

LATIN (GRADE II. ACADEMY).

SECTION I.

1. Translate into sound English sentences :—

Cæsar, primum suo, deinde omnium ex conspectu remotis equis, ut, æquato omnium periculo, spem fugæ tolleret, cohortatus suos, prælium commisit. Milites, e loco superiore pilis missis, facile hostium phalangem perfrugerunt. Ea disjecta, gladiis destitutis in eos impetum fecerunt. Gallis magno ad pugnam erat impedimento, quod, pluribus eorum scutis uno ictu pilorum transfixis et colligatis, cum ferrum se inflexisset, neque evellere, neque, sinistra impedita, satis commode pugnare poterant; multi ut, diu jactato brachio, præoptarent scutum manu emittere, et nudo corpore pugnare. Tandem vulneribus defessi, et pedem referre, et, quod mons suberat circiter mille passuum, eo se recipere cœperunt.

2. Translate into Latin:—The hill was taken and our men enclosed the rear of the enemy. They attacked our men on the open flank. The Helvetii in the meantime had betaken themselves to the rising ground. There they began to renew the battle.

SECTION II.

3. Write in three columns all the nouns in the above extract, according as they are masculine, feminine or neuter.

4. Give the principal parts of all the verbs in the first half of the above extract.

5. Parse all the words in the last sentence.

SECTION III.

6. Where was Helvetia? Give a description of the country through which Cæsar passed.

7. Write out a list of English words that have their origin in *primum, omnis, conspectu, remotis, equis, æquato, cohortatus, commisit, milites, loco*.

8. Decline *multi muri, bonus dux, deus* and *respublica*.

Correspondence, &c.

To the Editor of the EDUCATIONAL RECORD.

DEAR SIR,—I have been requested to send to the RECORD a copy of the questions set by me at the close of the Normal Institute at Aylmer, in July last, together with answers to the same. I am pleased to comply with this reasonable re-