### NOTICE.

ice is hereby given that two months date I intend to apply to the Chief ssioner of Lands and Works to purone hundred and sixty acres, more or f land situate in the District of Cas-province of Brit'sh Columbia, describrovince of Bit'sh Columbia, describ-ollows: Commencing at a post mark-man W. F. kant, on the east shore in Lake; thence twenty (20) chains thence eighty (80) chains south; twenty (20) chains west to shore of Lake; thence eighty (80) chains north the shore of sa'd Lake Atlin to place mencement: containing one hundred ment; containing one hundred sixty (160) acres, more or less. ted at Lake Rennett, this 5th day of NORMAN W. F. BANT.

### NOTICE.

hereby given that sixty days ate I intend to apply to the Chief ssioner of Lands and Works for per-to purchase the following described sion to purchase the following described se of land: Commencing at a a post ked S. W. Davis, west of Discovery in on Pine Creek, Atlin Lake, Cassiar; noe east 40 chains; thence north 40 ins; thence west 40 chains; thence south chains; containing 160 acres, more or S. W. DAVIS.

# NOTICE

otice is hereby given that sixty days er date I intend to apply to the Chief nmissioner of Lands and Works to pur-se one hundred and sixty acres of land, in Cass'ar District, shore of Atlin Lake, marked "T. H. rsnop," N.E. corner, about one and a miles northly of Atlintoo river; thence terly 20 chains; thence 80 chains north; noe 20 chains easterly; thence following lake shore in a northly direction back round. point of commencement; containing in one hundred and sixty acres (more or

ated this the twenty-seventh day T. H. WORSNOP.

# NOTICE.

xty days after date I intend to apply the Chief Commissioner of Lands and ixty days after date I intend to apply the Chief Commissioner of Lands and rks for permission to purchase the foling described land, situate at the head Kitamaat Arm, Coast District, ommencing at a post 20 chains south D. D. Mann's northwest corner; thence th 40 chains; west 40 chains; south 40 ins; east 40 chains, to point of comnement, containing 160 acres.

LEWIS LUKES. itamaat Arm, August 20, 1898

# NOTICE.

ixty days after date I intend to apply the Chief Commissioner of Lands and rks for permission to purchase 160 es of land in Cassiar District, commencabout midway on the Southern bound of William Field's land; thence south chains; thence west 40 chains; thence 40 chains; thence west 40 chains; thence of commencement THOMAS TUGWELL. gust 24th, 1898.

# NOTICE

hereby given that 30 days from date I end to apply to the Assistant Commission for permission prospect for coal on the following despect tract of land situated on the southern of the southwest arm of Sproat Iake, permi, commencing at a post marked W. corner, G. A. Smith (which post is ced 10 chains south of the N.E. corner lot 100), thence east 50 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, more north 80 chains to point of comnement.

GEO. A. SMITH.

Ilberni, B. C., 21st September, 1898.

# NOTICE

oreby given that two months after date eorge Johnson, intend to apply to the Commissioner of Lands and Works ef Commissioner of Lands and Works permission to purchase one hundred sixty (160) acres of land situated at south end of Surprise or Pine lake, slar district, described as follows: imenoing at a post marked North West ner, George Johnson, planted about (¼4) quarter of a mile west of the outlet Surprise or Pine lake; thence south 40 ns, thence east 40 chains, thence north thains, thence west 40 chains to place seginning. beginning. ine Lake, Cassiar District, Sept. 3, 1898.

# NOTICE.

reby given that after 30 days from date end to apply to the Assistant Commistr of Lands and Works for permission ospect for coal on the following desitract of land situate on the south of the south-west arm of Sproat Alberni district, commending at a marked N.W. corner H. D. Faber h is placed 10 chains south and 30 yeast) of the N.E. corner of lot 100, seast 80 chains, south, 80 chains; 80 chains; thence north 80 chains to bint of commencement. point of commencement. D. FABER. gned)
H. D. FABER. 1898.

# Wictoria Times.

NO. 77.

VOL. 17.

VICTORIA, B. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 28, 1898.

# FRANCE WANTS TIME

Salisbury's Attitude - A Protest From the Egyptians Against France.

London, Oct. 24.-The French ambassador to Great Britain, Baron de Courcel, will arrive here from Paris to-night, and there is good authority for the statemert that he is the bearer of a proposition to the Marquis of Salisbury which tocol, and savs that President McKinley

may satisfy both governments.

The British government will issue another bluebook to-night, the most important feature of which will be a despatch, dated October 12, from the Mar-quis of Salisbury to the British ambas-sador at Paris, Sir Edmond Monson, reporting the previously described interview with Baron de Courcel, in which latter wished to ascertain what solution of the question was possible, and in which the Marquis of Salisbury says he "generally insisted that the Nile valley d belonged to, and still belonged to. Egypt, and whatever diminution had been suffered by the Mahdi's conquest had been removed by the victory at Om-

The Marquis of Salisbury then dwelt on the unpleasantness of Major Mar-chald's position, which Baron de Cour-cel denied, and finally the British premier, in response to Baron de Courcel's suggestion, offered to supply Major Marchand with food and ammunition, in orthat he might be able to reach

French territory.

Baron de Courcel then said France wanted an outlet on the Nile, and the Marquis of Salisbury requested that the whole proposition be made in writing. This was the last interview between the mbassador and premier on this subject Baron de Courcel then went to Paris, and it is thought that the proposition which he brings to-night embodies the indicated in this conversation. Lord Salisbury's despatch, in conclu-ion, said:—"The extreme indefiniteof Baron de Courcel's proposal nade it impossible for me to express or form an opinion relative to the territory claimed by France in the Bahr-el-Chagal gion. Under the circumstances the iscussion has been fruitful of misaprehension. I informed him it was in o way my duty to discuss the French claims now, but that in abstaining therefrom I must not be understood as in

order that the incontestable rights of Egpyt may be recognized, and that all he provinces occupied up to the rebel-on of Mohamed Ahmed be restored to

Paris, Oct. 24.-The Siecle, after urging peace, remarks:—"France would hardly come off better in a war with England than did Spain in the war with the United States. France will be bet-ter employed in developing her colonies

than in thwaring England."

The Autorite declares that France ought never to have gone to Fashoda, an opportunity may arise to pillage the declaring:— it was a stupid mistake, and now England calls upon us to get This is what nearly happened at Annes out. Well, it is no use talking; we shall have to get out; otherwise there London, Oct. 25 .- The Fashado yellow book is ued by the French government having been left some slight misgivings in this country as to Lord Salisbury's firmness in dealing with the French ambaguade. bassador, Baron de Courcel, a speedy dissipation of these fears followed the publication of yesterday's blue book. It is specially welcomed by the London pa-pers, which this morning expressed their satisfaction, notably at the view of the Egyptian regent, which is held to nullify entirely the French idea that England acks the approval of the Egyptian ernment. The Times says:-"Lord Salis-Baron de Courcel is decidedly a despatch to relieve the British mind. The Standard says:-"The blue book have been unsafe to leave uncorrecte

removes the apprehensions regarding Lord Salisbury's position which it would The Daily News thinks the blue book confirms the impression left by the yelow book, namely, that France is seek-The Paris correspondent of the Daily

Chronicle claims to have authority to say that a decision has already been taken by the French government to speedily evacuate Fashoda, and that M. Delcasse, the French foreign minister, will do his utmost to facilitate a pacific

# THE FLOGGING JUDGE.

Mr. Justice Day is the English flog-ing judge, he having sentenced 137 ging judge, he having sentenced 137 criminals to 3,766 strokes of the cat in fourteen years. Five other judges have used the discretion given them by statute in greater moderation, their combined record being 1,776 strokes to 89 criminals. A gang of highway archive a strokes to 89 criminals. A gang of highway archive a strokes to 80 criminals. A gang of highway archive a strokes to 80 criminals. A gang of highway archive a strokes to 80 criminals. A gang of highway archive a stroke to the stroke to t ighway robbers that had terrorized erpool, some of whom he had him-seen at work, came before Justice by for sentence ten years ago. "I not going to give you men long ms of imprisonment," he said, "but len you go, in you get twenty lashes.

THE PART FRANCE TOOK. the Recent War Between Spain and the United States.

Opening of Negotiations With Great

Britain Regarding the Pashoda
Incident.

Paris, Oct. 25.—The French yellow book dealing with the part France took in the Spanish-American war is published this morning. It comprises 17 of the documents, and consists of a dry record of the exchange of despatches with Madrid and Washington while arrangements were being made for the mediation of France.

Paris, Oct. 25.—The French yellow book dealing with the part France took in the Spanish-American war is published this morning. It comprises 17 of the documents, and consists of a dry record of the exchange of despatches with Madrid and Washington while arrangements were being made for the mediation of France. mediation of France.

M. Cambon, the French ambassador at Washington, it is shown, cabled on August 4th that the United States had August 4th that the United States had accepted Spain's proposal that the peace negotiations he held at Paris, saying that the president of the United States considered the 'Inited States government gave the Spanish government at mark of its good will and to France at token of its confidence. Another despatch from M. Cambon, dated August 12th appropries the signing of the proposition of the Positish blue book on that subject. The had warmly thanked him for France's good offers, expressing satisfaction at seeing that the negotiations would conseeing that the negotiations would continue at Paris. To this M. Cambon replied that he was very pleased at the confidence President McKinley displayed in the French government and its The yellow book concludes with Mr.

# Delcasse's despatch to the French ambassadors at London, St. Petersburg. Berlin and Vienna informing them of the mediation of France and summarizing JAMAICA'S PLIGHT

An Acute Crisis Has Arisen Owing to the Deplorable Industrial Conditions Prevailing.

Nearly All Sugar Estates Abandoned and the Cultivation of Fruit Prohibited.

Kingston, Jamaica, Oct., 25.-For the ast two or three weeks the attention of rected to this island by the incipient condition of rebellion said to have been reached by the alleged Maroon tribesmen, who inhabit the mountain fastnesses of the eastern end of the island. The mountain tribesmen of Jamaica are othing but a mythical survival of an nstoric people wno practically ceased

claims now, but that in abstaining thereform I must not be understood as in any degree admitting their validity."

The bluebook also contains interesting letters from Moustapha Fohy, the regent of Egypt, to General Kitchener and Lord Cromer, the British diplomatic agent, showing Egypt's attitude. He words to General Kitchener, warmly thanking him for taking possession of Fashoda, and thereby reconquering for Egypt' the provinces which assure her castence, and from challed a second that this cannot support a teemtrangent of Lord Cromer, protested against "the French violation of Egypt and the regent, in writing to Lord Cromer, protested against "the French violation of Egypt and the rest of the provinces of the Soudan, which are the actual sources of the Soudan, which are the land answers profusely to men provinces of the Soudan, which are the actual sources of the vitality of Egypt, and from which she only with the second contains interesting to exist a generation ago.

The recent trouble is no more or less to exist a generation ago.

The recent trouble is no more or less to exist a generation ago.

The recent trouble is no more or less to exist a generation ago.

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The Pall Mall Gazette concludes from the publication of the blue blook that the French government."

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The Pall Mall Gazette of this receivable to see the effect of this replacement.

The French government.

The Pall Mall Gazette of the French government.

The French government.

The Pall Mall exist a generation ago.

are not to be cultivated, as their cultivation might glut the market, where the landlords now enjoy the monoply; and as nothing else has a quick growth and finds a market these days the people de-cline to take up land on such terms. — It is inevitable that such a condition of affairs should create widespread popular dissatisfaction. Most of the dis-France will be bet-veloping her colonies concurage the natives in the belief that possibly some material benefit may be the result to themselves or that at least This is what nearly happened at Annes Bay a fortnight ago, when the would-be "Maroons" raided Fyfe's pen and actually resisted the police for a time suc

cessfully. DOINGS AT THE CAPITAL. General Lord Seymour and his daughter left for Halifax yesterday. The general's visit to Ottawa was shortened by

nusual activity in military circles in Halifax.
The Ottawa & Parry Sound railway during the season of navigation just closed carried twelve million bushels of grain and 1.00,000 tons of flour and

pork from Parry Sound via Ottawa to its American connecting lines.

Owing to ill health, Chief Justice Sir Henry Strong has been compelled to decline the presidency of the banquet to Lord Aberdeen, and Mr. Justice Taschereau, the senior puisne judge of the Supreme court, has therefore at the request of the citizens' committee accepted the honor.

It is stated in official circles that Sen-r Dubosc's claim for \$100,000 damages for his expulsion from Canada was not referred to the Dominion government. The claim went to Mr. Chamberlain, who quietly shelved it. Hereafter any steamer may carry English mails, but only those specially subsidized will receive compensation for

THE RAILWAY DISPUTE.

London, Oct. 25.—In view of the fact that the relations between the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific railways Trunk and Canadian Facilic Fallways continue strained the shareholders of the companies here are discussing the advisability of arranging a meeting with a view to bringing about a speedy set-

Father Point, Que., Oct. 25.—It is the impression here that Dr. Ireland, who disappeared mysteriously in Montreal not going to give you men long about a week ago, is on his way to Glasgow or Liverpool on board the steamship Tutonia or Scotsman. The reason for this belief is that among letters sent ashore here from the steamers named to ine months you get twenty lashes of the cat, and before you come out then you can show that to your a specimen of Dr. Ireland's which has righted?" been received here.

the Case Is Open to

British blue book on that subject. The Conservative newspapers express themwilling to negotiate on the whole question. But the Liberal and Radical organs still consider that the Marquis of Salisbury's attitude admits of negotiations promising a friendly arrangement. Some papers, however, scout the idea of the possession of Fashoda coming within the sphere of the discussion. The St. James's Gazette this afternoon

the question of the western frontier of Bahr-el-Ghazal district, but we must sheds, from its source to the sea." The Globe thinks the Marquis of Salisbury has made it clear that Major

Marchand must quit Fashoda without claims in Africa."

the outside world has been especially di- ra-Or-Bek, the principal trading point of the Bahr-El-Ghalz region, with in-structions to establish necessary outports, and that before he left Sobat he completed arrangements for the maintenance of these stations.

or the Khedive. It will be interesting to see the effect of this revelation upon

the provinces of the Soudan, which are the actual sources of the vitality of Egypt, and from which she only withdrew owing to force.

He also said that the re-conquest of Khartoum would fail to have its effect if the valley of the Nile was not restored to Egypt. Moustapha Foby concluded by referring to the Anglo-French discussion on the subject of Fashoda, urging Lord Cromer to use his good offices with the Marquis of Salisbury, in order the the finance of the condition of the discussion of the incontestable rights of any landlords and cannot be got by the working people. The peasant proprietary form comparatively a small class of the population.

Many landlords will neither sell nor rent their lands. Those who agree to do so impose a condition that bananas ships there in consequence commenced do so impose a condition that bananas ships there in consequence commenced to shut it, to enclave for shut it, to enclave is to shut it, to enclave for shut it, to shut it, to enclave for shut it, to enclave for shut it, to enclave f coaling this morning, and working par-ties were immediately placed on board

the other vessels at Portsmouth.

CANADIAN NEWS.

has been engaged in the ship bu sor, N. S., and other Nova Scotia

heart disease yesterday, while returning from morning service in Knox Church

### WASHINGTON UNEASY. fear That the Crisis in France May Affect Peace Negotiations.

Marseilles on His Way to

London.

atier, Who Bears Maj. Marchand's

Fashoda Report.

Marseilles, Oct. 26.-General Lord

Kitchener of Khartoum and Capt Bara-

Fashoda report, arrived here from Alex-

andria, Egypt, on board the Messagries

steamer from that port. During the

mid shouts of 'Vive Marchand!"

WANT PROHIBITION.

Petition the Government.

school Association convention:

Peterboro, Ont., Oct. 26.-The follow-

ufacture, importation or sale of intexi-

have, however, given notice of their in-

CANADIAN NEWS.

on Saturday last, was yesterday commit-

CABLE NEWS.

Madrid, Oct. 26.-Gen. Correa, minis-

view of the difficulties with which

Manila, Oct. 26.-The American au-

THE PEACE COMMISSION.

ne country is confronted.

tention to oppose it.

quarters as to the possible adverse effect upon the peace commission at Paris of an upheaval in France. It has been suggested that the Spanish

A Difference of Opinion as to Whether

can be brought about. However, it may be stated that in the opinion of the state department officials here there is little danger of the situation in Paris becoming so acute as to justify an abandonment of the work of the commission on the ground that the comnissioners themselves are in physical langer. It is confidently believed that with the change of cabinet in France the present disorder will subside and normal conditions will be restored. It is always possible that the Spanish com Conservative newspapers express them selves as being highly pleased with his rejoinder to the French blue book on the same subject. They declare that it dispels the idea spread by the despatch of the French ambassador here, Baron de Courcel, that the British premier is willing to negotiate on the whole questions. among Europeans nations by the aban-donment of each point under compulsion from the American commissioners as a negotiations regarding the Philippines. All the morning papers here dwell briefly on the Spanish crisis or the split in the Liberal party.

says:-"We are prepared to negotiate control the Nile, both banks and water-

conditions, adding: "Unless that is done there can be no discussion of the French Continuing, the Globe points to the significant announcement in General Kitchener's report that he sent gunboats south from Sobat towards Mesh-

The Globe adds: "This move brings our position to the eighth parallel of north latitude, and the valley of Bahr-El-Ghazal is at this moment under rule

Although not connected with the war department, much attention has been attracted to the request received by a Clyde firm for four new first-class bat-

tleships, a first-class cruiser and twelve torpedo boat destroyers. A distinguishtorpedo boat destroyers. A distinguishing feature is the increased armament which it is believed will make the battleships when ready for Service the most powerful vessels of their class afloat. They will have a speed of 19 knots. The cruiser will be 14,100 tons, and will be designed to steam 23 knots. All the vessels will mount; exceptionally All the vessels will mount exceptionally strong quick-firing guns.

Winnipeg, Oct. 24.—Herbert Taylor, of Windsor, N. S., passed through the city this evening on his way to Victoria to value the Canadian sealing ships and quipment on the Pacific Coast preliminary to placing before the international conference a report on the subject. A representative from Washington will be present to assist in the work. Mr. Taylor industry for the past 25 years, at Wind

Winnipeg, Oct. 24.—Deep sorrow is felt by all members of the Scottish Rite of Freemasonry in Manitoba and the Territories at the death of Sheriff Murton, of Hamilton, Out., who has been Grand Commander of the order, and in his official capacity visited Winnipeg on

three occasions since 1888.

Mr. William Nielson died suddenly of to the residence of his brother-in-law, Mr. Alex. Brown.
Peterboro, Oct. 24.—The dead body of
Cornelius Mahoney was found this
morning at the bottom of a sewer french
on Charlotte street. The deceased was
60 yeers old. He is supposed to have

CYCLISTS ENCIRCLE THE GLOBE. New York, Oct. 24.—Among the passengers on the American liner Pennland due to arrive in New York to-morrow are Mr. and Mrs. H. Darwin McIlrath, the Chicago cyclists who have all but completed their circuit of the globe awheel, and arrangements are being made by the associated cycling clubs of New York and Brooklyn to give them a rousing reception. After a few days' rest in this city the final stretch of a thousand miles to Chicago, completing the circuit of the globe, will begin. The cyclists will follow the "Letter Carrier Smith" route, which it is estimated will require about 20 days. Arrangements are being made for their reception all along the route, and at various towns and cities in Ohlo and New York and Indiana receptions in their honor will be held. will begin. The cyclists will follow the "Letter Carrier Smith" route, which it is estimated will require about 20 days. Arrangements are being made for their reception all along the route, and at various towns and cities in Ohlo and New York and Indiana receptions in their honor will be held.

Say "No" when a gealer offers you a substitute for Hood's Sarsaparilla. There is nothing "just as good." Get only HOOD'S.

# PARIS IN AN UPROAR

Washington, Oct. 26.—Some appre-ension has been manifested in certain Vote Passed of No Confidence in the Government and the Ministry Resign.

cause is in such shape that the Spanish government has nothing to lose and everything to gain by any change that The Dreyfus Affair Behind All the Trouble—Disturbances on the Streets.

> Paris, Oct. 25 .- The vote of confidence in M. Brisson was rejected by 286 to 254 in the chamber of deputies to-day and the Brisson ministry has re-

During the suspension of business of the house discussion in the lobbies was animated on General Chanoine and his unprecedented course in resigning in the midst of a session and without giving a previous hint of his intentions to his colleagues. The moderate republicans Chanoine's act all political differences disappear and republicans of all shades must unite and face the situation. nittees representing the radical left, the extreme radicals and the progressists met and agreed to support the order of the day, affirming the resolution of the chamber to make respected under all circumstances the supremacy of the civil ower, and to adjourn the discussion of the interpellations until Thursday. socialists also promised to support the

above resolution.

After the chamber of deputies had re sumed business at 5 o'clock M. Brisson announced that the rregular resignation of General Chanoine had been accepted. The premier proposed that the chamber adjourn until Thursday next, and he The Hero of the Soudan Arrives at concluded his remarks with re-affirming the supremacy of the civil power. After the supremacy of the civil power. After attempts upon the part of various deputies to dismiss the alleged military sloth, insults to the army, etc., M. Ribot, in behalf of his friends, including M. Meline, approved M. Brisson's statement and added: "We have every confidence in the army and we do not wish to see it attacked. All republicans are united on this subject." Travels in Company With Capt. Bar-

M. Demahy proposed a resolution calling upon the government "to end the campaign of insult against the army," but M. Brisson refused to accept it. M. Cavaignac, the former minister tier, the bearer of Major Marchand's war, rushed to the tribune and demanded an immediate discussion of the reso-lution. He was greeted with hostile shouts, including "forgery," and "razor," which caused a great uproar. The shout voyage the two officers dined together and cordially conversed on the customs and cordially conversed on the customs of the tribes and peoples each had met. The British consul here met General Kitchener on landing, and Capt. Baratier left for Paris on the same train. A crowd which assembled on the platform cheered Captain Baratier and a delegation from the naval and commer-An amendment proposed by M. Berger, censuring the government "for not causing the honor of the army to be respected," was lost by 274 to 161 votes.

M. Dehamy again proposed his resolution calling upon the government "to god the companies of insult against the end the campaign of insult against the army." The premier refused to accept the motion, however, and a vote was taken on it amid such confusion that a scrutiny was demanded. This showed that the government had been defeated. able campaign and work in behalf of civilization and thanked him for the courtesy he had extended to Major Marchand and his colleagues. The general thanked his visitors warmly and general thanked his visitors warmly and considerable to the courtesy he had extended to Major detailed. After the scrutiny had been announced, M. Bertraux moved a vote of confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected dence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was defined to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was defined to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson, which was rejected to the confidence in M. Brisson was rejected to t by 286 to 254. When this vote was de-clared the ministers left the chamber. After the ministers had withdrawn the chamber adopted amid cries of "Down

eulogized Marchand, whose expedition, he said, had excited the admiration of the world. The train then departed "Vive Baratier!" and with the Jews" the order of the day combining the motions of M. Ribot and M. Dehamy by a vote of 460 to 28.

A fresh tumult was aroused by the declaration of M. Debaudry Dasson that Ontario Sabbath School Association to all the ministers except General Chan-

oine ought to be impeached chamber adjourned to November The chamber adjourned to the state of the deputies that President Faure will the deputies that President Faure will the deputies that President and the state of invite M. Alexandre Ribot to form a

ing resolution will come up this after-noon for consideration at the Sabbath "This convention, composed of Sab-This evening detachments of municipal guards and police are marshalled at the various approaches to the Elysee for bath school workers of all denominations throughout Ontario, while knowing the province of Quebec gave a very large majority against prohibition and cries fear of disturbance. M. Brisson went to the Flysee at 7 o'clock. President oudly that she should not be coerced accepting prohibition, urges upon aure has signed the appoinment of M. Lockroy, minister of marine in the retirthe Dominion government that the several provinces that gave a much larger ing cabinet, as minister of war ad interim. When accepting the resignation of the ministry M. Faure begged M. Brisson and colleagues to continue to act until the formation of the new cabote for prohibition shall not be coerced into the continuance of legislative sanc-tion of the traffic and hereby demands that the government shall place on the statute books a law prohibiting the man-

net. Paris, Oct. 25.—After the adjourn-Several members of the association excitement, followed by street demonstree, however given notice of the description of the chamber there was intense excitement, followed by street demonstree, however given notice of the description of the chamber there was intense excitement. strations, principally maintained by the anti-Semites, led by M. Drumont, in the vicinity of the offices of the Libre Parole and other anti-Dreyfus papers. At many points the boluevards soon be-came impassable, and there were nu-Lordon, Oct. 26.—The committee chosen to re-organize the 7th Fusiliers of London have selected Major A. Smith to succeed Lieut.-Col. Lindsay as commander of the battalion, subject, of commander of the battalion, subject, of commander of the battalion, subject, of commander of the battalion of the commander of the commander of the battalion of the commander of t

was necessary for the cuirassiers to clear the streets. Paris, Oct. 20.—About midnight a mob ourse, to the approval of the authori-Catherines, Oct. 26.-Miss Ida Smith, of Merritton, the school teacher whose presence of mind saved many of members of the Patriotic League smashed the windows and skylight of a smashed the windows and skylight of a shop whose owner is said to be a Jew. The vigilance committee of the socialist party issued to night a manifesto condemning the action of Gen. Chanoine and denouncing the "make-believe republicans who have strangled debate in the chamber and created a crisis."

The committee has decided to organize children's lives during the recent torna-do, has been granted a medal by the Royal Canadian Humane Society.

Tweed, Oct. 26.—Frank Hardy, the man at Peterborg' charged with being one of the assailants of R. S. Perry here The committee has decided to organize all the socialist and revolutionary re-Belleville, Oct. 26.—W. J. Kingston, a well known farmer of Rawdon, was stricken with apoplexy in this city on Saturday and died yesterday. publican forces in the country against military and clerical action. Faure has received no statesmen b-night, but he will consult this (Wed-

nesday) morning with the presidents of the senate and the chamber of depu-The Brisson cabinet was formed on er of war, has been prevailed upon to June 28 of the present year and was constituted as follows: President of withdraw his resignation for the present the council and minister of the interior, Henri Brisson; minister of finance, Leon Bourgeois; minister of justice, thorities have released some Spanish sailors captured during the war. The authorities at Iloilo have cabled to Ma-Loon Bourgeois; minister of justice, Ferdinand Sarren; minister of war, Godfrey Cavaignac (who has since been succeeded by General Zurlinden and Succeeded by General Zurlinden and General Chanoine); minister of marine, Eduard Simon Lockroy; minister of foreign affairs, Theophile Delease; minister of foreign affairs, Theophile Mareniavils. drid expressing loyalty to the Spanish ister of commerce, Emile Mareujowis; minister of agriculture, Albet Viger who has since resigned; minister of public works, Senator Tillaye, who was succeeded by Senator Godinoh, September 17

If you once try Carter's Little Liver Pills for sick headache, biliousness or constipation, you will never be without them. They are purely vegetable, small and easy to take. Don't forget this.

Wisconsin, Illinois and Ohio Experience Heavy Gales Accompanied by Rain and Snow.

Deep Snow Drifts Interfere With Street Traffic in Chicago-Suffering Among Stock.

Milwaukee, Wis., Oct. 26.-A severe storm of rain and snow, coupled with a high wind, raged throughout Wisconsin all day yesterday, working disaster to telegraph lines in all directions. The storm was of unusual violence for this season of the year.

Green Bay reports several inches of snow having fallen.

At Mannette four inches of snow covers the ground. If it freezes the potato crop will be ruined. Many vessels sought sheeter in that harbor.

Janesville and Kankanee report that blizzard raged all day, street traffic being suspended. Chicago Oct. 26.—A winter storm which was central over the southern end of Lake Michigan prevailed through the northwestern states the past 24 hours. West of Chicago snow fell to a depth of from two to eight inches, and here a heavy rain, which changed to snow at midnight. A high gale from the northeast whipped the snow into a rag-ing blizzard. Telegraph wires were blown down at some places and the telephone service demoralized. Deep drifts which interrupted street car traffic threatened to impede railroad trains and paralyze business. Such severity of weather was entirely unexpected early and has brought suffering to stock.
On the lakes the gale in several instances played havor with shipping. At several points on the lakes vessels were reported in distress and the crews had narrow escapes. In Chicago nar-bor alone 25 vessels sought safety. The force of the storm was felt as far south as the Gulf of Mexico.

At nightfall rain was falling in the Obio valley and central and lower Mississippi valleys. This turned into snow and soon a gratine winter blizzard was raging.

raging. Philadelphia, Oct. 26.—A heavy downour of rain began soon after 5 o'clock this merning, and at 10 o'clock shows no signs of cessation. As a result the peace jubilee committee the postponement of the "Civic Day" until Friday. The indications are that the weather to-morrow will be clear and no ostponement of the military parade will

e necessary. THE CRISIS IN FRANCE. An Interview With the Former Minister

of War, General Chanoine. Paris, Oct. 26.-Le Petit Journal publishes an interview with the former minister of war. General Chanoine, who ex-plained that he resigned on account of a difference of opinion with the premier, M. Brisson, about the Picquart affair. He added he had not demanded the prosecution of the papers which had been attacking the army, because he considered penalties provided by law insuffi-

The moderate papers say that yester-day they realized their hopes, and the radical revisionists express belief in the existence of a military plot.

FROM THE CAPITAL-A Couple of British Columbia Cases Dealt With in the Supreme Court.

Ottawa, Oct. 26.—In the supreme court to-day the case of Hobbs vs. the Esquimalt Railway Co. was concluded, and judgment reserved.

The appeal of McBryan vs. the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, another British Columbia case, was next proceeded with.

General Gascoigne has received an appointment at Hong Kong worth \$15,000 a year and residence.

The promoters of the Milford Haven and Paspebiac steamship line are seek ing a mail subsidy, but it is not likely

ranged WILLIAM AT PALESTINE. Emperor and Empress of Germany in the

that this will be granted, in view of the

two years' contract shortly to be ar-

Holy Land. Haifa, Palestine, Oct. 26.—The Emperor and Empress of Germany arrived here at noon to-day and left this afternoon. The town was decorated profusely, every house flying German and Turkish flags. Turkish troops lined the streets and the band of the cavalry regiment played the German anthem as the Emperor and Empress landed. After landing they entered carriages and were driven direct to Mount Carmel, at the foot of which the German-American mission colony is situated.

DISASTROUS COLLISION.

Kobe, Oct. 24.—The Japanese steamer Midgalana was sunk almost immediately after being in collision with the Japanese steamer Kinsha Maru. Sixty Japanese were drowned.

A QUEBECER'S CONFIDENCE IN DR. CHASE'S CATARRH CURE-CIVES RELIEF AT ONCE, HE SAYS.

Danville, P.Q., April 9th, 1898. Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto. Dear Sirs,-Enclosed find \$1 for 1/2 dozen boxes Dr. Chase's Catarrh Cure. Please send them at once. Every patient using it says "It is an excellent cure, gives relief at once." Jas. Masson, Gen'l Merchaut, Danville, P.Q.