

# THE ACADIAN

(Established 1883)  
Published at Wolfville, N. S., every Thursday by  
**DAVIDSON BROS., Printers and Publishers**

Member of the Canadian Weekly Newspaper Association.  
Member of Maritime Selected Weeklies

Subscription Rates—In British Empire, in advance, \$2.00 per year. To U.S. A. \$2.50 per year.

Advertising Rate Cards and information respecting territory and samples of paper mailed upon request, or may be seen at the office of any advertising agency recognized by the Canadian Weekly Newspaper Association.

Advertisers must have copy in by Monday noon in order to insure changes for standing advertisements. New display advertising copy can be accepted one day later.

Correspondence—Letters addressed to the Editor and intended for publication must be short and legibly written on one side of the paper only. The longer an article, the shorter its chance of insertion. All communications must bear the name of the writer, not necessarily for publication. The publication or rejection of articles is a matter entirely in the discretion of the Editor. No responsibility is assumed by this paper for the opinions expressed by correspondents.

## Editorial

Our pulpits are our work clothes. Each of us live some kind of a sermon every day.

### A FAIR DEAL FOR ALL

THAT THE way of the transgressor is hard has been found true in the case of H. P. Story, who has been sentenced to three years imprisonment in the penitentiary at Dorchester because of defalcations in the accounts of the office of the provincial secretary. Giving evidence in his own behalf the accused stated that he was forty-four years of age with a family and had entered the provincial secretary's office fifteen years ago as a general clerk at a salary of a thousand dollars. Since he entered the office his duties had increased nearly seventy-five per cent. and the amount of money handled had increased year by year. The conduct of the office has apparently been exceedingly loose, and the accused said that the shortage would never have occurred if the right procedure had been taken when the audit had been going on. He was in a position to make good the amount which had been taken and had open to him a position for which he was well fitted if given another chance. It was very properly held by the court that there was no ground for leniency and that the law must take its course. Meanwhile, however, those who in reality are responsible for the offence are not required to take their share of accountability and are rewarded by being exalted to high position and made the objects of special honor.

We have no disposition to condone law-breaking on the part of any person, but believe in a fair deal for all. Here is a case where a man is made responsible for the handling of from \$600,000 to \$700,000 per year with no complete supervision and for a compensation which must be regarded as far from adequate. The temptation was one that he was not able to withstand. This, as the crown prosecutor pointed out, is no defence. The laws must be duly regarded, but not to the detriment of any class. Only a short time ago a case was reported where a very serious defalcation in public accounts was reported, but the offender was allowed to escape punishment by restoring the missing funds. We cannot afford to have it said that in this country we have one law for the poor and impotent and another for the rich and influential.

### THANKSGIVING DAY

IT IS not only good manners it is also good discipline to return thanks for a favor received. He is, indeed, a poor creature who will not give at least a Thank You in recognition of a kindness of which he is the recipient. The habit of giving thanks is a good one and worthy of cultivation.

Monday of next week has been set apart as Canada's national Thanksgiving Day. It is not the purpose to crowd into one day our obligation to give thanks, but to dedicate a time especially for the purpose of thanks giving in order that as a people we may unite in a duty that is every day in the year ours.

We have very much to be thankful for. Who can estimate the value of a week's sunshine, of a day's rain, of an hour's health? These are gifts that we accept day by day as a matter of course and for which we often neglect to return our thanksgiving. Only when we are obliged to forego these blessings are we able in any sense to appreciate their worth.

In this good land which is ours we have much cause for gratitude to the Giver of every good and perfect gift for those things which in the passing seasons have been ours. He has filled our land with plenty and blessed the labors of our hands. His fatherly providence has not dealt with us after our sins, but has rewarded us according to the richness of his love.

At least we can be decently respectable enough to thank Him, who, alone, can bless the farmers' efforts with increase, that food enough and to spare has been accorded us.

As true honest-hearted citizens of our grand Dominion, "from the one sea to the other, from the flood unto the world's end", let us unite in raising the shout of praise:

"O give thanks unto the Lord, for he is good,  
For His mercy endureth forever."

### UNSATISFACTORY RESULT OF ELECTION

THE RESULT of the late federal elections is far from satisfactory to any patriotic Canadian. For the past four years we have been practically marking time because of the inability of the government in power to carry out any definite program. It was hoped that on October 29th the decision of the electors might be sufficiently pronounced to place in power an administration which might be able to grapple with every problem. The counting of the ballots, however, has demonstrated no great improvement in the conditions of government. In fact it may be said that the issue has become even more complicated.

The request of the King government that it be given a majority that would enable it to carry on has been met with a rebuff at the hands of the people, and their majority of one has been changed to a very decided minority. This cannot be taken as other than an intimation on the part of the electors that they will not have the King government to rule over them. On the other hand Hon. Mr. Meighen, the leader of the largest group, whose following in parliament has been increased from fifty members to a hundred and seventeen, is still considerably short of the required majority to assure the carrying on of a stable administration.

Just what the outcome will be is impossible to accurately predict, since the continued presence of a third group whose policy makes it logically impractical for them to support either of the old parties, has the effect of upsetting the parliamentary equilibrium necessary to promote the country's interests.

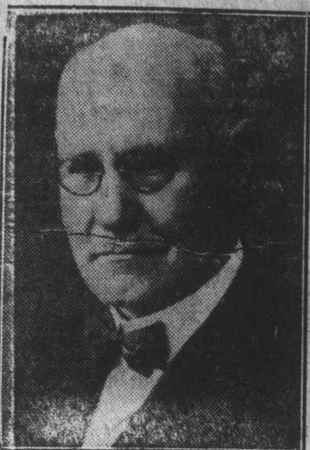
### ALL EMPIRE TRADE PUSH

IT IS all to the good that almost every shade of political thought in Great Britain is heartily supporting the All-Empire Trade Push which is in process of building up over there. Even some of the radical elements of the Labor party are urging that concrete methods be developed immediately for the opening up and expanding of Empire resources. The Financial News has this to say by way of a preface to a series of articles on opportunities in the Dominions: "Imperial development can no longer be left to the enthusiastic few but must be pushed into the forefront of the program of measures that are necessary for the restoration of British trade. Our industrial organization is an artificial structure built up on a basis of special advantages: First, the start that the brains of our predecessors gave us, and secondly, the low cost of production. Both these advantages we have lost. Fresh advantages can be found in the development of Imperial trade with markets that are sheltered

in our favor by ties of race, speech, sentiment, common habits and mutual advantage. Our future prosperity depends upon the courage and foresight with which we develop them. The mere arithmetical importance of Empire trade to our exporters is too little apprehended. The Empire takes 43 per cent. of the produce and manufactures of the United Kingdom, while between fifty and sixty per cent. of the total foreign trade of the principal dominions is done with us."

The highest hopes of those behind the movement may not be realized. At the same time if sentiment and self-interest can be united and developed in practical form in this connection, the British family should be able to strengthen its economic structure very considerably. But it should always be remembered that the housewife and the trader will respond more readily to the urge of self-interest than that of sentiment.

J. BRUCE WALKER



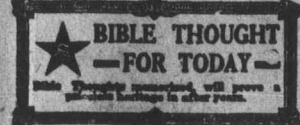
Newly appointed Director of European immigration for Canada in London. Mr. Walker, a former editor of the Brantford Expositor, started his immigration work in the regime of Sir Clifford Sifton as commissioner of immigration in Scotland and afterwards spent nearly fifteen years in Winnipeg in the same work during the great expansion of the west.

### CANADA'S STAND

Canada's position since the war has been a difficult one. The part she played in the conflict was both glorious and costly. Peace found her encumbered with debt, bereft of some of her best foreign markets and without any recompense in sight. Canada, in fact, was the only unit in the British Empire which did not draw a single prize from the Treaty of Versailles. German Southwest Africa was added to the South African Union; Australia was given mandates over various islands; Great Britain was able to write many substantial items on the credit side of the ledger when the peacemakers concluded their labors. But Canada, for geographical reasons, received nothing.

In the seven years that have elapsed, the Dominion has been emerging slowly from the economic depression which followed the war. The slowness of the recovery is to some extent a matter of choice. Canada has never indulged in short cuts to growth and prosperity. Her immigration policy has always been a cautious one, dictated largely by a desire to keep the original stock undiluted. In the past this was not difficult, as the bulk of the immigration moving to Canada came from the British Isles. Belief in Canada's frigidity, created partly by Kipling's unfortunate My Lady of the Snows verse, was too firmly established to attract the Latin, Slav and Near-East flood. The United States got practically all of it. Now that we have swung over to a sound principle of restriction and selection, however, Canada could take advantage of the situation growing out of our immigration law. But so far the Dominion has shown no tendency to throw open the gates. Canadians seem to feel that the wiser course is to grow slowly rather than to profit by a boom in population; and anyone who considers the problems that our old free and easy policy has created for us must applaud her decision.—Saturday Evening Post.

Antidote for tobacco smoke or smell of cabbage or any bad odor in the house—burn a tablespoon of cinnamon in a little thin paper on a dish; it will take away all bad odors.



NOVEMBER 6  
A MORNING PRAYER:—Create in me a clean heart, O God; and renew a right spirit within me.—Psalm 51:10.

NOVEMBER 7  
WHERE IS YOUR TREASURE?—Where your treasure is, there will your heart be also.—Matthew 6:21.

NOVEMBER 8  
SAFETY WHILE ASLEEP:—I will both lay me down in peace, and sleep: for thou, Lord, only makest me dwell in safety.—Psalm 4:8.

NOVEMBER 9  
A SONG OF THANKSGIVING:—Oh that men would praise the Lord for his goodness, and for his wonderful works to the children of men! O come, let us sing unto the Lord; let us come before his presence with thanksgiving. For he is our God, and we are the people of his pasture.—Psalm 107:25; 95:1, 2, 7.

NOVEMBER 10  
THE GLAD AWAKENING:—As for me, I will behold thy face in righteousness: I shall be satisfied, when I awake, with thy likeness.—Psalm 17:15.

NOVEMBER 11  
GOD'S PLAN FOR DISARMAMENT:—Many nations shall come, and say, Come, and let us go up unto the mountain of the Lord, and to the house of the God of Jacob; and he will teach us of his ways, and we will walk in his paths.

And he shall judge among many people, and rebuke strong nations afar off; and they shall beat their swords into ploughshares, and their spears into pruninghooks: nation shall not lift a sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more.

But they shall sit every man under his vine and under his fig tree; and none shall make them afraid: for the mouth of the Lord of hosts hath spoken it.—Micah 4:2-4.

NOVEMBER 12  
BE CHARITABLE:—Brethren, if a man be overtaken in a fault, ye which are spiritual, restore such a one in the spirit of meekness; considering thyself, lest thou also be tempted.—Gal. 6:1.

### CANADIAN APPLES FOR THE OLD COUNTRY

The crop of Canadian apples this year is better than ever, and what could be a more delightful remembrance from this side to our friends across the seas than a box of hand-picked and hand-packed Canadian apples. Your grocer can fill such an order and the Canadian National Express will transport and deliver, by quick service, to any station in Great Britain or Ireland, from Montreal or Quebec, up to November 15th, and from Saint John, N. B., and Halifax thereafter, at the rate of \$3.00 per standard box of apples not exceeding one cubic foot eight inches in measurement or fifty pounds in weight. Rate includes refrigeration on steamships. Consult any Canadian National Express Agent as to further particulars. 2-3i

Minard's Liniment for Colds.



## Why Pay More!

- Soda Biscuits, 15c. lb. Pails ..... 47c ea.
- Assorted Pastries, per lb. .... 40c
- Fig Bars, per lb. .... 25c
- California Oranges, sweet and juicy, 17 for ..... 49c
- Lemons, per dozen ..... 45c
- Grape Fruit, large and juicy, 5 for ..... 59c
- Cooking Figs, per lb. .... 16c
- Another chest of that Indo-Ceylon Tea, per lb. .... 65c

### SPECIAL PRICE

- Fry's Cocoa
- 1/2 lbs. 23c. 1/4 lb. 13c.
- Shelled Walnuts, 54c. lb. Shredded Coconut, 29c lb.
- Icing Sugar, per lb. .... 12c
- Pure Lard, 25c. lb. Shortening, 22c lb.

### SPECIAL PRICE

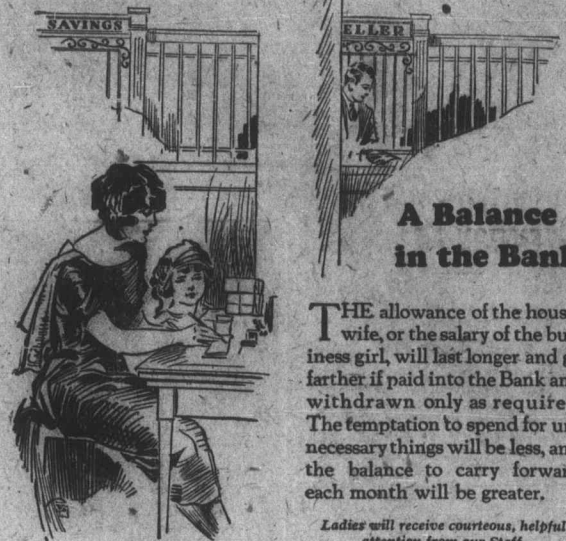
- Crisco
- 1 lb. 27c. 3 lb. 79c.
- Onions, winter keeping stock, 28 lbs. .... \$1.00
- Vinegar, best pickling, per gal. .... 35c
- Small lot White Pickling Onions, 2 bs. for ..... 25c

Buy Bread made in Wolfville.

We sell

Campbells and Youngs, 12c a loaf

**CALDWELL-YERXA LTD.**  
Phone 53 - Main Street



## A Balance in the Bank

THE allowance of the housewife, or the salary of the business girl, will last longer and go farther if paid into the Bank and withdrawn only as required. The temptation to spend for unnecessary things will be less, and the balance to carry forward each month will be greater.

Ladies will receive courteous, helpful attention from our Staff.

## The Royal Bank of Canada

Wolfville Branch - R. Creighton, Manager

Port Williams Branch - R. S. Hocken, Manager

## Westinghouse Diamond Lamps

25, 40 & 60 Watts, at 25c. each

Electric Upright Toaster, \$4.50

Electric Beaver Irons, \$3.75

Electric Parchment Shade Lamp, \$6.50

Quality Electric Wiring & Supplies

J. C. Mitchell

Kentville, Phone 251

Wolfville, Phone 320



Samples NOW Ready  
Order Early

## PERSONAL CHRISTMAS CARDS

Remember Your Every Friend  
This Christmas

They Mean So Much  
And Cost So Little

Our Cards Are The Best  
Values In Canada

ORDER NOW

The Acadian Store  
WOLFVILLE, N. S.

### HANTSPORN

Mrs. A. deWitt of Pictou, when of her sister, Mrs. (Rev.) dred Lawrence of her mother last week. Mr. and Mrs. from a motor week. Mrs. (Dr.) Sicut Master Don left ington, where t of Mrs. Sidey's E. Card. Miss Irma Pa of her friends to Monday evening. Miss Elsie Ch to the students evening.

Mrs. (Capt.) Hantsport on Y from a visit w She was accom her sister, Miss Mrs. Rand, o guest of Dr. an Mrs. E. R. C recently from friends in Bosto Mr. A. Kirkp the D. A. R., w two children, le fornia. They v rick's former h few days en rou sor, will be Mr. Mr. and Mrs for their guests Mrs. Cook, of Miss Ruth O' ed her friend, M Rev. H. Flann the pastor of Summerville and in Hantsport o Mrs. Dunbar friends on Satur an Interdenon "Christian Fund this week in T. P. E. I. At t Sidey, of Han McLeod, of Ken part.

The Hantsport half-holiday on A word of co given the teleph ing so assiduous election day.

Mr. and Mrs Verna Blois left on an auto trip Mrs. W. S. month in New turned home o Miss Gladys spent Sunday a Mr. and Mrs motored from D guests of Mr. Mrs. E. Lest Lovell, Mrs. daughter, Mr. Nellie Adams, Mrs. B. Dav Marsters were Friday via Yarr Mrs. F. Bur weeks in New Y Friday.

Mr. and Mrs fax, were Sund Mrs. A. McDou Mr. and Mrs. spent Sunday wi ing.

Miss Gladys friends at a Hal day evening. Mrs. Irene C on October 28th at the home of ker, Newport.

Mr. Alliston spent the week Hantsport. Mrs. John Da her daughter, New York.

Those who we on Tuesday eve an excellent pro the Moncton s club of New G Mileed Oulton, Burgess, of Ha several numbers Hallowe'en wa enjoyable mann Rebekah Lodge, rooms on Frida elaborately deco and all present which consisted contests. A deli Miss Doris Cu Yeaton were del church, Hantspo ple's Convention day of last wee tatives from all ville to Mt. Uni hall, pastor of also in attenda

Little Red we part!