nadian Institution) zealously advocated the establishment of a Veterinary College. It will be gratifying to that venerable gentleman that his suggestion is now likely to be carried out—competent veterinary advice will prove highly advantageous to the breeders and owners of stock. It is no exaggeration to state that many thousand pounds' worth of stock is annually destroyed in Canada through the pretended skill of those whose aid is sought to alleviate the sufferings of our domestic animals.

The limits of an address will not permit me, nor would it be acceptable to you that I should weary you by entering into details as to the cultivation of our crops, or the breeding and management of the different kinds of stock. The excellent display of this week by the various Exhibitors is palpable evidence of the success of their efforts in the cultivation of their crops, and in the improvement of their stock; but I may be permitted to epitomize the subject by remarking that the thorough draining, cultivation, (with deep ploughing) and manuring of our fields, with a proper rotation of crops-the sowing of the best and cleanest seed, and at (what our experience teaches us to be) seasonable times-the selection of the best and hardiest descriptions of stock of a medium size, and with God's blessings on our labors, the Farmer's occupation will be found a profitable and improving one.

A system of rigid economy is an important feature in the successful management of the Farm, and if duly carried out will secure lasting benefits to the country.

The year 1860 will be noted as an epoch in Canadian History as being the first year during which our Exports exceeded our Imports.

The following table of importations and exportations from 1851 to 1860, inclusive, will prove interesting:

	IMPORTATIONS.	EXPORTATIONS.
1851	\$21,434,790	\$13,810,604
1852	20,286,492	15,307,607
1853	31,981,436	23,801,303
1854	40,529,325	23,019,190
1855	36,086,160	28,188,460
1856	43, 584, 387	32,047,017
1857	39,428,584	27,006,624
1858	29,978,527	23,472,609
i 859	33,555,161	27,766,981
1860	34,441,621	34,631,890

Our aim should be to foster Canadian Manufactures, of those articles that we can advantageously manufacture. Every Caadian will concede that it is of great impotance that our Towns should be occupied b thriving Mechanics and manufacturer thereby giving to us a home market. Homany of the youthful population of or Towns and Villages might be advantageousl and economically employed in woollen an cotton factorics who are now in too man instances a burthen on their parents, and a the same time it is to be feared are in course of training to become vicious mer bers of society.

The crop of wool for this year has bee principally purchased for exportation t Great Britain—heretofore it has been er ported to the United States to be there mar ufactured.

An important communication was tranmitted by the Puke of Newcastle to His Er cellency the Governor General, being th "Address of the Wool-supply Associatio of the Bradford and Halifax Chamber (Commerce." This correspondence and a dress will be found in the July number (the *Canadian Agriculturist*, and well de serves the careful perusal and consideratio of the breeders of sheep.

Flax and Hemp are certain and very productive crops in Canada, and might be a vantageously grown for manufacturing puposes.

The occasion is a suitable one to brin under the notice of our farmers the aid redered to the agricultuaal interests by "ou organ," the Canadian Agriculturist. Th Journal is edited in a very able manner, th usefulness of which might be very much i. creased were our practical farmers to furnis papers on the culture of the splendid spec mens of their products which have bee exhibited at this show. If each wou, determine to contribute periodically a conci paper on the cultivation or management what he gives his chief attention to, man and valuable hints would be thereby i. parted.

Our Legislature has done much to attra emigration to Canada, by making knownh immense resources, but much remains to done. Canada offer a more favorable fit and greater inducements to the emigra than any other colony of Great Britain—h easy accessability, her great inland water munication, which is unsurpassed in t world, and her net-work of Railways, gi