L 3 1913

nited

nd Gloves
shmere Half Hose, d weight; soft, fine d toe; 9½ to 11. Fri- .... .12½
Plain Black Cashmere nd; soft spun yarn; double heel and toe; value, Friday, per .... .25
Leather Gloves, un- p, pique, sewn seam, 7 to 8½ only. $1.00 .... .79
Floor)

es Travellers' Slightly Soiled
EACH.
vanus Stall's "Self and Published $1.00 each. ayer Books, Methodist . Baptist and Church o, cloth bindings. Regu- 50 and $3.00 value. Main Floor.)
EACH.
Rewards, bound in cloth.
lethodist and Baptist larly 50c, 75c, $1.00. es. While they last .25 Main Floor.)

Special After- noon Tea
IN THE LUNCH ROOM.
From 3.00 to 5.30. Apple Pie with Ice Cream and a Pot of Tea, .15
(Sixth Floor)

d Staples
heavy quality, in plain d-wearing sheets; full 2 25c yard. Friday bar- .... .22
ask, heavy quality, for 54 inches wide. Friday .... .28
omforters, pretty color- large size, 72 x 78. Fri- 1.98
Damask Table Cloths, rds; splendid cloths for designs. Regularly $1.50 .... 1.29
er Towelling, 16½ inches yard 7
annel, finely woven, with de. Friday bargain, per .... .11
Floor)

Set $11.95
g 12 pearl handle Des- l handle Dessert Forks, ne quality pearl handles, ed oak case, with lock 4.00 and $15.00. Friday 11.95
RKS AND SPOONS. zen left Silver-plated s, Louis XV. pattern, gularly $6.00 dozen. Fri- .... .25
Floor)

Papers
rs, well colored, for bed- Per roll, 5c, 6c and 8c. Dining-room Papers, in c. Per roll, 10c, 12½c
nd Living-room Papers, roll, 20c and 25c. Parlor, Hall and Dining- or schemes. Regularly ly 50c, Friday 33c.
Floor)

China
nglish Bone China Tea s, etc., with pink, blue white and gold decor- with brilliant glaze. .... .10 .... .8 .... .8 .... .10 , each 6
ent)

rays 45c
serviceable size, japan- and decoration; extra .... .45
Bread Slicing Knives, and hardwood handle. .... .50
s, or Boning Knife, of hardwood handle: .... .15 .... .25 .... .30
t size, Sheffield steel, gularly 15c. Friday 10c and 15c. .10
G SCISSORS. s, keen cutting: .... .30 .... .35 .... .40 .... .45 .... .50 .... .55 .... .60
stork pattern, A1 qual- value. Friday.. .25
Dept.)—Basement.

Adelaide Street
CORNER PORTLAND,
$5000 CASH. Easy terms. Splendid factory or warehouse site. Light on three sides. Lot 35 by 80 to a lane. Revenue $900. Factories crowding into this particular section.
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The Toronto World

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$300 per foot. QUEEN AND CLOSE AVE., Parkdale, corner lot, 98½ x 138. Very suitable for apartment house site. Light on three sides. Lane at rear. See us for particulars. Exclusive Agents.
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Realty Brokers, Tanner-Gates Building, 26-28 Adelaide West. Main 5893.

PROBS: Strong winds; unsettled, with showers and local thunderstorms.

FOURTEEN PAGES—FRIDAY MORNING APRIL 4 1913—FOURTEEN PAGES

VOL. XXXIII—No. 11,933

MRS. PANKHURST ON HUNGER STRIKE

Four Days' Fast Was Started as Soon as She Was Taken to Prison, and Suffragette Leader Expects to Be Released in Time for Big Meeting.

Special Cable to The World.

LONDON, April 3.—(Copyright.)—Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, found guilty today in Old Bailey and sentenced to three years' penal servitude for "inciting persons to commit damage," plans to conduct a four-day hunger strike. She believes this will reduce her to such a point that she must be released. She confidently promised her supporters to be present at the great suffragette meeting in Albert Hall on April 11, which would give her three days in which to recover after her anticipated release.

This indicates that prison doctors are being deceived as to the seriousness of the effects of hunger striking.

Mrs. Pankhurst, being sentenced to penal servitude, can be released on a license under the ordinary law whenever such step is deemed advisable, and can be rearrested at the discretion of the authorities. This process can be repeated indefinitely until her full sentence is served. Home Secretary McKenna's new bill aims at extending these powers to cases of prisoners serving shorter terms.

Defied the Court.

The jury when it returned its verdict of guilty added a strong recommendation for mercy, and when the judge pronounced the sentence of three years the women in the room rose in angry protests, which soon grew into uproar and defiance of the court and its officers.

Mrs. Pankhurst almost broke down when the jury pronounced its verdict. Leaning over the front of the prisoners' enclosure and addressing the judge before he passed sentence, she said:

"If it is impossible to find a different verdict, I want to say to you and to the jury that it is your duty as private citizens to do what you can to put an end to this state of affairs."

She then repeated her determination to end her sentence as soon as possible, saying: "I do not want to commit suicide. Life is very dear to all of us. I want to se the women of this country enfranchised. I want to live until that has been done. I will take the desperate remedy other women have taken, and I will keep it up as long as I have an ounce of strength left in me.

The Only Way.

"I deliberately broke the law, not hysterically and not emotionally, but for a set and serious purpose, because I honestly believe it is the only way. This movement will go on, whether I live or die. These women will go on until women have obtained the common rights of citizenship, as they shall have over the civilized world before this movement is over."

Immediately after the sentence of three years fell from the judge's lips, the women in the court room broke out in a chorus of "Shame" and "Outrage." With Mrs. Pankhurst's defiance to the judge of "I'll fight, fight, fight," still ringing in their ears the woman's suffrage sympathizers went wild. Standing on the seats they shrieked and shouted maledictions at the court. For two or three minutes they held full sway in the court room, which resounded with such cries as "Keep the flag flying" and "We will rise."

Police Were Powerless.

The efforts of the police to lull the tumult were ineffectual.

Outside the door of the court room the militant women tramped jauntily thru the halls, singing at the top of their voices their "Marseillaise."

FOR THE CHILDREN

Commencing on Monday morning, The Toronto World will publish every day a short story for children, written by Mrs. F. A. Walker. These stories have been pronounced the very best that could be secured for children, and parents also will take pleasure in reading them.

MILITANTS ARE THREATENING REPRISALS

Roused to Fury by Mrs. Pankhurst's Sentence, One Leader Says Even Human Life Will Not Be Respected — Many Enthusiastic Meetings Being Held.

LONDON, April 3.—(Can. Press.)—The sentence of three years penal servitude imposed on Mrs. Emmeline Pankhurst, the leader of the militant suffragettes, for inciting her followers to destroy property has aroused the militants to fury and they threaten strong reprisals.

When sentence was pronounced by the judge, Sir Charles Montagu Lush, in the Old Bailey sessions today, Mrs. Pankhurst, altho her face blanched, showed as defiant an attitude as ever, declaring that she would fight to the end.

One of the militant leaders, later announcing the intentions of the militants, went so far as to say that even human life would no longer be respected. In London, Glasgow and other places thruout the country enthusiastic meetings were held tonight and every mention of Mrs. Pankhurst brought forth loud cheers.

Human Life in Peril.

Those who are to carry on the fight during the leader's incarceration, which nobody believes will be for long, breathed defiance to the government and promised that the fight would be waged more furiously than ever. One of the leaders, whose name is suppressed, gave out the following statement:

"Human life is now in peril, for we have resolved no longer to respect it, and trouble of all sorts must be expected."

While speakers at the public meetings did not go so far as the anonymous leader, they promised that the agitation would be very actively conducted, and appealed to the women to show their indignation at the sentence by some definite deed. Threats of this kind made by Miss Annie Kenn at London, found an echo at Glasgow, where Mrs. Johns, one of the most militant among suffragettes, declared that the militancy of the past would be "the merest pin pricks to what would happen almost at once all over the country."

She described what the women intended to do in the coming reign of terror, and said that it was left for those on the outside to go on with the militant tactics.

Scotland Yard, aroused by the threats of the women, has sent out warnings to owners and tenants of property of possible developments, and the police everywhere are taking unusual precautions.

REGULATIONS IGNORED BY BANKS PENALTY CLAUSES DEAD LETTERS M'LEOD'S SWEEPING STATEMENTS

Parliamentary Committee Draws Forth Important Testimony at Long Sitting—Tendency Toward Mergers and Swollen Capitalization Dangerous, Says Expert—Gordon Waldron Says Canada Will Soon Be in Grip of Money Trust.

OTTAWA, April 3.—(Special.)—The committee on banking and currency obtained leave this afternoon to sit while the house was sitting for the hearing of witnesses, and accordingly was in session from 4 to 6 this afternoon, and from 8 to 11 this evening.

Mr. H. C. McLeod, who came from Europe at the invitation of the committee, concluded his testimony, which was followed thruout with the keenest interest. He declared unequivocally against the present tendency toward bank mergers and against banks with swollen capitalization. He believed that no bank should have an authorized capital of more than $10,000,000, but he did not favor the establishment of small banks, with a paid-up capital of $500,000 or less.

Government Inspection Vital.

Government inspection he considered vital to bank reform, and deprecated the mass of detail which encumbered the Bank Act. Many of the present regulations, he said, were ignored by the banks and no attempt was ever made to enforce the penalties provided for their infraction.

Mr. George Waldron of The Weekly Sun, Toronto, who followed Mr. McLeod, expressed his conviction that a money trust would soon be established in Canada unless a stop was put to the bank mergers. He also favored government inspection and urged that the banks be compelled to disclose the true value of their real estate holdings and their dealings with subsidiary realty companies.

Mr. H. N. Clarkson of Toronto will be examined tomorrow with special reference to the affairs of the Farmers' Bank.

Mr. McLeod, on resuming the stand this afternoon, said that the Bank Act should deal with large questions of policy and not be loaded up with a mass of detail. A vital reform, in his opinion, was government inspection, and this inspection should be made thoro thru the employment of experts. A man capable of organizing and directing such inspection was well worth $25,000 a year to the government.

Hot Debate Over Mergers.

Asked as to bank mergers, Mr. McLeod declared that they should not be permitted, except by special act of parliament. This position was combated with some warmth by Finance Minister White and Mr. A. K. Maclean. The latter pointed out that, as Mr. McLeod was opposed to small banks with a capital of say $500,000, he should not be opposed to such a bank being absorbed by a larger one.

"I would not be opposed to it if sanctioned by parliament. The first merger with which the Bank of Nova Scotia had any dealing was brought about by act of parliament," said Mr. McLeod.

Hon. W. T. White suggested that in the case of a failing bank it was of the highest importance that a merger should be put thru as quickly as possible, and pointed out that for several months of the year parliament was not in session. Mr. McLeod said there was nothing in this argument, as such a situation would be dealt with by three or four banks helping out the weak sister.

Ontario Bank Cited.

"But," the minister insisted, "you forgot the Ontario Bank."

"That was not a merger," Mr. McLeod replied. "The Bank of Montreal did not purchase the Ontario Bank. If the privy council so decided. It merely rediscounted commercial paper held by

Continued on Page 3, Column 2.

NAVAL DEBATE IS HELD OVER

Fear of "Yellow Peril" Expressed in Discussing Proposed Japanese Treaty in House.

OTTAWA, April 3.—(Special.)—The naval debate will not be resumed until Monday. The house spent all of today in committee upon the bill, bringing into effect the Japanese treaty, and the same will be given third reading tomorrow. Tomorrow will also be devoted to the ratification of the reciprocity arrangement between Canada and the British West Indies.

The debate today was uninteresting, being evidently prolonged for the purpose of postponing the resumption of the naval debate. There was some complaint about the attitude of the Dominion Government toward proposed legislation in Saskatchewan, prohibiting the employment of white girls by orientals. Similar legislation, it is understood, is desired by Ontario.

Mr. Stevens (Vancouver) drew a lurid picture of the evil effects of the oriental immigration in respect to the morality of young white girls in the cities of British Columbia.

Hon. Frank Oliver tomorrow will seek to amend the Japanese treaty bill by a clause making the ratification of the treaty subject to the immigration laws now in force, and to all amendments thereto which may be made hereafter.

Gray Nuns Leave

MORRISTOWN, N.J., April 3.—(Can. Press)—The Gray Nuns, a French-Canadian order, who have been in charge of All-Souls' Hospital since it was founded, have been succeeded by the Sisters of Charity of New Jersey, who are in charge of the institution today. The change was made because there was a large deficiency in funds, and it is hoped the new management will be able to obtain larger contributions.

DEALERS LOBBY IN CITY HALL

Work of Constructing Technical School Held Up by Contractors, Says Trades Council.

Toronto District Labor Council passed a vote of censure on the board of control last night for their delay in voting the money necessary to complete the new technical school. The council claim that supply dealers interested in the building materials have been lobbying the council and holding the business up.

The educational committee in their report approved of the suggestion made by the educational association that scientific farming be taught in rural schools.

The legislative committee's report approved of Dr. Forbes Godfrey's bill regarding the employment of white women by Orientals and hoped it would not be shelved. They also scored the government for delaying the Compensation Act.

The secretary was instructed to write to the fair wage officer of the Dominion Government asking a statement of contracts awarded to the Polson Iron Works Company and the rate of wages which the company will pay on the work.

STRUCK BY STREET CAR.

Stepping from behind a northbound car and in front of a southbound car Roy Sweatman, 172 Pearson avenue, was seriously injured last night on Spadina avenue, near Harbord. The police ambulance removed him to his home.

Must Obey Orders or City Will Be Quarantined Today

Mayor of Niagara Falls Is Called Upon to Immediately Restrict the Epidemic of Smallpox — Chief Officer of Health Will Exert Authority.

"Mayor Cole: Please take notice that if your council does not forthwith carry out the orders of the district officer of health respecting smallpox there the Provincial Board of Health will quarantine your city at 12 noon, tomorrow."

J. W. S. McCULLOUGH,
Chief Officer.

This message, flashed out to Niagara Falls last evening, was in the nature of an ultimatum to the city to take the steps ordered by the board of health to restrict the epidemic of smallpox which has been in existence there for the last few weeks.

The fact that the number of cases has not been decreasing as the days went by and that the city council, after the manner of that of Ottawa last year, paid little attention to the ruling, roused the chief officer to the exertion of his authority.

A special meeting of the controllers was called last evening to deal with the message and decide on the course to be adopted.

SENATE CAUSING WILSON WORRY

Democratic Representatives There Not Zealous for Sweeping Downward Revision of Tariff.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—(Can. Press)—The completion of the new tariff revision bill, the character of the duty to be levied upon sugar, and extent to which President Wilson will give the support of the administration to the completed measure, depended tonight upon the success that might attend efforts of the president to reach an agreement with senate tariff leaders.

The tariff situation shifted to the senate today with the prospect of much work ahead of the chief executive to smooth over disputed points and to bring the senate, the house and his own views into harmony before the new bill is brought out to the gaze of the public. Senators Simmons, Stone and Hoke Smith, all members of the finance committee, had a long conference with President Wilson this afternoon.

Opposition in Senate.

A sweeping canvass of the senate has been undertaken to learn just how far the Democratic members of that body will go in support of the policies laid down by the president. The threat of free sugar by the president has stiffened up the Democratic forces of the senate to such an extent that members of the finance committee told the president tonight some important changes would have to be made in the present draft of the bill if it is to meet with a cordial reception when it reaches the senate.

It appeared tonight that either the sugar duty would be proposed at a compromise point of one cent per pound with a provision that it should be entirely abolished in three years, or that there should be a gradual reduction of 25 per cent. per year from the existing duty until it has disappeared.

ATTACK DELAYED TO BURY DEAD

Montenegrins Will Not Advance on Scutari for a Few Days — Servians Getting More Guns.

VIENNA, April 3.—(Can. Press.)—The Montenegrin attack on Scutari, according to advices received here, has been postponed to the end of the week, owing, it is said, to heavy losses. The Montenegrins are busy burying the dead and attending the wounded. The delay will also enable the Servians to bring up fresh siege guns.

Servia's determined support of Montenegro is causing increased agitation in Austria. The reported arrival at San Giovanni di Medua of a Russian steamer with guns, ammunition and clothing for the Montenegrins, gives the Austrian papers an opportunity to attack Russia.

Particularly Good Hats.

Come into Dineen's and ask to see something particularly good in an English or American hat for men. You will be shown a variety you had no idea was available in Toronto. That is the advantage of shopping at Dineen's. You get a better assortment and a wider variety than obtainable elsewhere. W. & D. Dineen Co., Ltd., 140 Yonge st., cor. Temperance.

Endorsed by New York Critics.

The play, "The Rainbow," in which that sterling actor, Henry Miller, is appearing this season and which will be at the Princess here all next week, has the highest endorsation of the leading New York critics. "The Rainbow" was at the Liberty Theatre, New York, all last season.

POLICEMAN DRUNK ON DUTY BEATEN BY PATROL SERGEANT AND TAKEN TO THE STATION

MRS EMMELINE PANKHURST.

Constable Farmer Remonstrated When His Tunic and Helmet Were Removed and Was Beaten With a Baton —Taken to Drug Store, Where Wounds Were Dressed and Thence to Police Station.

Caught in an intoxicated condition while on duty, led along a side street by a patrol sergeant and a constable, beaten up with a baton, revived at a drug store, thrown into a patrol wagon and taken to Pape avenue station. This is the treatment Police Constable Farmer (182) received at Coxwell and Queen streets last night, according to eye witnesses. Many people who witnessed the affair have signified their intention of acquainting Chief of Police Grasett with the facts of the case.

Three ladies who saw the whole occurrence declare that the helpless policeman was subjected to the most brutal treatment. Constable Farmer is alleged to have been standing at Coxwell and Queen under the influence of liquor, when the patrol sergeant and another officer appeared on the scene. It is said that they took hold of Farmer and led him up Coxwell avenue.

Knocked Him Down.

When in a rather dark place they pulled off his helmet and tunic and started to tear the red stripes from the policeman's trousers. Even in the stupor he appeared to be in, Farmer evidently realized what they were doing. He remonstrated. The ladies state that the other two men then knocked Farmer to the pavement with their batons.

The injured man was then carried to Bonham's drug store on the corner and his injuries attended to. When the patrol wagon arrived, the patrol sergeant and his assistant put Farmer in in a none too gentle manner. What hapt happened to the unfortunate constable after that is not known. He may have been kept at the station or sent to the hospital.

Refused to Talk.

The World asked Inspector Pogue of No. 8 station, Pape avenue, last night for his version of the trouble.

"You have it all wrong, all wrong," declared the inspector.

"You tell the right story, then," invited the reporter.

"I have nothing to say. I think it is a very nasty piece of work for The World or any of its staff to take up at this time."

The inspector was given every opportunity to tell what he knew of the affair, but refused point blank to even say who the patrol sergeant and constable were. He declined to discuss Farmer's condition, and would not answer any questions.

GERMAN AIRSHIP IS CAPTURED IN FRANCE

Great Excitement Follows the Seizure of Zeppelin Dirigible After Landing at Luneville —German Officers Stoutly Maintain That They Drifted Into France by Mistake.

LUNEVILLE, France, April 3.—(Can. Press.)—The German military dirigible airship Zeppelin IV. made a landing in the military parade grounds here today and was seized by the French authorities.

The incident has caused tremendous excitement, notwithstanding the fact that the German officers aboard the airship explained that they had been lost in the clouds and did not know they had crossed the French frontier.

When the landing was made in the parade grounds where two squadrons of cavalry were drilling the cavalrymen rode up and formed a cordon. They caught the ropes thrown from the dirigible and securely moored it. The local authorities and Brig.-Gen. Lescot were immediately summoned, and were closely followed by a huge crowd of excited people. It required the efforts of two companies of infantry to keep the indignant populace at a distance.

Zeppelin IV., which is of the latest and largest model, carried ten passengers, of whom four were officers in uniform—a Prussian captain and lieutenant and two Wurtemburger lieutenants.

Lost in Clouds.

The captain explained to General Lescot, thru an interpreter, that the Zeppelin was undergoing a test prior to being taken over by the war department. He and the other officers had been assigned to that task. They left Friedrichshafen early in the morning, bound for the Grand Duchy of Baden.

With the intention of making ascension trials they had mounted to a height of 3000 metres, about 9750 feet, and had lost their course in the clouds. They were carried along by a strong east wind and had passed several times over certain points, and then, observing the cavalry, thought they had reached Saarbrucken. As they were short of gasoline they decided to land. They did not know that they had crossed the French frontier.

The chief officer of the engineer corps at Luneville removed the magnetos from the engines, so that the airship could not get under way, and the cabin was searched for photographic apparatus, sketches or similar articles. Nothing of that nature, however, was found.

The German officers were permitted to telephone to Friedrichshafen for a supply of hydrogen and for mechanicians.

KILLED WIFE GOT 7 YEARS

Thomas Riley of Hamilton Was Found Guilty of Manslaughter After One Day's Trial.

HAMILTON, April 3.—(Special.)—Having been found guilty of manslaughter with a recommendation for mercy, Thomas Riley, a teamster, was sentenced to serve seven years in Kingston Penitentiary by Mr. Justice Middleton at 10 o'clock tonight. Riley was charged with murdering his wife, who had deserted him for a man named Durfey after living with him a number of years. The trial lasted for only one day. C. W. Bell, counsel for the prisoner, pleaded insanity at the time of the shooting, but Dr. Russell, superintendent of Hamilton Asylum, and Dr. Clarke, testified that Riley was rational. Col. Gwyn conducted the case for the crown.

AIRSHIP WAS MERELY LOST

France, After Wave of Excitement, is Inclined to Smile at the Plight of Germans.

PARIS, April 3.—(Can. Press.)—While the first news of the landing of the Zeppelin balloon on French soil caused a great sensation, especially in the eastern section of France, later accounts gave the incident a somewhat diminished importance, and public opinion tonight was inclined to view the plight of the Germans as rather ludicrous.

The explanation that the officers lost themselves and that the airship became unmanageable is generally accepted. There is even a tendency on the part of some of the newspapers to poke fun at the unwieldly German Zeppelins, whose many mishaps are recalled.

The dirigible which reached Luneville, says one newspaper, is evidently a dirigible in name only.

At a late hour tonight it was announced that the minister of war would make no decision with regard to the Zeppelin until he had received the report of the officers sent to Luneville to investigate the circumstances of the landing.

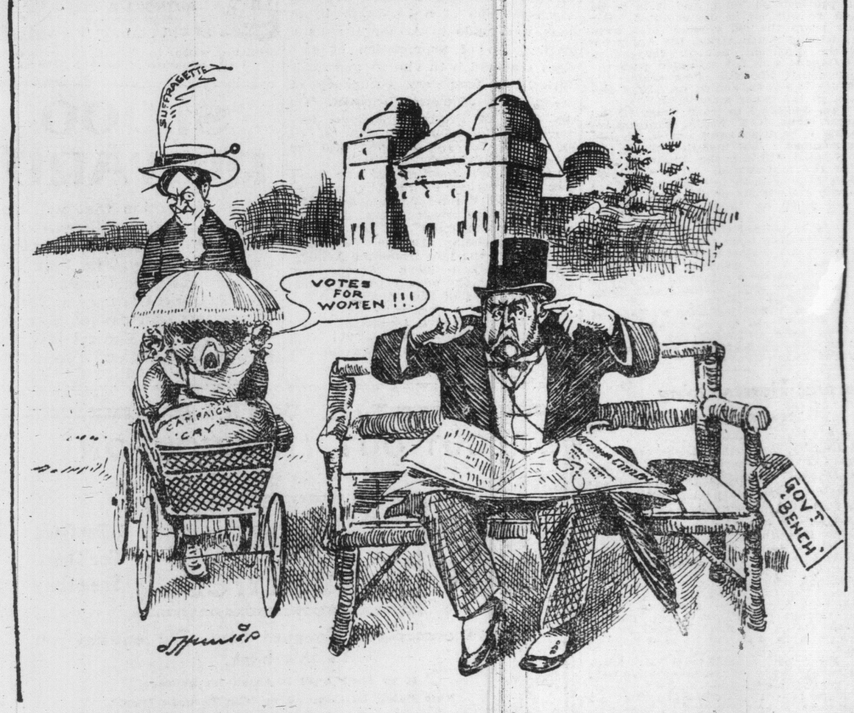
INDEPENDENT WILL RUN.

PINCHER CREEK, Alb., April 3.—(Can. Press.)—Thomas G. Wilson of Livingstone district announced his intention of contesting Pincher Creek constituency as an independent candidate.

PIONEER AS LIBERAL CANDIDATE.

CALGARY, Alb., April 3.—(Can. Press.)—The Liberals today selected John Macdougall to stand for the Centre Calgary riding, filling the place made vacant by the resignation of O. G. Devonish. Dr. Macdougall came to what is now Alberta in 1860.

A NERVOUS GENTLEMAN



SIR JAMES: Go away, woman, go away, or I'll scream.