The Beacon

A Weekly Newspaper. Established 1889.

Published every Saturday by

BEACON PRESS COMPANY

WALLACE BROAD, Manager.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

To all parts of Canada, per annum $1.50

To United States and Postal Union Countries, per annum $2.00

If payment is made *strictly in advance* a discount of 50 cents will be allowed in the rate of annual subscription.

The best advertising medium in Charlotte County. Rates furnished on application to the Publishers.

ST. ANDREWS, N. B., CANADA.

Saturday, 14th October, 1916.

PROGRESS OF THE WAR

[October 5 to October 11]

THE week under review witnessed intense activity on nearly all battle fronts of the war, and the result was satisfactory to the Entente Allies at most points.

In the Western campaign the British and French made further important advances both north and south of the Somme, and strongly held all the ground gained. The distance between the British line and Bapaume was considerably reduced; and the French were much nearer, both on the northwest and southwest, in their intended encirclement of Péronne. The German drive on Verdun would seem to have been abandoned, no progress having been made in that sector during the week. At several other points on the Western front hostilities were active, but with no resultant changes in positions.

Much interest attached to the Eastern campaign during the week in consequence of the fierceness of the fighting in Volhynia and Galicia, where the Russians made tremendous efforts to advance on Kovel and Lemberg. The approaches to these important centres were vigorously defended in great force by the Teutons; and though the Russians made some advance and captured thousands of prisoners, no decisive result was attained. The Russians and Rumanians made some progress in the extreme east of Transylvania; but in the south of that province the Rumanians had to retire before superior Teutonic forces, Kronstadt being abandoned.

In the Caucasian campaign the Russians began another advance, and with the assistance of the navy in the Black Sea, made considerable progress west of Trebizond. Elsewhere in this campaign there was much activity, the Russians scoring some successes.

The only report published during the week concerning the Campaign in Mesopotamia was the announcement of the retirement, through ill health, of Gen. Sir Percy Lake from the command of the British forces, his successor being Gen. F. S. Maude.

The week was without news of the campaigns in Egypt and East Africa.

The Balkan campaign was prosecuted with great vigor on the whole front from Albania to the River Struma, and at nearly all points the Bulgarians and their Teutonic allies had to give ground to the Entente forces. The Serbians made substantial progress towards Monastir. In the province of Dobrudja the Rumanians and Russians continued to oppose successfully the attempted advance of Bulgars and Teutons under Von Mackensen; and the Russian fleet bombarded Bulgarian ports on the Black Sea. The Allied fleet also bombarded the port of Kavala on the Aegean. The political situation in Greece continued to be in a state of uncertainty, the appointment of another cabinet affording no definite solution. Venizelos and other leaders of the revolutionary party arrived in Salonika to await some definite action on the part of the King and his pro-German advisers and sympathizers.

Fighting was very fierce in the Austro-Italian campaign at many parts of the front, and especially so in the Trentino and further north in the Alps, the Italians gaining important positions at high altitudes. Southeast of Gorizia the Italians resumed the offensive in their drive on Trieste, and made substantial progress. The news of this campaign occupies little space in the daily dispatches, but it is one of the most bitterly contested in the whole war.

The sensation of the week in submarine activities was the arrival at Newport of the German submarine *U-53*, and her subsequent torpedoing near the Narragansett lightship of six merchant vessels which were sunk. It is not yet definitely known if any lives were lost through the sinking of these vessels, but one of the boats from the torpedoed *Kingston* is said to be missing. A list of the vessels sunk by the *U-53*, the victims of other submarines, and the naval events, reported during the week, are given in "News of the Sea."

From the daily casualty lists appearing during the week it was apparent that the Canadians (including many New Brunswickers) were heroically taking their part in the great drive in Picardy. The need for better results in recruiting in Canada is becoming daily more evident; and the recruiting campaign in New Brunswick during the past week was verry disappointing, in view of the special efforts of Lt-Col. Guthrie and the other veterans who are assisting him. It is not apparent what more can be said or done to produce by voluntary enlistment the great number of men still required. However reluctant Canadians may be to resort to conscription, it would now appear to be inevitable. All await the pronouncement of the Board of National Service, whose Director-General, Sir Thomas Tait, put himself on record on August 4 last, at the Court House in St. Andrews, as an advocate of conscription.

PURITY, PELF AND POWER

The smoke of battle is clearing. After the election of Sept. 21 neighbours are beginning to speak one to another as "the tumult and the shouting dies." Yet those who voted with the Opposition continue to feel themselves for bumps and bruises; they still wonder how it all happened.

Why shouldn't it have happened?

Let us analyse the situation:

Five years ago, in a general Federal election, F. B. Carvell beat B. F. Smith by 11 votes. It is believed each party was equally equipped with "the sinews of war"—each had an equal chance to secure the purchasable vote. The result showed that, as many votes having been bought on one side as the other, the Liberals and Conservatives, those who vote for party, are about even in numbers. In the Smith-Simms election of Jan. 1915, the Opposition was armed with Purity while the Government candidate was backed by Pelf. Pelf won, giving Smith a majority of around 700 over Simms. There was no change in the purely party vote, hence we deduct that the vote that is "influenced," by cash or other considerations, numbers about 700. In the most recent contest we find nearly the same figures.

Thus, let us assume there are around 2211 Liberals in the county—dyed-in-the-wool and party-bound—and 11 less Conservatives, equally dyed and bound. A battery of machine guns would not turn this vote. But there is a little army—more than half a regiment—who will vote for the individual or the party that can offer the best graft, either cash down on election day, a job, an office, or preferment in some manner. In the late election the Government party had all this. The Opposition party had only Purity, and the negotiable 700 does not consider purity a commodity that it can use to its own enrichment. Purity has ever been the campaign slogan of all Opposition parties. It is proved poor stuff to secure votes with.

Purity in politics is an ideal, lovely in sentiment, and Heaven knows our politics need purification.

While we know the Opposition was absolutely sincere in its efforts to win the last two elections without the improper use of money, it is plain that speedy reform of an age-old abuse can not be obtained, but that reform must be commenced by the governmeht in power.

After the next general election the present Opposition party will control provincial affairs. We shall look to the new government to continue its reform policy, as we believe it will. The province, for its good, needs the elimination of graft and grafters and campaign funds, and a movement tending to the cutting off of the patronage system. But this reform can be brought about only by a government—never by an opposition. This seeming fact is lamentable, under the present state of affairs—with a government notorious from east to west for its record of graft.

The *Observer* does not wish to be considered profane, sacrilgious or eccentric if it suggests that the Opposition to be elected must let the Government choose the weapons; they must fight fire with fire. This is not highly moral, but it is sound sense, if to get elected is the main thing.

We venture to advise the Opposition to seek first the reins of government and then start the work of reform.

It is a bold man who burns his bridges behind him, but it is a foolish one who burns them before he crosses.—*The Observer*, Hartland, N. B. Oct. 4

*** The foregoing leading article from the Hartland *Observer* is one of the most extraordinary utterances we have ever read in any newspaper in any part of the British Empire, and if the statements made therein are true, it reveals a condition of affairs in Carleton County that is truly lamentable; and the advice tendered by the *Observer* to the party it supports promulgates a further contemplated degradation of the conduct of party politics in that County. We hope, for the good name of the County, that the statements made are perverted; and we further sincerely hope that the suggestions of the *Observer* for the use of corruption at the next election will be repudiated with emphasis and scorn by every other newspaper in Carleton County, whether Liberal or Conservative. A party that seeks to gain power by corruption will not scruple to perpetuate corruption in order to keep itself in power. And if candidetes of any party in Carleton Cou nty can only hope to secure their election by the use of corruption—by the purchase of a majority of the votes of the alleged 700 purchasable scoundrels, then the County ought to be disfranchised; for its representatives who are successful at the polls can only be said to owe their election to the amount of money they have spent for the basest purpose conceiveable—the corruption of the electorate.

We can assure the *Observer* that to "get elected" is not the "main thing." The main thing is to maintain purity in private life and in political affairs. It does not matter whether this or that party governs the country; but it does matter, it is of vital importance, that whatever party is dominant should gain and maintain its ascendancy by the purest political methods. The utterances of the *Observer* destroy all hope that the apostle of purity in political life will be forthcoming in Carleton County.—Ed. BEACON.

THE WEEK'S ANNIVERSARIES

Oct. 14.—Hastings, 1066. Jéna, 1806. Auerstadt, 1806. James II of England born, 1633; William Penn born, 1543; Sir William Harcourt born, 1827.

" 15.—Virgil, Latin poet, barn, 70 B. C.; Lucretius, Latin poet, died, 55 B. C.; The Gregorian Calendar introduced, 1592; Evangelista Torricelli, inventor of the barometer, born, 1608; Champlain arrived in Canada as Governor, 1612; Allan Ramsay, Scottish poet, born, 1686; Napoleon Bonaparte began retreat from Moscow, 1812; Hon. Martin Burrell, Minister of Agriculture, born, 1858; John L. Sullivan, pugilist, born, 1858; Rt. Rev. E. A. LeBlanc, Bishop of St. John, born, 1870; Dedication of Lincoln Monument at Springfield, Ill., 1874.

" 16.—Bishops Ridley and Latimer martyred at Oxford, 1555; Roger Boyle, Earl of Orrery, died, 1679; Noah Webster, lexicographer, born, 1758; Robert Fergusson, Scottish poet, died, 1774; Marie Antionette guillotined, 1793; John Hunter, eminent surgeon, died, 1793; Thaddeus Kosciusko, Polish patriot, died, 1817; Oscar Wilde born, 1854; Capture of Harper's Ferry, 1859.

" 17.—*St. Etheldreda.* Saratoga, 1777. Sir Philip Sidney died, 1586; F. F. Chopin, Musical composer, died, 1849; Siege of Sebastapol began, 1854; Lord Selborne born, 1859; Great Fire in Quebec, 1866.

" 18.—St. Luke, Evangelist. Matthew Henry, eminent divine and commentator, born, 1662; Richard ("Beau") Nash born, 1674; American Army disbanded by proclamation, 1783; Union of Norway and Sweden, 1814; Last English Lottery, 1826; Nikola Tesla, electrician, born, 1857; Lord Palmers- died, 1865.

" 19.—Yorktown capitulated, 1781. Leipzig, 1813. Sir Thomas Browne, author of *Religio Medici*, born, 1605, and died same day, 1682; John Adams, American statesman, born, 1736; Dean Jonathan Swift died, 1745; Leigh Hunt, poet and author, born, 1784; Henry Kirke White, poet, died, 1806.

" 20.—Navarino, 1827. Sir Christopher Wren, architect of St. Paul's, born, 1632; Copenhagen destroyed by fire, 1728; Lord Palmerston born, 1784; Red River Rebellion began, 1869; Statue of Liberty erected in New York Harbor, 1886.

LETTERS FROM THE FRONT

To Mrs. D. B. McCoubrey from son John

France, Sept. 9, 1916.

Dear Mother:

Your welcome letter reached me about half an hour ago, and I am getting busy at once and replying to it while I am not busy. We are not doing much to-day, in fact, resting, as we had a fairly long march yesterday and having another coming up tomorrow. We have made a move from our last quarters, and the country looks very different from the flat land and small hedged fields of Belgium. Here the country is open and rolling with considerable hills, and reminds me of the prairie country up toward the foothills. The impression is heightened by the fact that about the only crop is grain, and at present one sees everywhere, grain in stacks or shocks.

Before coming down here I heard about water being very scarce and that the people locked their wells and sold water. I believe it now though for I was unable to obtain a drink anywhere in a little village where we are at present. Of course our own water carts look after us in that respect, but sometimes one's bottle goes dry at the wrong time and then one has to rustle.

I wonder where Guy is now! We have not been near each other lately as the various divisions work on their own section of line, (at least such has been the case hitherto).

I just missed seeing some of my old pals from the North Thompson last time we came out. They are in the Seaforths from Vancouver and have just come over. They moved into the line the day before we came out, so I don't know when we will see each other.

We are some distance from the lines here, but can hear the guns and they have been pounding away pretty steadily all the past couple of days.

I have had a faint hope all along that there might be some leave before we left the salient for another part of the line, but that idea has received its quietus and I am of the opinion that there won't be any now till the winter makes things fairly quiet again. In any case we can cease to think of it for awhile.

Later—7 p. m. 10th, Sunday.

I did not get this finished before so will carry on with it now as I won't have an opportunity again. We are moving up to-morrow and I probably won't be able to send this till we come out again, so will probably write a little more then.

Now I will close and retire soon, as we start fairly early in the morning.

Will write to Mab and Willa when I come out again

As ever, love,
Jack

Letter to Miss Alger

Somewhere in France
Sept. 22, 1916

My Dear Teacher:—

Just a few lines to let you know that I am welland to-day I am thinking of St. Andrews. I met some of the St. Andrews boys the other night, and one of them was telling me that you gave him a small Testament before he came away, he still has it with him. Well, Miss Alger, some of the boys that I saw the other night have since gone to another world, but they did not die in vain as it was a terrible battle and the Canadians did their bit to a man. I suppose you read all about it in the papers. I have been very lucky so far. Well teacher, I suppose you have forgotten all about me by this time, but I still remember you and that black ash stick you used to have. Perhaps if you had not spared me so much I would have been a better boy, for I think I was a pretty hard case. I hope they are still enlisting men around St. Andrews, if some of them think what we are fighting for in this war there would be more of them come. I hope anyhow that they will fill up the places of the St. Andrews boys who have gone under. Well Miss Alger I cannot write anything about where I am or what I am doing, as the censor would not let the letter go, so I think I will have to cease firing for this time, so will say good-bye until the Kaiser gives up the idea of running this world. I remain,

Yours Very Sincerely
PTE. THOMAS QUINN
No. 121571
24th Battalion, C. E. F.,
2nd Division, 5th Brigade
France

A FRENCH HERO

Paris, Sept. 10.

Captain Dumas, after a life of honor and loyalty, on August 12 died for France—the death he had always desired.

This is the brief official epitaph of an amazing veteran hero of France, who started fighting at the age of 19, in 1867, and received, as a Pontificial Zouave, the first of ten wounds. He fought in 1870, and also on the southern Algerian frontier, in Tunis, on the Ivory Coast, in the Sudan, the Gaboons, on the Moroccan frontier, and in the Transvaal, and at the age of 66, endeavored to enlist at the beginning of the war. The French authorities refused him on account of his age.

Accepted in the Belgian Army, he was made prisoner, but escaped in time to fight at the Battle of the Marne, where he received six wounds; then he fought in the Dardanelles and in the Vardar Valley, where he was again wounded. Captain Dumas took part in the first days of the Verdun fighting and was again wounded, but he rejoined his regiment in time to take part in the Somme offensive, and was mortally wounded in the capture of Clèry on August 3.—*The Times*, London.

"Do the Germans ever leave anything valuable behind them in the trenches?"

Veteran—"Never a drop, mum!"—*Pal Mall Gazette.*

POINTER FOR LOCAL MERCHANTS

The adverting manager of one of the biggest mail-order houses in the country in a talk before the members of an advertising club recently gave some interesting information on how they secured much of their business. He said:

"We have a bureau whose duty it is to read each week the country newspapers from all over the country.

There is not a paper of any consequence in our trade territory that our bureau does not get. This bureau looks over these papers and when we find a town where the merchants are not advertising in the local papers, we immediately flood that territory with our literature. It always brings results far in excess of the same effort put forth in territory where local merchants use their local paper."

That is about the size of the mail-order situation. The local merchant who does not use his local paper for advertising has only himself to blame when worthwhile local business goes by the mail order route to New York and Chicago.

NEW BRUNSWICK'S CLAIM TO BETTER FOREST GUARDING

The remarkable success achieved during the past summer by the forest fire organizations in parts of Quebec and all of British Columbia gives promise of much improved forest conditions in New Brunswick when the authorities complete the forest service reorganization on which they are now working.

New Brunswick's forest lands cover over 18,000 square miles and from them the Government obtains an annual income of about $500,000. The production of lumber, shingles, lath and pulp wood in 1912 was nearly $7,500,000, not counting fire wood, fence posts, and other valuable derivatives of a timber supply. Neither does such an estimate take into account the contribution of the forests to New Brunswick's water powers, nor to the fertility of the farms. Protecting the forests is only another name for safeguarding the main sources of the province's prpsperity. Merchants, manufacturers, workmen, farmers, are quite as much bound up in maintenance of the tree-covered areas as the lumberman and the paper maker.

Sound systems of forest patrol, with modern equipment such as lookout towers, telephone lines, trails, etc. are vindicating all the claim make for them wherever such systems have been tried. The St. Maurice Forest Protective Association of Quebec, with 12,000 square miles to guard from constant ffre dangers, came through the past three years with an amount of timber loss, hitherto regarded as impossible. This was a matter of thorough organization, not luck or rainy weather. For forest experts doubt that New Brunswick can guarantee herself practical immunity from forest fires by adopting modern methods, as the Government now proposes.

MARRIED

CAMERON–DICK

Letite, Oct. 10.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. Stepheu Dick was the scene of a very pretty event on the afternoon of Wednesday, Oct. 4, when their youngest daughter, Mildred, became the bride of Bertram Cameron, of Mascarene, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Frederick Ross.

The bride was attractive in a gown of white silk crêpe de chine with shadow lace-trimmings, and wore a veil of embroidered net, caught up with orange blossoms.

The ronm was tastefully decorated with flowers, and the bride carried a shower bouquet of sweet peas.

Lohengrin's wedding march was beautifully rendered by Miss Violet Williamson.

After the ceremony refreshments were served, and the happy couple motored to St. George where they left on the Shore Line for St. John and other points.

The bride's travelling costume was of navy blue with hat to match.

The wedding gifts were numerous and costly, and testified to the esteem in which the young couple are held. The best wishes of a host of friends accompany the young people.

BORN

Stuart—Oct. 9, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Stuart, Montreal, a son.

OBITUARY

MATTHEW MCGUIGGAN

Death came suddenly on Monday night to Mr. Matthew McGuiggan, Queen street, aged 74 years. He had been in his usual good health until the evening when he was attacked by acute indigestion and his death soon followed. In the days when St. John oarsmen were renowned at home and abroad, Mr. McGuiggan was a member of what was known as the "Lower Cove Crew," and engaged in some closely contested boat races. He was well known throughout the city, and was highly regarded by all who knew him. His wife, one daughter, Miss Annie, teacher in St. Vincent's school, and one son, Thomas, and one brother, Mr. Michael McGuiggan, survive him.—*St. John Globe*, Oct. 10.

MRS. ARTHUR THURBER

On Tuesday, Oct. 2, the death of Mrs. Arthur Thurber occured at her residence on Water Street, after a lingering illness. Mrs. Thurber, who was a Miss Harmon, of Bocabec, was 36 years old, and leaves besides her mother, Mrs. Cammick, her husband and three young children to mourn her.

The funeral took place Thursday, Oct. 5, the service being conducted by the Rev. Mr. Amos.

Up-River Doings

St. Stephen, N. B., Oct. 11.

Mrs. A. E. Vessey has returned from a visit in St. John.

Mr. and Mrs. Godfrey P. Newnham and Miss Muriel Newnham, of Woodstock, who have been the guests of Archdeacon and Mrs. Newnham, have returned to their home.

Mr. and Mrs. George W. Daniel are occupying their new home in Calais.

Mrs. C. N. Vroom is visiting friends in the vicinity of Boston.

At a meeting of the Women's Canadian Club on Monday evening in the Methodist Vestry, Dr. Katherine Fraris, gave a most interesting descriptive address on her life among the Serbians, which was greatly enjoyed by all who heard it. Dr. Fraris had a number of sovenirs of that Eastern land that were most interesting especially the work done by the Serbian peasant women. After the address refreshments were served. Miss Eleanor Busby sang a solo and kindly responded to an encore. "O Canada" was sung and at the close of the evening the National Anthem.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Designed this year to adorn and enhance the good appearance of the tidiest kitchen in all Canada.

McClary's Kootenay Range

Come in and I'll show you why the Kootenay stays as good as new long after other ranges have to be repaired or replaced. 869

SOLD BY G. K. GREENLAW

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—I can recommend MINARD'S LINIMENT for Rheumatism and Sprains, as I have used it for both with excellent results.

Yours truly,
T. B. LAVERS,
St. John.

Gunner Jerome Bates, of the 72nd Siege Battery at Kingston, Ont., is visiting his mother and home friends before going overseas, and is most cordially welcomed home.

Mrs. W. F. Todd, Mrs. J. M. Murchie, Mrs. John E. Algar, Mrs. Fred Grimmer and Miss Mary Abbott, were guests of Mrs. D. H. Bates on a motor trip to St. Andrews on Thursday last and were registered during their stay at Kennedy's Hotel.

Mrs. Alice Osburn has returned to Calais from St. Andrews, where she spent the summer months.

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Grant has returned from a motor trip to Woodstock to visit their son, Lieut. Howe Grant.

Mr. C. Fred Holt, of Boston, is visiting his family in St. Stephen.

Mrs. Sarah Ferguson has returned from Portland, Me., and is at present with her daughter, Mrs. John Jones.

Mrs. Emma Adams left Calais last week to spend the winter with relatives in Winthrop, Mass.

Mrs. Frederick McWha entertained the Ladies' Club last Wednesday evening at the home of her mother, Mrs. A. A. Laflin.

Mr. Fred Young, of Greenville, Penn., is in St. Stephen visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Young.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Todd have been enjoying a motor trip to Houlton.

Mrs. D. H. McKay made a brief visit to Eastport last week.

Mrs. Ruth Clark and her daughter, Mrs. Arthur Laughlin, are in Saco, Me., visiting her sister, Mrs. Abbott.

Mrs. G. Skiffington Grimmer, of St. Andrews, is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Maxwell.

Mrs. Austin Budd and her young son, Grimmer, are guests of her parents, Mayor and Mrs. Parker Grimmer.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Woodard are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son on Thanksgiving Day.

Mr. and Mrs. C. Herbert Maxwell have returned from their wedding trip and are occupying their home on Armstrong St.

Judge George A. Gardner has resigned as a trustee of the Calais Saving Bank after holding the position for the past thirty years. His resignation was accepted with much regret.

A new flag pole, forty-two feet high, has recently been placed on the main building of the St. Croix Cotton Mill.

Mr. and Mrs. Harold Haley have returned from their wedding trip and are now occupying the pretty residence at the lower end of Prince William Street, owned by Mrs. Samuel Topping.

ST. GEORGE, N. B.

Oct. 11.

The St. George and Pennfield Agricultural Society held the annual fair at Spinney's Corner, Pennfield, on Tuesday. The exhibits were well above the average, and while a great many farmers have ceased to bring the products of the farm to the Fair grounds, the members who attend and exhibit are deserving of a great deal of credit. They prove that much can be done with the land in the two Parishes with a little care and attention. The sports, particularly the horse trot, were very exciting, Wm. Beanny, with his fast imported mare winning first money. Dancing was carried on to the "wee sma' hours." The different Churches gave lunches, the proceeds going to the Red Cross.

Joseph Murray and Thomas McGrattan, of H. McGrattan Sons, St. John, spent Thanksgiving in town. Thomas Sweeney and Louis McGloan were also here visiting relatives.

Miss Anna Curran and Mrs. Harold Goss invited about thirty of the friends of Miss Florence McLaughlin, who is soon to be the principal in an interesting event, to meet at the home of Miss Eva Chase on Monday evening last, where the bride to be was showered with a dainty china set of dishes. A most enjoyable evening followed, the presentation winding up with a delicious lunch of coffee and cake.

Miss Carrie Gillmor left this week for Toronto to resume her studies in voice culture.

The schooner *George D. Edmunds* is loading pulp at the public wharf.

While working on the wharf, on Monday last, Victor Reed, an employe of the Pulp Co., was stricken and for a time his condition was serious. He was removed to his home and is now under the doctor's care.

The music pupils of Miss Ethel McNichol gave a recital at the home of Mrs. T. R. Kent on Saturday evening last, and were royally entertained at a Maple Leaf Party. The musical programme ended with the chorus, The Maple Leaf Forever, after which refreshments were served in the dining room, which was decorated with maple leaves. After refreshments musical games were enjoyed and prizes awarded.

It Doesn't Pay

to buy inferior articles for home use, no matter how small the articles are

With Matches as with everything else, it pays to buy the best.

EDDY'S "Silent Parlor" MATCHES

will save your time and temper, for they are good strikers, safe, sure and silent.

— Always Ask For — EDDY'S

NOTICE

Take notice that Samuel Mason and Frank McMullon, doing business under the firm, name and style of F. W. & S. Mason at the Town of Saint Andrews County of Charlotte and Province of New Brunswick, Mattress Manufacturers, did on the fourth day of October, A. D. 1916, pursuant to the provisions of Chapter 141 of the Consolidated Statutes of New Brunswick, 1903, respecting assignments and preferences of Insolvent Persons, and amending Acts, make an assigment for the benefit of their creditors to the undersigned, J. William Richardson of the Town of Saint Stephen, Province of New Brunswick, Barrister-at-law, and that a meeting of the Creditors will be held at the office of the said J. William Richardson, Water Street, St. Stephen, N. B., on Thursday, the twentieth day of October, instant, at the hour of three o'clock in the afternoon for the appointment of Inspectors and the giving of directions as to the disposal of the estate and the transaction of such other business as shall lawfully come before the meeting.

And further take notice that all creditors are required to file their claims proven with the assignee within three months of the date of this notice unless further time be allowed by a Judge of the Supreme Court or County Court and that all claims not filed within the time limited or such further time (if any) as may be allowed by any such Judge shall be wholly barred of any right to share in the proceeds of the estate and that the said assignee shall be at liberty to distribute the proceeds of the said estate as if any claim not filed as aforesaid did not exist without prejudice to the liability of the debtors therefor.

Dated at the said Town of Saint Stephen, this fourth day of October, A. D. 1916.

J. WILLIAM RICHARDSON,
Assignee.

16-1w.

BEAVER HARBOR, N. B.

Oct. 9.

The Red Cross Society was very pleasantly entertained at the home of Mrs. Robert Barry on Wednesday evening.

Mr. Hilton Outhouse, who is attending school in St. John, spent Thanksgiving here with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lyman Outhouse.

Schr. *Viola Pearl*, Capt. Wadlin, sailed to-day for St. John with a load of dried fish for Mr. John Sealy.

John F. Paul, who has been engaged in a fish business at Argyle, N. S., is spending a few days at his home here.

J. Simpson Lord, of Deer Island, is in the village on business for a few days.

Mrs. Fulton Cross, of St. Andrews, is visiting friends here.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wadlin and Mrs. Alfred Wadlin motored to St. John on Thursday last.

Captain Oscar Outhouse has arrived home with a schooner load of coal from Parrsboro, N. S.

Mrs. Elias Bates and Mrs. Martin Eldridge have returned home from a pleasant visit in Campbellton, N. B.

Miss Ada Cross, of St. Andrews, is spending a few days with friends here.

FOR HIGH GRADE SHOES

For Men, Boys, Youths and Little Gents

CALL ON US.

PRICES RIGHT.

R. A. Stuart & Son

COAL

We have on hand all sizes

ANTHRACITE AND SOFT COAL

Cargo of Anthracite Coal due to arrive. Booking orders

WOOD

All kinds of Dry Hard Wood, sawed as required to any length from one to two feet. Also Spruce and Birch Edgings and Slab Wood

PRICES REASONABLE

Quoddy Coal Co., Ltd

Water Street, St. Andrews, N. B.

Phone 49-31.

H. G. BROWNING

PLUMBER AND TINSMITH

BICYCLES REPAIRED

Gasoline Lighting Systems

ST. ANDREWS, N. B.

Increased Cost of Efficiency

has compelled increased Rates of Tuition, beginning November 1.

Those entering this month entitled to present rates.

Rate card mailed to any address.

THE ST. JOHN Business COLLEGE

S. Kerr, Principal

STINSON'S CAFE AND BOWLING ALLEY

LUNCHES SERVED AT A MOMENT'S NOTICE

ICE CREAM

A Fresh Supply of Confectionery, Soft Drinks, Oranges, Grapes, Cigars and Tobacco always on hand

IRA STINSON

ST. ANDREWS

THE FALL TERM OF THE FREDERICTON BUSINESS COLLEGE

WILL OPEN ON

Monday, Aug. 28, 1916

Booklet descriptive of our courses of study and rates of tuition will be sent on application. Address

W. J. OSBORNE, Prin.

FREDERICTON, N. B.

A horse in the field is worth two in the barn. You can't prevent Spavin, Ringbone, Splint, or Curb from putting your horse in the barn but you can prevent these troubles from keeping horses in the barn very long. You can get

KENDALL'S SPAVIN CURE

at any druggists at $1 a bottle, 6 for $5, and Kendall's will cure. Thousands of farmers and horsemen will say so. Our book "Treatise on the horse" free. 115

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Demands that you call at my store for Prices before buying Footwear. Famous Red Rubber Boot, Goodrich, with Red Line around top, also in Black. The Famous Goodrich Red Boot for Youths and Boys, with Red Line around top. Rubber Boots for Ladies, Misses and Children. The Famous Old Elm and Gilt Edge Boots in Hip, Half-Hip and Short. Sewing Machines and Talking Machines cleaned and repaired; Belts, Oil, Shuttles, Needles and New Parts for almost every make of Sewing Machine. A Warranted Corn Cure 25c. per box. I have no rent to pay, and am satisfied with a small profit, so give me a call and be convinced. Open evenings. Three young lady clerks. Three private rooms to try on shoes, and the best assortment of Boots and Shoes at Lowest Prices offered in this vicinity. All cars pass my door.

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At the beginning of the Chapping Season it is well to know a good Toilet Cream. Our Witch Hazel Cream is good for soothing, healing and softening chapped and rough surfaces

PRICE 25c.

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STICKNEY'S

WEDGWOOD STORE

Amongst the pretty decorations in china this year is "Ye Ballads of Old England," viz. "Ye Leather Bottel," "Sally in Our Alley," "Come Lasses and Lads," "The Harvest Home," "Johnie's so Long at the Fair," "The Bailiff's Daughter of Islington," in Jugs, Trays, Salads, Bowls, etc.

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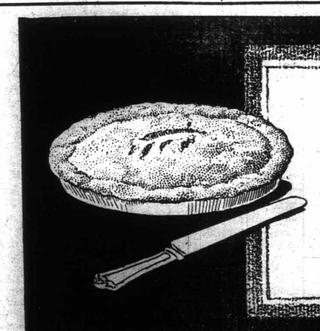

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Milled to perfection and smoother than silk,
Made of the finest and hardest of wheat,
Purity bread is an epicure's treat.
Deep is the longing which gleams in your eye
At the first view of a Purity Pie!

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