

THE EVENING TIMES, ST. JOHN, N. B., FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1909

5

It's a question of FOOD VALUE, get Mooney's Perfection Cream Soda.

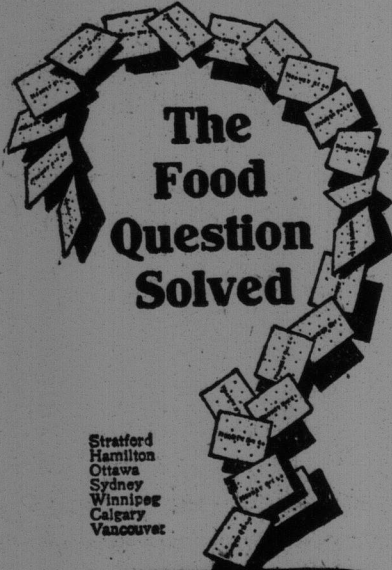
They contain the nutriment—the bone and muscle building properties—of Canada's choicest wheat flour. They are substantial, like roast beef and bread.

Yet they are so delicate that children and invalids may make them the best part of every meal.

Mooney's Biscuits are packed as they come piping hot from the ovens, in airtight moisture-proof pails. Thus, all the crispness and goodness of the freshly baked biscuits are caught and held until they reach you.

There is good food and good eating in Mooney's Biscuits.

In pails and packages. THE MOONEY BISCUIT & CANDY CO. LIMITED.



MOONEY'S PERFECTION Cream Soda Biscuits

## STRATEGY BOARD FOR BRITISH EMPIRE

Sir Frederick Borden Explains the Plan for an Imperial General Staff to Formulate Plans of Defence for Britain and Her Colonies

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—The Associated Press despatch from London published this morning quoting Secretary of State for War Mr. Borden as saying that the war office was now negotiating with the overseas dominions for the creation of an army of the empire is taken by Sir Frederick Borden, minister of militia, as being a misconception of the British minister's statement.

The only scheme now under consideration, said Sir Frederick, is the one for the formation of an imperial general staff, based on the resolution passed at the Imperial Conference of 1907. This scheme he discussed with the British war office during his stay in London last month and arrangements are now being completed for its consummation.

The proposal made by the secretary of war, and in which Canada and the other overseas dominions are prepared to heartily co-operate, is, in brief, to establish an imperial general staff representing the military experts of all the various units of the empire whose function shall be to collect and disseminate to the various governments military information and intelligence and undertake the preparation of schemes of defence on a common principle, with out in the least interfering with questions of command or administration.

It is designed to secure a certain broad plan of military organization for the whole empire, its members representing all component parts and being educated in a great common military school according to common principles.

In Canada there is now a general staff consisting of five military experts headed by Major General Sir Percy Lake. In England there is a similar general staff. They constitute purely advisory boards to the administrative and commanding heads. But between these is a similar general staff in Canada and Great Britain there is now no organic connection. It is now proposed to bring about a common principle, with out in the least interfering with questions of command or administration.

This imperial staff would be able to agree on common principles of militia or organizations, could advise as to a scheme of interchange of officers, and could look at strategical problems from the same point of view. The function would be to mould all defence forces of the empire into one homogeneous force, each unit having similar ammunition, training, organization, etc. The local general staffs will be responsible only to local governments and will have no administrative or commanding function.

It is probable that an announcement will be made soon as completion of organization of this imperial general staff and presumably the Canadian representatives in it will be the same as now constitute the Canadian general staff, viz., Major General Sir Percy Lake, Col. Oswald McLeod, daughter of the late Edward McLeod, were married by Rev. S. Howard. Mr. Albert Nye supported the groom and Mrs. Albert Nye attended the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Grant will reside in Carlton.

## WEDDINGS

Grant-McLeod

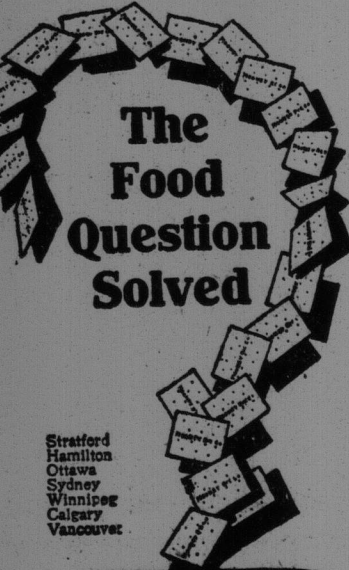
At 70 Exmouth street on Wednesday evening Harry C. Grant and Miss Eva J. McLeod, daughter of the late Edward McLeod, were married by Rev. S. Howard. Mr. Albert Nye supported the groom and Mrs. Albert Nye attended the bride. Mr. and Mrs. Grant will reside in Carlton.

## Bowser-Chapman

Fort Lawrence, Feb. 11.—At the home of Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Chapman here, last evening, the marriage took place of Miss Ethel Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chapman, to Horace McQueen Bowser, of Jolice, son of Mr. and Mrs. Eliza Bowser. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Douglas Chapman, of Amherst. The bride was given away by her father and was dressed in a handsome costume of white silk tulle, with Irish point lace, with orange blossoms in her hair. She was attended by Miss Ethel Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chapman, and Miss Ethel Elizabeth, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Chapman. The groom's present being a handsome set of mink furs.

## SCOTT'S EMULSION

is so easy to digest and yet so very strengthening that the convalescent regains health and flesh with remarkable rapidity.



MOONEY'S PERFECTION Cream Soda Biscuits

## DAMAGES MAY BE AS HEAVY AS \$20,000,000

Domestic Coal Company Will Probably Have to Contribute an Enormous Sum Into the Steel Company's Treasury

Toronto, Feb. 11.—Referring to the steel company, said: "The damages will necessarily be very heavy, and they will include the difference between what the steel company has paid for the tonnage used in the steel company's plant, and the contract price, \$12.25. This difference will, of course, be refunded."

"The company is entitled to a large sum for short delivery prior to 1906, and for the shutting down of the works. These are but the tip of the iceberg, however, to what comes next, when damages are assessed for ninety-nine years of breach of contract. The tonnage used is about 1,000,000 a year, which, at the contract price, would make it about \$1,250,000."

"The company is entitled to a large sum for short delivery prior to 1906, and for the shutting down of the works. These are but the tip of the iceberg, however, to what comes next, when damages are assessed for ninety-nine years of breach of contract. The tonnage used is about 1,000,000 a year, which, at the contract price, would make it about \$1,250,000."

"The company is entitled to a large sum for short delivery prior to 1906, and for the shutting down of the works. These are but the tip of the iceberg, however, to what comes next, when damages are assessed for ninety-nine years of breach of contract. The tonnage used is about 1,000,000 a year, which, at the contract price, would make it about \$1,250,000."

"The company is entitled to a large sum for short delivery prior to 1906, and for the shutting down of the works. These are but the tip of the iceberg, however, to what comes next, when damages are assessed for ninety-nine years of breach of contract. The tonnage used is about 1,000,000 a year, which, at the contract price, would make it about \$1,250,000."

## MI-ONA Cures Dyspepsia.

IT RELIEVES STOMACH MISERY ALMOST IMMEDIATELY.

If the food you eat at your last meal did not digest, but laid for a long time lead on your stomach, then you have indigestion in one of its stages, and quick action should be taken.

Of course there are many other symptoms of indigestion, such as belching up of sour food, heartburn, dizziness, shortness of breath and foul breath, and if you have any of them, your stomach is out of order and should be corrected.

MI-ONA tablets have cured thousands of cases of indigestion and stomach trouble. If you have any stomach distress, MI-ONA will relieve instantly.

But MI-ONA unlike most so-called dyspepsia remedies, does more than relieve; it permanently cures dyspepsia or any stomach trouble by putting everything straight into the walls of the stomach.

A large tin box of MI-ONA tablets costs but 50 cents at Chase, Watson's. The others fall, MI-ONA cures. Read this voluntary statement:

Alexander Jones of 37 Beatrice street, Toronto, Ont., says:

"Having tried numerous remedies and all of them failed to give me any relief, I was finding no relief for the pains and constant pain on the stomach. I became discouraged and believed there was no cure for me. I could eat but very little as the food would ferment and form gas that brought a serious pressure against my heart. There was constant flitting and belching of gas. A dull pain across the pit of the stomach, my stomach constant. I was drowsy and weak and could not sleep during the night with the restlessness, nervous feeling that would come over me. A friend told me of MI-ONA. I used it and it cured me. I am well and strong again, able to eat and enjoy my meals without any fear of suffering after. I have gained over seven pounds in weight and feel glad to recommend a remedy of such merit as MI-ONA."

Booth's Laxatives for constipation, 25 cents at Chase, Watson's, 100 King St.

## DR. HANINGTON'S LECTURE

Dr. Mabel Hanington gave a very interesting and instructive lecture in Trinity church school room last evening, under the auspices of the Missionary Society. She told of her work among the Chinese and described conditions in China at the present day. She spoke of the progress of the reform movement among the upper classes and of the dire poverty, ignorance and disease of the lower classes. The growth of disease, she said, was due to the unsanitary manner of living.

A number of cures were shown by Dr. Hanington and Mrs. Morrissey, and a collection was taken in aid of a hospital which Dr. Hanington plans to build on her return to China.

The Young People's Association of Brunswick street Baptist church had a very enjoyable sleigh drive last evening. About sixty young ladies and gentlemen participated in the drive and two large sleighs were necessary to accommodate them. They drove to Torquay and on return supper was served in the school room of the church. Rev. A. B. Coloe and Mrs. Coloe accompanied the party.

## AN OPPOSITION SENSATION WAS VERY QUICKLY EXPOSED

Conservative Member for New Westminster Makes the Absurd Charge That the Escape of Bill Miner, the Western Bandit, Was Due to Connivance or Negligence of Penitentiary Officials—Hon. A. B. Aylesworth Punctures the Charges.

Ottawa, Feb. 11.—The commons today spent practically the entire day on the estimates. Until near the close of the day's sitting the proceedings were of an uninteresting and routine character. Then at 10 o'clock Mr. Taylor, of New Westminster, exploded a characteristic opposition sensation. He charged, in brief, that the escape of the famous Bill Miner from New Westminster penitentiary, two years ago was due either to connivance or negligence of some one connected with the justice department.

Hon. A. B. Aylesworth, in a lucid and convincing statement of the whole facts of the case, punctured one by one every charge made by the new member from British Columbia.

When the estimates for the British Columbia penitentiary were reached Mr. Taylor, of New Westminster, raised the question of the escape of Bill Miner and three other convicts which took place in August last from the penitentiary at New Westminster. He said it was commonly reported that the escape of Bill Miner did not escape in the ordinary way, that his departure was contrived at by persons high in the official life of Canada. That remained a matter of common report until the arrangement of the officers of the penitentiary appeared in the report of the minister of justice. The reply to that report was a statement by Mr. Bourke, the late deputy warden of the penitentiary, that he was in a position to make sensational and far-reaching disclosures. Bourke had stated in an interview that Bill Miner did not escape but was virtually handed out and that the other three convicts were permitted to escape in order to cover the Miner affair.

Mr. Taylor quoted from statements which had been made by Mr. Bourke and published in the British Columbian, Mr. Taylor's own paper. The current report he did not vouch for it, was that Bill Miner in his first train robbery in British Columbia secured a quantity of valuable bonds, that the owners of these bonds, after he was incarcerated, endeavored to ascertain what he had done with them, that he refused to make any communication unless he could be released, that certain persons, presumably detectives, were permitted to visit him and he was offered a bribe to escape. That a few weeks before his escape his hair and mustache were allowed to grow and that he refused to be shaved.

The collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor complained about being interrupted but admitted that Mr. Bourke did not say so. He said that the very afternoon after the escape of the convicts, word to the department at Ottawa; that another message was sent on the following day asking that a liberal reward be offered for recapture. "One" but six days elapsed before a reward was offered. He submitted that in the circumstances surrounding the visit of the detective to the prisoner, it was not to be expected that the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

Mr. Taylor said he had information as to the cause of Guard Terroux's retirement. A friend of Terroux had come to him and begged him to say nothing of the retirement of Terroux, because he had been caught in a trap set by the collector-general—Does Mr. Bourke state that?

## HELPS SPREAD DISEASE

It is a murderous practice, to spit in public places. The germs of consumption are often present in the sputum carelessly deposited on the street or sidewalk. The sputum dries, is ground into powder by passing traffic and the germs are then whirled about in the air for healthy people to breathe. If the lungs are sore from coughing or other causes, the germs thus inhaled fasten on the sore spots and set up what is called "mixed infection."

No precaution should be neglected to quickly check a cough or cold. Much of the sickness to which we are subject has its origin in the "common cold." To break up a cold quickly the following simple formula is recommended: Take two ounces of Glycerine, a half-ounce of Virgin Oil of Pine and eight ounces of good Whisky. Mix thoroughly and take a teaspoonful every four hours. It is claimed that this mixture, which provides a quantity sufficient to last the average family an entire year, will break up a cold in twenty-four hours, and cure any cough that is curable. It is better to purchase the ingredients separately and prepare the mixture at home.

The genuine Virgin Oil of Pine is prepared only by Leach Chemical Co., Windsor, Ont., and is put up only in half-ounce vials, each and securely sealed in a round wooden case to insure its freshness and purity.

He at once consulted with Inspector Stewart, Inspector Dawson being absent, and they did not doubt that every possible effort would be made by the acting warden and the other officials of the penitentiary to effect a recapture.

No further word was received from Mr. Bourke until Aug. 12, but as soon as the message was received he instructed Col. Sherwood, of the dominion police, to offer a reward, which was immediately done by his service. Mr. Bourke, however, wanted ten years added to his service, but this was not granted and Mr. Aylesworth could only attribute to this the course which Bourke had recently seen fit to take.

Bourke had rushed into print and had made the statement that he was prepared to make sensational disclosures. On reading the item in the newspapers to that effect (Mr. Aylesworth) immediately instructed the inspectors to communicate with Bourke and demand that he should put the department of justice in possession of any information that he had.

Mr. Bourke was examined before Inspector Dawson he was sworn to tell the whole truth in regard to the matter, and if he did not do so he was discharged from his service. Mr. Bourke, however, wanted ten years added to his service, but this was not granted and Mr. Aylesworth could only attribute to this the course which Bourke had recently seen fit to take.

It had been stated that Miner's escape had been contrived at. He would say nothing but that he respected what he knew, but he thought he could speak for the officials of the penitentiary branch where there was not one word of foundation for it.

Mr. Bourke declared that Mr. Bourke had either said too much or too little. The only way to get at the facts was to have an investigation before a committee of the department of justice.

Hon. Jacques Bouché said that he had no doubt such an investigation would be readily granted by the minister of justice. He denied that the department had tried to conceal anything at all in connection with the case.

The charges made by the member for New Westminster, he declared, were based solely on newspaper reports and not on any statements of officials made in the investigation. If Bourke knew anything that would compromise officials at Ottawa, he challenged him to put it out with it. There was no thought of any attempt to burk investigation. There was no man in the public service whose reputation for honesty stood higher than did Inspector Dawson, against whom such unwarranted insinuations had been made by the member for New Westminster.

Finally, after considerable further remarks on the case, the item from British Columbia penitentiaries was allowed to stand and the remaining penitentiary estimates were passed.

The house then adjourned at 11:30. E. N. Lewis (W. Huron) will again introduce the common law resolution of last session relative to the prohibition of the export of pulpwood. The resolution is a challenge to the member for New Westminster.

That is the opinion of this house there should be placed such an export duty on pulp and paper as will be sufficient to induce its manufacture into paper in Canada and thereby save for Canadian labor the \$6,000,000 now lost annually.

Last session the resolution was debated but no vote was reached, objection to it coming chiefly from the Quebec members.

fireworks, which made a wonderfully gorgeous display.

During the attack the 3,000 lights in the ice palace were turned off, so that the full beauty of the crystal palace could be seen by the light of the pyrotechnics and there was, presenting a sight which charmed everybody. The attack was voted an immense success and will be repeated before the close of the carnival.

DR. WOOD'S NORWAY PINE SYRUP

Is without an Equal for COUGHS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS and all Affections of the THROAT and LUNGS.

All the most serious affections of the throat, the lungs and the bronchial tubes, are in the beginning but colds or coughs. Too much stress cannot be laid on this fact, and neglect to cure the cold very often causes years of suffering and in the end causes "Consumption." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup combines all the lung health virtues of the Norway pine tree with other absorbent, expectorant and soothing medicines of recognized worth, and is absolutely harmless, prompt and safe.

Mr. J. L. Purdy, Millville, N.S., writes: "I have been troubled with a hard, dry cough for a long time, especially at night, but after having used Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, for a few weeks, I find my cough has left me. I can say, suffering as I did, I can say that this remedy is well worth a trial, would not be without it in the house."

So great has been the success of this wonderful remedy, it is only natural that many persons have tried to imitate it. Don't be humbugged into taking anything but "Dr. Wood's" Pine Syrup. It is in a yellow wrapper; three pine trees the trade mark; price 25 cents.

W. F. Todd, who has been spending some days in Charlotte county, returned to Ottawa today.

W. B. Snowball will go to Toronto tonight to attend the Forestry Association meeting of which he is the president.

Mayor Miller, of Newcastle, will make a trip through Ontario before returning home.

NOT WHAT HE MEANT

A recent issue of the Parrobbro Leader has the following: "We are glad to note that Mrs. Margaret Chapman, who has been in poor health for the last few weeks, has died."

In a later issue the editor explains that he did not mean it.

The last of the series of the young people's assemblies in Keith's assembly rooms was held last evening. Mrs. Geo. F. Smith, Mrs. W. Vossie, Mr. L. R. Harrison and Mrs. W. Malcolm Mackay were chaperones.

**300 Pairs**  
MEN'S ENGLISH HAIRLINE PANTS,  
worth \$3.00, price for Friday and  
Saturday  
**\$1.98**  
50 MEN'S PROGRESS BRAND SUITS  
worth from \$12.00 to \$16.00,  
your choice,  
**\$7.98**  
**WILCOX BROS.,**  
Dock Street and Market Square

## A POST OFFICE AT YOUR DOOR FOR \$3

Rural Mail Boxes Will Cost Applicants But Little and They Will Own the Property—Dr. Pugsley Quite Ill.

Ottawa, Feb. 10.—Many people are inquiring about the rural mail delivery. Much has been written and said about it but there was no real definite statement until the postmaster-general said that the boxes would cost \$3 each and would then belong absolutely to the applicant. The post office department provided the locks and the key. He said further that these boxes would be placed upon any existing stage route and, when asked if there was any limit as to the number, gave the impression that there were many, very many, where there are nearer ten than twenty.

This "twenty" suggestion cannot be carried into effect in New Brunswick and give the people full benefit of the service.

By the time this reaches you the Northumberland delegation will have returned to their homes. They enjoyed their brief trip to the capital, though kept busy pressing forward the success of their mission. They had a very eloquent and energetic spokesman in W. B. Snowball. His "fearful" optimism, so far as Chatham and the North Shore are concerned, his dreams of what his native place could and should be, are sometimes very actual to him. In one of these moments he pictured to the minister of agriculture the ability of Chatham to house the exhibition multitudines and the spaciousness and elasticity of the hotels there in the fall. Mr. Snowball is a very good and persuasive talker and his imagination is vivid and entertaining.

The wants of the North Shore are not limited to exhibition grants, and the commendable ambition of the people there is not supported by any real resources. They are inclined to think that St. John is not the centre of the universe and that this is a very good and persuasive talker and his imagination is vivid and entertaining.

Particularly in the location of judges are they inclined to have a very earnest and a wonder those who follow the movements of the ministers who can with stand the strain. The demands upon them are incessant and some of the requests approach the impossible. Still they are ever ready to give a patient hearing and to carry out the wishes of the people if it is in the public interest to do so. The minister of public works has one of the most trying departments in this respect but his never failing courtesy has won him hosts of friends in Ottawa, as indeed it did in New Brunswick years ago.

W. F. Todd, who has been spending some days in Charlotte county, returned to Ottawa today.

W. B. Snowball will go to Toronto tonight to attend the Forestry Association meeting of which he is the president.

Mayor Miller, of Newcastle, will make a trip through Ontario before returning home.

NOTICE TO EMPLOYERS OF LABOR

Do you carry an Employers Liability Policy? If not you are taking big chances under the new "Workmen's Compensation Act." We are experts in providing this protection. Give us a call for rates. Phone 269

Lockhart & Ritchie General Agents  
Employers Liability Association Corporation, of London

## Valentines

Comic Valentines, 2 for 1c. and 1c. each. Fancy Novelty Valentines 2c., 4c., 5c., 7c., 9c., 10c., 15c., 20c., to \$1.00 each. Valentine Post Cards, 1c. 5c., 4c. each. Special Valentine Post Cards, \$1.10 gross. Valentine Hearts 1c., 2c., 5c., 7c., 9c. each. Small Hearts 3c. and 5c. each. Tooth Brushes, etc.

New Goods direct from Japan. Special values at 2c., 3c., 5c., and 20c. each. Nail Brushes 2 for 5c., 5c., 10c., 15c. each. Real Ebony Back Hair Brushes 60c. and 75c.

Arnold's Department Store  
Tel. 1765. 85-85 Charlotte Street

## HELP WANTED

We have a good opening in our office for the right man. Experience unnecessary. Come in and talk the matter over with us anyway. Will treat application as confidential if desired.

McLean & McLean, Accident, Sickness, Liability, Boiler, Plate Glass and General Insurance Agents and Brokers.  
97 Prince Wm. Street,  
St. John, N. B.

## GREAT SALE of Men's & Ladies' Underwear

Men's & Boys' Sweaters, etc

These goods are of the finest quality and are of the latest styles and designs satisfaction guaranteed.

HATTY, LAHOOD & HATTY  
282 BRUSSEL ST.