

flavored eggs than hens that have access to stable and manure heaps, and eat all kinds of filthy food. Hens feeding on fish and onions flavor their food accordingly, the same as cows eating onions or cabbage, or drinking offensive water, imparts a bad taste to the milk and butter. The richer the food the higher the color of the egg. Wheat and corn give the eggs the best color, while feeding on buckwheat makes them colorless, rendering them unfit for some confectionery purposes.

Different food makes different men also. In reading the above article the second time read *women* instead of hens and cows. Funny facts.

A man with whom the editor of this paper is very intimate, said the other day, that during the eight years he had lived in Hamilton, he had only found two men besides himself that was not afraid to express their own opinions unless the majority believed the same.

**HEALTH OF THE POPULATION IN NEWFOUNDLAND.**—In Captain Erskine's Medical Report he mentions that, at the different ports, 182 persons applied for medical advice during his first cruise, there being no doctor in any of them. The people must be remarkably healthy, most of the ailments not being of a serious character. At all events they enjoy an immunity from consumption and dyspepsia, there being only two cases of the former and four of the latter. Rheumatism seems to give most trouble. The doctor got some odd jobs at extracting teeth and prescribing for colds, "worms," "warts," and "whitlows;" but, on the whole, these 10,000 western settlers appear to enjoy an enviable share of good health in the absence of doctors and drugs. Only three cases of asthma are reported, one of "nervous debility," and one of paralysis. These stout squatters are evidently in a thoroughly peptic condition. The climate must be remarkably healthy. The doctor met but one case of ague.

**HOME LIFE A HUNDRED YEARS AGO.**—One hundred years ago not a pound of coal or a cubic foot of illuminating gas had been burned in the country. No iron stoves were used, and no contrivances for economizing heat were employed until Dr. Franklin invented the iron framed fireplace which still bears