MIRAMICHI ADVANCE.

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BUSINESS NOTICE.

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The MIRAMICHI ADVANCE being the large circulation distributed (principally in the Counties of Kent, Northumberland, Gloucester and Restigouche (New Brunswick) and in Gaspe, and Gaspe, (Quebec) among contractors engaged in Lumbering, Farming and Agricultural pursuits, offers superior inducements to advertisers. Address

Editor Miramichi Advance, Chatham, N. B.

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PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION.

It has permanently cured THOUSANDS of cases pronounced by doctors hopeless. If you have premonitory symptoms, such as Cough, Difficulty of Breathing, &c., don't delay, but use PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION immediately. By Druggists. 25 cents.

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Robert Murray
BARRISTER-AT-LAW,
Notary Public, Insurance Agent, ETC ETC., ETC.
CHATHAM N B

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Barrister-at-Law
NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC
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BARRISTERS,
Attorneys Notaries. Conveyancers, &c
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ATTORNEY & BARRISTER NOTARY PUBLIC
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AND
MERCANTILE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

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AND
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Solicitor of Bank of Montreal,
CHATHAM N. B

Hotels.

WAVERLEY HOTEL.
NEWCASTLE, - - - - - - - - - MIRAMICHI, N B
This House has lately been refurnished and every possible arrangement made to ensure the comfort of travelers
☞ LIVERY STABLE, WITH GOOD OUTFIT ON THE PREMISES.
ALEX. STEWART,
Late of Waverly House, St. John. Proprietor.

Canada House,
Corner Water and St. John Streets,
CHATHAM.
LARGEST HOTEL IN CHATHAM.
Every attention paid to
THE COMFORT OF GUESTS.
Located in the business centre of the town. Stabling and Stable Attendance first rate.
WM. JOHNSTON,
PROPRIETOR

REVERE HOUSE.
Near Railway Station,
Campbellton, N. B.
formerly the Dufferin Hotel, kept by Mrs. Grogan
Comfortable accommodation for permanent and transient guests. Commercial Travellers will also be provided with
Sample Rooms.
GOOD STABLING on the premises.
Daniel Desmond
Proprietor.

ADAMS HOUSE
ADJOINING BANK OF MONTREAL,
WELLINGTON ST, CHATHAM, N. B.
This Hotel has been entirely Refurnished throughout and every possible arrangement is made to ensure the Comfort of Guests. Sample Rooms on the premises.
TEAMS will be in attendance on the arrivals of all trains.
GOOD STABLING, &c.
THOMAS FLANAGAN. Proprietor

Dunlap, Cooke & Co.
Merchant Tailors,
AMHERST - - N. S.
Our representative visits the different towns on the North Shore every two months; an inspection of our samples is respectfully solicited.
Dunlap, Cooke & Co.
Amherst, May 31, 1889.

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM
CURES COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, ETC.

Z. TINGLEY,
HAIRDRESSER, ETC.,
HAS REMOVED
TO THE
SHAVING PARLOR
to the Building adjoining the
N. B. Trading Co's Office, Water St.
He will also keep a first-class stock of
Cigars, Tobaccos, Pipes, and Smokers' Goods generally.

General Business.

Teas, Sugar, Beef, Pork, Bacon, Hams, Flour and Meal,
and all other things generally found in a Grocery.
—ALSO—
Milk Pans, Butter Crocks, Bean Crocks, Jars, Cups & Saucers, and Glassware in variety.
All of which I will sell Cheap
☞ Highest prices given for Butter & Eggs.
WM. FENTON.

ATTENTION!
Great Reduction
in prices of
Dry Goods & Groceries
LOWER THAN EVER!
at F. W. RUSSELL'S,
BEAR BROOK

NEW GOODS.
NEW CLOTHING. NEW CLOTHING.
I have the largest and best stock of
MEN'S BOYS AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING
ever shown in Miramichi. If you want a SUIT, COAT, PANTS or VEST it will pay you to call and get them.
NEW HATS. NEW BOOTS.
In Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes you will find good assortment and prices low.
NEW DRESS GOODS. NEW.
My stock of dress goods is not so large as usual but what I have is nice and extra good value.
New Prints. New Muslins.
The Prints this year are in many new designs and low in price, also Colored and White Muslin.
New Sunshades. New Gloves.
SUNSHADES: They are good, large sizes with nice handles.
GLOVES: Another lot, 4 buttoned Kids, Heavy stitched in Black and Colored, also Silk and Lisle Gloves and Mitts in great variety.
NEW JERSEYS NEW SHAWLS
In Black and Colored. Very cheap. New Staple and Fancy Dry Goods of every description.
NEW. NEW. NEW.
Teas, Tobaccos, Guns, Revolvers, Trunks Valises, Room Paper, etc..
THE CHEAP CASH STORE.
JAMES BROWN.
Newcastle, May. 24th, 1889.

PIANOS.
The Subscriber having taken the Agency of the Emerson Piano, the best and cheapest in the States, and show Catalogue Prices and a sample Instrument to say requiring one.
A. W. S. SMYTHE.

"THE FACTORY"
JOHN McDONALD,
(Successor to George Cassady)
Manufacturer of Doors, Sashes, Mouldings
AND—
Builders' furnishings generally.
Lumber planed and matched to order.
BAND AND SCROLL-SAWING.
Stock of DIMENSION and other Lumber, CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
THE EAST END FACTORY, CHATHAM, N. B

HAGYARD'S YELLOW OIL
CURES RHEUMATISM

FREEMAN'S WORM POWDERS
Are pleasant to take. Contain their own Purgative. Is a safe, sure and effectual destroyer of worms in Children or Adults.

SQUAR, TOBACCO, and TEA.
IN STORE AND TO ARRIVE:
1,000 Packages Above Goods,
FOR SALE BY
C. M. Bostwick & Co.

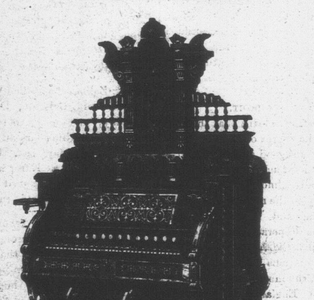
WARNING!
All persons are hereby warned against trespassing upon the land known as the Nelligan property in the Hardwoods in the Parish of Hardwicke and on the Bay shore, by cutting trees of any kind thereon, as such persons will be punished by law.
MRS. PATRICK WALSH.
Oct. 9th 1889.

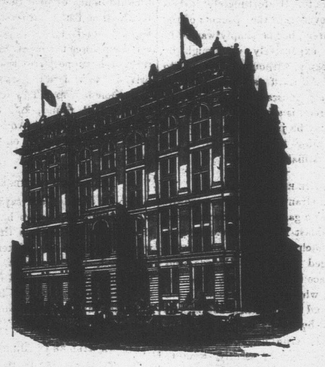
TO LET
Office over Bank of Nova Scotia Benson Block
Apply
M. S. Benson,
Barrister.
Chatham, Sept. 5th 88.

NEW GOODS.
Just arrived and on Sale at
FLANAGAN'S
Upper and East End Stores.
Dry Goods,
Ready Made, Clothing
Gents Furnishings,
Hats, Caps
Boots, Shoes &c. &c.
Also a choice lot of
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.
GARDEN AND FIELD
SEEDS IN VARIETY.
☞ I intend to sell Cheap for Cash.
ROGER FLANAGAN.

HEAR! HAIR!!
1000 Bushels Plastering Hair.
ENOCH FLETT,
Nelson Steam Tannery.

GENERAL BUSINESS
DANIEL PATTON,
ST. JOHN, N. B.
—DIRECT IMPORTER OF—
WINES of all kinds,
BRANDIES case and in wood,
WHISKEYS, GIN, etc.
Stock in hand consists of importations from Epernay, Coblenz, Bordeaux, Xeres de la Frontera Oporto, Tarragona Cognac, London, Dublin and Glasgow, besides those from all Canadian, Centres of production.
☞ Mail orders promptly shipped.
SMYTH STREET - - - - - - - ST. JOHN.

GEO. A. CUTTER,
WATER ST. - CHATHAM, N. B.
—DIRECT IMPORTER OF—
PRICES LOW—TERMS EASY.

SEND FOR CATALOGUE.
PIANOS, ORGANS, & SEWING MACHINES.
Thomas, Bell and Dominion Organs.
EVANS BROS., BELL, DOMINION, NEWCOMBE & HEINTZMAN PIANOS.
Leading Canadian and American Sewing Machines.
Violins, Accordeons, Sheet Music and Music Books.

THE MUTUAL LIFE
INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF NEW YORK.
RICHARD A McCURDY, - - - PRESIDENT.
ASSETS, - - - $126,082,153.56.
Its business shows the Greatest Comparative Gain made by any Company during the past year.
THE LARGEST AND BEST

Life Insurance Co. in the World.
THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. has Paid to Policy-holders since organizing $272,481,-239 320.
The wonderful growth of the Company is due in a large degree to the freedom from restriction and irksome conditions in the contract, and to the opportunities for investment which are offered in addition to indemnity in case of death
The Distribution Policy of the Mutual Life Insurance Company is the most liberal contract offered by any company and produces the best results for the Policy-holders.
JOHN S. STEARNS, General Manager, Halifax, N. S.
WARREN C. WINSLOW, Agent, Chatham, N. B.

SAY! JUST READ THIS.
WHAT YOU CAN GET AT THE
Newcastle Drug Store.
PLUSH GOODS,
—CONSISTING OF:—
Brush and Comb Cases, Ladies' and Gents' Dressing Cases Shaving Cases, Glove and Handkerchief Boxes, Perfumery Cases, Baby Dressing Cases, Manicures, Clocks, Mirrors (set in Plush), Wall Pockets, Photo Frames. Perfumery Boxes and Baby Dressing Cases are Musical and play two tunes each.
SILVERWARE,
—CONSISTING OF—
CARD BASKETS, BREAKFAST CRUETS SALTS, ETC.
—ALSO—
Cups, Vases, Toilet Sets, Fancy Moustache Cups, Cut Glass Bottles Chinese Lanterns, Japanese Fire Screens, Bronze Clocks, Smokers' Sets, Cribbage Boards, Ink Stands, Work Baskets (German,) Perfumery in Fancy Bottles.
There is the largest and best assortment in Miramichi at the
NEWCASTLE DRUG STORE.
NEXT NEW POST OFFICE.
Newcastle. Dec. 11th 1886. E. LEE STREET, PROPRIETOR

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM, N. B. - - - NOVEMBER 7, 1889.

GENERAL NOTES AND NEWS

"The path of prohibition is strewn with soda fountains," bellowed the spread eagle temperance orator, and then spoiled the effect of his speech by an involuntary wink.

Thirty Years Ago.

OVER 30 years ago there was placed upon the market a remedy designed to relieve pain and capable of either external or internal use. From the first it has had wonderful success, and hundreds testify that Haggyard's Yellow Oil cures rheumatism, sore throat, sprains, croup, cuts, bruises, and all pains and aches.

Four Peruvian revolutionary officers have been captured and will be shot.

Mr. Davitt concluded his great address before the Parnell commission last Thursday.

A Corrupt System.

BAD blood may corrupt the entire system and cause scrofulous sores, swellings, ulcers, salt rheum, erysipelas, sore eyes and skin diseases, as shingles, tetter, etc. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies the blood and cleanses, tones and strengthens the entire system.

Chief Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, is opposed to the federation idea.

A despatch states that the revolution in Guatemala has ended in the triumph of the Government, and that all prisoners have been shot.

Hints For Winter.

WHEN attacked by a cough or cold, hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis, croup or influenza, the successful experience of thousands of families who have used it regularly for all such troubles during many years, suggests the use of Hagyard's Pectoral Balsam—the old, reliable household favorite.

Edward Spellman, an important witness in the Cronin case, has disappeared from his home in Peoria, Ill., and nobody knows where he is.

Irritable People.

PEOPLE are often irritable by reason of some exasperating skin disease which destroyes comfort and good humor. Salt Rheum, nettle rash, erysipelas, pimples, scald head, etc., are of this nature, they arise from bad blood, and can be cured by using Burdock Blood Bitters according to directions.

Hon. Jesse M. Bowell died yesterday at Pittsburg. His skull was crushed by a stone thrown by Capt. Decatur Abrahams at Bell Vernon, Pa., last month. The captain is in jail.

Found At Last.

FOR many years I suffered from croup but at last found a remedy for it in Hagyard's Yellow Oil, so that I am now free from croup entirely, and recommend Yellow Oil to all others who suffer from the same disease.

MAGGIE McLEOD,
Severn Bridge, Ont.

A Chicago despatch says the C. P. R. will have a line of steel steamships, to be the finest craft on the lakes, running between Chicago and Owen Sound before the season of 1890 closes.

Wealth Cannot Buy It.

HEALTH is not purchasable. The saddened soured dyspeptic, or the bilious billionaire suffer, despite their wealth. Burdock Blood Bitters is a rational remedy for dyspepsia, biliousness, constipation, scrofula, debility, etc., and every complaint arising from indigestion or bad blood.

A despatch from Middletown, N. Y., says an English syndicate is after all the cheese factories in that district, and that C. B. Ryan, of Ingersoll, Ont., as agent for the syndicate, is quietly feeling the pulse of factory owners in the upper counties of the State.

If the Sufferers from Consumption,

Scrofula and General Debility will try Scott's Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil, with Hypophosphites, they will find immediate relief and a permanent benefit. Dr. H. V. Mott, Brentwood, Cal., writes: "I have used Scott's Emulsion with great advantage in cases of Phthisis, Scrofula and Wasting Diseases. It is very palatable." Sold by Druggists, at 50c. and $1.00.

A Methodist preacher went into the town of Axtell, Kansas, the other day and preached strongly against Roman Catholics, who compose the bulk of the population. The Catholics became enraged and threw the preacher out of the house. Several Catholics were arrested, and the indications of a serious riot are so formidable that a company of militia has been ordered there from Topeka.

Fish Wanted by
C. P. Curtis & Co.,
GENERAL
COMMISSIO MERCHANTS,
176 ATLANTIC AVENUE,
BOSTON - - - MASS.
All the Smelts, Trout, Bass, Eels and all kinds of Fresh Fish in their seasons, as soon as possible to supply their wholesale trade. Ship early and often.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC!
The subscribers have just received for sale, cheap
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND OATS,
Sugar Cured
HAMS & BACON,
Spiced Beef Hams,
Timothy and Clover Seed.
They keep on hand a full line of
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
LIME & COAL.
At lowest market rates.
☞ GILLESPIE & SADLER.
Chatham, 5 May7th 1889.

HALIGONIAN DAYS.

A Yankee in the Canadian Maritime Provinces.

OF THE MIDSUMMER CARNIVAL.

An Exciting Sham Battle—Halifax Theoretically Attacked and the Enemy Repulsed—Ideal and Real Geology—Nova Scotia's Involved Strata.

August opened with a great stir in military and naval circles, for the midsummer carnival was on; the great British war vessel Bellerophon lay some time in the harbor and was joined by others. Two French men-of-war also came in, and there were extensive preparations for a great shkin battle, review and naval display. By the courtesy of the local press, I spent some hours on the Bellerophon—the officers pronounce this Beller-o-phon and the sailors call it the "Billy Ruffian"—and it was almost a liberal education in that line. The vessel is 330 foot long and manned by over 400 sailors and marines, besides the officers; and all ranks received our editorial party and conducted us over the vessel with a deference and courtesy which confirmed the statement of many writers that the British navy is the home of gentlemen.

As to the carnival, has it not already been described a dozen times? The most exciting part of it to me was the battle, the marines attempting to land under the protecting fire of their gunboats, the heavy shore batteries answering the bombardment and the red coats, posted for two miles along the hills, repulsing the marines, the thunder of the sea echoed from the hills and the echo mingled with the crash of shore batteries, the signal corps telegraphing from all commanding points, and on the highest hill Sir John Ross directing the defense—it was really quite exciting. And when a "retreat" was sounded from the gunboats and the launches turned and rapidly carried the marines out of rifle range, it was so much like beating off a real enemy that the onlooking thousands raised a cheer which sounded for miles over the green slopes and granite cliffs, and wild hilarious joy swelled the hearts of the Haligonians.

By the way, why "Haligonian?" The etymology of the name seems obscure, and in fact they had some trouble to get up a good title for a citizen of Halifax. The natural title, of course, was Halifactor, but the sound of that would not do at all, though it would have just suited the New Englanders of 1783, who notified the Tories to "Go to hell or Halifax." "Acadian" was too general—it included not only the whole province, but all eastern New Brunswick as well. So they took the next letter after the f of Half——, and invented the word Haligonian. Judge Haliburton, "Sam Slick, the Clockmaker," the best humorist the province has ever produced, made it popular, and it is now proudly worn. "Acadie" is the Micmac Indian for "abundance," "plenty of," and is the termination of many local names in the two provinces, as Shubenacadie—"plenty of roots," that valley being noted for potatoes.

HALIBURTON.

The Nova Scotians are not a humorous people. I might say they are a very serious people indeed. Though there is much culture, many fine libraries and several good writers—indeed, there are several histories of the province as good as many of our states can boast of—there has been but one noted humorist, the author of "Sam Slick," and his humor is now considered rather heavy. I have heard it maintained that the seriousness was due to the climate, but I laid it to the race until I found on inquiry that it is exceedingly difficult to tell just what race did settle Nova Scotia.

It seems to have been settled slowly by the remnants of many peoples and factions. First the "planted French," then the Acadian colonists, and after them the superannuated fishermen from Newfoundland; then the British got the country and brought exiled Germans of the Palatinate, the remnants of Hessian and Scotch regiments, Irishmen who had to be indemnified for losses sustained in the old wars, and discharged soldiers and officers retired on half pay, and last of all came some 14,000 American Tories, and more than doubled the population of the province in a year. All fused readily into one homogeneous people except the Highland Scotch, located on Cape Breton Island. They remain separate and apart to this day, and so furnish material for Dudley Warner's "Baeddeck and That Sort of Thing." The people in rural Nova Scotia live well and enjoy robust health, are most hospitable and ceremoniously polite, but they do not joke, and if one perpetrates the average American witticism in their company they stare inquiringly for a moment, and then glance at each other as if to ask, "What does the gentleman mean?"

Of all the people in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick none strike the American visitor with such painful surprise as the negroes—or, rather, the "colored," for they are shaded down considerably. They have been free from 50 to 150 years, and have had all the privileges of British subjects. They received the same land grants, stock and rations as other settlers of 1783, etc., and we have always been told that among English people

MICMACS IN HOLIDAY DRESS.

there is no prejudice on account of color. Here then, one would say, there should be fine results. They are, in fact, far, far inferior to the average of their race in the States, and the descendants of those who came in 1783 are rather the poorest of the lot. The negroes of middle Georgia excel them as far as the white Aryan of Boston excels the brown Aryan of Hindostan. The life of some of their settlements cannot be portrayed without offense.

When slavery was abolished in the British West Indies there was a Maroon rebellion in Jamaica, headed by a talented black called King Cudjoe. The British prevailed on him and his army of 500 to surrender and brought them to Nova Scotia. Many of them soon went to Liberia and finally returned to Jamaica; the others located at a place now called "Maroon Hill." I visited their settlement, but shall not venture to describe it. In all our southern country I know of but two places to compare with it. Another settlement a few miles away was described by the rector of the parish as so very bad that he begged me not to go near it. On the other hand, the "Lucas Settlement," of negroes from Virginia and North Carolina, brought after the war of 1812-15, is almost an average. I fancy that the climate has depressed the African nature—taken all their native gayety without implanting British energy.

I delight in general geology, but I am suspicious of fossils; so I greatly enjoyed a few days run in the coal fields and old rocks of Nova Scotia, where there is so much that is practical and so little theory. And, by the way, I think the average citizen, not deeply rooted or grounded in the matter, is suspicious of fossils—there is so much speculation to one stone rib. Despite all the scientists have written and said, there is still a very extensive skepticism as to the science, and the ordinary citizen thinks that if those horrible creatures with ponderous names ending in "don" and "saurus" really did exist, it must have been at an era when the Creator was letting creation run itself and nature was in a chronic state of delirium tremens.

FALLS OF THE TARTAGUE RIVER.

It is all very well for Mr. Waterhouse Hawkins to "reconstruct" a pre-adamite monster from one solitary jawbone or fragmental vertebræ, and to tell us with the cool assurance of an eyewitness how the ichthyosaur and the deinosaur, the pleiosaur and the enaliosaur swam and fished and fought and died, and were succeeded by the oreodon and the glyptodon, the mylodon, the iguanodon and all the rest of the dons. But if we must believe such "reconstruction" possible, we want at least to be dead sure of the rib or the jawbone or the fossil footprint, whichever it is. No manufactured fossils, if you please. If we are to re-translate Moses on the testimony of the rocks, let us not have the track of an Alabama nigger shoved on us as the trail of a Labyrinthotechnodont or the petrified ear of a Chicago detective exposed as the gill flap of an Elasmosaurian. Such, I am sure, though imperfectly expressed, is the feeling of the average man; so let us give Nova Scotia fossils the go by and deal with her rocks and minerals.

The tourist with only an elementary knowledge of geology is at first confused in Nova Scotia. The whole rock system appears to be without plan or order. At Halifax, let us say, he finds himself on a ridge of bowlders resting on the hard old archean; a few miles north he finds a sudden and surprising change; schistose rocks appear; there are indications of gold, and from there to the northwestern shore all is apparent confusion. There are forests in which heavy bowlders stand among the trees, from the size of the ordinary "niggerhead" to that of a country church, and valleys where the rich black earth conceals all signs of rock. One side of such a valley is crystalline limestone or slate, and on the other a softer rock; here and there reefs of "splitting rock" come in, and the observer is assured that "this is a rich mineral region—it only lacks development." And as a matter of statistical fact Nova Scotia did last year produce $440,000 in gold, the average being $2.70 for each day's work. Of course, all those locally interested insist that this is only a proof of what can be and ought to be done: "The mines would yield splendid returns to capital if they were worked together and systematically."

When, however, the observer has crossed the peninsula at two or three points he finds that under the apparent disorder there is a charming order; it may best be expressed in the popular local phrase: "The strata are set on edge." In crossing the province from southeast to northwest one travels over the outcrop of all the formations from archean granite and fire distilled flint to the latest drift. To map this out let the reader take a jelly cake of many layers as a representative of the strata in their original order; then rend it till it breaks along the center, throw away the one half and let the other half nearly perpendicular; represent the strata of the province. And if it were not so there would be no Nova Scotia; for if the strata had remained nearly horizontal the top would have gone long ago and the ocean would have rolled hundreds of feet above what is now the very crest of the peninsula. As it is, the unyielding archean of the southwest coast stands out against the Atlantic at a slope of perhaps ten or twenty degrees from the perpendicular—just the slope for most effective resistance. On this the waves have hammered and gnawed for uncounted milleniums till all the soft parts are eaten away; and all that shore consists of bold, rocky headlands and capacious harbors with narrow inlets. And some local savants maintain that the ocean but lately flowed through some passages across the peninsula which are now fertile valleys.

Going across the peninsula, northwest, one crosses rapidly all the geologic ages, and the northwest shore has a comparatively moderate slope. There the rich pastures incline gently to the very edge of the bay; at high tide the green sward actually seems to hang over into the salt water, and from the deck of a vessel the view is indeed enchanting. Where the hills recede and inclose a low tract, which high tide would submerge, are the noted dyke lands. The low embankments shut out the sea, but at stated times the floodgates are opened, the salt water spreads over the land, carrying fertility, as is so charmingly described in "Evangeline," and the soil is renewed. But if one would see the section of Nova Scotia where nature has done her perfect work he must go to Cape Breton Island. There all possible elements of interest are combined. The sea has torn away all the yielding rocks and left a coast of bold sublimity. Only the best protected coal seams remain, and they are scientifically perfect. The shore is all deep harbor and bold headland. The topography is alternately rugged and picturesque, while the people are quite as primitive as the land and far more interesting.

New York. J. H. BEADLE.

STRAY BITS.

A Chicago dime museum manager is trying to get hold of Geronimo and Sitting Bull.

After two years, work has been resumed on the Hudson river tunnel at New York city. The tunnel was begun in 1874, and may be completed in a year.

At Lexington, Ky., a lawsuit that was begun in 1811 has just been settled. It related to a land claim, and the sum in dispute was originally about $5,000.

Some years ago John McClure took up a piece of cactus land in Los Angeles county, Cal., and set it to grapes. Last spring he refused $150,000 for the place.

The people of the United States use annually about seven postal cards for every man, woman and child; that is to say, their total consumption for a year reaches 400,000,000.

A remarkable cave in Stone county, Kan., is said to have been explored for twelve miles, to have two rivers and millions of bats. It sounds as if Joe Mulhatton had been out there.

The wheel used by lapidaries is a flat copper disk charged on the edge with powdered emery, or a steel disk charged with diamond dust. It is used in the same manner as a circular saw.

A French coin of the time of Louis XIV was found in a cornfield at Marengo, Ind., a few days ago. It is supposed to have been there since the days when the French traded with the Indians.

The photographs on the White House desk of babies born since the election and named Benjamin Harrison make a big bundle. Every state of the Union, with but one or two exceptions, has contributed.

A tower similar in design to the Eiffel tower at Paris is to be built at Eagle Rock, N. J. It will be but 400 feet high, but will be on a lofty summit. The electric ligh on its top will be visible far out at sea.

There were imported from the United States into Great Britain in 1887 739,463 hundred weight of cheese, of the value of £1,847,412; from other countries, 1,075,004 hundred weight, of the value of £2,661,895.

The Old Doctors
Drew blood, modern doctors cleanse it; hence the increased demand for Alteratives. It is now well known that most diseases are due, not to over-abundance, but to impurity, of the Blood; and it is equally well attested that no blood medicine is so efficacious as Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

"One of my children had a large sore break out on the leg. We applied simple remedies, for a while, thinking the sore would shortly heal. But it grew worse. We sought medical advice, and were told that an alterative medicine was necessary. Ayer's Sarsaparilla being

Recommended
above all others, we used it with marvelous results. The sore healed and health and strength rapidly returned." —J. J. Armstrong, Weimar, Texas.

"I find Ayer's Sarsaparilla to be an admirable remedy for the cure of blood diseases. I prescribe it, and it does the work every time." —E. L. Pater, M. D., Manhattan, Kansas.

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