot in it," felt it necessary to draw the Opposition off the scent.

Mr. Powell made a strong speech, denunciatory of the Minister's doctrine.

Dr. Montague alluded to the treatment which Tory officials in the Maritime Provinces got by being actually disfranchised.

Mr. Fielding justified the provincial law and said federal officers had often asked him to extend its scope.

MR. BELL WAS HOT.

Mr. Bell gave a flat denial to Mr. Fielding. If he were privileged he would characterize the statement in a more emphatic manner. A more dastardly and contemptible statement he had never heard.

The debate was continued after recess by Messrs. Bell (Pictou) and McLennan.

A POINTER FOR PETER.

Mr. J. Ross Robertson referred to the political activity of Registrar Peter Ryan and Librarian Preston. If a Conservative Government secured power in Ontario doubtless these gentlemen would have to go, and he did not see how they could complain. Doubtless Liberal members had a right to complain of the activity in the last elections of civil servants. If he were a revengeful man he, too, might complain, because during the last election the Custom House, Inland Revenue Office and Postoffice were all committee rooms for his opponent. Notwithstanding grievances which might exist, he would urge the Government to establish the principle that no civil servant should be an active partisan, and to establish it by not punishing those who had sinned in the past. This reform in the civil service could not be carried out by the dismissal of one set of offensive partisans of one political color and appointing to their places another set of offensive partisans of a different political color. In his 40 years' experience as a close observer of Canadian politics he did not remember ever having heard a more unique, surprising and unprecedented statement that that which fell from Mr. Blair to-day—(Opposition cheers)—and when he looked at his kindly and benevolent face he could hardly credit that his views were those which he had given utterance to. He only hoped when Mr. Blair had slept over the matter he would act as the First Minister did in connection with the Chicago Record interview. (Hear, hear.) He hoped that he would materially modify his views. (Opposition cheers.) The Minister's view would excite great surprise throughout the country.

Mr. Mills said the doctrine laid down by Mr. Blair was the outcome of Mr. Laurier bringing in Provincial Premiers, men who had been wallowing round in their own little mud holes for years, but were not equal to their present positions. (Laughter and applause.)

MR. BLAIR REPLIES.

Mr. Blair said he must have been unfortunate in his expressions, if the strictures which had fallen from the Opposition were warranted by the statement he had made. He denied that he proposed to discriminate against the workingmen, the laborers in the employ of the Government. He was prepared to see that they got the fullest measure of justice. No one could charge him with having acted unfairly towards the laboring classes, but he adhered to the principle he had laid down with regard to those who did not belong to the civil service, that when they had departed from a position of neutrality he would accept the word of the Liberal member or the Liberal candidate and deal with such in a spirit of fair play and justice.

MR. FOSTER'S DENUNCIATION.

Mr. Foster severely arraigned Mr. Blair for his statement. The hon. gentleman had asserted his determination to do justice to every class in the community, but had finally admitted that for workingmen there would be no hearing. The mere ipse dixit of the Liberal member or Liberal candidate would be effectual against them. Justice would be done to the higher grade officials, but not to the laborers. The doctrine the Minister had laid down would disorganize the discipline and service of the I.C.R., and he was satisfied would meet with the righteous indignation of the sober-minded people of the country. (Applause.)

SIR RICHARD IS WITH BLAIR.

Sir Richard Cartwright defended the views of Mr. Blair. He charged that the Conservatives in 1878 had done precisely the same thing as was suggested by Mr. Blair to-day.

Sir Charles Tupper said he could not charge his mind with a single dismissal on the I.C.R. having been made by Conservatives for political reasons. A more oppressive and pernicious doctrine was never promulgated by a public man on the floor of Parliament than that which they had heard To-day, and when the news went throughout the country to-morrow he was satisfied the general feeling would be that this despotic act was entirely contrary to the common principles of justice. (Loud Opposition cheers.)

The discussion was continued by Messrs. McNeill and Craig. The latter's observations led to a further statement from Mr. Blair. The Minister said that if a person was removed from the employment of the I.C.R., on making representations that he was

Continued on Page 4.

MUCH ABUSED MARINERS.

Sailors Kicked and Beaten by Officers of the Boat.

AND A SAVAGE WOLFHOUND

Was Trained to Jump Upon and Bite Them at the Officers' Bidding.

The Men Exhibit Sores From the Blows and Bites—Their Case Laid Before the British Consul at Boston—It Was the British Ship Warrior, Hailing From Nova Scotia and Commanded by a Canadian, on Which This All Happened.

Boston, Sept. 18.—The crew of the British ship Warrior, which arrived here last night, appeared at the office of the English Consul here and made charges against the officers of the vessel. All are agreed that they have suffered kicks and blows from the mate, second mate and steward. They tell of a savage wolfhound trained to jump on them at the command of the officers and bite them. They exhibit sores from blows and bites. They were glad to reach port and are reluctant to go back to their vessel, fearing more violence now that they have brought their grievances to the attention of the Consul.

A NOVA SCOTIA BOAT.

The Warrior is a full-rigged ship of 1600 tons burden and hails from Pictou, N.S. Her captain, A. J. Kitchen, has sailed her twelve years. The crew charge that he has aided and abetted the alleged cruelty of Mate Buchanan, Second Mate William Howard and Steward James McDonald. The ship left Rio de Janeiro Dec. 5 and went to Cebu, in the Philippine Islands, for a cargo. When the vessel had been a few days out of Rio de Janeiro it is alleged that one of the crew, Martin Viversen, was attacked with a sheath knife by the steward, who also set the dog on him and kicked him in the ear. Viversen now claims to be deaf on acount of that treatment and exhibits numerous scars. The crew assert that the boatswain, who died from a fever, as the captain supposed, was buried alive. Just before he was sewn up in the canvas he was seen to move his head and roll his eyes. The captain, it is stated, did not see the man and, under the direction of the other officers, the body was cast into the water, in spite of the protests of the crew.

CHASED WITH A KNIFE.

At Cebu another member of the crew, Harry Nelson, says that he was attacked by the second officer and chased with a knife. Nelson jumped overboard, and the second officer threw the knife after him. He swam to the mainland and laid his case before the British Consul the next day. The Consul could do nothing for him, and Nelson was obliged to return to the ship.

The crew have some money due them, but the captain says he will not pay them off until the present cruise has been settled. The men want to be paid off at once. The crew did not mutiny on the voyage, and claim they bore their alleged hard treatment patiently, hoping for redress as soon as they reached Boston. They say the dog was as good as three men in keeping them in terror.

WHAT THE CAPTAIN SAYS.

Captain Kitchen came into the British Consul's office this morning while the crew were gathered there. "I do not know anything about these stories," he said. "The crew gave no signs of discontent during the voyage. Of course, I did not go to the forecastle and hear the yarns they were telling there."

The captain would make no statement further than this.

When you Ask for Adams' Tutti Frutti see that you get it. Some dealers try to palm off imitations on which they make more profit.

HAPPENINGS OF A DAY.

Items of Passing Interest Gathered in and Around this Busy City.

Fred Fee, no home, was arrested last night on a charge of theft.

T. C. Greenwood of The News staff left last night on a six weeks' visit to England.

The Police Commissioners yesterday gave a merit mark to the four constables who carried Li Hung Chang in his sedan chair.

H. P. Gould's warehouse, 33 Church-street, was again visited by fire early yesterday morning. The damage was about $4000.

Yesterday Constables Dent, Hamilton, Young and Patterson, who carried Li Hung Chang in his sedan chair, were presented with silver medals.

Miss Pauline Johnson and Mr. Owen A. Smily leave to-day for Chicago and the West. Their first tour will be to the Pacific coast and San Francisco.

Corrigan & Co., merchant tailors, 113 Yonge-street, are not in any way connected with the firm Corrigan & Co. of Cornwall, who are in business difficulties.

The first fall run of the Victoria Bicycle Club will take place on Saturday, starting from the clubhouse at 2.30. All members are requested to attend this opening run.

Hugh Gallagher, 204 King-street east, is not the boy who was up charged with stealing rings and guns. It was another boy, who gave this boy's name and address.

John T. Carey, 185 Centre-avenue, was assaulted last night about 11.30 at Queen and Yonge-streets. P.C. Curry arrested three men and they were taken to No. 2 Station, and afterwards released, as Carey refused to identify or prosecute them.

Mr. George Smalley of Blackburn, one of the leading manufacturing towns of Lancashire, England, is in the city. Mr. Smalley has a controlling interest in the street car system of his town and has been making enquiries into the management of the Toronto Street Railway Company.

This week the following inventors have obtained patents through C. H. Riches, in the Canada Life building: J. H. Stephens, earth-digging machine; John Berry, foot-propelled sleigh; A. F. Temple, portable bicycle rack; Joseph Macklin, automatic vending machine; Galt, Rankin & Wright, adjustable handle-bars for bicycles—Canada, United States, British and French patents.

McClure's Magazine for October will contain a biographical and personal study of Ian Maclaren, the author of "Beside the Bonnie Briar Bush," by the Rev. D. M. Ross. Mr. Ross was associated with Ian Maclaren in a circle of students who lived in special intimacy at Edinburgh University, and has lived in intimate relations with him ever since. The paper will be illustrated with portraits of Ian Maclaren, views of his various homes and scenes in and around "Drumtochty."

Never-Leak Tire Fluid makes any Tire Puncture Proof, absolutely sure. The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-street West, Toronto.

Mr. T. G. Bowers, M.A., of Bournemouth, England, who has been visiting in this city and at Muskoka for the past five weeks, left yesterday for Nassau, Florida.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitors and experts, Bank Commerce Building, Toronto.

MICHAEL'S GREAT RIDE.

The Little Welshman Breaks Records at Manhattan Beach and Bowls Over Starbuck and Weinig.

New York, Sept. 18.—The bicycle race meeting, which was held at the Manhattan Beach track this afternoon, mainly for the purpose of deciding the trial heats of the race meet of the Quill Club Wheelmen of America to-morrow, furnished an unexpected treat to the 1500 spectators. The star of the afternoon was Jimmy Michael, the Welsh wonder, who in the hour competition race succeeded in making almost an entirely new set of figures for this country in an hour race, and broke all American competition records from nine to 27 miles, inclusive. He raised the American hour record of 27 miles 185 yards, made by Titus at Springfield last year, to 27 miles 1180 yards.

The little Welshman is a veritable wonder, being only 19 years old and weighing but 98 pounds. He seemed like a pigmy as he stood by the side of his two rivals, Starbuck of Philadelphia and Weinig of Buffalo, at the start. Each of the riders had his own pacemakers. Sextettes, quintettes, quads, triplets and tandems performed the pacemaking, which was very poorly done, except in the case of the Jollau brothers, the French trio, who were accustomed to the work.

At the crack of the pistol Weinig went to the front, Michael taking second place and Starbuck bringing up the rear. The first mile was reeled off in 2.06 3-5, in the order named, which was kept up until after passing the second mile in 4.10. Then Michael rushed to the front, paced by the Jollau triplet. The little Brittisher hung closely behind his pacemakers, and quickly had a quarter lap lead on Weinig, who was nearly half a lap in front of Starbuck. The latter was very badly paced. Michael passed the three miles in 6.12 1-5. Before the four miles was made in 8.22 he had nearly half a lap to the good on Weinig, and had Starbuck overlapped. The Welshman continued to reel off the miles in great fashion, riding at an easy gait and sitting up much straighter than the home cracks. Five mile was finished in 10.20 4-5, and six miles in 12.33. The seventh mile was timed at 14.34 2-5, and the eighth at 16.35 3-5. Then Michael came up to Weinig and had a lap and three-quarters on Starbuck. The Englishman covered nine miles in 18.44 1-5, creating a new American competition record, as were all his times from that on. He lowered Titus' special 10-mile record, made on this track last year, by 9 2-5 sec., covering the distance in 20.49 2-5. There was very little difference in the position of the riders until the 13th mile was made, when Starbuck commenced to make up some ground.

Michael's time for 11 miles was 22.58 3-5; 12 miles, 25.11; 13 miles, 27.23; 14 miles, 29.29 1-5. After 15 miles were done by Michael in 31.34 3-5, Starbuck caught and passed Weinig, on whom Michael had gained two laps when he finished 16 miles in 33.41 1-5. Starbuck got somewhat better pacing from this stage. He commenced to overhaul Michael slowly, and lapped Weinig at 19 miles.

The Buffalo man quit at 20 miles. Starbuck then commenced riding like a demon, and the crowd cheered his plucky endeavor. The little Welshman did not seem to increase his pace materially, although he appeared to be very fresh. The Philadelphian let out an extra link, and at the end of the 21st mile was nearly level, but still a lap behind. On the second lap of the 22nd mile Starbuck caught the Welshman, and, amidst a tremendous burst of applause, passed him and set out to lower the lead of a lap. Michael began to exert himself, however, and for the next two miles he hung on to his sextet, which kept in turn just behind Starbuck and his quad. After passing the 25th mile a tandem took up Starbuck at a clipping pace, and he quickly cut down Michael's lead to three-quarters of a lap.

There was great excitement on the 26th mile, as Starbuck was gaining on the Brittisher materially. The latter's sextet wanted to raise the pace, but the little fellow demurred. Starbuck was only a little more than half a lap behind on the last lap. Entering the first lap of the last mile Starbuck was fast cutting down the Englishman, and on the next lap he gained about 150 yards. It was a grand race for the last lap, probably the most exciting ever seen in this country. Foot by foot Starbuck drew up along the back stretch, and at the far turn he was not more than 150 yards behind and coming very fast. Michael did not attempt to leave his sextet, and turned into the straight about 100 yards in front of the American. The latter made a splendid effort up the straight, while the people on the stands cheered him to the echo. Starbuck made his machine fairly jump towards the goal, and was rapidly coming up to the European crack. The distance was the finish was too short, however, and Michael crossed the line winner by 35 yards. As it was, the winner's wonderful performance, considering his age and size, was almost the subject of in the general admiration for the splendid pluck of the Philadelphian. The times, while not world's records, were very good, as a strong wind was blowing in the teeth of endurance. Michael's times from 17 to 27 miles were as follows: 17, 35.48 1-5; 18, 37.58 3-5; 19, 40.05 3-5; 20, 42.17; 21, 44.20; 22, 46.44; 23, 48 57 2-5; 24, 51.06 3-5; 25, 53.14; 26, 55 33 2-5; 27, 57.50 3-5. The world's hour record is 31 miles 5 yards.

The other races were all productive of good sport. The final heats will be run off to-morrow, when Michael will try for the world's record at 10 miles.

HONORS FOR MR. HOPKINS.

The Young Canadian Author Receives Kind Words From the Marquis of Lorne.

Mr. J. Castell Hopkins, the clever young Canadian author, has just received a letter from the Marquis of Lorne, who was in receipt of one of Mr. Hopkins' biographical works. The ex-Governor-General of Canada says:

Dear Mr. Castell Hopkins,—* * * The matter is true and well stated. It is important in these times that honest truth instead of interested fiction be placed in the hands of those who desire to learn history.

The lives of those who, in every nation, have been allowed by the people to reign or govern, must always have an interest. As in all times power has been placed by peoples in persons who shall represent them, it is interesting to see in what forms that representation has been allowed to become continuous. Your account of the continuity of representation in Great Britain is of value, because it shows why continuity is valued in the Old Country. It has saved me from many uncertainties, and uncertainties in politics are the worst enemies of successful trade and commerce. I remain yours faithfully,
Lorne.

Mr. Hopkins has also received from the Marquis of Dufferin and Ava a preface to his latest work, "The Life and Reign of Queen Victoria." The writing is characteristically eloquent, and contains matters of unusual interest to Canadians with whom Lord Dufferin came into contact while Governor-General of Canada.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is restful.

If you want a cool, sweet and lasting smoke try a 10 cent package of Tonka Smoking Mixture.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., day, 75c.

Taxes, 1896.
Pay your local improvement rates on or before the 23rd inst., and save additional charges. ed

Try Watson's Cough Drops.

Gentlemen of refined taste chew the famous Beaver Plug exclusively.

Gems in Art
Are found in our platinum-finished photographs. The Bryce Studio, 107 King-street west; Telephone No. 1724 for sittings. ed

Never-Leak Tire Fluid makes any Tire Puncture Proof, absolutely sure. The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-street West, Toronto.

Join the procession if you value your eyesight. I am fitting eyes daily with glasses opticians have failed in. Prof. Chamberlain, eye specialist, 87 King-st. east, Toronto.

Lord Russell at Washington.
Washington, D. C., Sept. 18.—Lord Chief Justice Russell, accompanied by his wife and daughter, to-day visited points of interest in this city. United States Attorney-General Harmon, Justice Harlan of the United States Supreme Court and General A. W. Greeley, Chief of the Signal Service, escorted the visitors. The party started early, visiting the White House shortly after 9 o'clock.

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W., evening 50c.

Rare Business Opportunity.
The old established manufactory and planing mill on the southwest corner of Queen and George-streets, with machinery and plant, in complete running order, is offered for sale or lease on very easy terms. J. L. Troy, 5 King-street west. 6

If your shirt sags under the collar and bulges in the front, try a sample of Treble's perfect-fitting French yoke and you will wear no other. 53 King-street west.

Why suffer when Gibbons' Toothache Gum will afford instant relief? Price 10c

We have made sweeping reductions in a lot of fine mounted umbrellas. See our offering at $2, were much more. Treble's, 53 King-street west.

THOSE HIRED MEN.

THE "COUNTRY": By jinger, y' know it's a blame fraud! Thar they are a settin' round just t' put in thar month an' git thar $1C00, an' any amount of fencin' and fall ploughin' t' be done.

IN A LION'S GRIP.

The Beast Was Surly and the Keeper Was Badly Torn and Bitten—This Was Done at the Montreal Exhibition.

Montreal, Sept. 18—During the performance of Hagenbach's trained wild animals at the Montreal Exposition this afternoon there was a very exciting scene, which was not on the regular program. One of the most interesting feats is when one of the trainers, Alexis Canoz, enters the lion's den and has a wrestling match with the lion. So far the feat has been performed successfully, but this afternoon the lion was in an ugly mood and no sooner had it put its paws clear over Canoz's neck than it sunk its claws into the back of the man's neck and gave him a hug that made him black and blue in the face. The lion then sunk his teeth into Canoz's neck. By this time the other attendants were aroused and they belabored the lion with an iron bar until he let go his hold. Canoz, who was almost fainting, made his escape from the cage. He was removed to the general hospital, where his wound was cauterized and dressed. No serious consequences are expected unless blood poisoning sets in. This is the second incident of a similar nature that has happened during the Exposition, Miss Pauline De Vere, a woman trainer, having been severely bitten in the arm by a young lion.

PAID DEARLY FOR HIS RAGE.

Angry Farmer Trampled by His Runaway Horses and One Is Fatally Hurt.

Westwood, N.J., Sept. 18.—David Van Wagner, 55 years old, a farmer, living at Old Hook, about one mile from here, was seriously hurt this afternoon in a peculiar runaway accident, and one of his horses so severely injured that it had to be killed to relieve its suffering.

Van Wagner was plowing in a field some distance away from the house, and the horses doing something to displease him he began to yank on the lines. The animals became frantic and turned around, with their heads towards the plow. Van Wagner began to yell at the horses, which frightened them the more, and they ran away. The farmer was knocked down by the horses, one of them stepping on his arm, badly crushing it, and the plow struck him on the head, making an ugly wound.

The horses ran to the barn, where they came in contact with a mowing machine, and one of them ran against the knife bar. One of the knives pierced the animal's breast, cutting a deep gash. The horse was bleeding to death and had to be shot.

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IT WOULD MEAN WAR.

If Britain Undertook to Settle the Turkish Question Alone Russia Would at Once Move Against Her.

London, Sept. 18.—A few days ago Mr. Gladstone wrote a letter to the organizers of the Liverpool anti-Sultan demonstration, declaring that he would not attend if the resolutions to be submitted should include a summons to the Government to declare war against Turkey. In reply the organizers said they would be satisfied if Mr. Gladstone would attend the meeting.

Ex-Prime Minister Rosebery, writing to one of his supporters in Yorkshire, says: "We are face to face with Russia's declaration of August, 1895, that she would oppose separate action on the Turkish question by any power. Russia's attitude has not been modified. Going forward alone would therefore, involve a European war."

The Russian ambassador paid a long visit to the Foreign Office this evening.

A DESPERATE FIGHT.

Athens, Sept. 18.—A despatch from Constantinople states that a number of Softas (theological students) and members of the Young Turkey party had a desperate fight in Galata on Wednesday. Fifteen of the combatants were killed. The despatch adds that many of the archives of the British Embassy have been placed for safety on the British guardship in the Bosphorus.

"BOB" STOPPED A RUNAWAY.

A Mounted Policeman's Horse Shows a Wonderful Amount of Sagacity.

New York, Sept. 18.—"Bob," the horse ridden by Policeman Milburn of the Seventh Precinct, Jersey City, is an adept at stopping runaways. Yesterday afternoon while he was jogging along West Side-avenue, a horse attached to a grocery wagon owned by F. Brokhurst, of No. 296 Newark avenue, came tearing along. Without a word from his rider "Bob" started in pursuit. The runaway had a good start, and was covering ground rapidly, but "Bob" galloped swiftly along and as the crossing of the Pennsylvania Railroad came in sight showed what a good horse he was. A fast train was approaching, and if the runaway got across the tracks a serious accident was bound to occur. So "Bob," whose equine brain appeared to have reasoned it all out, put on an extra spurt of speed, and, just as the runaway reached the crossing, dashed alongside. Throwing himself heavily against the runaway, "Bob" forced the frantic animal to one side, and Telegraph Superintendent Foley of the Police Department, who had been watching the novel pursuit, seized the bridle and brought the runaway to a standstill just as the train whizzed past.

The wagon was wrecked, but the driver escaped injury.

"Bob," as Milburn rode him back to the station house to report, held his head as high as a blue ribbon winner at the horse show.

Never-Leak Tire Fluid makes any Tire Puncture Proof, absolutely sure. The Harold A Wilson Co., 35 King-st. west, Toronto.

Attempted Suicide.
An inmate of the House of Providence, James Murray, attempted suicide yesterday morning. He cut his throat with a razor, but the bleeding was soon stopped, when he was taken to St. Michael's Hospital. Murray has just recovered from a big drunk.

"Salada" Ceylon Tea is Cheap.

Lakeview Hotel, corner Parliament and Winchester streets; steam heated, bathroom on each floor; rates $1 and $1.50 per day; special arrangements for weekly board. John H. Ayre, proprietor. 135

Play Pillow-dex, the most exciting and laughable new game ever invented. In two sizes at 25c and 50c each. The Harold A. Wilson Co., 35 King-st. W.

Special value leather-bound cash and memo books, size 4 x 6 1-2, 110 pages, 15c each. Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-street.

Try Watson's Cough Drops.

A DAY FOR MEN.

The Fall Hat Opening at Dineens is a Big Success.

A large number of gentlemen visited the fall hat opening at Dineens' yesterday, and they were pleased is evidenced by the large number of sales the firm made. To-day is a day for the men. The store will be kept open until 10.30, and Dineens' expect that thousands will look in during the day to inspect the grand assortment of new goods. The stock embraces everything in men's hats at prices to suit all classes of people, and in all qualities. The finest hats in felt sell at about $3, but the prices range all the way down to one dollar. Fine silk hats are marked at $3.50, $4, $4.50 and $5. Dunlap's Derbys sell at $5, and their famous silks at $8 Christy's imported English felt hats are at $2.50 and $3, and silks at $5 and $6. Stetson's famous soft hats at $4 and $5. Fedoras in all new shapes and colors qualities guaranteed, at $2, $2.50 and $3. Boys' hats at 50c, 75c and $1. The stock of children's hats comprises every novelty for the little folks, and there are all of the latest New York styles in ladies' bicycle and tourist hats.

Dineens' is a complete hat store and the firm cordially invite everyone to call at their big establishment, corner King and Yonge-streets, to-day.

Keeps the system right in hot weather—Adams' Tutti Frutti. See that the trade mark name, Tutti Frutti, is on each five cent package. Refuse imitations.

Special Coal Sale.
Those who are particular about getting good coal will have an opportunity this season. John Kent & Co., office 78 Yonge-street, is comparatively a new firm, this being their third season. Pleased with the result so far, they are making a special effort to get into the confidence of the general public, and have therefore secured a large quantity of first-class coal to sell with close attention to each order. 246

Cook's Turkish Baths, 204 King W. Ladies 75c.

French Clarets.
We have a large assortment of French clarets, from the grand aristocratic wine of the Chateau to the Vin Ordinaire. We do not confine our orders to any one house, but make selections from the best shippers from the Bordeaux district. Mara's, 73 and 81 Yonge-street. 'Phone 1708.

Pember's Turkish baths open all night, excellent sleeping accommodation. 127-129 Yonge.

Grand & Toy's Snaps.
We are selling a first-class 1000pp. letter book for $1.25, usual price $2. Grand & Toy, Stationers and Printers, Wellington and Jordan-streets.

Funeral furnishings Cormally & Somerville, 712 Queen St. West. Tel. 5355.

Monuments.
See our designs and prices before purchasing elsewhere. We are manufacturers. D. McIntosh & Sons, office and showroom, 524 Yonge-street, opposite Maitland-street. Works, Yonge-street, Deer Park. 146

BIRTHS.

ELLIS—On Sunday, Sept. 13, at 18 Bloor-street west, the wife of M. C. Ellis of a son

MARRIAGES.

THURSTON—BRAYTON—On Wednesday, 16th inst., at St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Bloor-street east, by Rev. T. C. Des Ibarres, William D. Thurston to Emily, youngest daughter of Stephen Brayton, both of Toronto.

MOORE—MURRAY—On Thursday, 17th September, at the residence of the bride's mother, St. Catharines, Ont., Mary E. Murray, daughter of the late James Murray, to John G. Moore.

GAVE THEM A WIGGING

Talkative Back-Bench Liberals Called Down.

RETARDED THE BUSINESS

By Hammering Away at Sir Charles Tupper and His Followers.

Western Representatives Present Their Views on the Grain Standards—The Minister of Militia Off to Toronto and Niagara—The Government Want to Shelve Joe Martin on the Bench in British Columbia—Gratifying Increase in Trade—General News From the Capital.

Ottawa, Sept. 18.—(Special.)—Several back benchmen on the Government side came in for a severe wigging at the party caucus this morning. It was pointed out that there is altogether too much talking on the part of supporters of the Government on the back seats. They seem to forget that they are not in Opposition, and keep hammering away against Sir Charles Tupper and his followers as if they were in power and responsible for carrying on the affairs of the country, and not Mr. Laurier. So much is this the case that the progress of the estimates is being retarded by the Liberals themselves.

The question of the duration of the session was discussed. General satisfaction was expressed that thirty days will be exceeded. One of the most important topics brought up was the question of dismissals in the civil service. The advisability of retrenchment and reform made this absolutely necessary. Then there was the matter of such officials as have taken an offensive and active part in politics, and what course should be pursued respecting them. It was held that some definite line of action should be taken. Mr. Laurier outlined his policy in several leading issues at the caucus, and it is reported that the party assured him of their enthusiastic support.

GRAIN STANDARDS.

The Controller of Inland Revenue has been waited upon during the past two or three days by representatives from Manitoba and British Columbia with reference to the grain standards. The Government is disposed to carry out the wishes of the Farmers' Convention of Manitoba and to increase the standard of No. 1 hard to 75 per cent. of hard red fife, with a minimum weight of 61 lbs. to the bushel, instead of two-thirds hard red fife and a weight of 60 lbs. to the bushel, as the standard now stands. In the case of No. 2 hard the proposal is to make the minimum weight 60 lbs. to the bushel, instead of 58 lbs., the quantity of red fife, namely, two-thirds, remaining the same. Opposition has developed amongst Boards of Trade to this proposal, and before the Government does anything, Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg boards will be given an opportunity of airing their views.

DR. BORDEN FOR TORONTO.

Dr. Borden, Minister of Militia, left for Toronto and Niagara camp tonight. He will return to the city on Monday. While in Toronto he will receive a local deputation, which is anxious to consult him about the case of Col. Hamilton of the Q. O. R., but the Minister says he cannot take up the case until after the session.

MR. RUDDICK'S MOVEMENTS.

Mr. J. E. Ruddick of the Dairy Commissioner's staff has just returned to the city after the season's work in Manitoba and British Columbia. Mr. Ruddick enters the service of the Ontario Government shortly as principal of the dairy school at Kingston.

ST. JOHN DELEGATION.

The St. John delegation, which is here to urge the claims of that port for a winter service, had an interview with Mr. Blair to-day, and will see

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THE NILE EXPEDITION.

British Forces Have Passed the Third Cataract—Troops in Good Shape and Anxious to Fight.

Cairo, Sept. 18.—The Anglo-Egyptian expedition to the Soudan passed the Hannek, or third cataract of the Nile, to-day. The men all are eager for an encounter with the Dervishes. The expedition bivouacked at Abu Fatmeh, from which place Dervishes were visible on both sides of the river. It is expected that a battle will be fought to-morrow at Ferman, where the Dervishes are gathered in force. Abu Fatmeh, where the troops now are, is about forty miles north of Dongola.

GERMAN SUGAR AWAY DOWN.

And the Manufacturers Want the Government to Abrogate the Bounties

London, Sept. 18.—The Times will to-morrow publish a despatch from Berlin, saying that the recent law increasing the bounty on sugar for export has led to compulsory overproduction and a lowering of prices in Germany. For instance, a hudred kilograms of sugar sold in March at 24 1-2 marks, the same quantity now brings only 17 3-5 marks. A meeting of manuf