

TWO BILLION MARKS STRIKE MONEY SEIZED BY BELGIAN TROOPS

French Secure Additional Sums at Bochum and Dortmund to be Applied on Expenses of Occupation of Ruhr.

A despatch from Essen says:— Belgian troops have seized two billion marks in paper money in the printing plant of the General Anzeiger, Mulheim, in the Ruhr. This money is supposed to have been printed in the newspaper plant and intended for use by the strikers in the Ruhr district. Mulheim is the headquarters of the Stinnes works.

Additional sums, also supposed to have been printed for the striking workmen, were seized by the French at Bochum and Dortmund. All the money will be applied as part payment of the expenses of occupation of the Ruhr.

It is presumed by the French authorities that the Germans resorted to the printing of money on the spot because of the difficulties of transporting it into the occupied region without running the risk of having it seized. The plates were taken to Mulheim, according to the French theory, from Cologne or Dusseldorf, where there are branches of the Reich printing department.

The French are of the opinion that they have conclusive evidence of German plans for the secret printing of marks, with the purpose of paying idle workmen in the Ruhr. They have a check on all the money printed in Cologne and Dusseldorf, and thus are able to detect any irregularities.

A bomb was exploded at the railroad bridge near Duisburg on Friday in an attempt to destroy the structure, but the damage was slight. The French troops guarding the bridge fired several volleys at persons seen fleeing from the vicinity of the building, but failed to bring any of them down.

The funeral of the thirteen victims of Saturday's shooting at the Krupp plant has again been postponed, this time until early next week, in order to permit the French surgeons to re-examine the bodies. The wounded also will be re-examined by the French.

Bochum is again the storm centre of the Ruhr, because of repeated acts of individuals against the French troops and the continued refusal of the German officials to obey French army orders. Penalties have been imposed on the city, and French troops collected the fines by force.

The streets on which the banks are located were blocked by troops while a detachment went into the Reichsbank branch and seized 250,000,000 marks. This sum was from a fund sent into the city from Berlin to pay the French fine, but about a third of the fund was intended for payments in connection with the resistance movement, the French contend.



LADY ELIZABETH CHOOSES HER WEDDING CAKE
Lady Elizabeth Bowes-Lyon and the Duke of York visited a famous cake-making plant in Edinburgh recently when Lady Elizabeth selected designs for her wedding cake. The picture shows her being cheered on leaving by the factory hands.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.
Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, 1.25 1/2.
Manitoba wheat—Nominal.
Manitoba barley—Nominal.
All the above track, Bay ports.
—Am. corn—No. 3 yellow, 93c; No. 2, 91c.
Barley—Malting, 59 to 61c, according to freights outside.
Buckwheat—No. 2, 75 to 77c.
Rye—No. 2, 77 to 79c.
Peas—No. 2, \$1.45 to \$1.50.
Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$26; shorts, per ton, \$28; middlings, \$28.50; good feed flour, \$2.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, \$1.14 to \$1.16, according to freights outside.
Ontario No. 2 white oats—49 to 51c.
Ontario corn—Nominal.
Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat., in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$5.10 to \$5.20; Toronto basis, \$5.05 to \$5.15; bulk seaboard, \$4.95 to \$5.

14 1/2 to 15 1/4; tubs, 15 1/4 to 15 3/4; pails, 15 1/4 to 16 1/4; prints, 17 1/4 to 18 1/4.
Heavy steers, choice, \$7.50 to \$8; butcher steers, choice, \$7 to \$7.50; do, good, \$6.25 to \$6.75; do, med., \$5.25 to \$6; butcher heifers, choice, \$6.75 to \$7.25; do, med., \$6 to \$6.50; do, com., \$4.50 to \$5; butcher cows, choice, \$4 to \$5; do, med., \$3 to \$4; canners and cutters, \$1.50 to \$2; butcher bulls, good, \$4 to \$5; do, com., \$3 to \$4; feeding steers, good, \$5.75 to \$6.25; do, fair, \$5.50 to \$6; stockers, good, \$5 to \$5.50; do, fair, \$4 to \$5; calves, choice, \$10 to \$13; do, med., \$8 to \$10; do, com., \$4 to \$8; milch cows, choice, \$70 to \$90; springers, choice, \$80 to \$100; lambs, choice, \$14 to \$15.50; do, spring, each, \$8.50 to \$17.50; sheep, choice, \$8 to \$9; do, culls, \$4 to \$5; hogs, fed and watered, \$11 to \$11.15; do, f.o.b., \$10.25 to \$10.50; do, country points, \$10 to \$10.15.
MONTREAL.
Corn—Am. No. 2 yellow, 93 to 94c.
Oats—Can west, No. 2, 65 to 66c; do, No. 3, 60 to 61c; extra No. 1 feed, 58 1/2 to 59c; No. 2 local white, 57 1/2 to 58c.
Flour—Man. spring wheat pats., 1sts, \$7.10; do, 2nds, \$6.60; strong bakers', \$6.40; winter pats., choice, \$6 to \$6.25.
Rolled oats—bag of 90 lbs., \$3.10 to \$3.20. Bran—\$26 to \$28.
Shorts, \$28 to \$30; middlings, \$33 to \$35.
Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$13 to \$14.
Cheese—Finest easterns, 25 to 25 1/2c. Butter, choicest creamery, 48 to 48 1/2c. Eggs, selected, 36c. Potatoes, per bag, car lots, \$1.
Common bulls and cows, \$3 to \$4; calves, com. to med., \$5 to \$5.50; do, very thin, \$4.50. Hogs, good quality, \$11.75 to \$12; sows, \$8 to \$9; stags, \$5 to \$6.

Royal Family Sympathize With Lord Carnarvon's Son
A despatch from Cairo says:—The King of England telegraphed to Lord Porchester, son of the Earl of Carnarvon:
"The Queen and I learned with great regret of the death of your father, especially after the splendid fight which he made for his life. We offer you and your dear mother and family our sincere sympathy in your great loss."
(Signed) "George R. I."
Prince George wired Lord Porchester: "I am very sorry to hear of your father's death. Please accept my deepest sympathy."
George.

Sealing Vessel Brings Cargo of 11,367 Pelts
A despatch from St. John's, Nfld., says:—The steamer Sagona, the first of the Newfoundland sealing fleet to return from the ice fields, has just arrived with 11,367 pelts. She has been absent just four weeks. The Sagona reported that she made her catch 115 miles off Cape Race, and that the other vessels of the fleet now are working there. Unless conditions improve, the Sagona's will be the only paying catch among the fleet, as she is the smallest vessel, and least expensive to operate. The total kill of the entire fleet up to the present is 73,500.

RESTORED SIGHT LOST IN INFANCY

Chicago Surgeons Graft New Eyelids on Ten-Year-Old Girl.

A despatch from Chicago says:— Virtually blind from infancy, a 12-year-old girl, whose name is withheld for the present, has been provided with a new pair of eyelids, grafted on by nine operations, and the now is learning to read and write at the State Eye and Ear Infirmary. The new eyelids respond to muscular control quite as well as though they were natural. There is but a slight trace of the surgery, and it is said this will eventually disappear.



Carnarvon Dies at Cairo.
Lord Carnarvon, the joint discoverer of King Tutankhamen's tomb, who was reported as recovering from an attack of poisoning said to be due to mosquito bites, has succumbed to the malady. There is much speculation upon the effect of tomb poisons and old Egyptian curses in their relation to his death.

For days after the surgeons had done their delicate plastic work, the girl's eyes were bandaged. On the day the bandages were removed she saw her parents for the first time. Since then she has made rapid progress in learning to read and write. Her recovery is now considered complete, and she will be sent home and will attend school regularly, as she is able to study several hours without eye fatigue.

Six Hundred Cases of Typhoid at Cochrane

A despatch from Cochrane says:— The number of cases of typhoid in town has reached 615, and there have been 19 deaths in the epidemic, according to official figures available on Friday.

The Armenian Relief Association of Canada has purchased a farm of 135 acres near Georgetown, Ontario, and will bring out to it in May the first of fifty Armenian boys, who will be trained in farming and fruit growing. Another party of fifty will be brought out in September if friends of the Armenians supply the necessary funds. All the boys are orphans whose parents were killed by the Turks.

NEW DOCTRINE WILL HALT THE WORLD'S PLUNGE INTO MATERIALISM

National Conference on Education and Citizenship Held at Toronto Deals With Problems Following War Experiences and Period of Uncertain Peace.

A despatch from Toronto says:—A new element is moving into the world's educational systems, said speakers at the National Conference on Education and Citizenship at Massey Hall Friday night. It was the outcome of five years of bitter experience on battlefields and four years of uncertain peace. Personality is to be developed and patriotism is to transcend the bounds of nationalism. A new doctrine, yet on old one, will halt the world on the verge of the abyss of materialism—it is the Christian ideal of moral transformation, said Rev. Dr. Cody. Materialism has failed. It has brought nothing but untold misery, bloodshed and new hatreds.

The world needs better men—men who reverence the personality of others as well as their own. Before systems of government can be reconstructed, before educational systems can be rebuilt, there must be a new value placed upon personality. Rigid forms and curricula have proved failures as educational methods. Freedom and an approach to the realities of life are to take their place, according to Sir Michael Sadler. The mother-tongue must be the instrument to convey knowledge to the child, and education must become the training for life, and not the training for efficiency.

Hon. E. C. Drury tendered his congratulations upon the wonderful success of the convention. "It means something," he said, "that men and women interested in the most vital of all questions in our nation should be gathered together from all our Provinces to discuss the great and large problems with which we are faced. I believe that the problem of education in its relation to life and citizenship is absolutely the greatest problem, and the one upon the solution of which depends the solution of all our other problems in Canada to-day."



Gets Death Sentence.
Former President Radoslavoff of Bulgaria, who, with five other members of his war cabinet, has been condemned to death by a Bulgarian court for taking the country into war on the side of the Germans. They have also been condemned to pay war damages totalling about 33 million lra. Radoslavoff has fled the country.

GLASGOW GREET'S FIRST SHIPMENT IN THIRTY YEARS OF CANADIAN CATTLE

Banquet Attended by Celebrities From All Parts of Britain—Steer Nets £500 for Unemployment Fund.

A despatch from Glasgow says:— The first shipment of Canadian store cattle to arrive in Scotland in thirty years reached Glasgow last week and was received by an enthusiastic gathering of cattlemen, farmers and a special reception committee appointed by the City of Glasgow. The shipment consisted of consignments by the Harris Abattoir Company, Toronto; the United Grain Growers, Limited, Winnipeg; and H. P. Kennedy, Limited, Toronto, the last named firm acting as representatives for the United Grain Growers in the handling of their store cattle for export.

P. J. Irwin, representative for H. P. Kennedy, in Glasgow, cabled that on the shipment being unloaded, a Canadian steer, valued at 35 pounds for ordinary market purposes was selected and turned over to the public reception committee by whom it was sold at auction for the sum of 500 pounds sterling, and the money turned over to the Unemployment Fund of the City of Glasgow. A banquet in honor of the arrival of the first shipment of Canadian store cattle was held, with celebrities from all parts of Great Britain in attendance.

REGULAR FELLERS

I'll tell you what, I'll eat the apple and give you the seeds and then you can plant the seeds and have a whole orchard for yourself.

COMMONWEALTH INVESTMENTS LIMITED

Write for List of Current Investment Opportunities

CANADA CENTRAL BLDG. 85 MELINDA STREET
MONTREAL TORONTO
502 JACKSON BUILDING
OTTAWA



Mrs. Kemal Pasha.
The leader of a new era for Turkish women. Mrs. Kemal Pasha, the wealthy bride of the Nationalist leader, has not married in Turkish fashion. Kemal has no harem, and his wife dresses in European fashion, entertains both men and women, and accompanies her husband to all public functions.