Weather Forecast: Showers; Cooler

LONDON, CANADA-THE HOME OF UNBROKEN PROSPERITY.

53rd YEAR, No. 22889

THE LONDON, ONTARIO, ADVERTISER, SATURDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 29, 1917, 112 COLUMNS.

PRICE, TWO CENTS.

DENIES BE

SEPTEMBER CASUALTIES: Officers Killed..... 636 Men Killed......18,302 Officers Wounded, Missing 2,151 Men Wounded, Missing83,509

London, Sept. 29.—British casualties reported during the month of September totalled 104,598, divided as follows:

Officers killed or died of wounds, 636; men, 18,302.

Officers wounded or missing, 2,151; men, 83,509.

The severity of the fighting in which the British have been engaged during September is indicated not only by the total casualties of more than 104,000 but by comparison with the August figures, which were 59,811. Casualties in some of the late August fighting in Flanders are by 811. Casualties in some of the late August ingining in Francers are naturally included in the September total, but this may well be offset by late September casualties not reported in time to be covered in the figures announced today. The total compares favorably, however, with the figures for September, 1916, the third month of the battle of the Somme, when the casualties were 119,549.

Bruce Taylor Likely

I. W. W. PLOTTED TO

TAKING ADVANTAGE

Leaders Next in Gravity

to Treason.

Rapidly Growing More

Chaotic.

revolutionary strike throughout Argen-

tina was declared today by the anar-

chistic workmen, the strike to include

refused to join in the movement.

mands.

The only street car line in Buer

the strike that has been in progress in

the city was given until 11 o'clock to-

night to comply with the workers' de-

WHOLESALE HANGINGS BY THE GERMANS AT RIGA

Central News despatch from Petrograd 150 Russians belonging to variou locialist, Left and other political organizations have been hanged by the Germans since their occupation of

OF NATION'S CRISIS

To Be New Principal

Of Queen's University

DRAMATIC DUEL **BETWEEN FLIERS ABOVE CANUCKS**

British Airman Brings Down a Noted German Fighter.

BOLD ATTACKER FAILS

Tells of Guynemer's Death In Combat With German

BY STEWART LYON (Special Correspondent of the Canadian Press in France). Canadian Army Headquarters, Sept 29.-The effectiveness of the gunfire directed at German working parties on the Mericourt line, the firing being Offences Charged Against the ers, led to dramatic attacks last night. The first came shortly after 5 o'clock, when an enemy airman suddenly darted out from among fleecy clouds in the upper air and directed a burst of machine gun fire upon a balloon, the oc-cupant of which was spotting for our guns at great altitude. The explosive bullets used set the balloon afire. The observer unhooked his parachute and jumped clear.

bullets used set the balloon aurie, the observer unholded his parachitic situation of the states, were still in justices, wounded. The anti-sircraft guing opened on the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved as it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved as it is the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved as it is the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved as it is the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved as it is the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved as it is the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved as it is the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved as it is the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved as it is the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved and the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved and the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved and the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded him, for on his waved and the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, wounded on county first heaten the bold enemy airman and, it is thought, the bold on the bold o

Speaking to his captors later he said that Guynemer, the famous French aviator, was killed in battle with a German plane and buried where he fell just behind the enemy front line. The failure of this crack airman evidently dampened the ardor of the Hun airmen, for the balloons have been unmolested today.

THE WEATHER

all unions belonging to their federation. The Socialistic workmen's unions have

Weather Notes.

A depression is developing over Lake superior, while the tropical storm has owe reached Alabama. Rain has been peneral in Eastern Quebec and over the naritime provinces, and a few scattered to the provinces are the provinces and a few scattered to the provinces are the provin

HUN HANGARS. BASE DOCKS WELL BOMBED

Seven Tons of Explosives Were Dropped on German

London Sept. 29—British aviators dropped seven tons of explosives in attacks Thursday night on German military establishments in Belgium. The following official report was given out today by the admiralty: "On the night of September 27-28 there were bombing raids by naval aircraft on the following objectives: The lock gates at Zeebrugge, the St. Denis Westrem airdrome and the Houttave airdrome. "The bomb dropping at Zeebrugge appeared to be good, while at Houttave bombs fell among hangars and huts on the southwest side of the airdrome. Seven tons of explosives were dropped. All the machines returned."

No Casualtles.

No Casualties.

The following official announcement

Montreal, Sept. 29.—The Rev. R. Bruce Taylor, minister of St. Paul's Church, Montreal, has been offered, and has, it is stated, accepted the position of principal and vice-chancellor of Queen's University, Kingston, Ont., in succession to the Very Rev. Daniel Milner Gordon, D.D., LL.D., C.M.G., who is retiring from the position owing to bad health. OF GERMAN FLIERS health. He has spent six months at the front as chaplain of the 42nd Highlanders. TURNED OUT BADLY

Two Brought Down by British Airmen and Defence Guns.

CASUALTIES WERE NIL

Means at Last Found To Limit Activities of Raiding Huns.

bondon, Sept. 29.—Two German airplanes which took part in last night's
raid over the southeast coast of England were brought down, it is announced
officially. No casualties were gaused by
the raid. Chicago, Sept. 29.—The nine leaders of the Industrial Workers of the World, who were arrested in Chicago last night on indictments charging seditious conspiracy, returned, by a federal grand jury against 166 members of the ofganization throughout the United States, were still in jail today, having been unable to furnish bonds. the raid.

ACTIVITIES LIMITED.

London, Sept. 29.—The successful operations of the British aerial defences in the frustration of three attempts of German raiders to reach London last night and the destruction of at least two German planes lead to the hope that means have been found to deal with moonlight visitors, as the zeppethat means have been found to deal with moonlight visitors, as the zeppethins were countered last year. It is true that the condition of the sky last night was not altogether favorable for night flying, but defence by airplanes and anti-aircraft guns has been made. Strong that future raiders will cross to coast of England at their own peril. The situation, combined with the continued attacks by army and navy filers on German airformes in Belgium is expected at any rate to limit the activities of the Germans, whose only success during the week has been the killing of a number of innocent civilians. Not the slightest military damage was done.

TROPICAL HURRICANE DID Situation At Buenos Ayres Is Buenos Ayres, Sept. 29.—A general

TROPICAL HURRICANE DID HEAVY MATERIAL DAMAGE IN SOUTHEAST STATES

Mobile, Ala., Sept. 29.—The Gulf coastal sections of East Louisiana, Mississippi, Alabama and Western Florida were emerging today from the tropical hurricane which swept in from the Gulf of Mexico on Friday, and for a number of hours isolated many towns along the coast. Roofs of residences and frail buildings were damaged, but warnings in advance prevented extensive damage to shipping, and no loss of life was reported.

ported.

The storm struck the coast at the mouth of the Mississippi, and, sweeping across a narrow portion of Louisiana, swept through Mobile at times with a velocity of 36 miles an hour, and extended east to Pensacola, where communication had not been restored early today. The loss is put at \$350,000.

LOCAL TEMPERATURES.

Following were the highest and lowest temperatures recorded in London during the 24 hours previous to 8 o'clock last night: Highest, 66; lowest, 45.

The official temperatures for the 12 hours previous to 8 a.m. today were: Highest, 68; lowest, 49.

GUN PLAY AT FORT WORTH.

Fort Worth, Texas, Sept. 29.—Edward Parsley, police commissioner, was shot and killed late yesterday in his private office in the city hall by J. K. Yates, former police inspector, who was shot to death by policemen after the had barricaded himself in the commissioners' office.

Austrian Regiment Joins Rumanians

Geneva, Sept. 29.—The Journal Az Est of Budapest says that during the visit of the kaiser to the Rumanian front recently an entire armed Austrian regiment, consisting chiefly of Bosnian Slavs, deserted en bloc to the Rumanians. They asked to be incorporated as volunteers with the Serbians. The request was granted. The journal demands that doubtful troops should be withdrawn from this front, and adds that the kaiser must have been badly impressed on learning the

GERMANY TO RETAIN-BELGIUM; MICHAELIS DENIES REPORT OF OFFER TO EVACUATE COUNTRY

Chancellor Says There Will Be No Renunciation - Socialists Ask Government Why Pan-Germans Are Favored.

Copenhagen, Sept. 29.—Germany has not renounced Belgium and has not been in communication with any of her enemies, according to Berlin reports of a speech made before the Reichstag main committee by Chancellor Michaelis.

The chancellor is quoted as follows:

"A Liberal deputy correctly stated that the attitude of the Imperial Government as regards its war aims was clearly explained in my answer to the papal note. The peace resolution of July 19 was expressly mentioned in this reply and further explanation thereof is unspecification." The following official announcement was made:

"Lord French (commander of the home defences) reports that the latest information indicates that about 20 enemy machines participated in last night's raid. Bombs were dropped in a numbers of places in Kent, Essex and Suffolk, but no casualties and only insignificant damage has been reposted up to the present. Repeated attacks were made on London, but in no case did the raiders penetrate the outer defences.

"One enemy airplane is reported to have been shot down in the Thames estuary and a second one off the coast."

LATEST AIR RAID

"In the Reichstag main speech made before the Autention speech made before the Mannello main the chancellor is quoted as follows:

"A Liberal deputy correctly stated that the attitude of the Imperial Government by explained in

SOCIALISTS AFTER FATHERLAND PARTY.

Copenhagen, Sept. 29.—The majority Socialists in the German Reichstag have interpellated the Government concerning official support of the pan-German agitation and the Fatherland party. The Socialists also made an interpellation is reported Government interference with the right of assembly. The interpellation offered by the Socialists reads: "Is the chancellor aware that in the army officers are conducting a vigorous agitation in favor of pan-German policies and particularly also against the decisions of the Reichstag? What does the chancellor contemplate doing to check this abuse of authority by officers."

The interpellation does not mention the activities of civilian officials, although the Vorwaerts, the Tageblatt and other newspapers have asserted repeatedly that the superiors in the schools and Government departments

schools and Government departments are using pressure on their subordinates to join the Fatherland party. The sec-

the raid. Bombs were dropped in Sutrolk, Essex FORMER LONDONER IS

PEACE FEELERS

London, Sept. 29. - Chancellor Michaelis' refusat to outline Ger-many's war airs, the frank state-ment from a linistry of shipping-regarding the submarine situation and Lord Milner's speech today, had cleared the war atmosphere recently filled with German peace feelers. Michealis' speech was taken as merely another indication of Germany's Insincere peace protesta-tions. The Hohenzollerns are cling-ing to their desire for secret round table discussion. This will never be granted.

BELGIUM OFFER NON-EXISTENT

Paris, Sept. 29.—The diplomatic courier who brought the Austrian reply to the peace note of the pope to Rome, did not bring the supposed supplementary German communication concerning Belgium.

"That communication," adds a Havas dispatch from Rome, "can then be considered as non-existent."

A dispatch from Berne given out by the Wireless Press in London on September 26 said that Germany has agreed to evacuate Belgium on certain conditions. The proposal was said to have been made in a supplementary note to the Vatican. It was in the form of a verbal communication made by Foreign Secretary Kuehlmann to the papal nuncio at Munich.

CO-OPERATION PROVIDED FOR DRAFT TESTS

Manufacturers Are Asked To Arrange Time for Men's Examinations.

MEDICAL BOARDS ASSIST

Heads of Medical Services and No. 1 Board Prepared To Accommodate Employees.

Lieut.-Col. Grant, A. D. M. S., and Capt. LeTouzell, M. C., president of No. 1 Medical Board here, will co-operate to the fullest extent with local employers so that they may, at the earliest possible date, ascertain whether the men in their employ of the class shortly to be called out are physically eligible or not. Announcement to this effect was made at the general meeting of the board of trade Friday night in the Tecumseh, and employers were urged to communicate by telephone with Capt. LeTouzell to arrange day and hour and to state how many men they wish to have examined.

This immediate medical examination, it is felt by the Military Service Councit, will benefit the employers and minimize disorganization of business. Employers will know definitely which of their men are exempt owing to physical unfitness, so that they may know the extent to which their business may be disarranged and consider whether application for exemption of any of their employees who are found fit, should be made on other grounds.

It is expected that the proclamation calling for men to report for medical examination will be issued about the 10th of October, and that a certain number of days will be fixed during which it will be compulsory to appear for examination. Two medical boards at the armories are now prepared to examine men who wish to ascertain whether they are medically fit or not, and it is felt that employers will be well advised to take advantage of these medical boards to arrange that the question of physical fitness may be ascertained, of men of the class to be called out shortly—unmarried men and widowers between the loss of the serious blunders made in the early stages of the war was in performents.

ness.
One of the serious blunders made in

one of the serious blunders made in the early stages of the war was in permitting men to volunteer for active service, whose training made them essential to the maintenance on an efficient basis of the industries or other occupations in which they were engaged. To lose an employee whose occupation and qualifications are such that he forms the key by which the department or even the entire industry turns, is obviously crippling business, and this the Military Service Council wish to prevent.

After the proclamation is issued and medical examinations held, the drafted men will be placed in categories or men will be placed in categories or classes, and it is expected that the first draft will be called out shortly thereafter.

Capt. LeTouzel is carrying out the wishes of the Military Service Council in this connection, and will be glad to co-operate with local employers.

MANY APPLYING FOR

U.S. MAY HOLD BACK TROOPS, USING TONNAGE FOR SUPPLIES BADLY NEEDED FOR THE ALLIES

NEW FRENCH PREMIER

Advertiser Illustrations
PROF. PAUL PAINLEVE,

BATTERIES BUSY ON MEUSE BANKS

Violent Artillery Engagements In Verdun Sector.

Paris, Sept. 29.—Violent artillery fighting occurred last night on the right bank of the Meuse, in the Verdun

sector, says today's official statement.

The text of the French statement reads:

"There was great activity of the French and German artillery on the right bank of the River Meuse last night.

"Enemy surprise attacks on our advanced posts southeast of St. Quentin, in the region of Ailles and north of Caurieres, were repulsed by our fire.

"In the Upper Alsace to the east of Seppois, we succeeded in penetrating the German lines, and after destroying enemy shelters, returned with war material.

"There was prothing to report on the called for the past few days on th

material.
"There was nothing to report on the rest of the front."

ALLIES TO TRIUMPH WITH HARD BLOWS, **DECLARES GERARD**

Tells Canadians In No Other Way Can Germany Be

Victoria, Sept. 29.—Germany station out in the fall of 1914 to conquer the world. If it had not been for Grea Britain she would have had the world to the world t Britain she would have had the world by the throat, and now we stand together on both sides of the line for the Monroe Doctrine, said ex-Ambassador Gerard in his speech before the Canadian Club yesterday, when he roused his hearers to a high pitch of enthusiasm by recounting his experiences as ambassador to Berlin during the 32 months of war.

"If Germany should win the war, or possibly gain a draw, the policy of our months of war.

"If Germany should win the war, or possibly gain a draw, the policy of our great President Monroe, I am afraid, would totter from its security," continued Mr. Gerard.

"It will be impossible to put together again such a league of nations as is now combined to fight Prussia. Prussia hopes to bring about such a peace as will detach from that group a sufficient number of countries to give herself an unquestioned superiority to any war of ambition she may seek to wage. In such a war we may be without a Joffre, the second Martel, to beat the enemy at the crucial moment."

He said in conclusion: "We have got to beat them in the field Have no illusions, no false ideas that we can win by using hunger or civil strife within Germany. We must get at it with every atom of energy and fight, and I think the Anglo-Saxons on both sides of the line have it in them to continue

LAFOLLETTE'S EXPULSION Washington, D. C., Sept. 29.—A communication from the governor of Minnesota and the state public safety commission, requesting the expulsion from the Senate of Senator Lafoliette of Wisconsin, was presented in the Senate today by Senator Kellogg of Minnesota, and referred by Vice-President Marshall to the Senate privileges and elections committee.

PHYSICAL TESTING

Washington, D. C., Sept 29.—Immediate removal of all restrictions on American salt water fisheries for the war period is proposed by the food administration as a war conservation measure.

By suspending closed seasons and prohibitions against seining, night fishing, torching, the use of traps and fishing by non-residents, the food administration substitute for the meat that must be sent to feed the armies in the field.

MAIL RESTRICTIONS OFF

PHYSICAL TESTING

A RICH VEIN.

Port Arthur, Ont., Sept, 28.—An eastern molybdenite company has secured an option on 200 acres in Comme town ship, three miles from Kakabeka Falls and within one and one-half miles of a railway siding. The price paid for the option was \$75,000 and a gang of men are at work stripping and trenching the vein to be at least 16 feet wide, which measurement is a record for a molybdenite on the continent of North America. The ore will grade over 1 per cent or about 20 pounds to the ton and the price is today \$1.10 a pound, with a possible rise to \$2.25 if the embargo is lifted and the refined metal allowed to go to the big steel works in the field.

Vast Army of Sammies May Be Trained On This Side Because of Shortage of Ships. Latter Being Required To Keep Armies of Allies Going With Food, Fuel and Ammunition.

> (BY CARL D. GROAT.) (Special to The Advertiser.)

Washington, Sept. 29. American troop transportation to Europe during the next six months may be greatly curtailed as a result of the German U-boat menace, discussed with surprising frankness by the British ministry of marine. The foremost question now before this country and the Allies is the disposition of American tonnage. The United Press can state on highest authority that the grave question has arisen whether the United States is perhaps crowding her side of the struggle in forcing over thousands of soldiers at this time instead of moving supplies. The argument is advanced in favor of reducing troop movements to the other side along these lines. Supplies Tied Up.
France alone has a million tons
of supplies fied up on this side of
the Atlantic which cannot be
moved while American troops are

THE WAR SITUATION

Field Marshal Haig is extremely laconic in his despatch today from the British front in France and Belgium. Nothing to report except the usual artillery activity on both sides," is the essence of it.

The warnings yesterday from the newspaper correspondents that noth-

SOMETHING BIG DUE **ON WESTERN FRONT?**

London, Sept. 28. There was the usual artillery activity on both sides," says today's official statement. "There is nothing of interest to report."

London, Sept 29.—Correspondents at British headquarters in France, advise all their English and American newspapers to expect nothing from their respective correspondents today.

No reason for the withholding of dispatches of newspaper correrespondents from the British front in France is known. The only occasion previously of interruption of the newspaper correspondence was in October, 1915, when it was announced from London that thousands of words of news from Associated Press correspondents in Sofia and from the German line or the western batlefront were being withheld by the British censor. Two days later amnouncement was received of the entry of Bulsaria into the war on the side of the Teutonic allies, and a day later still came the news that Field Marshal Sir John French, who had remained silent for five days, had made considerable gains in the Loos sector, driving a wedge into the German lines from five hundred to one thousand yards in depth.

TORONTO FACES DIRTY STREETS AND LANES BY STRIKE OF THE CLEANERS

of supplies fied up on this side of the Atlantic which cannot be moved while American troops are being transported. France, Great. Britain and Italy need fuel, ifood, oil, etc., sorely, shipment of which is prevented through lack of tonnage, Germany's man-power is waning and a careful compilation completed by the Allied Governments indicates that the Allied man-power, properly simplied car, but the war more quickly than if the present manpower is augmented by thousands of American troops at the sacrifice of facing insufficient supplies through lack of tonnage.

The U-boat menace is not underestimated by the United States Government. There is not the slightest fear that Germany can win through her sea seaveners. but there is appreciated a

SWEEPING PROBE OF THE MILK SITUATION: **WILL SETTLE PRICES**

NEWS EMBARGOED FOR TODAY. Substitution of Oleomargarine For Butter To Be. Considered.

> Ottawa, Sept. 29 .- T B. Tustin. chairman of the milk committee of the food controller's office, authorized the statement this morning that the work of the committee will be expedited in every possible way and that a report will be made to the food controller before November 1.

Ottawa, Sept. 29 .- The committee appointed by Food Controller Hanna to investigate the price of milk have evi dently determined to make their inves tigation a thorough and sweeping one Yesterday sub-committees had been formed and instructed as to what data they would be required to get. At yesterday's session the question of oleomargarine as a substitute for butter was brought up, and it is likely tha the municipal representatives whi ascertain in their districts if the people consider that the substitution of nargarine for butter would be bene

Toronto, Sept. 29.—Will the citizens of Toronto be wallowing in dirty streets and confusion of brimming gambage cans next week? That is the question concerning the public today, when it was learned that over 500 street cleaners and a garbage men had decided to go on strike at 5 p.m. because of the refusal nor the delay of the city council to answer their demands for the dismissal of Street Commissioner George B. Wilson over the flag incident.

ARECORD CARGO.

Fort William, Ont., Sept., 28.— The w. P. Snyder, jr., arrived here yestreday carrying the largest cargo ever delivered to any port on the Great Lakes, totalling 14,576 tons. The largest cargo was brought here about a week ago by the steamer Schoonmaker, and was 14,432 tons.

margarine for butter would be beneficial.

Mr. Bingham of Ottawa informed the committee that there were several lee committee t