- (4) **Culture**: \$3 million promised by Canada for the action plan resulting from the recent Conference of Ministers of Culture in Liège, Belgium, November 6 to 8, 1990;
- (5) **Communications**: continuation of radio projects in rural areas and exchanges of journalists, including the continuation of TV-5;
- (6) Language industries: efforts by Canada to promote the distribution of software for education in French and support for user training;
- (7) Scientific and technological information: the main project is the Banque d'information sur les États francophones (BIEF), designed, developed and managed by Canada;
- (8) Education and training: the main focus is to establish a program of bursaries for technical training, to which Canada has committed \$0.5 million, and consolidation of the distance education project (CIFFAD), which had originally been assigned to the Télé-Université of Quebec in Montreal;
- (9) **Legal co-operation**: Canada is promoting a human rights unit within the ACCT Secretariat, whose main role will be the documentation and dissemination of information.

4.5 The Foreseeable Future and its Challenges

Canada is pursuing three definite objectives that are general in nature but at the same time focused on the next Summit. These objectives are concerned with **co-operation**, but they are also **political** and **institutional** in nature.

A. Objectives Related to Co-operation

- (1) To consolidate projects currently under way and ensure that their effects will be lasting and significant;
- (2) to strive for critical mass, thereby eliminating the possibility of too many, widely dispersed microprojects;
- (3) to promote the practice of "collective dialogue" fostered by this type of multilateral co-operation.