IN THE HIGH SCHOOL ARITHMETIC

45. Cu. ft.=1728 cu. in. 3 ac.= $(3\times4840\times9\times144)$ sq. in. .: thickness= $\{1728 \div (3\times4840\times9\times144)\}$ in.= $\cdot0000918$ in.

46. If r is the radius, then $\frac{44}{7}r - 2r = 12$.

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47. Side of square = $\sqrt{14}$ in. ... dia. = $\sqrt{14}$... = $\sqrt{28}$ in. = 5.291 in.

48. Area in sq. ft. = $3 \times 3\frac{5}{8} \times 5\frac{8}{9} = 64\frac{1}{24}$.

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- 49. Rad. of end in ft. $=\frac{7}{44} \times 22 = 3\frac{1}{2}$ area of end in sq. ft. $=\frac{22}{7} \times \frac{7}{2} \times \frac{7}{2}$ no. of cu. ft. $=\frac{22}{7} \times \frac{7}{2} \times \frac{7}{2} \times 40 = 1540$ no. of cords = $1540 \div 128 = 12\frac{1}{30}$.
- 50. If side of cube be 1 in., when diminished it is $\frac{7}{8}$ in. ... new vol. = $(\frac{7}{8})^3$ cu. in. = $\frac{84}{512}$ cu. in. ... it is diminished by $\frac{169}{512}$ cu. in., &c.
- 51. Aisle+row of desks equal at least 44 in. Take one of the outside aisles of the with of the room. ... no. of $rows = (22 \times 12 \div 44) = 6$.
- 52. Space = $\operatorname{sq.} + \frac{1}{4}$ circle (rad. in.) + $\frac{1}{4}$ circle (rad. 6 in.) + $\frac{1}{4}$ circle (rad. 9 in.) + $\frac{1}{4}$ circle (rad. 12 in.) = &c. Peri. = $\frac{1}{4}$ circumference (rad. 3 in.) + &c.
- 53. No. of sq. ft. = $(90 \times 15 \times 8 \times 12 + 60 \times 12 \times 7 \times 14) \div 144 = 1450$, &c.
- 54. Dia. stick = $\frac{7}{22} \times 120$ in. = $38\frac{2}{11}$ in. If we deduct 10 in. for slabs and $\frac{1}{4}$ in. for cut, there will be left as many planks as cuts. \therefore every plank will require $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. \therefore no. planks equals the greatest whole no. in $(38\frac{2}{11} 10\frac{1}{4}) \div 2\frac{1}{4} = 12$.
- 55. Circumference = $\frac{4.4}{7} \times 12$ in. ... length of arc = $\frac{7.5}{8.60} \times \frac{4.4}{7} \times 12$ in. = $15\frac{5}{7}$ in.
- 56. Area of \triangle s in sq. ch. = $40 \times 23 + 40 \times 29 = 2080 = 208$ ac.