1915

Is to be a BIG YEAR at THE FAIR. We are planning for the Biggest Business in our 25 years' history.

We will get it by deserving it, we will deserve it by providing Biggest Values Always. January is stock-Taking month, and all Winter Goods must go. Our prices will make them go.

Every Day in January

We will offer Special Lines at

Very Special Prices

For the One Day Only

Hour Sales

Every Day We Will Offer

EXTRA SPECIAL VALUES

From 10 o'c.a.m. for 1 Hour

Premiums

We will check bills to exchange for Premiums from 8 o'c. a.m. until 10 o'c.a.m. January Bills will not count for Premiums.

Special for To-night and Monday

Ladies' $1.00 Wool Vests for 50c

Monday 10 o'c. to 11 o'c.

80c Granite Water Pails for 33c

W. C. Forman

MASON AMUSEMENTS, INGERSOLL

THEATRE

TO-NIGHT

"Trey O' Hearts"

will be shown

3 Times

Commencing at

'7.30 Sharp', '10 Minutes to Nine' and '5 Minutes after Ten'

ARENA

Band to-night and every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday nights

Afternoon Season Tickets $1.00 (Either Adult or Children) and Reduction to more than one in family

HAVE US

CALL FOR

YOUR SHOES

Ind. phone 369A and we will call for and deliver your shoes same day if required.

Modern Shoe Repair

J. & S. WADE

Charles Street East.

CLOTHES

CLEANED, PRESSED and REPAIRED

Alterations Made

First Class Work Only

Contracts for those who want them

Goods called for and delivered

John M. Bower

Thames St. South Ing. Phone 116C

Between T. Wells Law Office and Morello's Fruit Store

CLEANING

PRESSING

—AND—

REPAIRING

Ladies and Gentlemen:-

We can meet your requirements and give you just exactly what you want at reasonable prices.

Just a few examples of what we can do for you

Suits pressed.....50c

Overcoats pressed.50c

Trousers pressed..15c

DRY CLEANING

We clean Suits, Overcoats, Ladies' Fancy Dresses, White Serges, White Furs and Feathers, also White Kid Gloves, White Kid and Satin Shoes.

Give us a call or 'phone Ind. 369x.

Goods called for and delivered.

GEO. H. WYLIE

Upstairs over Laondartin's Restaurant

LITTLE LOCALS

Mr. Lorne Procunier is in Toronto attending the wedding of his cousin, Mr. Murray McCarthy.

A novel event, Flower Garden Ball, Song and Dance in town hall, Thursday, January 21st.

Miss Clara Campbell of Rodney spent the holiday in town the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Tanton.

Mr. Joseph Gibson will address meetings on Sunday at Jarvis and Hagersville in behalf of local option.

Reserve Thursday evening, January 28th, for progressive euchre in the town hall under the auspices of the Ingersoll Women's Patriotic and Red Cross League.

Being advised that "Trey O' Hearts" will arrive this afternoon, we will show it three times to-night at 7.30 sharp, ten minutes to nine and five minutes after ten.

The regular monthly meeting of the Methodist Ladies' Aid will be held at the home of Mrs. Harrison, Wellington street on Tuesday afternoon, January 5th, at three o'clock.

The Red Cross Society will meet on Tuesday at three o'clock in the basement of the public library to resume relief work. Wool and other articles will be supplied to those wishing to assist with the work.

Industrial and Art Classes begin next week. The new classes in millinery and household science should be of special interest. Prospective students should register to-night or Monday night at the public library.

Mr. P. B. Wade has returned after spending several days at Toronto on the local Board of Adjustment of Railway Telegraphers. Through the efforts of the Board an additional $100,000 was obtained for distribution over the Western and Ontario lines.

The Mothers meetings that have been carried on in the Methodist church by the Welcome Circle of King's Daughters will open again on January 6th. Any one having articles of clothing, shoes, etc., to donate, can leave them at the church on Wednesday or if more convenient can be left at Mrs. A. J. Harris' any time through the week.

Oil King Aids Belgians.

CHICAGO, Jan. 2.—The Rockefeller Foundation has bought 6,000,000 bushels of wheat in the Chicago market within the last month for the aid of the inhabitants of Belgium, it was announced here yesterday. This mark was reached when 475,000 bushels of Chicago-owned grain was sold from Portland, Ore., for immediate shipment. Most of it brought $1.30 a bushel.

The grain will be milled in Belgium in order to give employment and to provide the bran and chaff for live stock food.

Amicable Settlement Likely.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—Publication in London of the text of the note concerning British interference with American shipping has allayed irritation there, which arose from false impressions of the tone in which the communication was phrased. It is believed there that, in view of the British Government's avowed intention of treating the question in the same friendly spirit as is shown by the American Government, an amicable adjustment will be arranged speedily.

Panic In Constantinople.

ATHENS, Jan. 2.—(Via London.)—According to Constantinople advices which have reached here, the Austrian and German embassies in the Turkish capital are transferring their archives to Asia Minor, fearing that action is imminent by the British and French fleets against the Dardanelles and the capital. Foreigners, it is stated, are also preparing to quit the capital for the interior.

IS PLAN CHANGED?

Germans Draw Six Army Corps From Eastern Front.

ALLIES MAKE MORE GAINS

Enemy Cut Off Between Allies and the Sea at Nieuport End of Western Battle Line—Disappearance of Quarter of a Million Men From Poland Gives Rise to Conjectures Among Russians.

LONDON, Jan. 2.—The Daily Telegraph correspondent at Petrograd in a cable says: A semi-official communication states that Baligrod was taken by storm late on the evening of the 29th. Entire companies of the Austrian troops were destroyed with the bayonet.

During assaults between the 21st and the 29th the Russians captured in the Lizko zone one regimental commander, 84 other officers, 8,500 men and ten machine guns. The Austrians have lost so heavily that in several regiments only fifty men remain.

During the repulse of sorties from Przemysl the Russians occupied some of the hills around the fortress. The correspondent of Utro Russii says that the troops are being continually drawn tighter round the fortress. Deserters state that provisions are running short. The slackening of artillery fire shows that ammunition is also being carefully husbanded.

The garrison is suffering much through lack of warm clothing and fuel. Among the prisoners are many who have lost legs and arms through frostbite.

On the return from fruitless sorties the garrison devastated the country, firing villages and massacring many of the inhabitants. Thousands of half-clad and half-starving peasants, deprived of the means of subsistence, are coming into the Russian lines every day. The number of deserters from the forts is increasing. They come through to the Russian positions hungry, exhausted and half-frozen. According to their stories, the officers of the garrison now wink at desertion, especially if committed by the weak and sickly.

It is stated here that six German corps (about 240,000 men) have suddenly disappeared from this front, and speculation is rife as to whether they have been diverted for a concentrated movement on the Russian left or have been withdrawn for operations in the west.

Gains In the Centre.

PARIS, Jan. 2.—Consistent gains by the allies in the centre, spectacular night aerial attacks against Metz and Arnaville on the German frontier, brilliant artillery successes coupled with hard-won advances in the reduction of Steinbach in Alsace, and desperate but abortive attempts by the Germans to retrieve St. Georges, were the outstanding features of the French official statements issued yesterday.

Before Nieuport the Germans are caught between the allies and the sea. In this lies the reason for the furious character of their artillery attacks upon St. Georges, which lies two miles slightly east of south of Nieuport, on the Yser Canal.

With the capture of St. Georges by the allies the Germans are now holding Westende between two fires. The British ships are bombarding it from the sea, and the Franco-Belgian marines and infantry, supported by French artillery, are attacking their advanced positions on land from the direction of Nieuport.

Should the allies make a further advance from St. Georges the advanced positions of the enemy, which extend along the coast as far as the northern harbor-head of Nieuport, would be endangered. Accordingly, the Germans set great store by the reoccupation of St. Georges. So far, however, the allies not only have been able to withstand the German bombardment, but have succeeded in strengthening their position.

Following the battlefront southward and then east along the Aisne and on to Alsace, the next point of activity mentioned in the day's reports is the region south of Dixmude, where the Germans violently bombarded the bridge-head position captured by the Belgians and now being strengthened. Owing to the inundated condition of the ground in front of this position the Germans were compelled to fire from such a long range as to make their shelling ineffective.

The entire front in the forest of La Grurie was assailed by repeated attacks. At several points the Germans were able to advance a distance of fifty yards, but the French met them each time with a counter-attack.

The following official communication was issued last night:

"There is nothing new as yet to report of the operations of to-day.

"From the sea to Rheims there was yesterday hardly anything more than artillery engagements. The enemy bombarded without result the village of St. Georges and the head of the bridge position organized by the Belgians at a point south of Dixmude.

"Spirited cannonading resulted advantageously for us between La Bassee and Carency; between Albert and Roye; in the region of Vernsetil, and in the neighborhood of Blanc Sabion, which is near Caronne. At the last mentioned point we also demolished certain German earthworks.

"In the region of Perthes and of Beausejour we have held the gains made by us on Dec. 30. During all the day of Dec. 31 the activity of the opposing artillery forces was interrupted.

"In the Argonne the enemy attacked violently almost the entire front in the forest of Lagrurie. At certain points he advanced for a distance of fifty yards, but counter-attacks were at once delivered.

"In the region of Verdun there have been violent artillery engagements.

"Between the Meuse and the Moselle, to the northwest of Flirey, the Germans delivered during the night of Dec. 30, 31 and on the morning of the 31st, no less than six violent counter-attacks for the purpose of retaking the trenches captured by us on Dec. 30. Each of these attacks was brilliantly repulsed.

"Our aviations have bombarded at night the railroad stations at Metz and at Aranville.

"We continue to make progress foot by foot in Steinbach. Here the artillery of the enemy showed great activity during the morning of Dec. 31, but in the afternoon of this day our batteries won a distinctive advantage."

TWO POLES ARRESTED.

They Are Charged With the Murder of Countryman In Toronto.

TORONTO, Jan. 2.—The murder mystery of Mount Pleasant Cemetery has apparently been cleared up. The dead Macedonian who was found with crushed skull half covered in snow, near the old Belt Line tracks, late Tuesday night, has been identified as Bogoira Trendo, 24, laborer, married, 131 Niagara street. Under arrest are two Russian Poles: John Ziolko, 23, 693 West Richmond street, and Thomas Scichocki, 21, 111 Elizabeth street. They will face a charge of murder in the police court this morning. The former is rumored to have made a statement tantamount to a confession, in which he admits having induced the victim to go out with him and Scichocki, having seen Scichocki striking the blows that killed Trendo, and having helped hide the body.

The alleged theft of a shovel, and Ziolko's dismissal, the alleged tattling of Trendo and rumors of the size of his savings—which had accumulated in order to bring his bride from his home in Zeglova, Macedonia—are said to have been the beginnings of the affair.

WAR SUMMARY

The sinking of the pre-Dreadnought battleship Formidable in the English Channel yesterday morning was a serious loss to British naval strength, because the Formidable carried with her to the bottom almost 700 brave, hardy and well trained men, who cannot be replaced readily. Britain's loss of seamen since war began has been relatively much more serious than her loss of soldiers. The great bulk of the losses recorded on land operations are of men wounded or captured. The killed in action, or the fatalities from wounds received in action, have probably not totalled more than 20,000 for the entire British Army. The few engagements at sea and the explosions which destroyed the Bulwark, the Formidable and other vessels sunk by mines or torpedoes have cost at least 7,000 lives. The result of a fleet action in loss of life to both Britain and Germany is almost too horrible to contemplate. In such a combat it would seem entirely possible that 40,000 or 50,000 lives might be lost in a few hours. Germany has lost more heavily in men relatively to her naval strength than Great Britain. At least 5,000 German seamen have gone down with their ships since the war began.

Germany's loss in ships also, relatively to her total strength, has been much greater than that of Britain, although no German battleship has yet found a place upon the list. Her most serious loss was sustained when the battle-cruiser Goeben and the cruiser Breslau were forced by pursuing British ships to take shelter in the Dardanelles. The fiction of their subsequent sale to Turkey may now be regarded in its true light, but the fact remains that, shut up in the Black Sea as they are, these vessels are of no more use to Germany in the vital arena of naval operations than if they were at the bottom of the ocean. Putting over against these losses that of the British Dreadnought Audacious—never officially acknowledged, possibly because she has been raised and docked for repairs—and that of the cruiser Warrior, which stranded during a storm and is also probably in drydock, the actual losses of vessels by both countries since war began have been as follows:

British losses—Battleships, Bulwark, blown up; Formidable, sunk by a torpedo or mine. Armored cruisers, Aboukir, Cressy and Hogue, torpedoed by submarines; Good Hope and Monmouth, sunk in action. Protected cruisers, Amphion, Pathfinder, Hawke, and Hermes, sunk by mines or torpedoes; Pegasus, disabled in action in Zanzibar harbor. The auxiliary cruiser Oceanic was wrecked off the north coast of Scotland, and three submarines and two small gunboats, the Speedy and the Niger, were sunk.

German losses— Armored cruisers, Gneisenau and Scharnhorst, sunk in action; Yorck, sunk by German mine; Friedrich Karl, sunk by a Russian mine in Baltic; Madgeburg, blown up in Baltic to escape capture by Russians. Protected cruisers Koln, Mainz and Ariadne, sunk in action off Helgoland; Leipzig and Nurnburg, sunk in action off the Falkland Islands; Emden, burned off coast of Bengal; Hela, torpedoed in North Sea; Augsburg, sunk in Baltic; Koenigsburg, imprisoned in an East African river; Geier, interned in Honolulu; Cormoran, sunk; Berlin, interned in Norway; Spreewald captured. In addition nine gunboats, eight torpedo destroyers and six submarines have been sunk, chiefly by British cruisers and destroyers.

In battleships and battle cruisers Britain is comparatively much stronger than when the war began. She has today 38 pre-Dreadnought battleships, and 26 Dreadnoughts, exclusive of the Audacious, but including all the ships of the 1914 program, which must now be ready for sea. She has also ten battle cruisers, including the Tiger, which must also be commissioned or undergoing her final trials. She has in process of completion eight super-Dresadnoughts, the greatest fighting machines ever built, carrying 15-inch guns. They will all be added to the fleet this year. This makes a total of 74 capital ships able now to take their places in line of battle, or 82 at the end of the year. Germany has in commission 20 pre-Dreadnoughts and 16 Dreadnoughts. One more will be commissioned this year and two in 1916. She has four battle cruisers in commission and two in process of construction, to be finished one in 1915 and one in 1916. The Goeben is excluded from the total which gives Germany 40 capital ships now and 42 at the end of the year. The figures show that the British fleet today in numbers is almost twice the strength of that of Germany. In gun-power it is far more than twice as strong. There is no hope for the Teuton in torpedoing a British battleship every two or three months.

SUFFERED EVERYTHING

For Years, Restored To Health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Canadian women are continually writing us such letters as the two following, which are heartfelt expressions of gratitude for restored health:

Glanford Station, Ont.—"I have taken Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and never found any medicine to compare with it. I had ulcers and falling of womb and doctors did me no good. I suffered dreadfully for years until I began taking your medicine. I also recommend it for nervousness and indigestion." — Mrs. HENRY CLARK, Glanford Station, Ont.

Chesterville, Ont. — "I heard your medicines highly praised, and a year ago I began taking them for falling of womb and ovarian trouble.

"My left side pained me all the time and just before my periods which were irregular and painful it would be worse. To sit down caused me pain and suffering and I would be so nervous sometimes that I could not bear to see any one or hear any one speak. Little specks would float before my eyes and I was always constipated.

"I cannot say too much for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Liver Pills, for there are no medicines like them. I have taken them and I recommend them to all women. You may publish this testimonial." — Mrs. STEPHEN J. MARTIN, Chesterville, Ontario, Canada.

WINTER TERM

FROM

MONDAY, JAN. 4, 1915

Be prepared to take your place in the Commercial World, properly equipped.

Attend the

Woodstock Business College

And secure the best practical training that a school can give.

Write for our Catalogue.

M. J. BROPHY, Principal — D. F. CURREY, Secretary

MEDICAL.

DR. J. D. MacDONALD, HONOR graduate medicine, late House Surgeon Victoria Hospital, has resumed practice at his new office, King street west. Office hours 9 to 10.30 a.m., 2 to 4, and 7 to 8.30 p.m. Bell 'phone 260, Ing. 'phone 357.

CHIROPRACTIC & OSTEOPATHY.

DR. R. C. BEST, GRADUATE CHIROpractic and Osteopathic Physician; also Mechano-Therapist. Specialist in nervous diseases and female troubles. Office and residence, Oxford street south. Office hours 9-11 a.m., 2-5, 7-8 p.m. Ing. phone 265.

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H. B. McKAY, L.D.S., D.D.S., DENtistry practiced in all its branches Special attention paid to children's teeth. Office Royal Bank Building, Ingersoll 'phone 150C.

W. J. MacMURRAY, L.D.S., D. D. S. Dentist, removed to Dr. Coleridge's office, King St. West Both phones. Office, Ing. 212, Bell 125k., Residence, Bell 125L.

W. A. SUDWORTH, DENTIST, OFfice hours 9 to 12 a.m. and 1 to 6 p.m. Evening by appointment. Office King street west, opposite the town hall. Phone 221A.

LEGAL.

J. GARFIELD GIBSON, BARRISTER Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer, etc.; Solicitor for The Royal Bank of Canada; Money to loan, Companies incorporated and Patents secured. Offices, Thames St., over The Tribune; phone Bell 224.

SOCIETIES.

A. O. F.— COURT MARQUIS OF Lorne, No. 6157, Meets 1st and 3rd Wednesdays in A.O.F. Hall over the Chronicle office. Visitors always welcome. Ask about our straight life, twenty pay life, and Endowment profit bearing policies, the rates cannot be raised. W. A. Cline, C.R., E. H. Albrough, Secretary.

ANCIENT ORDER UNITED WORKmen—Oak Lodge, No. 120, Ingersoll, meets on the second floor, I.O.O.F. Block on the second and last Friday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren always welcome. Robert McMillan, Master Workman; F. J. Fisher, Foreman; Hugh Moon, Financier; S. A. Gibson, Recorder.

CANADIAN ORDER OF FORESTERS —Court Oxford, No. 12 meets on the second floor of the I.O.O.F. Hall on the second and fourth Tuesdays of each month at eight o'clock p.m. Members are accepted between the ages of 18 and 35 years. Visiting members always welcome. Further particulars can be had from the officers of the Court. W. H. Byerlay, Chief Ranger; Jas. Watson Rec. Sec.; Wm. English, Fin. Sec.; R. N. Thurtell, Treasurer. Dr. C. C. Cornish, Physician.

SONS OF ENGLAND BENEFIT SOciety, Lodge Imperial, No. 176, meets second and fourth Mondays of each month in the I.O.O.F. Hall at 8 p. m. If you are an Englishman, or descendant of an Englishman or Englishwoman, write today to Box 74, Ingersoll, for proposition form and full particulars. Candidates accepted between ages of 17 to 49 years. Monthly rates permanent. President, Richard Latford; Secretary, L. G. Diggs; Physician, Dr. A. McKay.

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