

STORE CLOSURE SATURDAYS 1 P.M.  
DURING SUMMER MONTHS.Wonderful Values  
Now Offered in  
Summer Wash  
Dresses

These comprise a beautiful collection of fancy waives, in figured, floral and other new novelty designs, and are displayed in all the principal shades, as sky, Copenhagen, pink, green, tan, mauve and other contrasting shades. The styles are exceptionally pretty and are shown in good variety. They merit your early inspection. Specially priced at \$10.00 and \$12.00 each.

## Wash Fabrics

Every variety of weave in popular favor is shown in our select collection of washable fabrics, which embrace the choice of Scottish Ginghams, in checks, plaids and stripes; Plain Chambrays, in every wanted shade; Washable Linen Suitings, in beautiful assortment of colors; Fancy Crepes, in big variety of figured and solid designs; Swiss Muslins, black and white grounds, in assorted size spots; White Suitings, in gingham, poplin, pique, albatross, etc.

## Viyella Flannels

Viyellas are guaranteed absolutely unshrinkable and are unsurpassed for their durable qualities. Shown in big assortment of colors in plain and fancy designs. Come in weights and colors adaptable for ladies' and men's day and night wear. Samples sent on request.

Mail Orders Receive Careful Attention.

JOHN CATTO & SON  
TORONTO

Ladies' and Gentlemen's HATS  
At all kinds cleaned, dyed and remodeled. Work excellent. Prices reasonable. NEW YORK HAT WORKS. Phone N. 5165. 555 Yonge St.

WINNIPEG LABOR  
MOVEMENT SPLITS

(Continued From Page 1).

of delegates from the several Winnipeg "O. B. U. units." At the conclusion of the meeting R. A. Rigg made the following statement:

"As the authorized deputy of the Trades and Labor Congress of Canada, I shall proceed to carry out the instructions given to me by that organization and that the Trades and Labor Council of Winnipeg will carry on."

## Delegates Repudiated

"The Trades and Labor Council meeting tonight presented the anomaly of having present there as delegates a number who by the laws of their international organizations that they have previously represented, had no right to be there in a representative capacity. These delegates have been repudiated by the international organizations of which they were previously representatives."

"Other delegates had their credentials in the hand of the secretary of the council but on account of the meeting being a special one, the president did not receive new credentials."

"There was also the unusual feature of delegates representing organizations that up to the present time have taken no action to break away from their international organizations who still solidly support the movement of organization of the One Big Union Central Labor Council."

## For Reorganization

"The work of reorganization of the Trades and Labor Council will be immediately proceeded with."

According to R. A. Rigg, western organizer for the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, One Big Union workers have failed in their attempt to abolish the Winnipeg Trades and Labor Council, also labor control is definitely split as a result of the crisis reaching at the trades council meeting last night with both interests firmly established. Mr. Rigg said that the charter and seal of the council were in his possession, notwithstanding the vote of the O. B. U. interests last night to return them to Ottawa, and the Trades and Labor Council will meet Friday night under the constitution of the Dominion Trades Congress.

Mr. Rigg asserted that the properly authorized trades council would not be given the right to be kept alive by delegates from affiliated unions in good international standing.

CABINET CHANGES  
ARE FORESHADOWED

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 1).

probably be returned from East Quebec. There is no certainty that either Mr. Graham or Mr. Justice Riddell could secure this seat.

Considering Returned Soldiers. Hon. W. S. Fielding and D. D. McKenna are in the city, but Mr. Graham has not yet arrived. An official statement given out this evening announces that the convention committee, which meets tomorrow, will appoint a number of sub-committees of prominent Liberals to consider the many resolutions already sent in for incorporation in the party platform. Many of these deal with the treatment which should be accorded to the returned soldiers. The sub-committee appointed to consider these suggestions and recommend a soldiers' plan for the new platform will consist mainly of men who have seen active service in the war, including among others Hon. Dr. C. A. Bland, M.P., chairman; Duncan Ross, M.P., Capt. C. G. Power, M.P., Hon. Duncan Marshall of Alberta, Captain C. B. Kelly of Calgary, Major I. E. S. Straight, Lieut.-Col. A. E. Bywater of Trenton, Ont.; Col. E. D. O'Flynn, Belleville; Major J. C. T. O'Flynn, M.P., Lieut.-Col. B. Rodgers, Major Venier, Major O'Rourke and Capt. Plante.

Harper, customs broker, 39 West Wellington street, corner Bay, Adelaide 468.

## THE WEATHER

Meteorological Office, Toronto, July 30. (8 p.m.)—The weather has been fine today in nearly all parts of the Dominion, with no extreme temperatures. Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson, 43, 76; Prince Rupert, 52, 66; Victoria, 50, 64; Vancouver, 54, 64; Kamloops, 56, 86; Calgary, 48, 80; Edmonton, 48, 74; Battleford, 53, 74; Prince Albert, 48, 78; Moose Jaw, 48, 51; Port Arthur, 54, 72; Parry Sound, 52, 82; London, 52, 77; Toronto, 59, 78; Kingston, 56, 80; Ottawa, 56, 80; Montreal, 60, 76; Quebec, 56, 78; St. John, 54, 63; Halifax, 56, 66.

Lower-Lakes and Georgian Bay—Moderate east and southeast winds; warm; fair at first, followed by showers in many places.

Ottawa and Upper and Lower St. Lawrence—Moderate winds; fair and warm.

## THE BAROMETER.

Time.	Ther.	Bar.	Wind.
8 a.m.	59	29.70	11 N.
Noon	65	29.70	11 N.
2 p.m.	74	29.69	8 S.
4 p.m.	77	29.68	8 S.
8 p.m.	77	29.68	8 S.

Mean of day, 69; difference from average, 1 above; highest, 77; lowest, 59.

## STEAMER ARRIVALS.

Steamers.	At.	From.
Montpelier	New York	St. Nazaire
Hellis Olav	New York	Copenhagen
Winnifredan	Scot.	Winnifredan
Rijnland	St. Nazaire	Philadelphia

## STREET CAR DELAYS

Wednesday, July 30, 1919.

Spadina and Harbord cars, westbound, delayed 7 minutes at 1.15 p.m., at Spadina crescent by auto truck broken down on track.

Church eastbound cars delayed 10 minutes at 3.15 p.m., at Scott and Wellington by motor truck broken down on track.

King cars delayed 5 minutes, both ways, at 3.12 a.m. at G. T.R. crossing by train.

King cars delayed 5 minutes, both ways, at 3.32 p.m. at G. T.R. crossing by train.

Church cars delayed 10 minutes, both ways, at 3.15 p.m., at Scott and Wellington by motor car broken down on track.

Spadina and Harbord cars delayed 7 minutes northbound at 1.15 p.m. at Spadina crescent by auto truck broken down on track.

Harbord cars delayed 35 minutes, both ways, at 1.25 p.m. at Delaware and Hallam streets by auto running into car.

Bathurst cars delayed 6 minutes, both ways, at 6.31 p.m. at Front and Spadina avenue by train.

Bathurst cars delayed 5 minutes, both ways, at 7.41 p.m. at Front and John streets by train.

## RATES FOR NOTICES

Notices of Births, Marriages and Deaths, not over 50 words... \$1.00

Additional words, each 50 words... \$0.25

Legal Notices to be included in Funeral Announcements... \$0.50

In Memoriam Notices... \$0.50

Funeral Notices... \$0.50

Obituary Notices... \$0.50

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ONTARIO'S PREMIER  
STANDS BY RECORD

(Continued From Page 1).

himself to faithfully carry out the will of the people as expressed in the referendum vote.

Hon. W. D. McPherson casually placed the impending elections within the next few months. His words were: "When the call rings out again, as it will within the next few months," the people of Ontario, etc."

Major H. M. Mowat, M.P., definitely took up his home and habitation in the Liberal-Conservative party, whose company, he said, had pleased him entirely since his election in Parkdale.

If others wished to go on calling themselves Liberal-Conservatives he could call himself Conservative-Liberal.

Dr. Sheard, M.P., was an inveterate Tory of the Liberal vintage and Mayor Church declared, the war being over, it was high time the old parties returned to their former names and attitudes.

Others present were: Dr. Ryerson, Dr. Musgrave, M.L.A.; E. W. J. Owens, M. L. A.

There were a thousand picnicers and half of them, having enjoyed an excellent program of sports, listened to Sir William Hearst, a report of the Ontario Liberal-Conservative Political Hostilities Revived.

This picnic reminded him, he said, that political hostilities have again been revived. The noise of the political warfare has begun in Ontario.

"The Grit party in Ontario has been reconstructed. All the branches that had not their roots strong and deep in the old Leaver anti-conscription vine have been cut off and Mr. Hartley Dewar has been called to the leadership of this purged, this purified, this re-constituted Grit party. He has called to his side apparently as his chief lieutenant another political warrior, W. T. R. Sheard, M.P., who, these two trusty knights, one bearing the scars of a hard-fought political fight in the days of the old regime, are entering upon a crusade to rescue this province from the hands of a wicked and perverse government."

He went on to say Mr. Proudfoot had emphatically declared there is no place in the re-constituted party for Liberals who supported union government and the battle is with the die-hard anti-conscriptors. He said the Liberal-Conservative who have incurred the undying enmity of the Laurier wing to cast in their lot with him.

"They will find a political home and political policies and principles of which they will feel proud in the days to come."

The war efforts of his government had been assisted by Mr. Proudfoot, but there is a wide gulf between the principles and ideals of a very large body of Liberals and Mr. Dewar's and there is a fundamental difference between Mr. Dewar and the Conservative party not alone on matters of a provincial nature, but in matters of national importance.

"Mr. Dewar has boldly declared himself as a believer in the independence of Canada."

"He has also declared himself as a defender of Sir William Meredith. His standing and reputation in Ontario are safe against any attacks Mr. Dewar may make on them. The name of Meredith will be honored and respected by the people of this province long after the name of Hartley Dewar has been forgotten."

Intriguing Denied

"I have nothing to say with reference to Mr. Dewar's attack upon myself. I make no profession of virtue or greatness. I leave that field to Mr. Dewar."

The Liquor Question.

Discussing the O. T. A., he said: "This province has power to prevent the sale within the province of liquor except for medicinal, sacramental and mechanical purposes. No one denies the bar or the old-fashioned liquor store. The distillers themselves say they do not want old conditions. The brewers say they do not want old conditions. The Dominion passed the order-in-council prohibiting the manufacture and importation into the province of intoxicating liquor. That order was not responsible. The government made the change last session whereby all liquor that can be lawfully sold will be sold by government vendors."

"It is said we had no mandate from the people to pass the O. T. A. in a sense that is true, but we had a mandate from practically a united Ontario to do everything possible to win the war."

Proceeding he said the war is over, the people will say what they want and their will will be carried out. The voters, men and women alike, of the province must say the policy desired pursued in the matter. The will of the people as expressed in the ballot box will be carried into law by the government and faithfully and honestly carried out.

"It was my original intention to have submitted the question to the people before enacting legislation; but prohibitionists and anti-prohibitionists alike were opposed."

The main reason that influenced his action was the fact that it would not be practicable to secure a full vote of the soldiers overseas. An unfair attempt is being made to prejudice the returned soldier against the government in connection with this point. Now on his return the soldier will be asked to judge the O. T. A. and to use his influence in the way he thinks right.

No Date Yet Set

"There is much curiosity as to the date of the vote on the referendum and I cannot tell you when the vote will take place for I do not know myself. A complete enumeration is being made of the voters in this province not only in the organized municipalities but through the great unorganized sections of the north, and we are determined that so far as is humanly possible the complete list of voters will be prepared. This is the first time the women of Ontario have

been enrolled on a voters' list. The task is a big one and it is impossible to foretell as yet when it will be completed. Due notice will be given for a free and full expression of public opinion on the subject. Mr. Dewar dealt with this question the other day at Kincardine. The Globe's conscience has been uneasy of late, asking Mr. Dewar rather awkward questions as to his position on this subject. So Mr. Dewar evidently felt he must say something. He said great deal. He talked of whittled sepulchres and pharisees and he talked about conspiracy and intrigue. He accused his two former leaders, Mr. Rowell and Mr. Proudfoot, of betraying their party and apparently he is the honest and straightforward man left in public life. But if Mr. Dewar is a better man than Mr. Rowell and Mr. Proudfoot, it has great powers of discernment.

"Does Mr. Dewar think he can put over this kind of special pleading with the thinking people of Ontario? He pictures church members as pharisees living in white sepulchres and celebrating the feast of the peace treaty, while full of liquor to amuse and please one class of people. What does Mr. Dewar mean? Does he mean that if he comes into power he proposes to search the private homes of citizens and send men and women to jail who have a bottle in their cupboard? If that is his policy under what law or authority does he propose to act? He knows that he cannot do it under the O. T. A. or any law now on the statute books of this province. Does he propose to follow the vote on the referendum has been taken to enact a new law, an entirely different law from the O. T. A., upon which we are about to vote?"

The Liquor Investigation

"He suggests I have been guilty of untidy housekeeping and says I promised a referendum with one question in 1918 and submitted one in 1919 with four questions. What I promised in 1918 was when the war was over the people of the province would have an opportunity to decide this question for themselves. The submission of one question would not have allowed publication of the vote on the referendum to go into the witness box to verify the charges he had made or to justify his conduct in making them. And now to cover up the humiliating position in which he finds himself he makes an unfair and unwarranted attack upon Sir William Meredith because he knows that gentlemen cannot reply. It is unnecessary to defend Sir William Meredith. His standing and reputation in Ontario are safe against any attacks Mr. Dewar may make on them. The name of Meredith will be honored and respected by the people of this province long after the name of Hartley Dewar has been forgotten."

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Dewar. I simply point to the record of my government. But a man who charges others with mis-statements should keep somewhere near within bounds himself. I have no brief for Mr. Proudfoot or Mr. Rowell. They are both capable of taking care of themselves. Mr. Dewar's statements about my relationship with these gentlemen are too absurd to require contradiction. There is not a scintilla of truth in his charges of conspiracy, connivance and intrigue with these gentlemen. I not only never conspired or intrigued with Mr. Rowell about union government, but I never even discussed union government or provincial government plans or policies in any shape or form with him. I have had no more to say about these matters with Mr. Rowell than I have had with Mr. Dewar himself. More than that I had nothing to do with the formation of union government and I have had nothing to do with any plans for its continuance."

Continuing he dealt with the legislation and policies of the government and said not one word about nickel and silver. He spoke generally upon Hydro achievements. Reconstruction and co-operation, he said, should be the watchword of the Canadian people.

France is now safe from German menace.

Clemenceau Tells Chamber Committee That Army of 100,000 Men Will Be Useless.

Paris, July 30.—Premier Clemenceau, accompanied by Captain Andre Tardieu, attended the meeting of the committee of the chamber of deputies, which is considering the peace treaty, and brought written replies to questions formulated by the committee regarding the left bank of the Rhine.

Captain Tardieu read the replies, after which there was a lengthy discussion. Mr. Clemenceau amplifying the replies, he recalled that the government had presented a memorandum to the peace conference setting forth at length the reasons why France should be satisfied with the proposed peace treaty. He said that the French government, in agreement with the allies, combining various military systems which fully assured the safety of France, and which taken one with the other, were equivalent to occupation of the bridgeheads. These measures were accepted by the peace conference and incorporated in the treaty. In addition to them came later treaties with Great Britain and the United States, guaranteeing immediate and unlimited military aid.

The premier and Captain Tardieu, answering various objections raised regarding the rapidity of possible German concentration, and the distance of the military help of the allies, pointed out that it was impossible to admit that an army, reduced to 100,000 men could, even in the face of the universal indifference of the world in general and France in particular, be raised to several million men armed with the latest equipment for war. The hearing of M. Clemenceau lasted three hours.

Noted Grand Opera Producer Is in a Critical Condition

New York, July 30.—The condition of Oscar Hammerstein, producer of grand opera, who is suffering from a complication of diseases, and is critical in a hospital here, tonight was said by his physicians, to be unchanged. Earlier in the day, Mr. Hammerstein passed into a coma. His entire right side is paralyzed.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.

Amusements.