

The second case was one similar in character, the patient being thirty-one years old. Prof. Clay concludes the account of it with the remark: "The turpentine acted upon the growth with great vigor, literally melting it away in the brief period of four or five weeks."

The third case was one of epithelial cancer of the os, cervix, and the body of the uterus, in a woman aged fifty-two years. The mass was larger than a cricket-ball, almost filling the vagina, which was not involved. She had had repeated hæmorrhages, much pain, and the cancerous cachexia was well marked. As an experiment, one-sixth grain ammoniated copper was added to each dose of the turpentine and sulphur. In two weeks improvement was manifest. Sixth week: The surface of the tumor was at the level of the os uteri, and seems to consist of a mass of blood-vessels, which bled moderately after examination. The copper caused disturbance of the stomach and bowels, and had to be discontinued. In nineteen weeks she was fairly convalescent. The growth had almost disappeared, and the parts beyond the os uteri, although somewhat hypertrophied, were yet almost normal to the touch.

The fourth case was that of a woman aged thirty-two years. There was a cancerous mass of the posterior parts of the os and cervix, of the size of a goose egg. The turpentine mixture was given her three times daily, and by the sixteenth day the growth had almost disappeared. The same condition of the vessels was observed as in the preceding case. In the ninth week the medicine seemed to occasion some disturbance, and was discontinued, five-grain doses of iodide of calcium being substituted. After a fortnight, the patient not feeling so well, the former treatment was resumed. She very rapidly improved, and is now convalescent.

The "mixture" referred to is made thus: An ounce of Chian turpentine is dissolved in two ounces of pure (anæsthetic) sulphuric ether; the solution takes place at once. This forms the "solution of Chian turpentine." Half an ounce of this, mixed with four ounces of solution of tragacanth, one ounce of syrup, forty grains flowers of sulphur, and water to sixteen