

MINARD'S "KING OF PAIN" LINIMENT

Extract from a letter of a Canadian soldier in France.
To Mrs. E. D. BAMBRECK:
The Rectory, Yarmouth, N.S.
Dear Mother:
I am keeping well, have good food and well protected from the weather, but have some difficulty keeping uninvited guests from visiting me.
Have you any patriotic druggists that would give something for a gift overseas—if so do you know something that is good for everything? I do—Old MINARD'S Liniment.
Your affectionate son,
Rob.
Manufactured by the
Minard's Liniment Co. Ltd.
Yarmouth, N.S.

Two Washboards For the Price of One:

Both sides of EDDY'S TWIN BEAVER WASHBOARDS can be used, giving double service for the price of one. Made of INDURATED FIBREWARE (which is really pulp hardened and baked by a special process) it cannot splinter or fall apart. Won't hurt your fingers or tear your clothes. Double value for your money, almost life lasting. Don't do another washing until you get one.
ASK YOUR DEALER
THE E. B. EDDY CO., LTD
HULL, CANADA

1867--OUR--1917 JUBILEE YEAR

We have begun our 50th year with every prospect of it being the best yet. Students can enter at any time.
SEND FOR RATE CARD.



THE WINTER TERM —OF— FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE —WILL OPEN ON— Mon., January 8, 1917

Begin today to prepare for a good paying position by getting information regarding our courses of study, descriptive booklet of which will be sent on application. Address:
W. J. OSBORNE, Prin.
FREDERICTON, N. B.



NOTICE

TO THE RATEPAYERS OF THE
TOWN OF NEWCASTLE

Notice is hereby given that the Annual

ELECTION

For Mayor and Aldermen for the Town of Newcastle will be held as required by law at the Town Hall, on

TUESDAY
17th Day of April Inst.

Polling from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

Nominations of Persons duly qualified for the respective offices of Mayor and Aldermen will be received by the undersigned up to six o'clock on Friday the 13th day of April inst.

Dated at Newcastle, N. B., this 3rd day of April, A. D., 1917.
J. E. T. LINDON,
Town Clerk.

CONSCRIPTION FOR ALL BRITISH BORN

New York, April 7.—The Tribune's Washington correspondent says: "It was announced by the British embassy here today that Great Britain will compel all her citizens through the world in neutral countries as well as in her own Dominions, to place themselves in readiness for compulsory military service. The late when the proclamation may be expected is not yet made public, but it is believed that it will be issued shortly."

MAY BE BARRED FROM RE-ENTERING CANADA

The entry of the United States into the war and the strongly intimate probability of compulsory military service in having a curious and somewhat humorous effect. The war had no sooner got under way in Canada than an exodus to the States started from certain quarters. Conscription was feared. Some of the same people are now attempting to come back for the reason that in the new land of their adoption compulsory service seems more imminent than in Canada. Heading for Montreal a number were stopped today. The people, who are thus attempting to evade their responsibilities are not native born Canadians. Immigration inspectors are applying the law and holding up their entry to Canada with the probability of their being kept out altogether.

WOMEN WILL VOTE IN RUSSIA?
Women will be allowed to vote in the elections to the constituent assembly in Russia, says Reuter's Petrograd correspondent, who adds that Prince Lyoff, Premier in the Provisional Government, has so informed a deputation of women who waited upon him.



Write to-day for our big FREE CATALOGUE showing our full line of Bicycles for Men and Women, Boys and Girls—Tires, Coaster Brakes, Wheels, Inner Tubes, Lamps, Bells, Cyclometers, Saddles, Equipment and Parts for Bicycles. You can buy your supplies from us at wholesale prices.
T. W. BOYD & SON,
27 Notre Dame Street West, Montreal.
12-20

WHEN IN NEWCASTLE GET A GOOD MEAL
AT THE
WAVERLY HOTEL
ALLAN MENZIES, Prop.
PLEASANT ST. Phone 193



The Prize Packet in the Mess Kit is WRIGLEY'S



Millions of bars supplied every month to the Army and Navy. Every bar means more power to our forces—at home and abroad. Send some in every letter and parcel to the Front. Small in cost, but big in benefit.

Delicious—Antiseptic
Cleanses mouth and teeth. Helps appetite and digestion. Refreshes, soothes and satisfies.

WM. WRIGLEY, Jr. CO., Ltd.
Wrigley Bldg., Toronto

The Flavour Lasts!

The Chalice of Courage

(Continued)

The name was an illumination to him, though not at all in the way the speaker had fancied; the recollection of it was the one fact concerning her that rankled in the solitary's mind. He had often wanted to ask Enid Matland what she had meant by that chance allusion to Armstrong which she had made in the beginning of their acquaintance, but he had refrained. At first he had no right to question her; there could be no natural end to their affection; and latterly when their hearts had been disclosed to each other in the wild, tempestuous, passionate scenes of the last two or three days, he had had things of greater moment to engage his attention, subjects of more importance to discuss with her.

He had for the time being forgotten Armstrong and he had not before known what jealousy was until he had entered that room. To have seen her with any man would have given him acute pain, perhaps just because he had been so long withdrawn from human society, but to see her with this man who dashed instantly into his recollection upon the utterance of his name was an added exasperation. Newbold turned to the woman to whom indeed he had addressed his question in the first place, and there was something in his movement which bespoke a gallant almost contemptuous obliviousness to the presence of the other man which was indeed hard for him to bear.

Hate begets hate. He was quite conscious of Armstrong's antagonism, which was entirely undisguised and open and which was growing greater with every passing moment. The scene against Newbold was running up in the mind of his visitor. "Ah," coolly said the owner of the cabin to the first of his two guests, "I do remember you did mention that name the first day you spent here. Is he a friend of yours?" "Not now," answered Enid Matland. She too was in a strange state of perturbation on account of the dilemma in which she found herself involved. She was determined not to betray the unconscious confidence of the dead. She hoped fervently that Newbold would not recognize Armstrong as the man of the letter, but if he did she was resolute that she should not be recognized as the man of the letters, at least not by her act. Newbold was ignorant of the existence of those letters and she did not intend that he should be enlightened so far as she could prevent it. But she was keen enough to see that the first recognition would be inevitable; she even admitted the fact that Armstrong would probably precipitate it himself. Well, no human soul, not even their writer, knew that she had destroyed them, she had determined to do so at the first convenient opportunity. Before that, however, she intended to show them not to Newbold but to Armstrong, to disclose his falsehood, to convict him of the falsehood he had told her and to justify herself even in his eyes for the action she had taken.

Mingled with all these quick reflections was a deadly fear. She was quick to perceive the hatred Armstrong bore on the one hand because of one thing beside her hatred for Armstrong was Enid Matland absolutely certain she would never disclose to the man she loved the fact that the woman, the memory of whose supposed passion he cherished, had been unfaithful to him in heart if not in deed. Nothing could wrest that secret from her. She had been infected by Newbold's quixotic ideas, the contagion of his perversion of common sense had fastened itself upon her. She would not have been human either if she had not experienced a thrill of pride and joy at the possibility that in some way, of which she swore she would not be the instrument, blind or otherwise, the facts might be disclosed which would enable Newbold to claim her openly and honorably, without hesitation before or remorse after, as his wife. This fascinating flash of expectant, hopeful feeling she thought unworthy of her and strove to fight it down, but with manifest insuccess.

It has taken time to set these things down; to speak or to write is a slow process, and the ratio between outward expressions and inward is as great as that between light and sound. Questions and answers between these three followed as swiftly as thrust and parry between accomplished swordsmen, and yet between each demand and reply they had time to entertain these swift thoughts—as the drowning compass life experiences in seconds! "I may not be her friend," said Armstrong steadily, "but she left me in these mountains a month ago with more than a half way promise of my marriage, and I have sought her through the snows to claim the fulfillment." "You never told me that," exclaimed Newbold sternly and again addressing the woman rather than the man. "There was nothing to tell," she answered quickly. "I was a young girl heart free; I liked this man, perhaps because he was so different from those to whom I had been accustomed, and when he pressed his suit upon me, I told him the truth. I did not love him, I did not know whether I might give to care for him or not; if I did, I should marry him and if I did not, I would never see him again. And now—I have him!" She sang the words of her song.

(To be continued)

Two thousand three hundred Mail toba boys and girls are entering a vegetable garden competition—this year.

Egg stains may usually be removed from a cloth gown by rubbing it with ammonia table salt.

ELDERLY WOMEN SAFEGUARDED

Tell Others How They Were Carried Safely Through Change of Life.

Durand, Wis.—"I am the mother of fourteen children and I owe my life to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound."



—Mrs. MARY RIDGWAY, Durand, Wis. A Massachusetts Woman Writes: "I was 45 and had the Change of Life, a friend recommended it and it gave me such relief from my bad feelings that I took several bottles. I am now well and healthy and recommend your Compound to other ladies." —Mrs. MARY RIDGWAY, Durand, Wis. A Massachusetts Woman Writes: "I was 45 and had the Change of Life, a friend recommended it and it gave me such relief from my bad feelings that I took several bottles. I am now well and healthy and recommend your Compound to other ladies."

Such warning symptoms as sense of suffocation, hot flashes, headaches, backache, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, sparks before the eyes, irregularities, constipation, variable appetite, weakness and dizziness, should be heeded by middle-aged women. Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has carried many women safely through this crisis.

of the old love affair, the long cherished grudge breaking into sudden life; on the other resolute that Armstrong's failure to come to Armstrong's hands and her love for Newbold, which she neither could nor had any desire to conceal, and the cumulation of these passionate antagonisms would only make him the more desperate. Whether Newbold found out Armstrong's connection with his past love, there was sufficient provocation in the present to evoke all the opposition and resentment of his nature. Enid felt as she might if the puncture of the floor had been sticks of dynamite with active detonations in every heel that pressed there; as if the slightest stirring of the powder on the part of any one would bring about an explosion. The tenacity of the situation was bewildering to her. It had come upon her with such startling force; the unexpected arrival of Armstrong, of all the men on earth the one who ought not to be there, and then the equally startling arrival of Newbold, of whom perhaps the same might have been said. If Newbold had only gone on, if he had not come back, if she had been rescued by her uncle or old Kirkby—But "ifs" were idle, she had to face the present situation to which she was utterly unequal.

She had cutely repudiated Armstrong's connection with his past love, she knew how guilty he had been toward Newbold's wife, that was another; she realized how he had deceived her, that was the third. These eliminated the man from her affections, but it is one thing to thrust a man out of your heart and another to thrust him out of your life; he was still there. And by no means the sport of blind fate Armstrong intended to have something to say as to the course of events, to use his own powers to determine the issue.

Of but one thing beside her hatred for Armstrong was Enid Matland absolutely certain she would never disclose to the man she loved the fact that the woman, the memory of whose supposed passion he cherished, had been unfaithful to him in heart if not in deed. Nothing could wrest that secret from her. She had been infected by Newbold's quixotic ideas, the contagion of his perversion of common sense had fastened itself upon her. She would not have been human either if she had not experienced a thrill of pride and joy at the possibility that in some way, of which she swore she would not be the instrument, blind or otherwise, the facts might be disclosed which would enable Newbold to claim her openly and honorably, without hesitation before or remorse after, as his wife. This fascinating flash of expectant, hopeful feeling she thought unworthy of her and strove to fight it down, but with manifest insuccess.

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The Progress of the War

Steady and Important Gains For the Allies— The United States And Cuba Make War on Germany

During the month of March, the Entente Allies held their ground or made substantial gains on every front. In the Balkan region, where their army holds a line straight across from sea to sea through Northern Greece and Southern Albania; on the Austro-Italian frontier, where Italy holds nearly 1000 square miles of Austrian territory, and on Russia's western front, where the enemy holds three-quarters of Roumania's 53000 square miles, Russian Poland (49000 square miles) and most of the Russian provinces of Kourland, Kovno, Vilna and Grodno and a large part of Minsk and Volhynia, making an additional 60,000 square miles, while Russia holds, an offset, only about 7,000 square miles of the Austrian provinces of Galicia and Bukovina, there was no appreciable change.

In Persia the Russians steadily drove the Turks westward towards the Persian Gulf, and in Asia the Turkish province of Baghdad, at the head of the Persian Gulf, the British captured Baghdad city and the rest of the province, which has an area of some 25,000 square miles. Last week the British advancing northeastward from Baghdad, up the Tigris river, met the Russians who had just cleared the enemy out of Persia. Thus the Entente battle line now reaches from the Black Sea near Feibronz, southward through Armenia, then eastward to Lake Van and the Turko-Persian border, then south along that border to the Dials, then west to the Arabian desert, completely shutting the enemy off, at least, from any communication with Afghanistan, China and India or any other part of the East. This is a great gain. The Russians hold at least 30,000 square miles of Turkish Armenia, the northeastern corner of the Turkish Empire.

In Africa, the Senegal Arab tribes, from the Saharan desert, have been kept out of Egypt, and in Asia the whole Sinai peninsula at the head of the Red Sea has been cleared of Turks and a strip of Palestine as far northward as Gaza on the Mediterranean, for hundreds of miles south of this line is in the hands of the friendly King of Arabia, who last year won the independence of two provinces from the Turks.

On the western front, the Germans retired from about 853 square miles of France, and since the beginning of the present month have been slowly pressed backward by both British and French. On the 19th instant, the British and Canadian armies penetrated the German lines on a wide front, in the vicinity of Cambrai and St. Quentin. The Germans still hold some 7000 square miles of France, besides about the whole of Belgium. Last week what looks like a movement in force was made by the enemy on the Russian front. In the Volhynian sector, on the 5th instant, the Russians were driven across the Stokhod river with considerable loss, and on the 6th, the Germans assaulted and broke the Russian lines thirteen miles south of Riga, but were quickly driven back to their former position. The entry of the United States in the war on the entente side, on the 6th instant, should hasten the enemy's downfall. The Americans have seized, and will put into commission the magnificent fleet of 91 German vessels with a tonnage of 600,000 in-torced in American waters. Cuba declared war against Germany on the 7th instant, and seized the four German ships interned in Havana harbor. Austria-Hungary severed diplomatic relations with the U. S. A. on the 5th, and the Austro-Hungarian vessels in that country have been seized by the Americans. The Russian Revolution, which began with a Workmen's strike in Petrograd on March 8th, and resulted on the 15th in the abdication of the Czar and the establishment of a democratic government under a Socialist-Liberal cabinet of the Duma or Parliament, seems, so far, to be a complete success. The autocracy is, as the result of the joint rising of the organized workmen, the soldiers and the Duma (which refused to obey the Czar's order of dissolution) completely overthrown, and the representatives of the people are in supreme control. A wonderful feature of the Revolution is the very small amount of disturbance and bloodshed accompanying the change. A Constituent Assembly is to be chosen in Russia shortly, by universal suffrage, it being understood that not only all men will be allowed to vote, but women as well. Home Rule has been restored to Poland and will be established in Poland as soon as the latter is recovered from the enemy. The Russian government's release of 600 hostages captured in enemy territory, on the ground that it is unjust to imprison people whose only offence is fidelity to their own states, is a most encouraging sign of the times.

The constitutional democratic party of Russia, which recently declared for the establishment of a republic, at a convention on the 8th instant, unanimously adopted a resolution in favor of a democratic and parliamentary form of government. Prince Dolgorouki, president of the central committee of the party, spoke in favor of continuance of the war and other

ence to Russia's agreements with her allies until victory is attained. On the 5th, the same convention declared in favor of the principle that the land ought to be handed over to the working classes. Evidently, scared by the upheaval in Russia, the Prussian ruling classes are preparing to give their people a greater share in the government, but there are many rumors of an impending revolution there. The Russians, while determined to fight the present German Government to the end, offer peace and friendship to the German people if they will throw off their ruling family and establish a free government. Whether the German people take this advice or not, the final success of the enemy armies would now appear to be impossible.

The crest of the Vimy ridge, said to be the strongest position of the enemy in France, was carried by the British and Canadians on the 9th. The Canadian corps was given the place of honor in that great event, being strongly supported by some of the most famous of the British formations. The attack was preceded by a bombardment which continued for several days, and in which guns of the heaviest calibre, formerly used on only the biggest battleships, took part. The results, as revealed by aerial observation, were a repetition of the battle of the Somme. Aeroplanes, flying low, could find only shapeless masses of churned up earth where the enemy's first line had been. Back of the northern end of Vimy Ridge lie the principal coal fields of France, which are still in German hands.

One of the best methods to remove a corn is to use turpentine. Touch the corn every night with a little turpentine. It will come out in a very short time. Apply the turpentine with toothpick.

FOR HEADACHES, BILIOUSNESS, CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION

Nearly all our minor ailments, and many of the serious ones, too, are traceable to some disorder of the stomach, liver, and bowels. If you wish to avoid the miseries of indigestion, acidity, heartburn, flatulence, headaches, constipation, and a host of other distressing ailments, you must see to it that your stomach, liver and bowels are equal to the work they have to do. It is a simple matter to take 30 drops of Mother Seigel's Syrup daily, after meals, yet thousands of former sufferers have banished indigestion, biliousness, constipation, and all their distressing consequences in just this simple way. Profit by their experience. As a digestive tonic and stomachic remedy, Mother Seigel's Syrup is unsurpassed.

MOTHER SEIGEL'S SYRUP.
THE NEW 1.00 SIZE CONTAINS 3 TIMES AS MUCH AS THE TRADITIONAL 50¢ SIZE BOTTLE.



BECAUSE THEY FIND SATISFACTION HERE

Many of the most particular families in Newcastle buy their meats and groceries regularly at this store. To satisfy our customers in every respect is our first consideration. And we do satisfy them by selling them the best and freshest Groceries, Meats, Vegetables and Fruits; by charging fair prices, and by according every customer fair and courteous treatment. We would like you to become one of our satisfied customers. In this store you will find a carefully selected stock of groceries, fresh meats in variety, and the season's range of vegetables and fruits. You can telephone your order. Our delivery system insures prompt service.

H. S. MILLER

GROCERIES, MEATS, ETC.
Cor. Castle and Pinnant St.
Telephone 23



NOTICE

Public Notice is hereby given that the Voters' List for the Town of Newcastle, is posted at the Town Office and that the same is subject to revision up to and including Friday the 13th day of April next.

J. E. T. LINDON,
March 20th, 1917. 13-16

Dissolution of Co-Partnership

Notice is hereby given that the partnership subsisting under the style and firm name of James A. Rundle & Co., between James A. Rundle of Newcastle in the County of Northumberland and Province of New Brunswick and the undersigned James Robinson of Millerton in the County and province aforesaid under a partnership agreement bearing date the fourth day of October 1916 made between said parties whereby the said partnership was to continue for a period of ten years from said last mentioned date, has been dissolved since the expiration of the term for which said agreement of partnership was entered into and which expired on the fourth day of October last past.

Dated the seventh day of November, A. D. 1916.
JAMES ROBINSON.



Mail Contract

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 4th May, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, 6 times per week each way, between Newcastle and C. G. R. Station, from the Postmaster General's Pleasure.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Offices of Newcastle and at the Office of the Post Office Inspector.

N. R. COLTER,
Post Office Inspector
St. John, N. B., March 21st, 1917.
14-16

Sheriffs Sale.

There will be sold at Public Auction at the Court House in Newcastle in the County of Northumberland, in the Province of New Brunswick, on Thursday the nineteenth day of April next, at the hour of Twelve O'clock Noon, all the estate, right, title, share and interest, both at law and in equity of James A. Rundle, of, in, and to the following lot or piece of land, viz:

ALL that piece or parcel of land and premises situate lying and being in the said Town of Newcastle in the County of Northumberland aforesaid, and abutting and bounded as follows, viz.—Beginning on the westerly side line of Chaplin Island Road at its intersection with the northerly side line of a road or lane leading westerly therefrom along the northerly side of the Intercolonial Railway Station leads, thence northerly along the westerly side line of Chaplin Island Road aforesaid to its intersection with the southerly side line of another road or lane also leading westerly from the said Chaplin Island Road, thence westerly along the said last mentioned line to the north easterly corner of lands owned by Mary T. Davidson and Allan A. Davidson Trustees and conveyed to them by the said James A. Rundle by Indenture bearing date the ninth day of November, A. D. 1910, thence southerly along the easterly side line of the said Davidson land to the northerly side line of the said last mentioned lane or road, and thence easterly along the same to the westerly side of Chaplin Island Road being the place of beginning, and which piece of land above described comprises and includes all the land and premises conveyed to the said James A. Rundle by Mary T. Davidson and Allan A. Davidson Trustees by Indenture bearing date the thirty-first day of May, A. D. 1910, and also the lands conveyed to him by Kirk W. Hobart and Henrietta Hobart by Indenture bearing date the thirty-first day of September, A. D. 1897, saving and excepting that said part of the said last mentioned or aforesaid land which was conveyed as aforesaid to the said James A. Rundle by the said Mary T. Davidson and Allan A. Davidson Trustees by Indenture bearing date the ninth day of November, A. D. 1910, together with all and singular the buildings and improvements thereon and every them, and the privileges, hereditaments and appurtenances to the same belonging or in any wise appertaining, the same having been seized by me and to be sold under and by virtue of an execution issued out of the Supreme Court of the City of John T. Rundle against the said James A. Rundle.

DATED at Newcastle in the said County of Northumberland the seventh day of February, A. D. 1917.
JOHN O'BRIEN,
High Sheriff Northumberland County.